

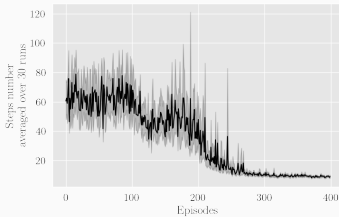
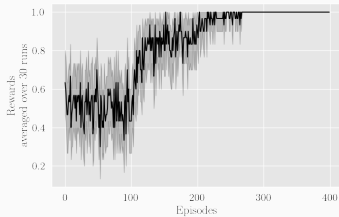
Perturbation experiment

Andrea Pierré

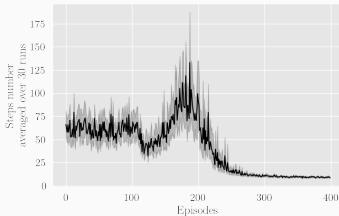
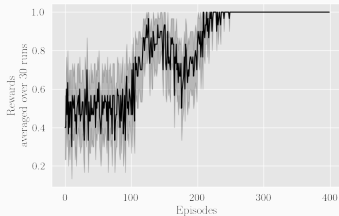
July 04, 2025

Training (for reference)

Left/Right

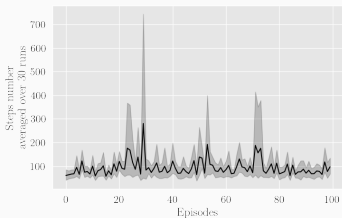
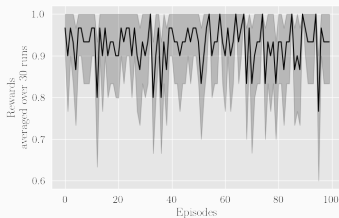


East/West

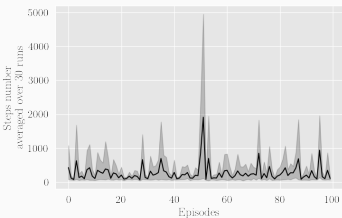
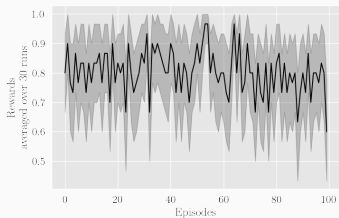


Randomized Cartesian inputs

Left/Right

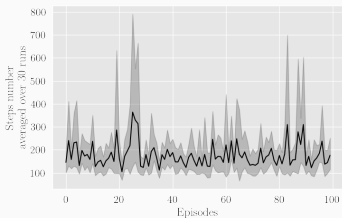
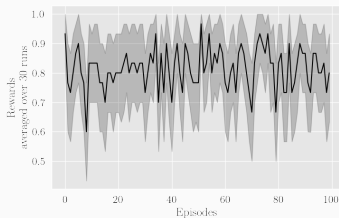


East/West

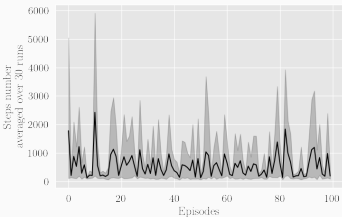
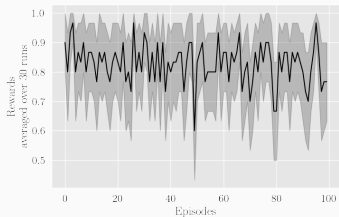


Silenced Cartesian inputs

Left/Right

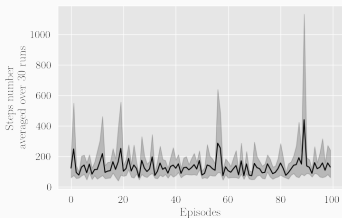
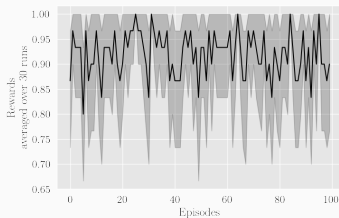


East/West

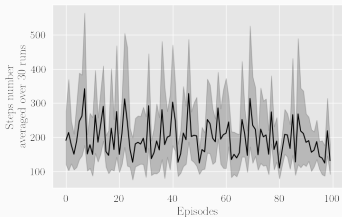
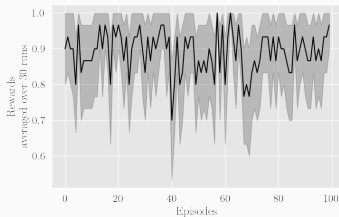


Randomized polar inputs

Left/Right

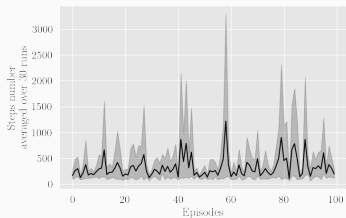
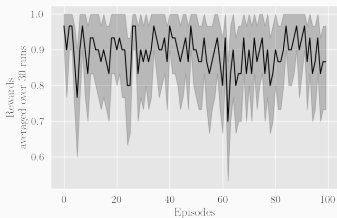


East/West

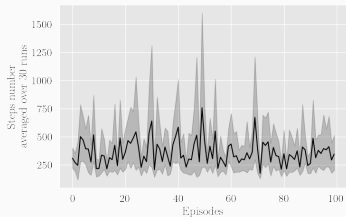
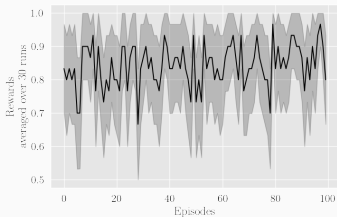


Silenced polar inputs

Left/Right



East/West



Conclusion

- Results not as expected → performance is degraded but the agents are able to solve the task most of the time even if part of their inputs are perturbed
- Changes from lab meeting:
 - One-hot encoded cue
 - 256 neurons/layer instead of 512