

Day - 9

Sorting Algorithm

Quick Sort:-

51	95	66	72	42	38	39	41	15
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Step-1) Decide left & right

$$\text{left} = 0, \text{right} = 8$$

Step-2) Select pivot element which is the first element of array

$$\text{pivot} = \underline{\text{arr}[left]} = \underline{51}$$

Step-3) Find out the exact posⁿ of pivot by using no. of less than that pivot

count \Rightarrow no. of ele that is less than pivot

$$\text{Count} = 5$$

swap (arr[count], arr[left])
pivot

0 8

```
int partition (int left, int right)
{
```

```
    int pivot = arr[left];
```

```
    int count = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = left + 1; i <= right; i++)
```

```
{ if (arr[i] < pivot)
```

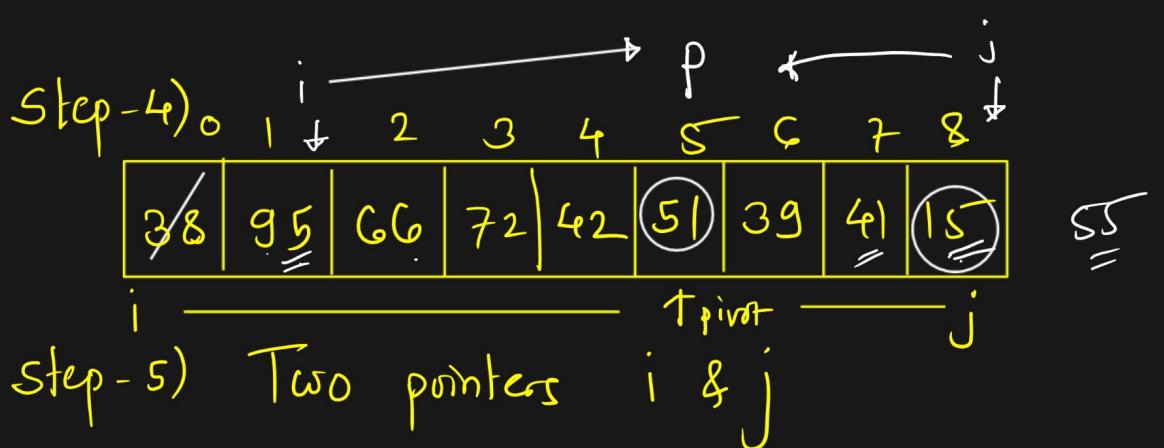
```
{   count++; }
```

```
}
```

```
int p = left + count;
```

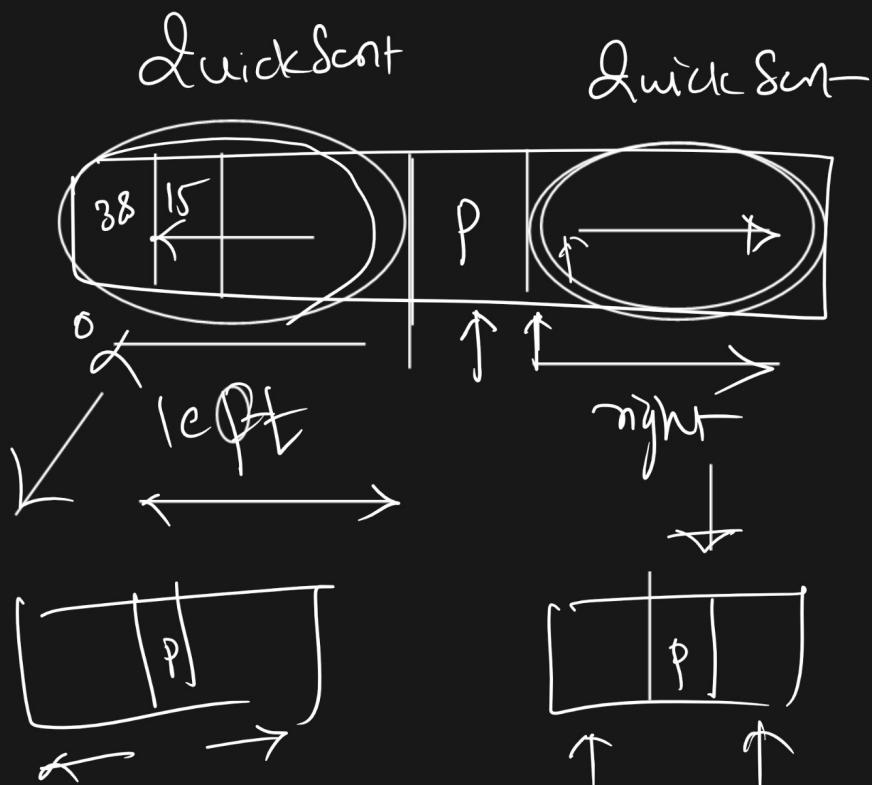
```
swap (arr[left], arr[count]);
```

```
int i = left, j = right;
```



Step-5) Two pointers i & j

Compare $\underline{\text{arr}[i] < \text{pivot}}$ & $\underline{\text{arr}[j] > \text{pivot}}$
 $\uparrow \uparrow$
 swap (arr[i], arr[j])



```

while ( i <= p & & j > p )
{
    while ( arr[i] < pivot )
        i++;
    while ( arr[j] > pivot )
        j--;
    swap ( arr[i], arr[j] );
}
return p;
}

```

```

void quickSort( int left, int right )
{
    if ( left < right )
    {
        int p = partition( left, right );
        quickSort( left, p-1 );
        quickSort( p+1, right );
    }
}

```

Quick Sort = $O(n \log n)$]

Worst = $O(n^2)$

* Search Algorithm :-

1) Linear Search :- arr

0	1	2	3	4	5
98	47	53	12	7	33

key = 72

Time Complexity = $O(n)$

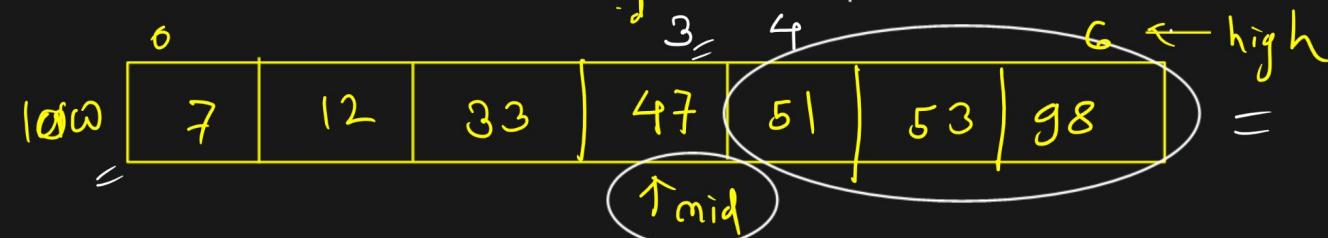
2) Binary Search :-

Divide & Conquer

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
98	47	53	12	7	33	51

Key = 12

Key = 53



Step-1) Find out mid index & their value Step-2) Compare Search

$$\text{mid} = \text{low} + (\text{high}-\text{low})/2;$$

$$\text{arr}[\underline{\text{mid}}] = \text{arr}[\underline{3}] = \underline{47}$$

ele with mid
value

if ($\text{arr}[\text{mid}] == \text{key}$)
return mid;

Step-3) Compare Search ele > arr[mid]

$$12 >$$

$$47$$

Search(mid+1, nyleft)

Step-4) Compare search ele < arr[mid]

search(left, mid-1)

int key,
Void Bsearch (int low, int high, int arr[]) $\xleftarrow{\text{key} < \text{mid}}$

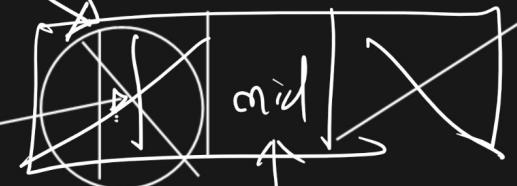
{

while (low <= high)

{ int mid = low + (high-low)/2; ↓

if ($\text{arr}[\text{mid}] == \text{key}$)

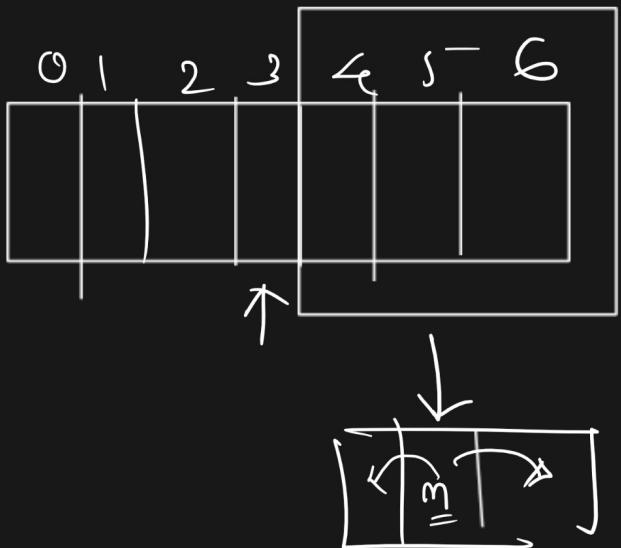
return mid;



```

if ( arr[mid] >= key)
    high = mid - 1;
if (arr[mid] < key)
    low = mid + 1;
}
return -1;

```



H.W. \Rightarrow 2643 Leetcode Pbm No