

Let's start hands on – IT architecture



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ATTENTION: Experimental session – please don't expect perfection!

Agenda

01 IT Architects in the wild 15 min – Why architecture 15 min - discover my workspace

02 **Business Context**

15 min - Purpose, Goal, Stakeholder

15 min - Context, Constraints

Building blocks

15min - Services, Black/Whitebox

15min - System, Conceptual

04 **Quality & implementation**

15min - Quality scenarios

15min - Steering & consistency

56

What is the thingy in a project...

... everybody cries for

... magically disappears when needed

... used as popular excuse for delays?

Architecture

Is the balance of 3 aspects:

Usefulness ("utilitas")

The system contributes to business by fulfilling the functional and non-functional requirements of all important stakeholders using it and the ones who pay for (in this sequence \bigcirc).

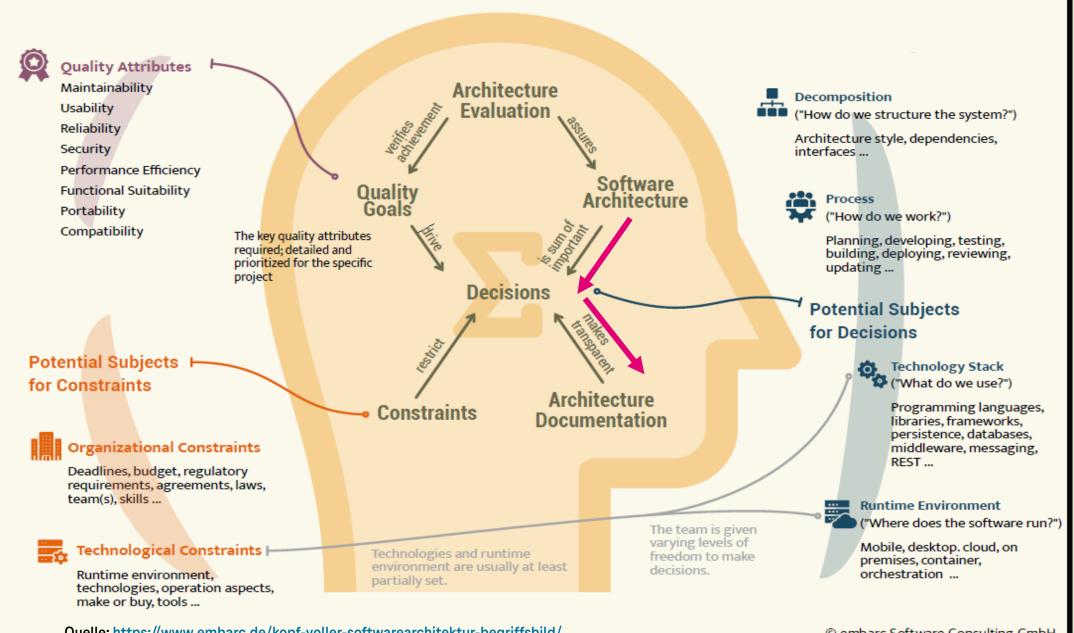
Solidity ("firmitas")

The software/system/service is stable "by itself" in terms of the specified quality requirements (and not permanently under intensive care).

Elegance ("venustas")

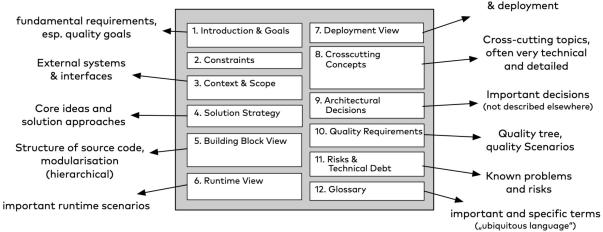
The software/system/service structures makes it intuitive to use, but also easy to maintain and develop.

A MIND FULL OF SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE



Widespread approach – arc42





keep arc42 section, reuse all the experienced tips

- structured around software work (history)
 leverage system architecture
- "tear down" customer to system level language vs. change reading flow: from biz to tech bring nerd speach to customer level language

Hardware, infrastructure

Why is it not there when needed?

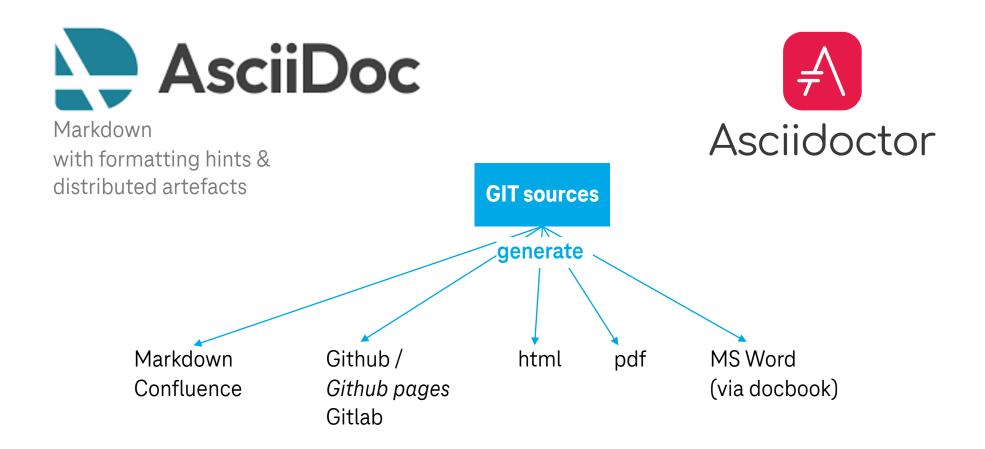
- Office tools $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ "live in a different place, feel like a different world"
- Powerpoint ← → inprecise in detail
- Wiki ← → stakeholders with different views and information needs
- typical project mechanisms not easily applicable to documentation:
 - parallel work on different parts
 - keeping old versions (in GIT)
 - Continuous delivery: tag all fragments for a deployment
 - replicated information from JIRA, ProjectNOW, ConfigMgmt, Automation

outdated before useful

IT architecture in the wild

If digital is about coding why not code architecture?

Architecture as OpenSource project - documentation as code



Dirty hands ahead! (Demo)

https://vshub.indemo.t-systems.net

git clone https://github.com/tsdicloud/arcdoc-template

Business Context

Purpose, goal, stakeholder

Architecture purpose / goals

Purpose

Design and build a 2 family appartment building with integrated architecture studio at <parcel>, Pustertal, Südtirol

Goals (not more than 5 + /-2)

- Work out a modern design following "Vorarlberger Schule"
- use sustainable materials wherever affordable
- building produces at least 60% of required energy itself
- Grounding/isolation withstands extreme wet conditions



Purpose drives relevance and priorities, goals are "general decision trajectories"

Generate your first documentation

```
cd arcdoc-template
asciidoctor-pdf -a toc\
--destination-dir="gen/en/pdf"\
-a imagesdir=../../images\
-a pdf-fontsdir="themes/telefluid-pdf"\
-a pdf-themesdir="themes/telefluid-pdf"\
-a pdf-theme="telefluid-pdf" --trace -verbose\
src/en/architecture-book.adoc
```

 \rightarrow copy

or

→ use adocpdf



Sidenote: Architecture doc vs README

Many architecture documentations are a mixture of actual architecture (conceptual) artefacts and technical details.

Architecture documentation is NOT an installation manual.

Architecture documentation is NOT a collection of HowTos.

Recommendations

1) Use top-level repo README for installation and HowTo details

Readme.md ... Readme.adoc

2) Shift "HowTo" content to appendices in architecture documentation

Example: tools.adoc

TIP: Keep it where it is most "natural" to keep information up to date.

Context, Constraints

Architecture models reality

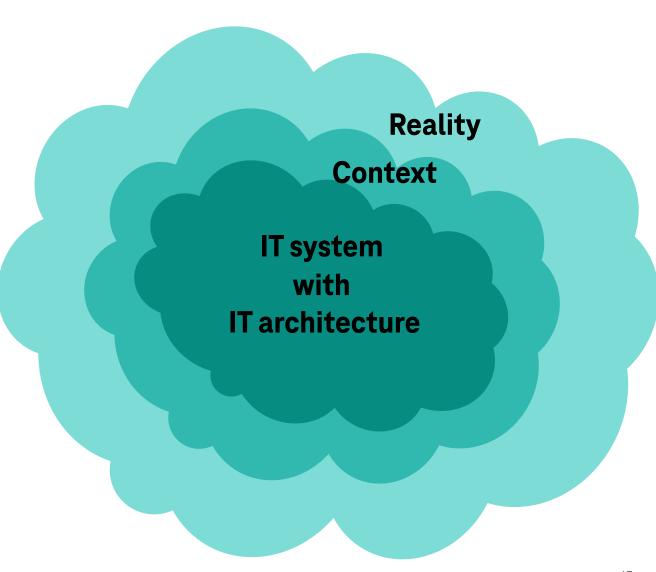
A model is a simplified representation of reality.

Every IT system realizes a model.

Due to this simplification, the model is only valid in a defined context.

Thus, defining the context of the architecture model is essential.

Stakeholders are also part of context.



The most wanted thing in architecture doc is clean and consistent diagrams.

The most boring and time consuming part in architecture is keeping diagrams clean and consistent.

UML component diagrams ++

- → Feel free to use any modelling tool that can produce scalable vector graphics (SVG)

 Note: You can edit any .svg file using Inkscape OpenSource tool.
- → UML is still a good way to sketch IT system details
- → "Formal" UML is usually too restrictive
- → System modelling: Hypescaler have their own iconsets most experts expect to see.

Recommendation

- diagram.net
- PlantUML

Remember: Diagrams help, but the most powerful modelling tool is code.

Tip: Safeguard work on own Github repo

(Hint: works similar for MagentaCICD, different URL path)

- Github: Create public/private project
- Github: Personal auth2 token:

Settings > Developer settings > Personal access token > Fine-grained token > Generate new token

Push to GitHub:

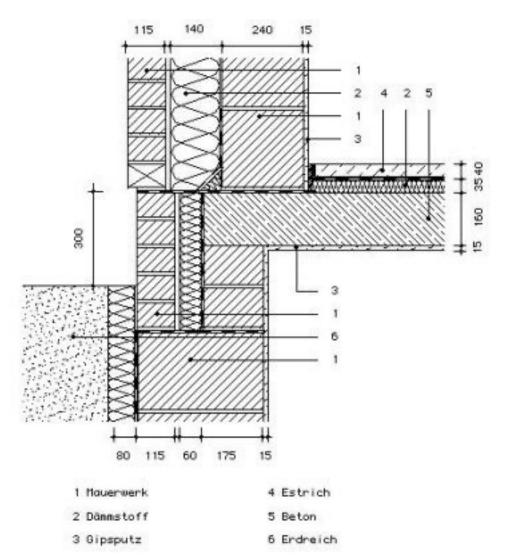
Congrats, you own your work now!

[For MagentaCICD:]

git remote set-url origin https://oauth2:<mytoken>@gitlab.devops.telekom.de/<path to myproject>

Building blocks

Views = architecture (de-)construction drawings



An architecture view [...] expresses the architecture of the system of interest from the perspective of one or more stakeholders to address specific concerns,[...]. An architecture view consists of one or more architecture models [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010].

→ Take care that the "perspective" is clear, i.e. what view is effective for a section?

An architecture tapestry can be nice and impressive for discussions.

But tapestry is never a complete architecture documentation.

"Picture puzzles" $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ structured architecture

Blackbox / Whitebox

Blackbox – Whitebox metaphore

Blackbox Whitebox





Services view

An IT architecture template

T-Systems, PU Digital - BA Emerging Industries ,, : internal

T Systems

System architecture / concepts walkthrough

Quality & Implementation

Steer with principles

"Form follows function."

"Simplicity Friendliness Minimalism Precision Focus"

Quality scenarios

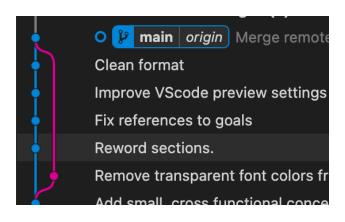
OpenSource-like architecture

(OpenSource) project mechanisms

Parallel work

"this section is new but incomplete"

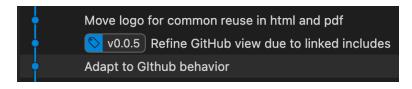
git branch ...



Historical versions / version mapping

"different concept in the older release"

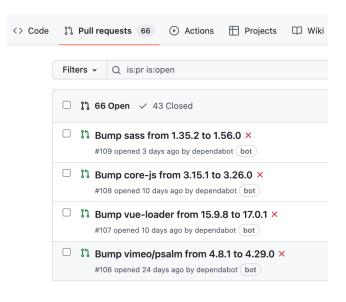
git tag ...



Pull requests

Project community architecture review process

New pull request



Generators

Attribute / commandline

Text template generators

Scripting

by attribute & commandline

by text template generators

by (ruby) scripting

e.g. Jinja2 et al.

e.g. JIRA integration

```
alias arcnumber="git tag ..."
alias arcdate="git log -q -- ..."

asciidoctor-pdf ... \
-a revdate="$(arcdate)"\
```

-a revnumber=", \$(arcnumber)" ...

```
xyz.adoc.tmpl:
```

```
|====
|Id|Subject
{% for ticket in tickets %}
|{{ticket.id}}|{{ticket.subject}}
{% endfor %}
|====
```

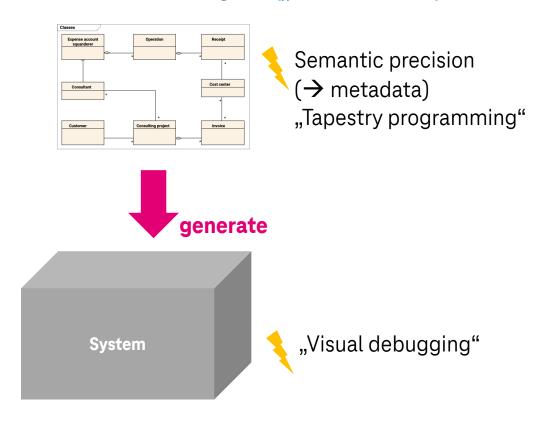
```
example.adoc:
```

```
The effect is related to jira:DOC-1234[] .
```

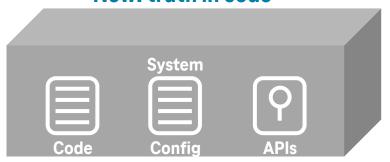
```
=== Technical debts
jiraIssues:DOC[jql=
"resolution='Unresolved' ORDER BY
priority DESC"]
```

Generated diagrams

Old: truth in diagram ("model-driven")



New: truth in code





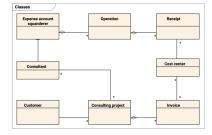


diagram.net/draw.io: it is a code library!

https://jgraph.github.io/mxgraph/

https://github.com/plantuml/plantuml

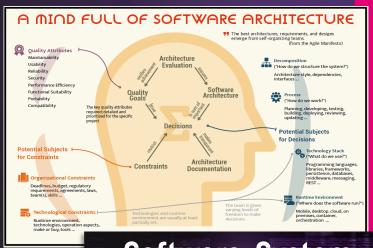
Finalize architecture template walkthrough

THANK YOU!

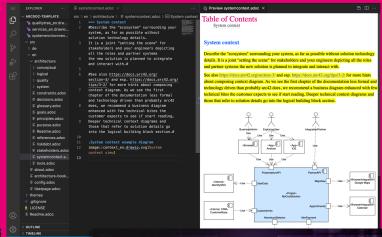


Let's start hands on – IT architecture

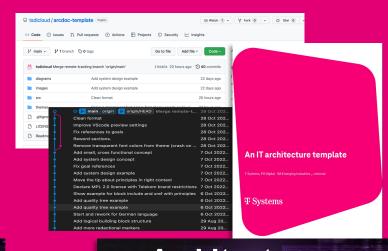
Wednesday, 9th, 11:55 – 14:00 TSI Hub (please register)



Software, System & Quality architecture



Documentation as Code



Architecture as OpenSource