

# دانشگاه صنعتی اصفهان دانشکده مهندسی برق و کامپیوتر

# عنوان: تكليف سوم درس داده كاوى

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### 1

f-measure = 
$$2 \times \frac{precision \times recall}{precision+recall}$$
  
precision =  $\frac{TP}{TP+FP}$   
recall =  $\frac{TP}{TP+FN}$   
for last layer clusters: C1 = (p1,p2)  
 $P_{A1} = 1$ ,  $P_{B1} = 0$   
 $R_{A1} = 0.67$ ,  $R_{B1} = 0$   
 $F_{A1} = 0.8$ ,  $F_{B1} = 0$   
C2 = (p4,p5):  
 $P_{A2} = 0$ ,  $P_{B2} = 1$   
 $R_{A2} = 0$ ,  $R_{B2} = 0.4$   
 $F_{A2} = 0$ ,  $F_{B2} = 0.57$   
C3 = (p3,p6):  
 $P_{A3} = 0.5$ ,  $P_{B3} = 0.5$   
 $R_{A3} = 0.33$ ,  $R_{B3} = 0.2$   
 $F_{A3} = 0.4$ ,  $F_{B3} = 0.29$   
C4 = (p7,p8):  
 $P_{A4} = 0$ ,  $P_{B4} = 1$   
 $R_{A4} = 0$ ,  $R_{B4} = 0.4$   
 $F_{A4} = 0$ ,  $F_{B4} = 0.57$   
for second layer clusters:C1 = (p1,p2, p4, p5)  
 $P_{A1} = 0.5$ ,  $P_{B1} = 0.5$   
 $R_{A1} = 0.67$ ,  $R_{B1} = 0.4$   
 $F_{A1} = 0.57$ ,  $F_{B1} = 0.44$ 

# 2

C2 = (p3,p6, p7, p8)

 $P_{A2} = 0.25$ ,  $P_{B2} = 0.75$  $R_{A2} = 0.33$ ,  $R_{B2} = 0.6$ 

 $F_{A2} = 0.28, F_{B2} = 0.67$ 

This occurs when no points are assigned to other centroids during the assignment step, the re-calculation step does not get rid of this cluster, and it also does not re-calculate the centroid value because no points are being used and so essentially we will have an output with 1 cluster. The only solution is to choose a replacement centriod, this can be done by:

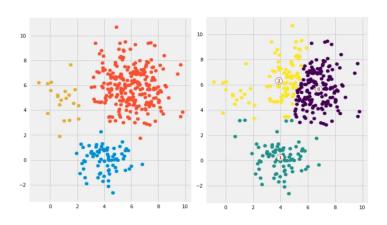
Repeat until no empty clusters:

Choosing the point that contributes most to SSE

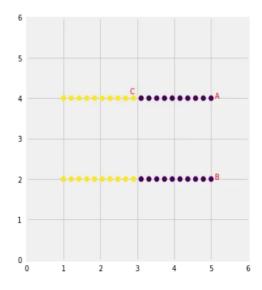
Choose a point from the cluster with the highest SSE

# 3

When multiple runs fixes it:



When multiple runs always results in the same wrong result:



#### 4

## 4.1 comparison with k-medoids

Strength: K-means is easier and faster to compute.

Weakness: is much more susceptible to noise and outliers than k-medoids is.

### 4.2 comparison with hierarchical clustering

Strength: k-means is more efficient in terms of space and time complexity, and performs more accurately in specific shapes of clusters like multidimensional ovals or spheres.

Weakness: We need to know the amount of k in k-means, while in hierarchical clustering, we can choose between any number of clusters after the algorithm is done.