```
In [3]: # seperate the positive and negative number from given list
        my_list = [-3,5,-5,-6,-7]
        pos_list = []
        neg_list = []
        for value in my_list:
            if value > 0:
                pos_list.append(value)
                neg list.append(value)
        print(f'positive number list :{pos list}')
In [4]:
        print('negative number list:',neg list)
        positive number list :[5]
        negative number list: [-3, -5, -6, -7]
In [5]: # syntax for creating the function
        # def function name(param1,param2,etc)
        def seperator(my list):
            # local variable which are only accessed by seperator function itself
            neg =[]
            pos =[]
            for value in my_list:
                if value > 0:
                    pos.append(value)
                else:
                    neg.append(value)
            print(f'positive number list:{pos}')
            print(f'negative number list:{neg}')
In [7]: filtered_list = [2,-1,-2,4,5-6,-8,6]
        filtered_list
        # calling function
        seperator(filtered list)
        positive number list:[2, 4, 6]
        negative number list:[-1, -2, -1, -8]
In [8]: | second_filtered_list = [2,4,5,-1,-5,3,-1]
        seperator(second_filtered_list)
        positive number list:[2, 4, 5, 3]
        negative number list:[-1, -5, -1]
```

```
# syntax for creating the function
 In [9]:
         # def function_name(param1,param2,etc)
         def filter_pos_neg_function(my_list):
             # local variable which are only accessed by seperator function itself
             neg =[]
             pos =[]
             for value in my_list:
                 if value > 0:
                     pos.append(value)
                 else:
                     neg.append(value)
             # a return is special statements which returns function variable back
             # to function caller
             return pos, neg
In [14]: pos_list,neg_list = filter_pos_neg_function(second_filtered_list)
In [15]: pos_list
Out[15]: [2, 4, 5, 3]
In [16]: neg_list
Out[16]: [-1, -5, -1]
```

## One line functins

```
In [19]: add = lambda x:x+10
In [20]: add(10)
Out[20]: 20
In [21]: add(30)
Out[21]: 40
In [22]: add_two_numb = lambda x,y: x+y add_two_numb(12,23)
Out[22]: 35
In [23]: add_two_numb = lambda x,y: x-y
In [24]: add_two_numb(12,34)
Out[24]: -22
```

```
In [35]: check_greater = lambda x,y:True if x> y else False
In [36]: check_greater(20,10)
Out[36]: True
```

## List comprehension

```
In [44]:
         two_table = []
         for value in range(1,11):
             two table.append(value*2)
             print(two_table)
         two_table
         [2]
         [2, 4]
         [2, 4, 6]
         [2, 4, 6, 8]
         [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
         [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12]
         [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14]
         [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16]
         [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18]
         [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20]
Out[44]: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20]
In [43]: |# syntax [return_value operations1, operations2]
         two_table = [value*2 for value in range(1,11)]
         two_table
         CPU times: total: 0 ns
         Wall time: 0 ns
Out[43]: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20]
In [45]:
         # syntax [return value operations1, operations2]
         two_table = [value*2 for value in range(1,11) if value> 4]
         two_table
Out[45]: [10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20]
```

## Use of break, continue and pass

```
In [52]: # continue is special statements to skip the given condition and contiune
         # the Loop till its end
         for value in range(1,10):
             if value in [5,6,7]:
                 continue
             print(value)
         1
         2
         3
         4
         8
         9
In [55]:
         # break is special statements to break the loop continuation as soon as
         # given condition matches
         for value in range(1,10):
             if value == 6:
                 break
             print(value)
         1
         2
         3
         4
         5
         # pass is the special statements to be used as placeholder
In [60]:
         # for future code
         for i in range(1,30):
             pass
In [65]:
         numb_item = int(input('Enter number of items:'))
         my_list = []
         price_list =[]
         for i in range(numb_item):
             order = input('Enter ordered value :')
             my list.append(order)
             price = int(input('Enter price'))
             price_list.append(price)
         Enter number of items:2
         Enter ordered value :tea
         Enter price10
         Enter ordered value :bread
         Enter price20
In [66]: |price_list
Out[66]: [10, 20]
```

```
In [67]: my_list
Out[67]: ['tea', 'bread']
In [ ]:
```