## Practical-5(B-10)

## **Problem Statement:**

Consider threading a binary tree using preorder threads rather than inorder threads. Design an algorithm for traversal without using stack and analyze its complexity.

## Code:

```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
class Tnode
  public:
     int data;
     Tnode *left;
     Tnode *right;
     int lbit, rbit;
};
class TBT
  Tnode *root, *head;
  public:
  TBT()
     root = NULL;
    head = NULL;
  void createTBT();
  void preorder();
void TBT::preorder() // preorder traversal of TBT.
  Tnode *temp;
  temp = root;
  int flag =0;
  if(root == NULL)
     cout << "\nTree is empty";
  else
     while(temp != head)
       if(flag ==0)
         cout<<" "<<temp ->data;
       if(temp->lbit==1 && flag ==0)
         temp = temp ->left;
       else
         if(temp ->rbit == 1)
            temp = temp ->right;
            flag=0;
         else
```

```
temp = temp->right;
            flag = 1;
void TBT::createTBT()
  int flag = 0;
  char ans;
  Tnode *new_node, *temp;
  head = new Tnode(); // allocation of memory for head.
  head -> data = -1;
  head ->left = head;
  head ->right = head;
  head \rightarrow lbit = 0;
  head ->rbit = 0;
  root = new Tnode(); // allocation of memory for root.
  cout<<"Enter root node : ";</pre>
  cin>> root->data;
  head ->left = root;
  head \rightarrow lbit = 1;
  root ->left = head;
  root ->right = head;
  root \rightarrowlbit = 0;
  root \rightarrowrbit = 0;
  do
     new_node = new Tnode();
     cout << "\nEnter new node : ";
     cin>>new_node ->data;
     new_node -> lbit = 0;
     new_node ->rbit = 0;
     temp = root;
     flag = 0;
     while(flag ==0) // find proper place for new node.
       if(new_node -> data < temp -> data)
          if(temp -> lbit == 0)
            new_node ->left = temp ->left;
            temp -> left = new node;
            temp->lbit=1;
            new node ->right = temp;
            flag = 1;
          else
            temp = temp ->left;
       else if(new node -> data > temp ->data)
          if(temp ->rbit ==0)
            new node ->right = temp ->right;
            temp ->right = new_node;
            temp ->rbit = 1;
            new_node ->left = temp;
```

```
flag = 1;
         else
           temp=temp->right;
      else
         cout << "\n Data is already exist";
    cout << "\nDo you want to continue : ";
    cin>>ans;
  int main()
  TBT T;
  T.createTBT();
// Preorder Display.
  T.preorder();
  return 0;
OUTPUT:
Enter root node: 10
Enter new node: 5
Do you want to continue: y
Enter new node: 15
Do you want to continue: y
Enter new node: 2
Do you want to continue: y
Enter new node: 8
Do you want to continue: y
Enter new node: 12
Do you want to continue: y
Enter new node: 20
Do you want to continue: n
10 5 2 8 15 12 20
```