

Euler paths and circuits on digraphs and genome sequencing

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Overview

- 1 Definitions
- 2 Eulerian Graphs
- 3 Applications

Definitions

Definition (Graph)

A **graph** G consists of a non-empty finite set $V(G)$ of elements called **vertices**, and a finite 'family' $E(G)$ of unordered pairs of (not necessarily distinct) elements of $V(G)$ called **edges**.

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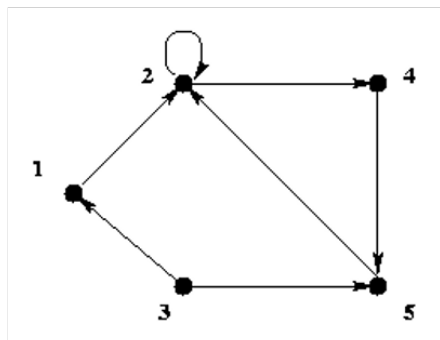
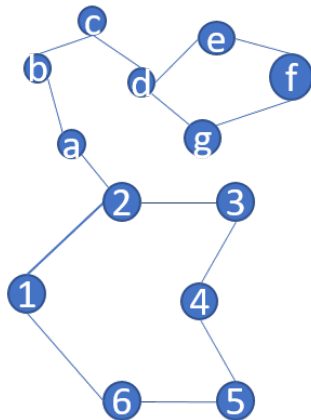
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- NYC grid with all the streets being one-way, which then restricts our movement on the graph.

Graphs and Digraphs



Euler Paths vs. Circuits

Definition (Euler Path)

An **Euler path** on a graph G is a special walk that uses each edge exactly once, and it starts and ends at **different** vertices.

Definition (Euler Circuit)

An **Euler circuit** on a graph G is a walk that uses each edge exactly once, and it starts and ends at the **same** vertex.

Criterion for an Euler path or circuit on a graph

Euler Path

A given graph G has an Euler path if and only if the graph is connected and **all but 2 vertices in the graph are of odd degree.**

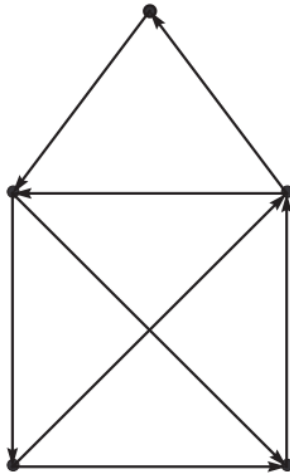
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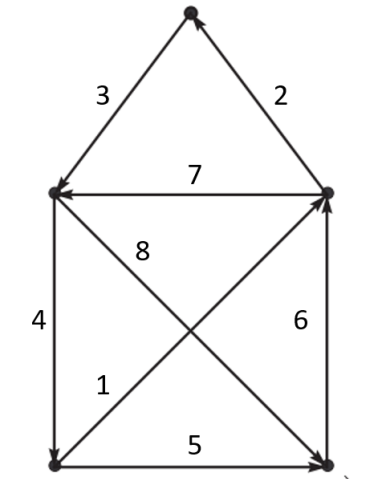
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- What extra condition do you think we need to add for a digraph to have an Euler path?

Can we find an Euler Path?



YES WE CAN!



Criterion for an Euler path on a digraph

Euler Path

A given graph G has an Euler path if and only if the graph is connected and **all but 2 vertices in the graph are of odd degree.**

Euler Path on a digraph

A digraph D_g has an Euler path iff

- The graph is connected
- All but 2 vertices in the graph are of odd degree
- **the $|\text{indegree} - \text{outdegree}| = 1$ for those two odd vertices in D_g .**

Criterion for an Euler circuit on a digraph

Euler Circuit

A graph G has an Euler circuit if and only if G is connected and all the vertices are of **even degree** .

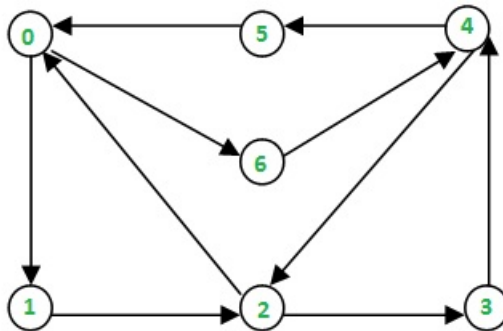
Criterion for an Euler circuit on a digraph

Euler Circuit

A graph G has an Euler circuit if and only if G is connected and all the vertices are of **even degree** .

- What extra condition do you think will be needed on a digraph for it to have an Euler circuit?

Euler Circuit on digraph



Euler Circuit : 0 -> 6 -> 4 -> 5 -> 0 -> 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 2 -> 0

Criterion for an Euler circuit on a digraph

Euler Circuit

A graph G has an Euler circuit if and only if G is connected and all the vertices are of **even degree**.

Euler circuit on a digraph

A graph D_g has an Euler circuit if and only if D_g is connected and all the vertices are of even degree and the **indegree = outdegree** for all vertices.

- A formal proof done as part of the final project in Senior Seminar (Spring 2017)

How to find an Euler path and/or circuit on a graph?

Recall: For an Euler Path all but 2 vertices must be of odd degree and to have an Euler circuit has all vertices must be of even degree.

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- To create an Euler path, start at either of the odd vertices.

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- To create an Euler path, start at either of the odd vertices.
- Follow edges one at a time and if you come across a bridge and a non-bridge: Always choose Non-bridge

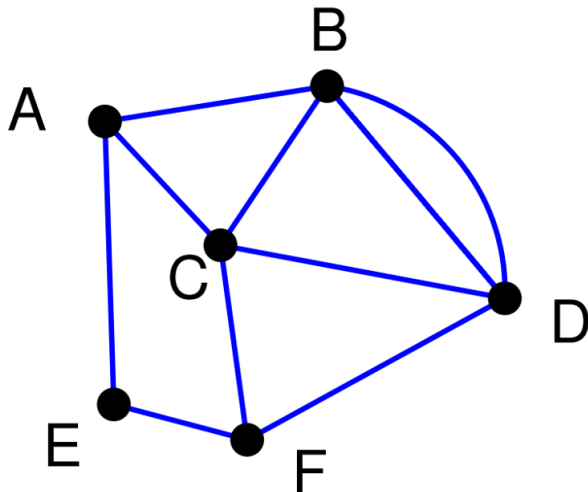
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This is called **Fleury's Algorithm**

Find an Euler Path?



What's next?

This is cool, but for all the applied mathematicians in the room and computer engineers like me the question becomes:

How does that help me?

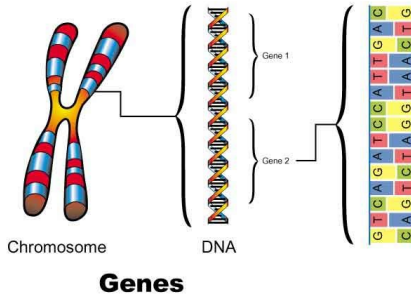
Applications

- 1 Mathematical modeling
- 2 **DNA fragment reconstruction**
- 3 Postman problem
- 4 Traveling salesman problem
- 5 many more

Genome Sequencing

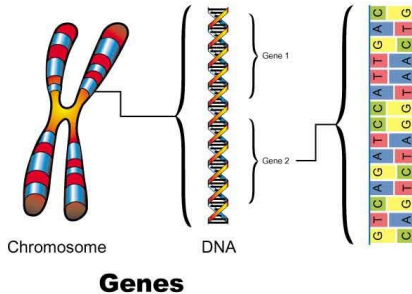
DNA

- Protein that stores the genetic information of a living organism



Genome Sequencing

DNA



- Protein that stores the genetic information of a living organism
- Four components to it: A,T,G,C. A connects to T and G connects to C
- Fragments of DNA are used in genetic research and discovery
- Strings of such **ATGC** pairs have this information stored in them

Genome Sequencing

- Reads are taken of a known DNA strand (Sanger, 1977)
- They vary in size from 30-800 nucleotides
- Reads are taken in an overlapping form
- Reconstructing the specific genome with the overlapping to create a superstring is NP-complete

Shortest Super String Problem

Problem: Given a set of strings, find a shortest string that contains all of them - NP Complete

The Shortest Superstring problem

Set of strings: {000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111}

Concatenation

Superstring 000 001 010 011 100 101 110 111

Shortest

superstring

000
001
010
011
100
101
110
111

De Bruijn Sequence Approach

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- Consolidate the duplicate edges (collapse them, while conserving the directed edges)
- The final directed Euler Path is the super string

What is a k – mer composition of a given genome string

Given a string : ***TAATGCCATGGGATGTT***, what is a 3-mer composition?

$= \{TAA, AAT, ATG, TGC, GCC, CCA, CAT, ATG, TGG, GGG, GGA, GAT, ATG, TGT, GTT\}$

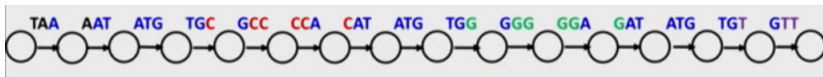
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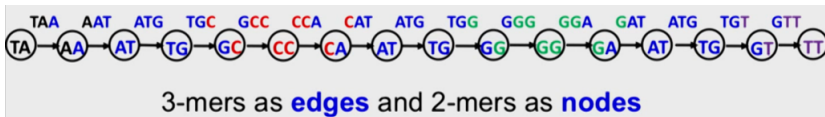


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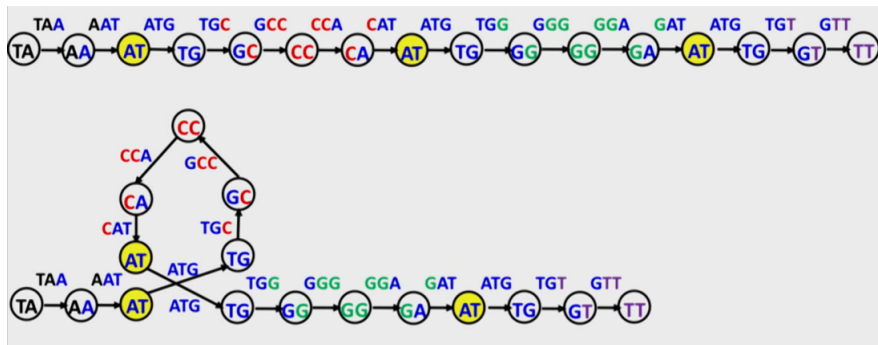
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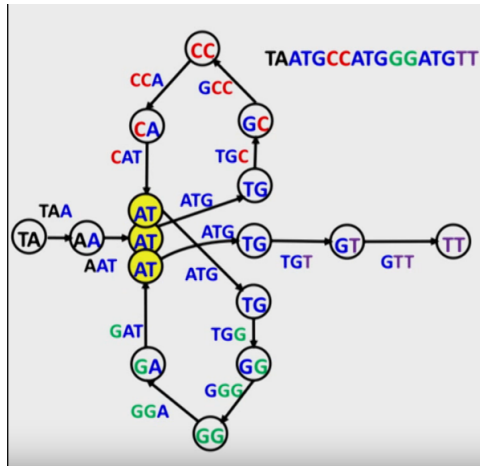
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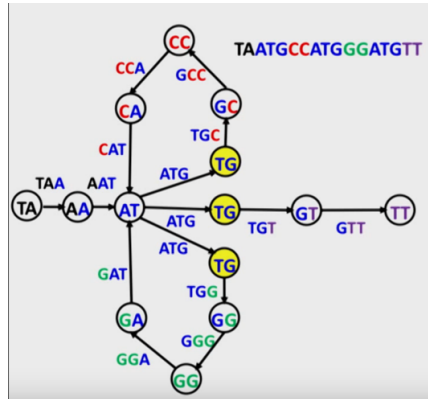
Collapsing like vertices on itself



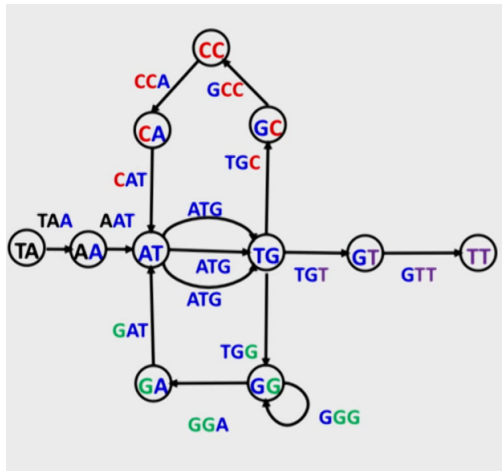
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DeBruijn Graph of TAATGCCATGGGATGTT



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- What if there are multiple Euler paths?
- That is where we use paired Debruijn graphs (A special form of 4-mer and 6-mer pairing)

References

- Arratia, Richard, B  la Bollob  s, Don Coppersmith, and Gregory B. Sorkin. "Euler circuits and DNA sequencing by hybridization." Discrete Applied Mathematics 104, no. 1-3 (2000): 63-96. doi:10.1016/s0166-218x(00)00190-6.
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Questions?!