

Limits

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln(x)}{x}$$

[illegible]

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x} - x}$$

This image shows a full page of primary-ruled paper. It features ten sets of horizontal lines across the page. Each set consists of three lines: a solid top line, a dashed middle line, and a dotted bottom line. The lines are evenly spaced and extend from the left margin to the right edge of the page. There is no handwriting or other markings on the paper.

Question 2 (Q2) (11 points)**Derivatives**(a) (5 points) Find the derivative of $f(x)$:

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

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(b) (6 points) Let:

$$f(x) = e^x - 1 \text{ if } x \geq 0 \quad (1)$$

$$= ax + b \text{ if } x < 0 \quad (2)$$

Can you give values to the real parameters a and b such that $f(x)$ is continuous, but NOT differentiable at $x = 0$. Explain all your reasoning.

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Sketching the graph of a function

$$f(x) = \tan x = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}$$

1. Determine the domain of f . Is f continuous on its domain? Why?
2. Compute the first derivative of f . Determine from this derivative for what values of x the function f is increasing or decreasing. Does it have local minimum(s), maximum(s)? If yes, at which values of x ?
3. Compute the second derivative of f . Determine from this derivative for what values of x the function f is convex (concave up) or concave (concave down). Does it have inflection points? If yes, at which values of x ?
4. Find if f has vertical, horizontal or oblique asymptotes.
5. Is f even? Is f odd? Why?
6. Sketch the graph of f based on your previous answers, and show the properties found in your previous answers in the graph.

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Student ID:

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Question 4 (Q4) (12 points)

Integrals

- (a) (5 points) Evaluate the following integral:

$$\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 1} dx$$

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

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Sequences, Series

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(b) (7 points) Determine if the given series converges or diverges using an appropriate test.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left| \sin \frac{1}{n^2} \right|$$

You can use the p-series or geometric series for comparison.

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Question 6 (Q6) (13 points)

Differential Equations

- (a) (6 points) Find the solution $y = y(x)$ to the given initial value problem. On what interval is the solution valid?

$$\begin{cases} y' = x^{-2} - x^{-3} \\ y(-1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

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- (b) (7 points) Find the solution $y = y(x)$ to the given initial value problem. On what interval is the solution valid?

$$\begin{cases} y'' = \cos x \\ y(0) = 0 \\ y'(0) = 1 \end{cases}$$

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(b) (6 points) If $z = f(x, y)$ where $x = 2s + 3t$, $y = 3s - 2t$, find

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Question 8 (Q8) (10 points)**Double Integrals**

- (a) (5 points) Evaluate the double integral by iteration:

$$\int \int_R (x^2 + y^2) dA, \text{ where } R \text{ is the rectangle } 0 \leq x \leq a, 0 \leq y \leq b$$

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- (b) (5 points) Evaluate the double integral by iteration:

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^y y^2 e^{xy} dx dy$$

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