

Subject :

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تالیف سری سوم کنترل خطی

نیلوفر محمدی ۱۴۰۱/۲۲/۹۵

$$GH = \frac{K(s+a)}{(s+b)(s+1)^2(s+2)}$$

۱. ا. و b و K به طوری تعیین می شود که سیستم پایدار باشد

ب. ضرایب معادله مشخصه

$$G = \frac{(s+a)}{(s+b)(s+1)^2(s+2)}$$

$$1 + KG = 1 + \frac{K(s+a)}{(s+b)(s+1)^2(s+2)}$$

معادله مشخصه

$$\Delta(s) = (s^2 + (1+b)s + 2b)(s^2 + 4s + 2) + Ks + Ka$$

$$= s^4 + 4s^3 + 2s^2 + (1+b)s^3 + (14+4b)s^2 + (14+4b)s + 2bs^2 + 14b + 2s + Ka$$

$$= s^4 + (1+b)s^3 + (14+4b)s^2 + (14+4b+K)s + 14b + Ka = 0$$

پارامترهای سیستم

برای پایداری سیستم لازم است که ضرایب مثبت باشند

					$1 > 0$
$s^4$	1	$1+b$	$14+4b$	$14b+Ka$	$\downarrow$
$s^3$	$1+b$	$14+4b+K$	0		معادله مشخصه
$s^2$	$\frac{(1+b)(14+4b) - (14+4b+K)}{1+b} = \frac{14b+4b^2+14+4b-K}{1+b}$	$14b+Ka$			معادله مشخصه
$s^1$	C	0			$14b+Ka > 0$
$s^0$	D				$\rightarrow K < 14b+4b^2+14$

$$C = \frac{(14b+4b^2+14-K)(14b+Ka) - (1+b)(14b+Ka)}{14b+4b^2+14-K} > 0$$

$$D = \frac{C(14b+Ka) - 0}{C} = 14b+Ka > 0$$



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$$G(s) = \frac{K(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 4} \rightarrow s \rightarrow -1$$

$K > 0$  لا يتغير

-2

$$s(s^2 + 4s + 4) = 0 \rightarrow s = 0, -2 \pm j$$

$m = 1$

$n = 2$

$$\mu = \frac{\sum p_i - \sum z_j}{n - m} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\sum p_i - \sum z_j}{n - m} = \frac{-1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{(1+K)1\angle 0^\circ}{n-m} = \frac{(1+K)1\angle 0^\circ}{2} = 90^\circ, 180^\circ \quad RL$$

$$\theta = \frac{K 1\angle 0^\circ}{n-m} = \frac{K 1\angle 0^\circ}{2} = 0^\circ, 180^\circ \quad CRL$$

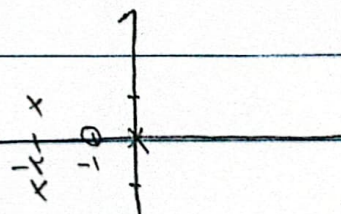
$$1 + K G(s) = 0 \rightarrow K = \frac{-1}{G(s)} \rightarrow \frac{dK}{ds}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{ds} \left( \frac{-s+1}{s^2 + 4s + 4} \right) = \frac{-1(s^2 + 4s + 4) + (s+1)(2s+4)}{(s^2 + 4s + 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-s^2 - 4s - 4 + 2s^2 + 8s + 4}{(s^2 + 4s + 4)^2} = \frac{s^2 + 4s}{(s^2 + 4s + 4)^2} \rightarrow s^2 + 4s + 4 = 0 \rightarrow s = -2 \pm j$$

$$s_1 = -2, 2 \quad s_{p,r} = -0.4 \pm 0.1414j$$

$s_1$



$$\sum \theta_{z_i} - \sum \theta_{p_j} = -180^\circ$$

$$0 - (\theta_{p_1} + 180^\circ) = -180^\circ \rightarrow \theta_{p_1} = 180^\circ$$

$$180^\circ - (\theta_{p_1} + 90^\circ) = -180^\circ \rightarrow \theta_{p_1} = 270^\circ$$

$$-180^\circ - (-180^\circ - 90^\circ + \theta_{p_1}) = -180^\circ \rightarrow \theta_{p_1} = 90^\circ$$

$$\theta_{z_1} - (\pi + 180^\circ - 180^\circ) = -180^\circ \rightarrow \theta_{z_1} = 0^\circ$$







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$$\theta_{z_1} - (\theta_{p_1} + \theta_{p_2} + \theta_{p_3} + \theta_{p_4} + \theta_{p_5}) = (2K+1)\pi$$

$$\theta_{z_1} - (\theta_{p_1} + 135^\circ - 135^\circ + 0 + 0) = -\pi \rightarrow \theta_{p_1} = \pi$$

$$\theta_{z_1} - (\theta_{p_1} + \theta_{p_2} + 90^\circ + 180^\circ + 11,31^\circ) = -\pi \rightarrow \theta_{p_2} = -13,18^\circ$$

$$\theta_{z_1} - (135^\circ - 90^\circ + \theta_{p_2} - 180^\circ - 11,31^\circ) = -\pi \rightarrow \theta_{p_2} = 13,18^\circ$$

$$\theta_{z_1} - (180^\circ + 180^\circ - 180^\circ + \theta_{p_3} + 0) = -\pi \rightarrow \theta_{p_3} = \pi$$

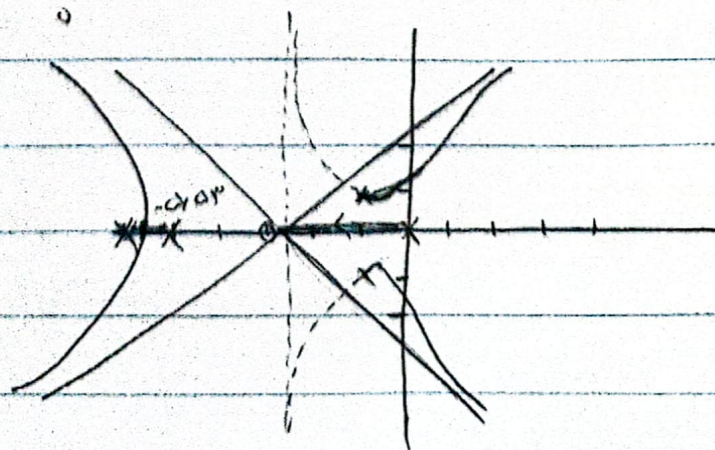
$$\theta_{z_1} - (180^\circ + 11,31^\circ - 11,31^\circ + 180^\circ + \theta_{p_4}) = -\pi \rightarrow \theta_{p_4} = 0$$

$$\theta_{z_1} - (\pi + 135^\circ - 135^\circ + 0 + 0) = \pi \rightarrow \theta_{z_1} = 0$$

حالت زیستاتی، انجی ← رات هر دیت

$$\Delta(s) = s^5 + 13s^4 + 13s^3 + 12s^2 + (90+K)s + 4K = 0$$

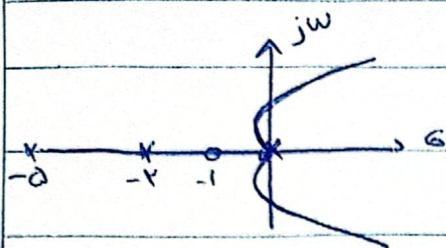
$s^5$	1	$\omega f$	$90+K$	$13K > 0 \rightarrow K > 0$
$s^4$	13	$12$	$13K$	$90+K - 13 \times 13K > 0 \rightarrow K < 3,9$
$s^3$	$13\omega f$	$0/134K$	0	$13 \times 90 - 100K - 0/134 \times 13K > 0 \rightarrow K < 3,9$
$s^2$	$A = 90+K - 13 \times 13K$	$13K$	0	$0 < K < 3,9$
$s^1$	$13 \times 90 - 100K - 0/134 \times 13K/A$	0	0	$K = 3,9 \rightarrow A(s) = 13s^4 + 100 = 0$
$s^0$	$13K$	0	0	$\rightarrow s = \pm j 1,31$





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$$GH(s) = \frac{K(s+1)}{s^2(s+2)(s+4)}$$

$$e_{ss} = \frac{1}{K_u} = \frac{1}{\lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s^2 GH(s)} = \frac{10}{K}$$

For  $e_{ss} = 0.1$ ,  $K = 100$

$$\Delta(s) = s^4 + 4s^3 + (2+K)s^2 + Ks + 0$$

$s^4$	1	10	K
$s^3$	4	K	
$s^2$	$4-K$	$4K$	
$s^1$	$\frac{K(4-K)}{4-K}$		
$s^0$	$4K$		

$$\begin{aligned} 4-K &> 0 \Rightarrow 0 < K < 4 \\ K(4-K) &> 0 \end{aligned}$$

For  $K=100$ , the system is unstable.

$$H(s) = \frac{KG(s)}{1+KG(s)} = \frac{0.1K}{s(s+2)+0.1K} = \frac{0.1K}{s^2 + 2s + 0.1K}$$

For  $\zeta = 0.5$ ,  $\omega_n = \frac{1}{0.1K} \Rightarrow \omega_n = \frac{10}{K}$

$0.1K = \omega_n^2 \Rightarrow K = 4.10$

$$L(s) = KG(s)$$

$$K_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sL(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{0.1K}{s+1} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{1.438}{s+1} = 1.438$$

For  $K_v = 10$ ,  $K = 100$

$$\frac{K_v}{K_v} = \frac{z}{p} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{1.438} = \frac{z}{p} \Rightarrow \frac{z}{p} = 6.95$$

$$K_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sL(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \left( \frac{1.438}{s(s+1)} \right) \left( \frac{s+2}{s+4} \right) = 1.438 \frac{z}{p}$$