|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Dizilim | Min OF1 | Max OF2 | Min OF3 |
| 1-2-3 | 10 | 1.6 | 31 |
| 1-3-2 | 10 | 1.0 | 29 |
| 3-1-2 | 21 | 1.6 | 28 |
| 3-2-1 | 21 | 1.6 | 28 |
| 2-3-1 | 10 | 1.6 | 31 |
| 2-1-3 | 21 | 1.6 | 28 |

@SUM(OF(i,j):j\*PRIORITY(i)\*Var\_X(i,j)) =OF3;

!Min = @SUM(OF(i,j):j\*PRIORITY(i)\*Var\_X(i,j)) ;

@SUM(OF(i,j):j\*PRIORITY(i)\*Var\_X(i,j))<=29;

!Objective Function 3; !prioritysi yüksek olanı (değer olarak düşük) önceki sprintlere ata

! ****;

!Objective Function 2;

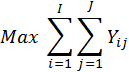
@sum(OF(i,j):Var\_Y(i,j)) >= 2.6;

!Max = OF2;

!Min = -OF2;

@sum(OF(i,j):Var\_Y(i,j)) = OF2 ;

!Min = -OF2; ! aik.Xkj Maximization olan bir şeyin minimization olmasını araştır.

!  **** ;

!Objective Function 1;

!@sum(SPRINT(j):CAPACITY(j)\*Var\_M(j)) - @SUM(OF(i,j): COMPLEXITY(i)\*Var\_X(i,j)) <= 9;

Min = OF1;

@sum(SPRINT(j):CAPACITY(j)\*Var\_M(j)) - @SUM(OF(i,j): COMPLEXITY(i)\*Var\_X(i,j)) = OF1;

!Min **** ;