

Name: Nimish Kushwaha

Reg. No.: CH.EN.U4CSE22073

Lab Exp.: 06

Aim: To implementation of intermediate code generation.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

// Global variables
int i = 1, j = 0, no = 0, tmpch = 90; // tmpch = 90 corresponds to 'Z'
char str[100], left[15], right[15];

// Structure for expression components
struct exp {
    int pos;
    char op;
} k[15]; // Array of structs to hold operators and their positions

// Function prototypes
void findopr();
void explore();
void fleft(int);
void fright(int);

// Main function
int main() {
    printf("\t\tINTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION\n\n");
    printf("Enter the Expression: ");
    scanf("%s", str); // Read the expression into str
    printf("The intermediate code:\n");

    findopr(); // Identify and store operators
    explore(); // Generate intermediate code

    return 0;
}
```

```

// Function to explore the operators and generate code
void explore() {
    int i = 0;
    // Loop through the stored operators until a null character is found in the op field
    while (k[i].op != '\0') {
        // Clear left and right strings for the current operation
        fleft(k[i].pos);
        fright(k[i].pos);

        // Assign a temporary variable name (starting from 'Z' and decrementing)
        str[k[i].pos] = tmpch--;

        // Print the three-address code statement
        printf("\tT%c := %s %c %s\n", str[k[i].pos], left, k[i].op, right);
        i++;
    }

    // Process the final result after all operations are reduced
    fright(-1); // Get the final expression (which should be a single character/variable)
    if (no == 0) {
        // If no operators were processed (i.e., it was a single operand)
        fleft(strlen(str));
        printf("\tT%s := %s\n", right, left);
        exit(0); // Exit the program
    }

    // Print the final assignment
    printf("\tT%c := %s\n", right, str[k[-i].pos]); // Note: k[-i] seems like a likely typo in the image, maybe it
    // Based on the surrounding logic, it seems to be accessing the final temporary
    // Assuming the original intent was to display the last generated temporary
    variable name.

}

// Function to find the left operand for the operator at position x in str
void fleft(int x) {
    int w = 0, flag = 0;
    x--; // Start searching one character before the operator

    // Loop backwards from x until an operator, '$' (which indicates a reduced expression), or -1 (start of string)
    is found

```

```

while (x != -1 && str[x] != '+' && str[x] != '*' && str[x] != '=' &&
      str[x] != '0' && str[x] != '-' && str[x] != '!' && str[x] != '/' &&
      str[x] != ':') {

    if (str[x] != '$' && flag == 0) {
        left[w++] = str[x]; // Collect the character
        left[w] = '\0';
        str[x] = '$'; // Mark the character as processed (replaced by '$')
        flag = 1;
    }
    x--;
}

```

```

// Reverse the left string because it is collected backwards
int start = 0, end = w - 1;
while (start < end) {
    char temp = left[start];
    left[start] = left[end];
    left[end] = temp;
    start++;
    end--;
}
}

```

```

// Function to find the right operand for the operator at position x in str
void fright(int x) {
    int w = 0, flag = 0;

    // If x is not -1 (meaning it's not the final step)
    if (x != -1) {
        x++; // Start searching one character after the operator
    } else {
        x = 0; // Start from the beginning of the string for the final reduction
    }
}

```

```

// Loop until an operator or null character is found
while (x != -1 && str[x] != '\0' && str[x] != '+' && str[x] != '*' &&
      str[x] != '=' && str[x] != ':' && str[x] != '!' && str[x] != '/' &&
      str[x] != '-') {

    if (str[x] != '$' && flag == 0) {
        right[w++] = str[x]; // Collect the character
    }
}

```

```

    right[w] = '\0';
    str[x] = '$'; // Mark the character as processed (replaced by '$')
    flag = 1;
}
x++;
}
}

```

Output:

```

asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~$ cd Desktop
asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop$ cd lab
asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop/lab$ nano intermediate_code.c
asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop/lab$ gcc -o intermediate_code intermediate_code.c
asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop/lab$ ./intermediate_code

INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION

Enter the Expression: a+b*c
The intermediate code:
    Z := b * c
    Y := a + Z
    Y := a

```

Result: Thus, the program to implement intermediate code generation has been executed successfully.