## STUDENT PERFORMANCE MONITORING SYSTEM

# CSE303: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### **GROUP 3**

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## **Chapter 1: Introduction**

#### **BACKGROUND OF THE PROJECT**

Our goal is to deliver a project that will design and build to help universities to promote a productive way for student performance monitoring system. We intend to provide a wholesome experience for students, faculties, head of departments and all the higher authorities. This application is a one-stop place for students to track their progress, for faculties to track course curriculum and all the higher authorities to monitor quality of education provided. We have added features to track students CGPA trend and sleeker way of workflow. This application gives the power to generate new student accounts much faster

#### **OBJECTIVE OF THE PROJECT**

This project will be helpful for all user such as student vc dean head of department UGC spm admin and so on. This project will help student in future life and we can also learn how to implement a technology into our education

#### **SCOPE OF THE PROJECT**

- Track school-wise, department-wise and program-wise student enrolment comparison
- School-wise, department-wise and program-wise student performance trends
- Course-wise student performance trends
- Instructor-wise student performance trends
- Track PLO achievements
- Problem analysis
- Data-collection and data sharing
- Monitor project
- Team working

## **CHAPTER 2**

## **REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

- RICH PICTURE (AS-IS)
- SIX ELEMENTS (AS-IS)
- PROCESS DIAGRAM (AS-IS)
- PROBLEM ANALYSIS
- RICH PICTURE (TO-BE)
- SIX ELEMENTS (TO-BE)
- PROCESS DIAGRAM (TO-BE)

## **RICH PICTURE (AS-IS)**

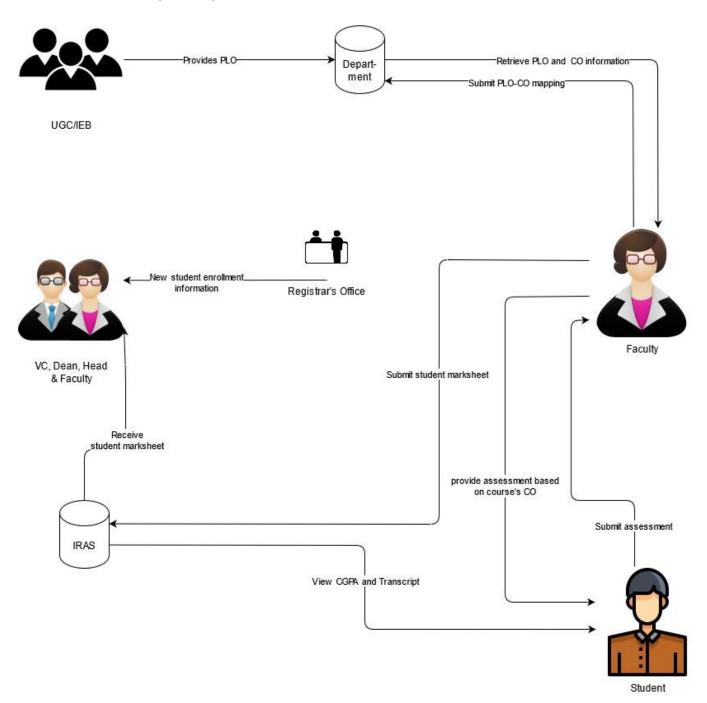


Figure: Rich Picture As-Is

## SIX ELEMENTS (AS-IS)

Process		<u> </u>	Syste	m Roles		
	Human	Non-Comp Hardware	Computing Hardware	Software	Database	Network & Communicat ion
NEW STUDENT ENROLLM ENT INFORMAT ION 11) Con er en in from the definition of the content of the	ean, head f epartment, C as soft opy or rinted opy.  aculty, ean, head f epartment VC: ) log in to omputer	Paper and Stationary:  Send student enrollment information as printed copy to VC, head of departmen t, faculty, and dean.  Folders  Store student enrolment information as printed copies.	Computer:  1) Used by registrar office employees to send and/or receive new enrolment information to VC, head of department, faculty, and dean.  2) Used by VC, head of department, faculty, and dean to request and receive new student enrollment information.  Registrar's Office DB server:  Used registrar's office store student enrollment information  Printer:  To print new student enrollment information.	Operating System:  Used in Registrar's office, VC, head of department, faculty and dean's computer.  Email client:  Used by Registrar's office, VC, head of department, faculty and dean to send and receive new student information.  Office suite:  Used by VC, head of department, faculty and dean to generate enrollment trend.	RDBMS: Used by Registrar's office database to store new student enrollment information.  Excel Files: Used to store new student enrollment information in local computer.	Internet: Used to send or receive student enrollment information between Registrar's office and VC, head of department, faculty, dean  Telephone: Used for verbal communicati on between Registrar's office and VC, head of department, faculty and dean.

	to registrar's office.  3) Receive enrollment student information from registrar's office.		Networking Device: Used for internet access, internal database access or communicati onal use.			
Receive student mark-sheet	VC, head of department, faculty, dean:  1) Log in to their corresponding IRAS account.  2) Search for course wise, semester wise department wise student mark-sheet.  3) Download the mark-sheet.	Paper and Stationary: Used to print the downloade d mark-sheet.  Folder: Store the printed mark-sheet.	Used by VC, head of department, faculty, and dean to retrieve and download student mark-sheet from their IRAS account.  printer: Used by VC, head of department, faculty, and dean to print downloaded mark-sheet.  IRAS DB server: Used by IRAS to store student mark-sheet.  Networking device: Used for internet access, internal	Operating system:  Used in VC, head of department, faculty and dean's computer.  IRAS:  To retrieve mark-sheet.  Office suite:  Used by VC, head of department, faculty and dean to generate student performance trend.	RDBMS: Used by IRAS to store student mark sheet.  Excel Files: Used to store student mark-sheet local computer.	Internet: Used by VC, head of department, faculty, dean to retrieve student mark sheet from their correspondin g IRAS account.

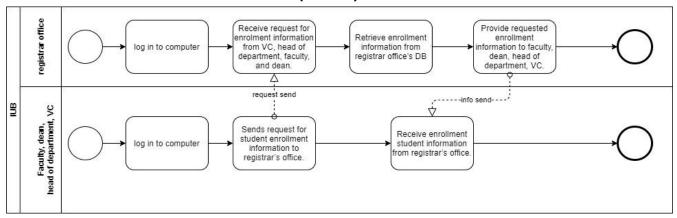
			database access			
View CGPA	Student:	Paper:	Computer:	Operating	RDBMS:	Internet:
and Transcript	1) Students have to login to their IRAS account at first 2) They can view their CGPA from their IRAS dashboard 3)In order to view their transcript, they have enter year and semester from their dashboard and click on "Transcript" button to download the transcript of that particular semester	May be used by students to print their transcript  Folder: To store the printed transcript	Used by students to visit the	system: Used in students' computer.  IRAS: To retrieve student CGPA and mark-sheet.  PDF Viewer: Used to students view the downloaded transcripts	Used by IRAS to store student CGPA and transcripts	Used by students to login to their IRAS account and access their CGPA and transcripts.
Record student assessmen ts and submit mark-sheet	Faculty:  1)Take classes, record student attendance and student class participation  2) Request department for PLO and CO	Pen and paper:  1) Used by departmen t to send PLO and CO as printed form to faculty.  2) Used by teacher to make	Computer:  1) Used by faculty to create assignment and exam paper.  2) Used by department to store PLO	Operating system: Used in faculty, department and student's computer.  Office suite:	RDBMS: Used by faculty to store student mark sheets in IRAS DB.	Internet:  1) Used by faculty and department to receive and send PLO and CO information.  2) Used by student, faculty and department

information of a	exam paper and	and CO information.	Used by faculty to	to communicat
particular course	assignmen t.	3) Used by student to	create assignment and exam	e.
3) Receive and download PLO and CO from	3) Used by student to take exam and	view exam paper or assignment.	paper.	Telephone: Used for verbal
department	assignmen t.	server:		communicati on between faculty and
assignment and exam paper based the CO.	Folder: Used by departmen t student	student		student.
5) Organize schedule and room for	and faculty to store paper.	Printer:		
exam and notify students.		1) Used by department to print PLO		
6) Collect exam paper and		and CO information.		
assignment from students.		2) used by faculty to print		
7) Checks the assignment and exam		assignment and exam paper		
paper and records marks on		Networking device:		
mark-sheet 8) Log in to IRAS and Submits mark-sheet to IRAS.		Used for internet access, internal database access		
Departmen t:				
1) Receive request for PLO and CO for a particular course from faculties				
faculties				

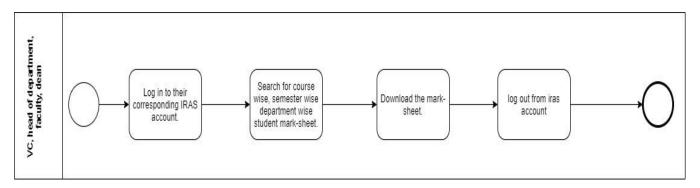
	2) Send PLO and CO to faculties  Student:  1) Attend classes and participates in class discussion  2) Receives assignment and exam notifications from faculties  3) Attempts assignment problems and submits				
PLO CO mapping	4) Takes exam on designated schedule and classroom and submits exam paper to faculties  Faculty:  1) Request department for PLO and	Pen and paper: Used by		Operating system: Used in department	Internet: Used by faculty and
	for PLO and CO information.  2)receive PLO and CO information from department  3) Download the PLO co information.  4) Discuss with otherfaculty	faculty to view PLO and CO information as printed form.	department to receive and send PLO and CO information.  Printer:  Used by faculty to print the PLO and co information.	department and faculty's computer.  PDF viewer: To see the PLO and co information.	department to receive and send PLO and CO information and communicat e with each other.  Telephone: Used for verbal communicati on between

member to			faculty and
create PLO and CO map.			department.
5)sends PLO CO map to department			
Departmen t:			
1) Receive request from faculty for PLO and CO information.			
2) Send PLO and CO information to faculty.			
3) Receive PLO and CO mapping from faculty.			
4) Store PLO co map.			
5) Download the PLO co map.			

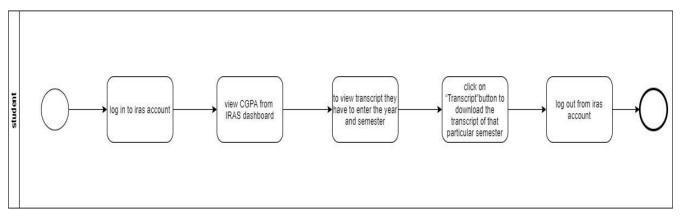
## **BUSINESS PROCESS DIAGRAM (AS-IS)**



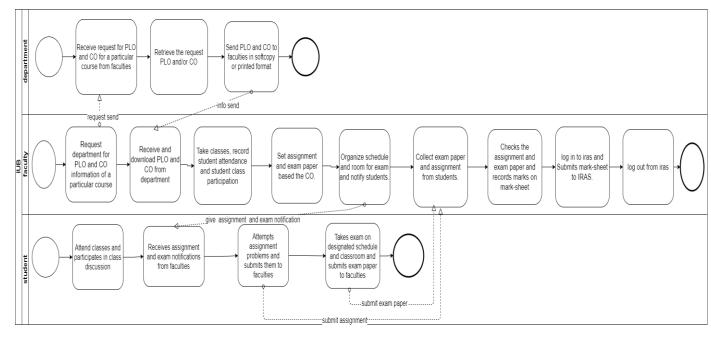
**BPMN (AS-IS) FIGURE 1: View new enrollment data** 



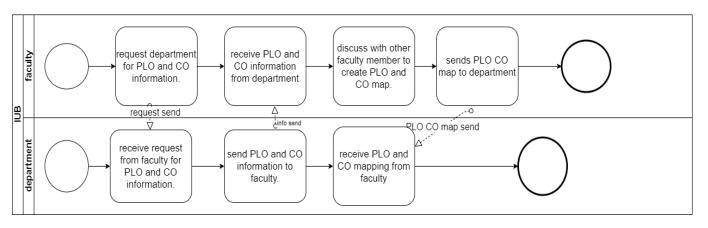
BPMN (AS-IS) FIGURE 2: View Student Mark-sheet by VC, Dean, Head, and Faculty



**BPMN (AS-IS) FIGURE 3: View Transcript by Students** 



**BPMN (AS-IS) FIGURE 4: Record Student Assessment** 



**BPMN (AS-IS) FIGURE 5: Map PLO to CO** 

## **PROBLEM ANALYSIS**

Process Name(s)	Stakeholders	Concerns	Analysis	Proposed Solution
"Record Student Assessment and submit marksheet", and "Map PLO CO"	Faculty Department	Faculties have request the department to send PLO and CO details and the Department has to respond to the request	This process is time consuming as the request from the faculties has to receive by the department and retrieve necessary documents to be sent. Also, this process is resource consuming as well, as the faculty may have to send request using paper form or use any third party software for the task.	Rather than keeping the PLO and CO documents to themselves they will upload the documents to the SPM DB and faculties can easily access the files without needing to request the department
View new enrollment information	VC, Dean, Head, Faculty Registrar's Office SPM Admin	In order to view the enrollment data, VC, Dean, Head and Faculty have send request to registrar's office and in response the registrar's office will send the data	This process can be time consuming and hard to manage over time, as the registrar's office may have find manually for the request data. Also, the data sent may be just raw data and no overall trends will be shown. Users may have to use third party software to achieve that and if the data is hard copy version then generating trends will be even more difficult	Instead of requesting the registrar's office, VC, Dean, Head and/or Faculties can view enrollment data from the enroll record on the SPM DB. Also, SPM software can show them a nice graphical analysis of enrollment
View Student CGPA Trend	VC, Dean, Head, Faculty	In order to see PLO achievement and CGPA trends of students, VC, Dean, Head and Faculty has to get the raw mark-	The mark-sheet that they download from IRAS contains raw course-wise marks for each student. It is hard	In order to solve this problem, the marksheets can stored to SPM DB and generate the desired trends

enough to write scripts themselves.
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## **RICH PICTURE (TO-BE)**

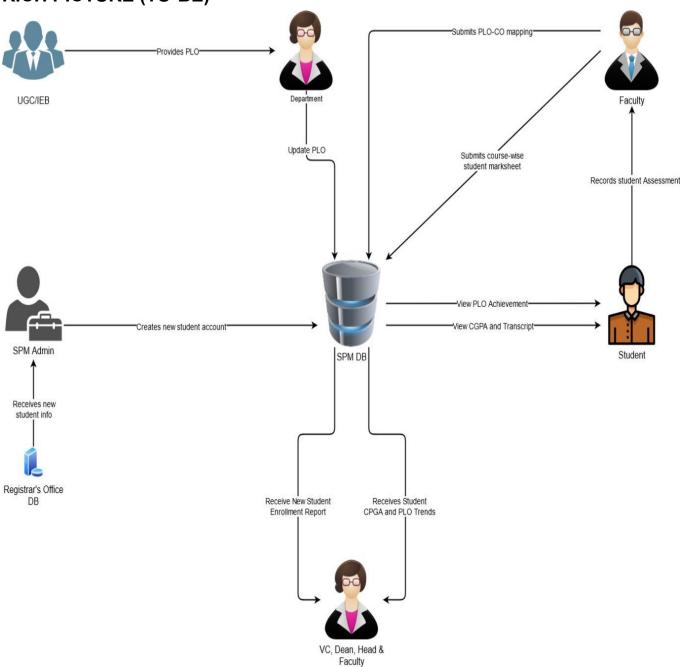


Figure: Rich Picture TO-BE

## SIX ELEMENT ANALYSIS (TO-BE)

Process	System Repor	rt				
	Human	Non- computing Hardware	Computing Hardware	Software	Database	Internet & Communicati on
Create new students account	SPM Admin:  1)Receives new Students info from Registrar's office database  2) Log in to SPM DB.  3) Generate new student accounts from provided information.  4) Log out from SPM DB.	Pen, Paper and Stationeries:  1) May be used by SPM admin notedown any corrupted information sent from registrar's office	Computer:  1)Used by SPM Admin to receives data from registrar's office database & generate new Students accounts  Database Server:  1)Registrar's office DB from which new students information will be sent  2)SPM DB in which new students account will be stored	Operating System: Used by SPM Admin to operate their computer  Office Suite: May be used to store information locally in Excel format	RDBMS:  1) Used by both SPM DB & Registrar's office DB to stored information  Excel Software:  May be used to store information locally in Excel format	Internet:  1) Used to access and modify SPM database  2)Communic ate between SPM Admin & Registrar's office  Telephone: Used for verbal communicate between SPM Admin & Registrar's office

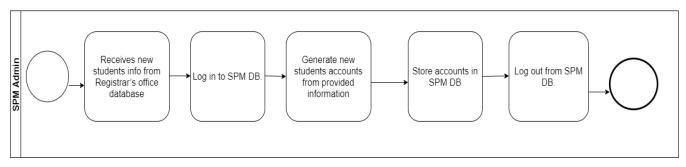
Undata	Donartmont	Pon Panor	Computer	Operating	RDBMS:	Internet:
Update PLO on SPM DB	Department:  1) Gets PLO from UGC/IEB  2) Log in to SPM DB.  3) Stores PLO in SPM DB  4) Log out from SPM DB.  UGC/IEB: Send PLO to department	Pen, Paper and Stationeries:  1) May be UGC/IEB Send printed version of PLO.	Computer:  1) Used by UGC/IEB to send PLO  2) Used by department to store PLO  Database Server: Store PLO information for SPM	Operating System: Used by both department and UGC/IEB to operate their computer  Office Suite: Used by UGC/IEB to create or modify PLO	Used for SPM DB to stored PLO information	1) Used by UGC/IEB to provide PLO to department 2) Used by department to stored PLO in SPM DB 3) Used to communicate between department and UGC/IEB  Telephone: Used for verbal communication between department and UGC/IEB
Record student assessm ent and submit mark- sheet	Faculty:  1)Take classes, record student attendance and student class participation  2)Log in to SPM DB.  3) Fetch PLO and CO information of a particular course from SPM  4) Set assignment and exam paper based the CO.  5) Organize schedule and room for exam and	Pen, Paper and Stationeries:  1) May be used by students to take lecture, write assignments, reports or take exam.  2) May be used by faculty to write lecture outline or print exam questions  Folder:  May be used by teacher to store students' assignments, exam	Computer:  1) May be used by student to send assignments, reports or take online exams  2) May be used by faculties to view and mark the given reports, assignments or exams  Database Server:  Used by SPM DB store student mark sheets	Operating System:  1) Used by both faculties and students to operate their computers  Office suite:  1) Used by students to write assignment s and reports  2) Used by faculty to write lecture outline or print exam questions	RDBMS: Used to store students' course wise mark sheet to SPM DB  Excel Sheet: Used by faculties to store student mark sheets locally	Internet:  1) Used by students to submit the reports, assignments or take online exams  2) Used by faculty to receive student assessment  3) Used by teacher to store students course wise mark sheet to SPM DB  4) Communicate between student and teacher

 	1	 	T	
notify	papers or	Google		
students.	mark sheet	Classroom		
6) Collect		and Google		
exam paper		Form:		
and				
assignment		May be		
from		used for		
students.		online		
7) Checks		classes and		
the		online examination		
assignment		Examination		
and exam				
paper <sub>.</sub> and				
records				
marks on mark-sheet				
mark-sneet				
8) Log in to				
SPM and				
Submits				
mark-sheet.				
9) Log out.				
, -				
Student:				
1) Attend				
classes and				
participates				
in class				
discussion				
2) Receives				
assignment				
and exam				
notifications				
from				
faculties				
3) Attempts				
assignment				
problems				
and submits				
them to				
faculties				
4) Takes				
exam on				
designated				
schedule				
and				
classroom				
and submits				
exam paper to faculties				
to faculties		 		
			•	

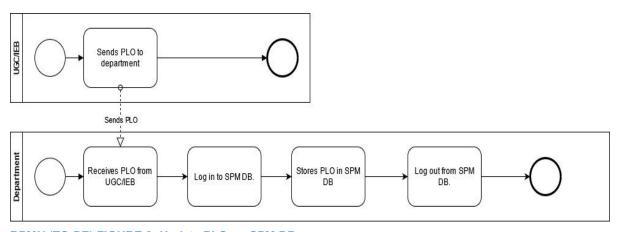
Undate	Faculty:	Pen Paner	Computer	Operating	RDRMS.	Internet:
Update PLO-CO mapping to SPM DB	Faculty:  1) Login to SPM and retrieve PLO and CO information for a certain course from SPM  2) Discuss PLO-CO among several faculties  3) Map PLO-CO  2) Submit PLO-CO mapping in SPM DB	Pen, Paper and Stationeries:  1) May be used by faculty to print the PLO-CO mapping	Computer:  1) Used by faculty to view PLO chart and submit PLO-CO mappings  Printer:  May be used by faculty to print the PLO-CO mapping  Database Server:  Used by SPM to store PLO info and PLO-CO mappings	Operating System:  Used by faculty to operate their computer  Printing software: May be used by faculty to print the PLO-CO mapping	RDBMS: Used by SPM DB to store PLO- CO mapping	Internet:  1) Used by faculty to store the PLO-CO mapping  2) Used to communicate with faculties and higher authorities  Telephone: Used for verbal communication between faculties and higher authorities
View student CGPA, transcript and PLO achievem ents	Student:  1) Login to SPM and move the "achieveme nts".  2) CGPA will be displayed by default  3) To view transcript, they have to enter semester and year.  4) PLO achievemen ts will be displayed on the dashboard	Paper: May be used to print transcript  Folder: May be used by store printed transcripts	Computer: Used to view or download, PLO achievemen ts, CGPA and transcripts  Database Server: Used by SPM to store student mark sheets	Operating System: Used by students to operate their computer  Printing software: May be used to print transcript  PDF Viewer: Used to view transcripts in printable format	RDBMS: Used by SPM DB to store student mark sheets  Excel Sheet: May be used by students to store CGPA locally	Internet: Used by students to access SPM and view their CGPA and transcripts

Doosius	VC Door of	Don and	Computer	Operation	DDDMC.	Internet
			_			
Receive student CGPA and PLO trends	VC, Dean of School, Head of Department and Faculties:  1) Login to their SPM account  2) They have to enter semester range to view the CGPA and PLO achievemen ts trends.  3) They can optionally enter particular school, department or program to view overall CGPA and PLO achievemen ts  4) Leadership team can also view faculty-wise student CGPA and PLO achievemen ts  5) Faculties	Pen and paper: Used by the users to note down any particular trends in CGPA and PLO  Folder: Used to store the papers	Computer: Used to view CGPA and PLO trends  Database Server: Used by SPM to store student CGPA and PLO trends	Operating System: Used by the users to operate their computer	RDBMS: Used by SPM DB to store student CGPA and PLO trends	Internet:  Used by the users to access SPM and view their CGPA and PLO trends
	achievemen ts for students instructed by them.					

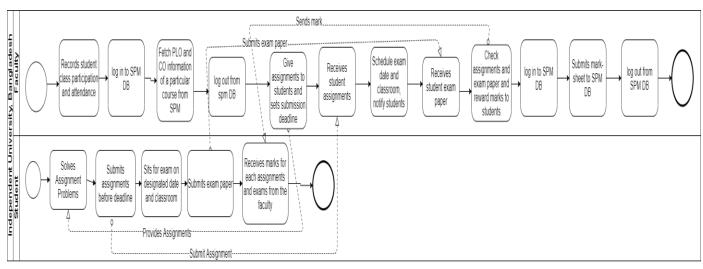
## **BUSINESS PROCESS DIAGRAM (TO-BE)**



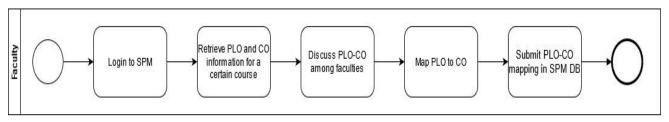
**BPMN (TO-BE) FIGURE1: Create new student account** 



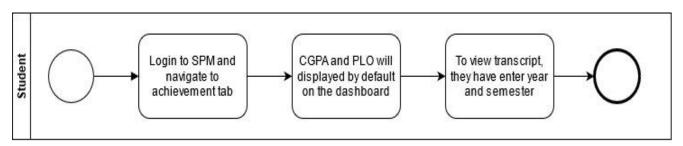
BPMN (TO-BE) FIGURE 2: Update PLO on SPM DB



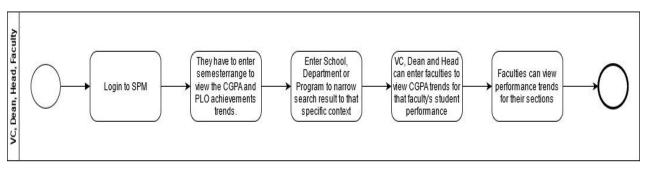
BPMN (TO-BE) FIGURE 3: Record student assessment and submit mark-sheet



**BPMN (TO-BE) FIGURE 4: Update PLO-CO mapping to SPM DB** 



BPMN (TO-BE) FIGURE 5: View student CGPA, transcript and PLO achievements



BPMN (TO-BE) FIGURE 6: Receive student CGPA and PLO trends

#### **CHAPTER 3**

#### **LOGICAL SYSTEM DESIGN**

- BUSINESS RULE
- ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM
- ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM TO RELATIONAL SCHEMA
- NORMALIZATION
- DATA DICTIONARY

## **Business Rule**

A university must assign many employees. Each employee is assigned by exactly one university. A university must consist of many schools. Each school is belongs to exactly one university.

An employee can be faculty or VC. And a faculty can be dean of school or department head.

A university must assign exactly one VC. Each VC is assigned by exactly one university. A faculty must assign to a section. Each section must have a faculty. A department must employee many faculties. Each faculty is employed by exactly one department. a semester must consist of many faculties. Each faculty is assigned to exactly one semester. A dean of school is belongs to exactly one school. Each school must have exactly one department head is belongs to exactly one department. each department must have exactly one department head.

A school is consisting of many departments. each department must belong to exactly one school.

A department must enrolls many student. Each student is enrolled by exactly one department. A department is consist of many program. Each program must belong to exactly one department.

A program must enroll many students. Each student is enrolled by exactly one program. A program must provide many courses. Each course is provided by exactly one program. A program is consist of many plo. Each plo is contain by exactly one program.

A semester must contain many students. Each student enrolled to exactly one semester. A semester must contain many courses. Each course is assign to exactly one semester. A semester must consist of many sections. Each section is assign to exactly one semester.

A course is consist of many cos. Each co belongs to exactly one course. A course is assign to many sections. Each section assigned by exactly one course.

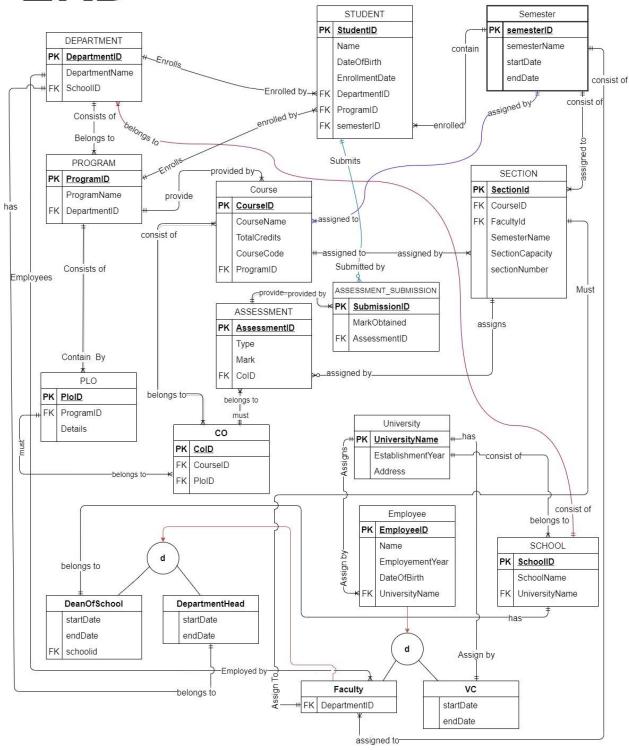
A assessment must provide many assessment submission. A assessment submission is provided by exactly one assessment. A section may assign many assessments. Each assessment is assigned by exactly one section.

A student may submit many assessment submissions. Each assessment submission is submitted by exactly one student.

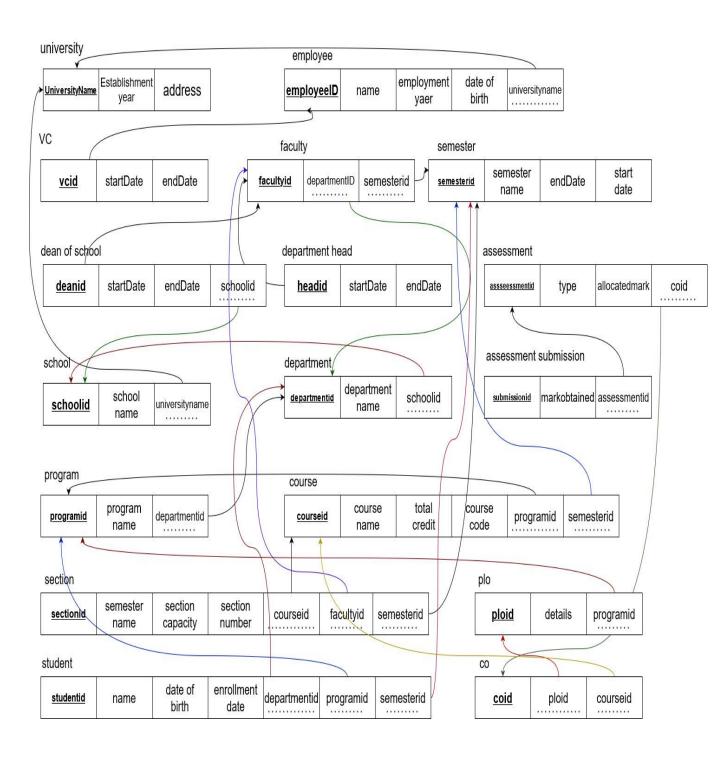
A plo must have many cos. Each co is belongs to exactly one plo.

A co must have many assessments. Each assessment is belongs to exactly one co.

## **ERD**



#### **RELATIONAL SCHEMA**



#### NORMALIZATION



- t1 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t1 relation is already in 2NF
- t1 relation is already in 3NF
- t1 relation is already in BCNF

t3 program programid departmentid

- t3 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t3 relation is already in 2NF
- t3 relation is already in 3NF
- t3 relation is already in BCNF

#### t2

employment date of employeeID iniversitynan

- t2 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t2 relation is already in 2NF
- t2 relation is already in 3NF
- t2 relation is already in BCNF

#### t4

department departmentid schoolid

- t4 relation is already in 1Nf. t4 relation is already in 2NF
- t4 relation is already in 3NF t4 relation is already in BCNF

#### t5

markobtained assessmentid

t5 relation is already in 1Nf. t5 relation is already in 2NF t5 relation is already in 3NF t5 relation is already in BCNF

#### t6



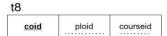
t6 relation is already in 1Nf. t6 relation is already in 2NF t6 relation is already in 3NF t6 relation is already in BCNF

9		
vcid	startDate	endDate

- t9 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t9 relation is already in 2NF
- t9 relation is already in 3NF
- t9 relation is already in BCNF

7		
ploid	details	programid

t7 relation is already in 1Nf. t7 relation is already in 2NF t7 relation is already in 3NF t7 relation is already in BCNF



t8 relation is already in 1Nf. t8 relation is already in 2NF t8 relation is already in 3NF t8 relation is already in BCNF

#### t10

t7

sectionid	semester name	section capacity	section number	courseid	facultyid	semesterid

- t10 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t10 relation is already in 2NF
- t10 relation is already in 3NF
- t10 relation is already in BCNF

#### t11



- t11 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t11 relation is already in 2NF
- t11 relation is already in 3NF
- t11 relation is already in BCNF

#### t12

courseid

course total semesterid programid

t14

semesterid

- t12 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t12 relation is already in 2NF
- t12 relation is already in 3NF
- t12 relation is already in BCNF

#### t13

date of enrollment studentid name departmentid programid semesterid

- t13 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t13 relation is already in 2NF
- t13 relation is already in 3NF
- t13 relation is already in BCNF

t14 relation is already in 1Nf.

endDate

start

semester

- t14 relation is already in 2NF t14 relation is already in 3NF
- t14 relation is already in BCNF

#### t15

_	110			
	headid	startDate	endDate	

- t15 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t15 relation is already in 2NF
- t15 relation is already in 3NF
- t15 relation is already in BCNF

#### t16

	school	
schoolid	name	universityname

t16 relation is already in 1Nf. t16 relation is already in 2NF t16 relation is already in 3NF

t16 relation is already in BCNF

#### t17 facultyid departmentID semesterid

- t17 relation is already in 1Nf.
- t17 relation is already in 2NF
- t17 relation is already in 3NF
- t17 relation is already in BCNF

## **DATA DICTONARY:**

#### tblcourse

Name	Data type	Size	remark
courseID	Text		This is the primary key of the course. Example:cse303
ccourseName	Text		This is the name of the course. example: database management
ntotalCredit	Number		This is the credit of the course. Example:4

#### tbluniversity

Name	Data type	Size	Remark
cuniversityName	Text		This is the primary key and name of the university. Example: Independent University, Bangladesh
dEstablishmentYear	Datetime	уууу	This is the year of Establish the university. Example:1993
caddress	Text		This is the address of the university. Example: Plot 16 Block B, Aftabuddin Ahmed Road
			Bashundhara R/A, Dhaka, Bangladesh
cVCName	Text		This is the name of the vice chancellor of the university. Example: Tanweer Hasan

#### tblschool

Name	Data type	Size	Remark
cschoolID	Text		This is the primary key of the school. Example:SETS
cschoolName	Text		This is the name of the school. Example: School of Engineering, Technology & Sciences
cuniversityName	Text		This is the foreign key from the university table. Example: Independent University, Bangladesh

## tbldepartment

Name	Data type	Size	remark
cdepartmentID	Text		This s the primary key of the department. example: CSE
cdepartmentName	Text		This is the name of the department. example: computer science and engineering.
cschoolID	Text		This is the foreign key from the school table. Example:SETS

#### tblprogram

Name	Data type	Size	Remark
cprogramID	Text		This is the primary key of the program.
cprogramName	Text		This is the name of the program.
cdepartmentID	Text		This is the foreign key from the department table. Example:CSE

#### tblstudent

Name	Data type	Size	Remark
cstudentID	Text	7	This is the primary key of the student. Example: 1234567
cstudentName	Text		This is the name of the student. Example: MR.Abdul Korim
cemailID	Text		This is the email of student. Example: abdul@gmail.com
ncontractNo	Number	11	This is the contract number of the student. Example:01911111111
caddress	Text		This is the address of the student. Example: sector6, house 6, road 6 uttara,Dhaka
cgender	Text		This is the gender of the student. Example:male
ddateOfBirth	Date time	dd/mm/yy	This is the birth date of the student. Example:06/06/96
denrollmentYear	Date time	уууу	This is the enrollment year when the student got admitted in the university.  Example:2016
cdepartmentID	Text		This is the foreign key from department table. Example:CSE
cprogramID	Text		This is the foreign key from the program table.

## tblfaculty

Name	Data type	Size	Remark
cfacultyID	Text	5	This is the primary key of the faculty. Example:11111
cname	Text		This is the name of the faculty. Example: MR.gousul azom
cemailld	Text		This is the email address of the faculty. Example:gousul@gmail.com
ncontractNo	Number	11	This is the contract number of the faculty. Example:7654321
caddress	Text		This is the address of the faculty. example:sector5,read5, house 5 uttara, dhaka
cgender	Text		This is the gender of the faculty. Example:male
ddateOfBirth	Date time	dd/mm/yy	This is birth time of the faculty. Example: 11/12/66
demploymentYear	Date time	Yyyy	This is the employment year when the faculty joined as employee in the university. Example:2009
cdepartmentID	Text		This is the foreign key from the department table. Example: CSE

#### tblsection

NAME	DATA TYPE	SIZE	REMARKS
csectionID	Text		This is auto-increment primary key.
ccousrseID	Text		This is the foreign key from the course table. Example: cse301
cfacultyID	Text		This is the foreign key from the faculty table. Exmaple:11554
csemesterName	Text		This is the name of the semester. Example: Spring 2016.
nsectioncapacity	Number		This is the total capacity of a section. Example: 30.

## tblplo

NAME	DATA TYPE	SIZE	REMARK
cploID	Text		This is the primary key of the PLO (Program Learning Outcome). Example: "PLO1"
cprogramID	text		This is the foreign key from the program table. Example: M.Sc.
cdetails	Text		This is the details of the PLO.

tblco

NAME	DATA TYPE	SIZE	REMARKS
ccolD	Text		This is the primary key of the CO. Example "CO1"
ccourseID	Text		This is the foreign key from the course table. Example: "CSE303"
cploID	Text		This is the foreign key from the PLO table. Example: "PLO2"

#### tblassessmentID

NAME	DATA TYPE	SIZE	REMARKS
cassesmentID	Text		This is auto-increment primary key.
ctype	Text		This is the type of the assessment. Example:assignment
ntotalMarks	Number		This is the mark for the assessment. Example:25
ccoID	Text		This is foreign key from the CO table.example:CO1

#### tblassessment submission

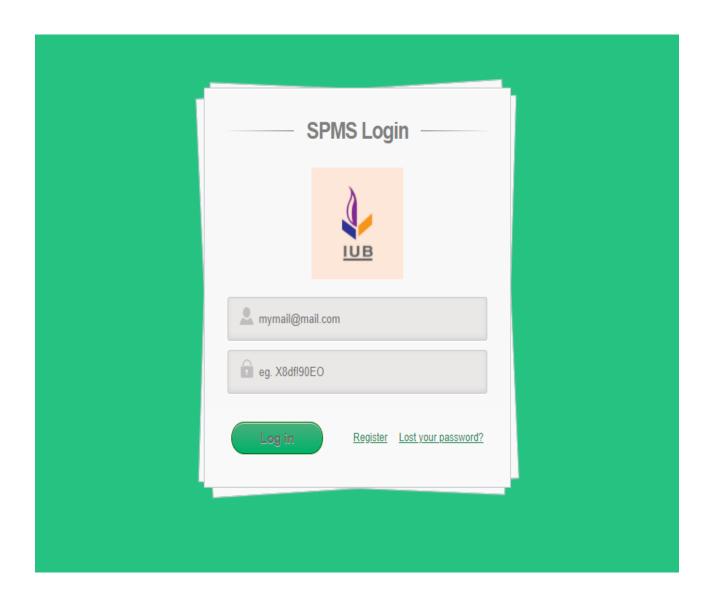
NAME	DATA TYPE	SIZE	REMARKS
csubmissionID	Text		This is auto-increment primary key.
nmarkObtained	Number		this is the mark obtained by a student. Example:7
cassessmentID	Text		This is foreign key of the assessment ID.

## **CHAPTER 4**

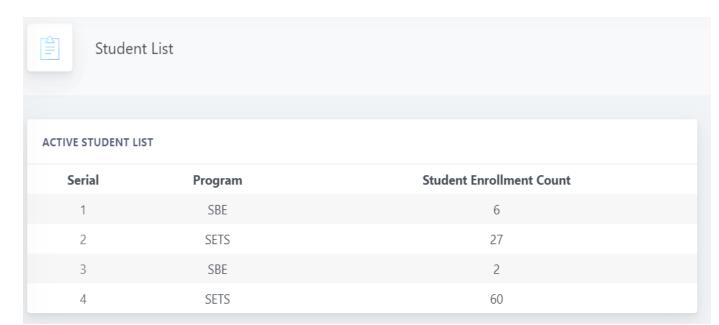
## **PHYSICAL SYSTEM DESIGN**

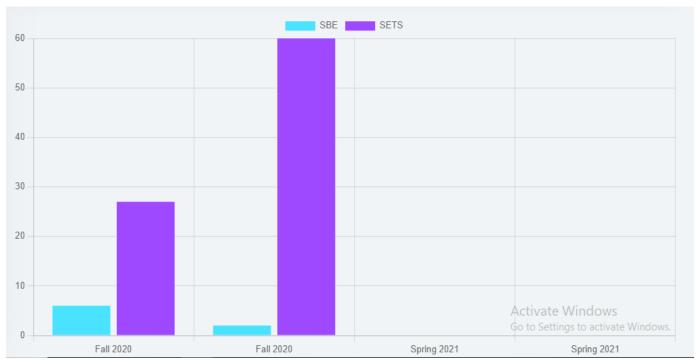
- INPUT FORMS
- OUTPUT FORMS

## **Input Forms**



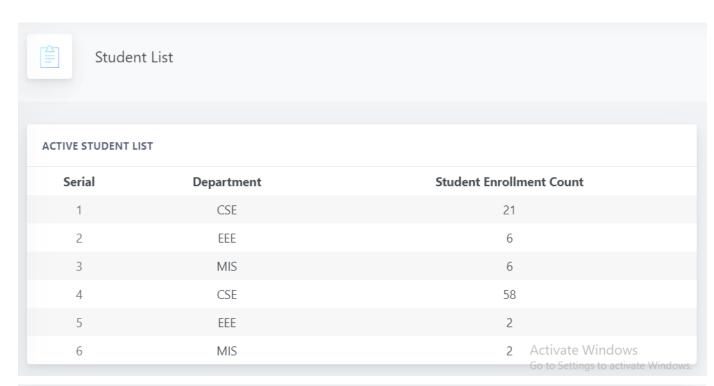
## **Output Form**

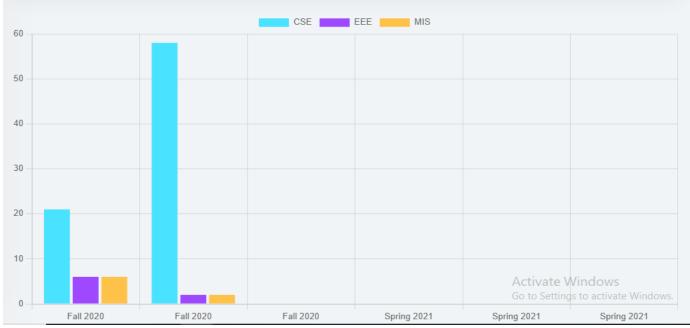




# **School-wise Student Enrollment:**

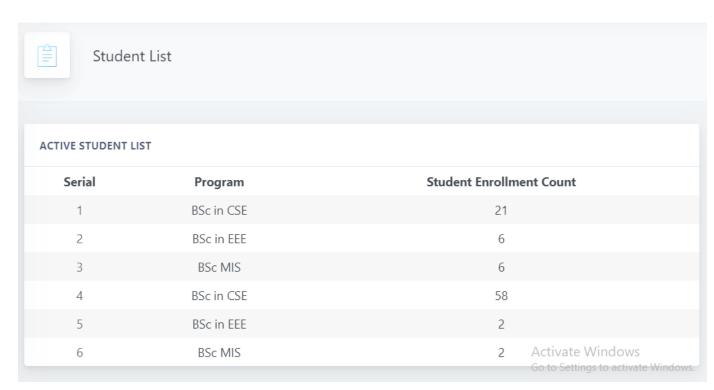
SELECT stu.semesterid, dept.schoolid, COUNT(\*) as studentcount from tblstudent stu JOIN tbldepartment dept on stu.departmentid = dept.departmentid GROUP by stu.semesterid, dept.schoolid

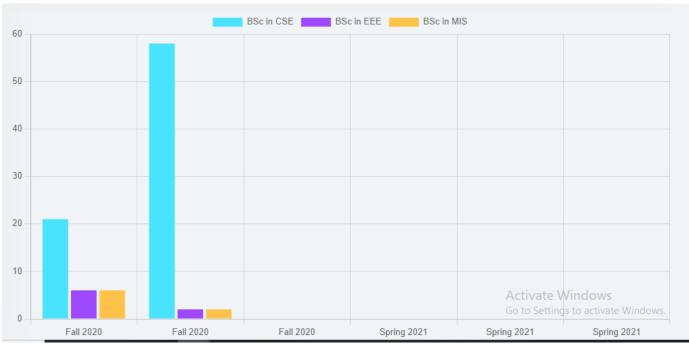




# **Department-Wise Student Enrollment:**

SELECT stu.semesterid, prog.departmentid, COUNT(\*) as studentcount from tblstudent stu JOIN tblprogram prog on stu.programid = prog.programid GROUP by stu.semesterid, prog.departmentid





# **Program-wise Student Enrollment:**

SELECT stu.semesterid, prog.programid, COUNT(\*) as studentcount from tblstudent stu JOIN tblprogram prog on stu.programid = prog.programid GROUP by stu.semesterid, prog.programid





## **School-wise Student Performance Trend:**

SELECT semesterid, schoolid, SUM(CGPA)/COUNT(studentid) AS cgpa FROM

(SELECT semesterid, schoolid, studentid, SUM(CG)/COUNT(courseid) AS cgpa FROM

(SELECT s.semesterid , d.schoolid, c.courseid, s.studentid, (CASE WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 85 then 4.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 80 then 3.75 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 75 then 3.50 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 70 then 3.25 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 65 then 3.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 60 then 2.75 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 55 then 2.50 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 50 then 2.25 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 45 then 2.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 40 then 1.75 else 0.0 end) as CG

FROM tblstudent s, tbldepartment d, tblcourse c, tblassessment a, tblassessmentsubmission sub

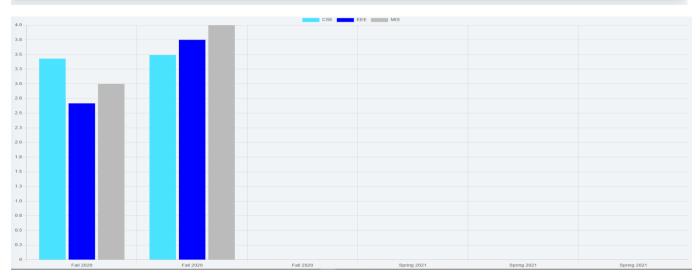
WHERE s.departmentid = d.departmentid AND s.studentid = sub.studentid AND a.assessmentid = sub.assessmentid

Group BY s.semesterid, d.schoolid, c.courseid, s.studentid) AS subquary

GROUP BY semesterid, schoolid, studentid) AS subquary2

GROUP BY semesterid, schoolid

Department-wise student performance trend ba	ised on CGPA with respect to semesters.				
DEPARTMENT-WISE STUDENT PERFORMANCE TREND					
semester	department	cgpa			
Fall 2020	MIS	3.000000000			
Fall 2020	CSE	3.4285714286			
Fall 2020	EEE	2.666666667			
Spring 2021	MIS	4.000000000			
Spring 2021	CSE	3.4912280702			
Spring 2021	EEE	3.750000000			



### **Department-wise student performance:**

SELECT semesterid , schoolid, departmentid , programid, SUM(cgpa)/COUNT(studentid) AS cgpa FROM(SELECT semesterid , schoolid, departmentid , programid, studentid, SUM(CG)/COUNT(courseid) AS cgpa FROM(SELECT s.semesterid , d.schoolid, s.departmentid , s.programid, c.courseid, s.studentid, (CASE WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 85 then 4.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 80 then 3.75 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 75 then 3.50 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 70 then 3.25 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 65 then 3.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 60 then 2.75 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 55 then 2.50 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 45 then 2.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 45 then 2.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 40 then 1.75 else 0.0 end) as CG

FROM tblstudent s, tbldepartment d, tblcourse c, tblassessment a, tblassessmentsubmission sub

WHERE s.departmentid = d.departmentid AND s.programid = c.programid AND s.studentid = sub.studentid AND a.assessmentid = sub.assessmentid

Group BY s.semesterid , d.schoolid, s.departmentid , s.programid, c.courseid, s.studentid) AS subquary

GROUP BY semesterid, schoolid, departmentid, programid, studentid) AS subquary2

GROUP BY semesterid, schoolid, departmentid, programid

Program-wise student performance trend based o	n CGPA with respect to semesters.	
PROGRAM-WISE STUDENT PERFORMANCE TREND		
semester	program	cgpa
Fall 2020	BSc MIS	3.000000000
Fall 2020	BSc in CSE	3.4285714286
Fall 2020	BSc IN EEE	2.666666667
Spring 2021	BSc MIS	4.000000000
Spring 2021	BSc in CSE	3.4912280702
Spring 2021	BSc in EEE	3.7500000000



## Program-wise student performance:

SELECT semesterid , schoolid, departmentid , programid, SUM(cgpa)/COUNT(studentid) AS cgpa FROM(SELECT semesterid , schoolid, departmentid , programid, studentid, SUM(CG)/COUNT(courseid) AS cgpa FROM

(SELECT s.semesterid , d.schoolid, s.departmentid , s.programid, c.courseid, s.studentid, (CASE WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 85 then 4.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 80 then 3.75 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 75 then 3.50 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 70 then 3.25 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 65 then 3.00 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 60 then 2.75 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 55 then 2.50 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 50 then 2.25 WHEN SUM(sub.obtainedmark)> 40 then 1.75 else 0.0 end) as CG

FROM tblstudent s, tbldepartment d, tblcourse c, tblassessment a, tblassessmentsubmission sub

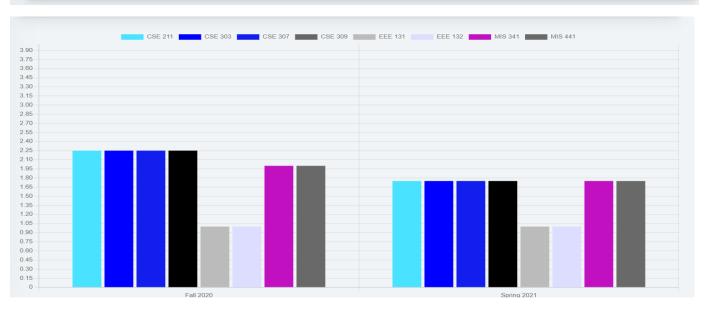
WHERE s.departmentid = d.departmentid AND s.programid = c.programid AND s.studentid = sub.studentid AND a.assessmentid = sub.assessmentid

Group BY s.semesterid , d.schoolid, s.departmentid , s.programid, c.courseid, s.studentid) AS subquary

GROUP BY semesterid , schoolid, departmentid , programid, studentid) AS subquary2

GROUP BY semesterid, schoolid, departmentid, programid

Course-wise student performance trend bas	ed on GFA with respect to semesters.				
COURSE-WISE STUDENT PERFORMANCE TREND					
semester	course	GPA			
Fall 2020	CSE 211	2.25			
Fall 2020	CSE 303	2.25			
Fall 2020	CSE 307	2.25			
Fall 2020	CSE 309	2.25			
Fall 2020	EEE 131	1.00			
Fall 2020	EEE 132	1.00			
Fall 2020	MIS 341	2.00			
Fall 2020	MIS 441	2.00			
Spring 2021	CSE 211	1.75			
Spring 2021	CSE 303	1.75			
Spring 2021	CSE 307	1.75			
Spring 2021	CSE 309	1.75			
Spring 2021	CSE 309	1.75			
Spring 2021	EEE 131	1.00			
Spring 2021	EEE 132	1.00			
Spring 2021	MIS 341	1.75			
Spring 2021	MIS 441	1.75			



#### **Course-Wise Student performance based on GPA:**

SELECT semesterid, courseid, (case when AVG(acivemark)>85 then 4.00 when AVG(acivemark)>80 then 3.75 when AVG(acivemark)>75 then 3.50 when AVG(acivemark)>70 then 3.25 when AVG(acivemark)>65 then 3.00 when AVG(acivemark)>60 then 2.75 when AVG(acivemark)>55 then 2.50 when AVG(acivemark)>50 then 2.25 when AVG(acivemark)>45 then 2.00 when AVG(acivemark)>40 then 1.75 else 1 end) as gpa

#### **FROM**

(SELECT s.semesterid, c.courseid, s.studentid, SUM(sub.obtainedmark)/sum(allocatedmark)\*100 as acivemark

from tblassessment a, tblassessmentsubmission sub,tblstudent s,tblcourse c

where a.assessmentid = sub.assessmentid AND sub.studentid= s.studentid AND s.programid= c.programid

group by s.semesterid, c.courseid, s.studentid)

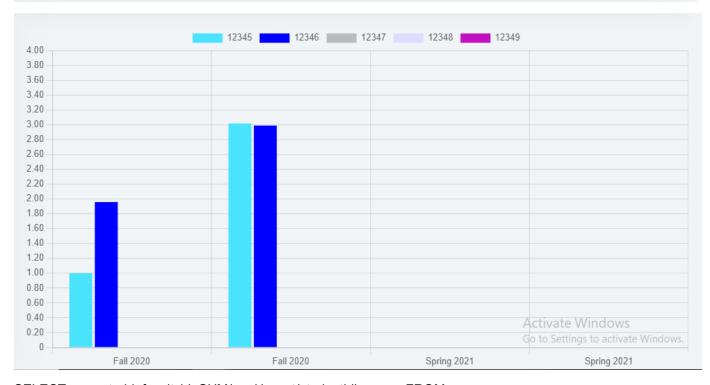
as Subquery

GROUP BY semesterid, courseid



Instructor-wise student performance trend based on GPA with respect to semesters.

INSTRUCTOR-WISE STUDENT PERFORMANCE TREND				
semester	faculty	GPA		
Fall 2020	12345	1.000000000		
Fall 2020	12346	1.959090909		
Spring 2021	12345	3.017241379		
Spring 2021	12346	2.988636363		



SELECT semesterid, facultyid, SUM(gpa)/count(studentid) as gpa FROM

(SELECT semesterid, facultyid, studentid, SUM(gpa)/count(courseid) as gpa from

(SELECT sec.semesterid, faculty.facultyid, student.studentid, course.courseid, (case when

SUM(obtainedmark)>90 then 4.0 when SUM(obtainedmark)>85 then 3.7 when

SUM(obtainedmark)>80 then 3.3 when SUM(obtainedmark)>75 then 3.0 when

SUM(obtainedmark)>70 then 2.7 when SUM(obtainedmark)>65 then 2.3 when

SUM(obtainedmark)>60 then 2.0 when SUM(obtainedmark)>55 then 1.7 when

SUM(obtainedmark)>50 then 1.3 when SUM(obtainedmark)>45 then 1.0 else 0.0 end) as gpa

#### FROM tblsection sec

JOIN tblcourse course on sec.courseid = course.courseid

JOIN tblfaculty faculty on sec.facultyid = faculty.facultyid

JOIN tblco co on co.courseid = course.courseid

JOIN tblassessment assess on co.coid = assess.coid

JOIN tblassessmentsubmission submission on assess.assessmentid = submission.assessmentid

JOIN tblstudent student on submission.studentid = student.studentid

GROUP BY sec.semesterid, faculty.facultyid, student.studentid, course.courseid) as subquery

GROUP BY semesterid, facultyid, studentid) as subquery2

GROUP BY semesterid, facultyid

# **CHAPTER 5**

- CONCLUSION
- Problem and Solution

# **Problem & Solution:**

- 1. When drawing the Rich Picture, we had to face the challenge of keeping the sequence in the right order.
- 2.Had to take decisions on groups meetings for the BCNF part in Normalizations as we were not sure that it will exist or not.
- 3. We used draw.io for BPMN and had difficulties understanding the sequence.
- 4. When creating the database, we had to find the exact entity and attributes but we were not sure to include it from our report that we already created or the project templates which had been provided. We still have confusions in this specific part but we think it is perfect as the project template is only for data entry and our report is based on overall SPEMS system...
- 5.We had problems understanding the exact relation for the Entity in ERD. We had to go through our class sides to get an idea.