



DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

COURSE CODE: DJ19ITL504

COURSE NAME: Artificial Intelligence Laboratory

DATE:22/10/22

CLASS: TY-IT

EXPERIMENT NO.04

CO/LO: Formulate the problem as a state space and select appropriate technique from blind, heuristic or adversarial search to generate the solution.

AIM / OBJECTIVE: To implement informed search techniques on a given problem. (Greedy BFS & A*)

DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT:

We need to implement Best First Search and A* Search and study them based on Time Complexity, Space Complexity, Optimality and Completeness.

Algorithm astar(graph,h):

1. Append a tuple of start state and its heuristic(h) to queue
2. While front of queue doesn't contain goal state do:
 - 1) Dequeue front
 - 2) Calculate the fx value for all next node as $fx = gx + h$
 - 3) Sort queue based on fx value
 - 4) Remove cycles
 - 5) Remove overlapping paths

Algorithm bestFirst(graph,h):

1. Append start state to queue
2. If path contains goal node:
 - Success
- Else if leaf node reached with no goal node encounter:
 - Terminate search goal not found
- Else:
 - Find the neighbor with minimum heuristic
 - Add this neighbor to traversal path
 - Traverse bestFirst(neighbours of the last added node)



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**Explanation/Solutions(Design):****Code:****A*:**

```
#graph={"s": [("b",3), ("c",4)] , "b": [("c",1), ("d",2), ("g",3), ("s",3)] ,
"b": [("c",1), ("d",2), ("g",3), ("s",3)] , "c": [("e",1), ("f",3), ("g",4), ("s",4), ("b",1)] , "d": [("g",1), ("b",2)] , "e": [("c",1)],
"f": [("c",3)], "g": [("b",3), ("c",4), ("d",1)]}
#h={"s":11,"b":2,"c":4,"d":6,"e":4,"f":1,"g":0}
```

```
graph={}
h={}
n=int(input("enter the number of states : "))
for i in range(0,n):
    state=input("enter the state : ")
    huristic=int(input("enter the heurixtic of current state : "))
    h[state]=huristic
    n_line=input("enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : ")
    neighbours=n_line.split()
    ni=[]
    for i in neighbours:
        ele=i.split(",")
        ni.append((ele[0],int(ele[1])))
    graph[state]=ni
```

```
q=[]
def dq(q):
    top=q[0]
    del q[0]
    return top[0]
```

```
def calculatefx(top,h,graph):
    f=0
    for i in range(1,len(top),1):
        n1=graph[top[i-1]]
        for j in n1:
            if(top[i]==j[0]):
                f=f+j[1]
    return f+h[top[-1]]
```

```
def removecycle(q):
    cycli=[]
    for i in range(0,len(q)):
        if(len(q[i][0])!=len(set(q[i][0]))):
            print("removing cycle " ,q[i])
            cycli.append(q[i])
    for i in cycli:
        del q[q.index(i)]
    print("--> ",q)
```

```
def removeoverlap(q):
    olapi=[]
    for i in range(0,len(q)-1):
        for j in range(i+1,len(q)):
            if(q[i][0][0]==q[j][0][0] and q[i][0][-1]==q[j][0][-1]):
                print("removing overlap " ,q[j])
                olapi.append(q[j])
    for i in olapi:
```



```

del q[q.index(i)]
print("--> ",q)

def traverse(graph,h):
    q.append(("s",h["s"]))
    #print(q)
    #print(q[0][0])

    while(True):
        top=dq(q)
        #print("top ",top)
        n=graph[top[-1]]
        for i in n:
            f=calculatefx(top+i[0],h,graph)
            q.append((top+i[0],f))
        q.sort(key = lambda x: x[1])
        print("--> ",q)
        removecycle(q)
        removeoverlap(q)
        if(q[0][0][-1]=="g"):
            return q[0]

print(traverse(graph,h))

```

best first search:

```

'''
graph={"s":["b","c"] , "b":["c","d","g","s"] , "c":["e","f","g","s","b"] , "d":["g","b"] ,
"e":["c"] , "f":["c"] , "g":["b","c","d"]}
h={"s":11,"b":2,"c":4,"d":6,"e":4,"f":1,"g":0}
'''

graph={}
h={}
n=int(input("enter the number of states : "))
for i in range(0,n):
    state=input("enter the state : ")
    huristic=int(input("enter the heurixtic of current state : "))
    h[state]=huristic
    n_line=input("enter the neighbours: ")
    neighbours=n_line.split()
    graph[state]=neighbours

def traversal(path,graph,h):
    if(path[-1]=="g"):
        print("search complete goal reached : ",path)
        return
    elif len(graph[path[-1]])==0:
        print("search terminated at :",path)
        return
    else:
        min=(h[graph[path[-1]][0]],graph[path[-1]][0])
        for i in graph[path[-1]]:
            if(h[i]<min[0]):
                min=(h[i],i)
        return traversal(path+min[1],graph,h)

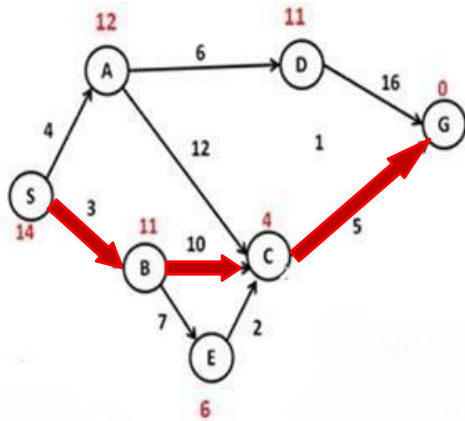
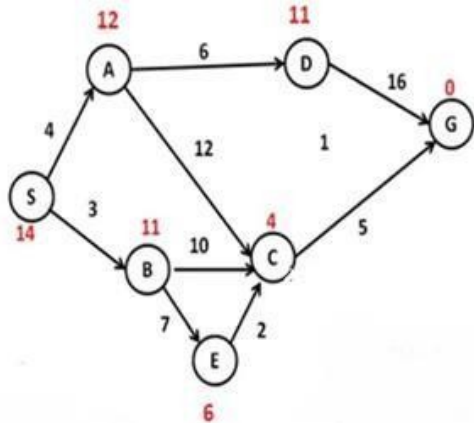
```



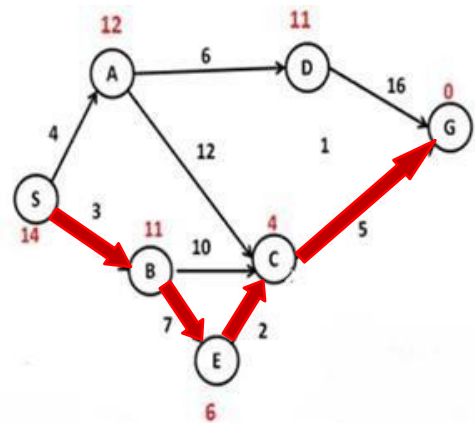
```
traversal("s",graph,h)
```

traversal paths:

example



Best first search



A*



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**Output:****Best first search:**

```
PS C:\Users\SHREE RAM\Desktop\ai> python -u "c:\Users\SHREE RAM\Desktop\ai\bestfirst.py"
enter the number of states : 7
enter the state : s
enter the heuristic of current state : 14
enter the neighbours: a b
enter the state : a
enter the heuristic of current state : 12
enter the neighbours: s d c
enter the state : b
enter the heuristic of current state : 11
enter the neighbours: s c e
enter the state : c
enter the heuristic of current state : 4
enter the neighbours: a b e g
enter the state : d
enter the heuristic of current state : 11
enter the neighbours: a g
enter the state : e
enter the heuristic of current state : 6
enter the neighbours: b c
enter the state : g
enter the heuristic of current state : 0
enter the neighbours: d c
search complete goal reached : sbcg
PS C:\Users\SHREE RAM\Desktop\ai>
```

A*:

```
PS C:\Users\SHREE RAM\Desktop\ai> python -u "c:\Users\SHREE RAM\Desktop\ai\astar.py"
enter the number of states : 7
enter the state : s
enter the heuristic of current state : 14
enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : a,4 b,3
enter the state : a
enter the heuristic of current state : 12
enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : s,4 d,6 c,12
enter the state : b
enter the heuristic of current state : 11
enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : s,3 c,10 e,7
enter the state : c
enter the heuristic of current state : 4
enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : b,10 a,12 e,2 g,5
enter the state : d
enter the heuristic of current state : 11
enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : a,6 g,16
enter the state : e
enter the heuristic of current state : 6
enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : b,7 c,2
enter the state : g
enter the heuristic of current state : 0
enter the neighbours,distance of neighbour : d,16 c,5
--> [('sb', 14), ('sa', 16)]
--> [('sb', 14), ('sa', 16)]
--> [('sb', 14), ('sa', 16)]
--> [('sa', 16), ('sbe', 16), ('sbc', 17), ('sbs', 20)]
removing cycle ('sbs', 20)
--> [('sa', 16), ('sbe', 16), ('sbc', 17)]
--> [('sa', 16), ('sbe', 16), ('sbc', 17)]
--> [('sbe', 16), ('sbc', 17), ('sac', 20), ('sad', 21), ('sas', 22)]
removing cycle ('sas', 22)
--> [('sbe', 16), ('sbc', 17), ('sac', 20), ('sad', 21)]
removing overlap ('sac', 20)
--> [('sbe', 16), ('sbc', 17), ('sad', 21)]
--> [('sbec', 16), ('sbc', 17), ('sad', 21), ('sbeb', 28)]
removing cycle ('sbeb', 28)
```



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```

removing cycle ('sbeb', 28)
--> [('sbec', 16), ('sbc', 17), ('sad', 21)]
removing overlap ('sbc', 17)
--> [('sbec', 16), ('sad', 21)]
--> [('sbecg', 17), ('sbece', 20), ('sad', 21), ('sbecb', 33), ('sbeca', 36)]
removing cycle ('sbece', 20)
removing cycle ('sbecb', 33)
--> [('sbecg', 17), ('sad', 21), ('sbeca', 36)]
--> [('sbecg', 17), ('sad', 21), ('sbeca', 36)]
('sbecg', 17)
PS C:\Users\SHREE RAM\Desktop\ai>

```

comparison for Greedy best first search & A*:

Parameters	Best first search	A*
completeness	No	Yes
Time complexity	$O(b^d)$	$O(b^d)$
Space complexity	$O(b^d)$	$O(b^d)$
optimality	No	Yes

CONCLUSION:

Hence, we have successfully implemented A* and Best First Search