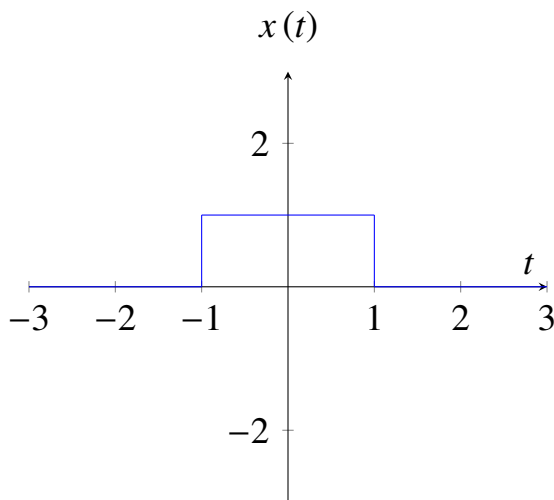
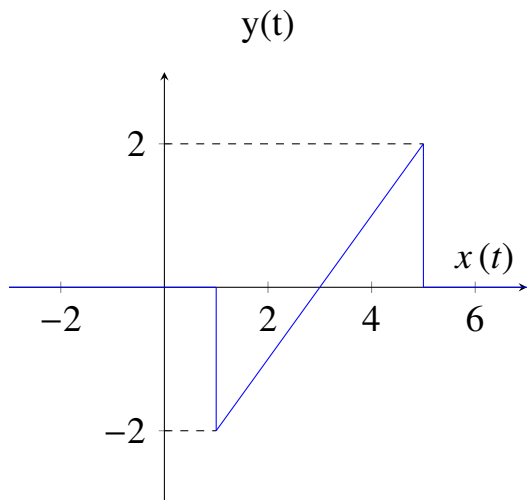


Gate EE 2023

EE1205 Signals and Systems

Nimal Sreekumar
EE23BTECH11044

Question Gate 2023 EE: For the signals $x(t)$ and $y(t)$ shown in the figure, $z(t) = x(t) * y(t)$ is maximum at $t = T_1$. Then T_1 in seconds is (Round off to the nearest integer)



$x(\tau)$ is an even signal,

$$x(\tau) = x(-\tau) \quad (3)$$

$$x(-\tau) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; -1 \leq -\tau \leq 1 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$x(-\tau) \xrightarrow{\text{Time shifting}} x(t - \tau) \quad (5)$$

$$x(t - \tau) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; t - 1 \leq t - \tau \leq t + 1 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

For $z(t)$ to be maximum both $y(\tau)$ and $x(t - \tau)$ must be maximum,

$$\Rightarrow t - 1 = 3 \quad \text{or} \quad t + 1 = 5$$

$$t = T_1 = 4$$

Solution:

$$z(t) = x(t) * y(t) = y(t) * x(t) \quad (1)$$

$$z(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y(\tau) x(t - \tau) d\tau \quad (2)$$