

MATH 450 Seminar in Proof

**Prove:** If  $f : A \rightarrow B$  be a function such that  $A$  and  $B$  are finite  $|A| = |B|$ , then  $f$  is one-to-one if only if it is onto.

*Proof.*

$\Leftarrow$  Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  be a function such that  $|A| = |B|$  and  $f$  is onto. Then from the definition of onto,  $\forall b \in B \exists a \in A$  such that,  $f(a) = b$ . Let  $f$  be not one-to-one. Then there exists  $a_1, a_2 \in A, a_1 \neq a_2$  such that  $f(a_1) = f(a_2) = b \in B$ . This implies that there exists more elements in  $A$  than  $B$ . Thus saying,  $|A| > |B|$ , hence there is a contradiction  $\rightarrow \Leftarrow$ ; and so,  $f$  is one-to-one.

$\Rightarrow$  Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  be a function such that  $|A| = |B|$  and  $f$  is one-to-one. Then from the definition of one-to-one, if  $f(a_1) = f(a_2)$  then  $a_1 = a_2$ . Let  $f$  be not onto. Then there exists  $b \in B$  such that,  $\nexists a \in A$ , where  $f(a) = b$ . This implies that there exists more elements in  $B$  than  $A$ . Thus saying,  $|A| < |B|$ , hence there is a contradiction  $\rightarrow \Leftarrow$ ; and so,  $f$  has to be onto.  $\square$