

Handin 7

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1 Merging words

1.1 b)

We wish to determine if a word z is a weave of the words x and y . To solve this problem we use the following divine algorithm based upon the recursion formula (??)

Time	Line nr	Pseudocode
		MergingWords?(z,x,y)
O(n+m)	1	Let $A = \text{charset}(x)$, $B = \text{charset}(y)$ and $C = \text{charset}(z)$
O(n+m)	2	if $A \cup B \neq C$
1	3	return no
nm	4	Let $F[0..n, 0..m]$ be a matrix
n	5	for $i = 0, \dots, n$
m	6	for $j = 0, \dots, m$
1	7	if $i == 0 \ \&\& \ j == 0$
1	8	$F[i, j] = 0$
1	9	else if $i == 0 \ \&\& \ j > 0$
2	10	if $z_j == y_j \ \&\& \ F[0, j - 1] == 1$
1	11	$F[0, j] = 1$
1	12	else $F[0, j] = 0$
1	13	else if $j == 0 \ \&\& \ i > 0$
2	14	if $z_j == y_j \ \&\& \ F[i - 1, 0] == 1$
1	15	$F[i, 0] = 1$
1	16	else $F[i, 0] = 0$
0	17	else $\ \&\& \ i, j \geq 1$
4	18	if $\left((z_{i+j} == x_i \ \&\& \ F[i - 1, j] == 1) \ \right.$
		$\left. (z_{i+j} == y_j \ \&\& \ F[i, j - 1] == 1) \right)$
1	19	$F[i, j] = 1$
1	20	else $F[i, j] = 0$
1	21	if $F[n, m] == 1$
1	22	return yes
1	23	else return rick roll

Correctness: We follow the instructions given by the function F in lines 4 to 20. In line 1-3 we compute the letters used in each of the sequences, this is a quick way to see if a solutions is possible. Since if there is a letter in x or y that is not in z, there clearly cannot be a solution,

and wise versa.

In line 21-23 we check if there is a solution in accordance with the considerations made around ??

1.2 c)

Time	Line nr	Pseudocode
		Reconstructor($i, j, Index, F$)
1	1	if $j = 0$
1	1	return Index
$\max(n, m)$	1	while ($F[i, j - 1] \neq 0$)
1	2	$j --$
1	3	Index.add($i + j$)
1	4	$i --$
		RC-start(F,n,m)
1	1	Let Index be a vector of length n
1	2	Reconstructior(n,m,Index,F)
1	3	Reverse Index
1	4	Print Index