



ANDROID



# What is an OS?



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## APPLICATIONS

Home

Contacts

Phone

Browser

...

## APPLICATION FRAMEWORK

Activity Manager

Window  
Manager

Content  
Providers

View  
System

Package Manager

Telephony  
Manager

Resource  
Manager

Location  
Manager

Notification  
Manager

## LIBRARIES

Surface Manager

Media  
Framework

SQLite

OpenGL | ES

FreeType

WebKit

SGL

SSL

libc

## ANDROID RUNTIME

Core Libraries

Dalvik Virtual  
Machine

## LINUX KERNEL

Display  
Driver

Camera Driver

Flash Memory  
Driver

Binder (IPC)  
Driver

Keypad Driver

WiFi Driver

Audio  
Drivers

Power  
Management

# Table of Contents

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1. Processor
2. Memory
3. Software
4. Input / Output

# 1.Processor

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GPU / GUI

Real Time Scheduling

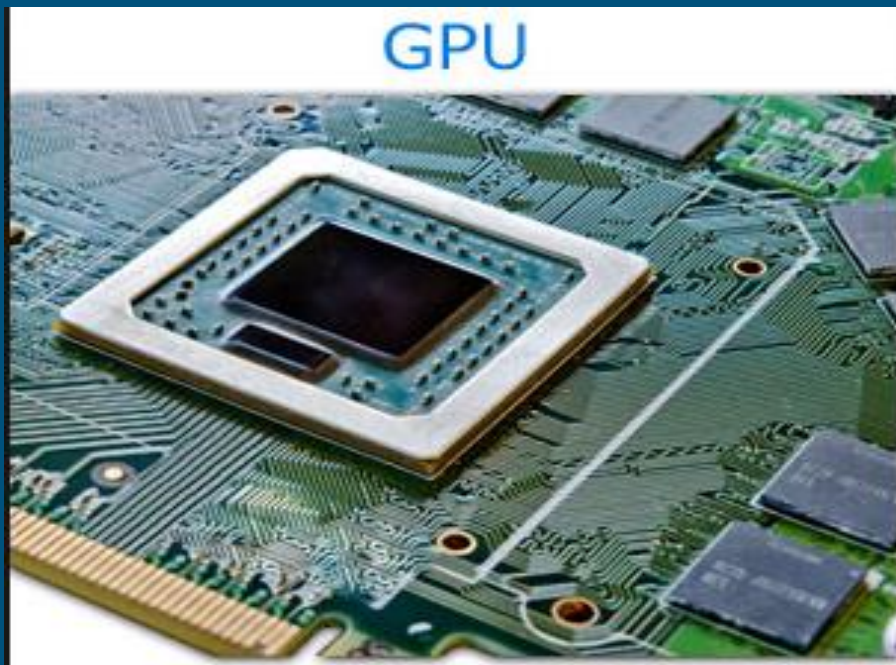
Scheduling

Processes

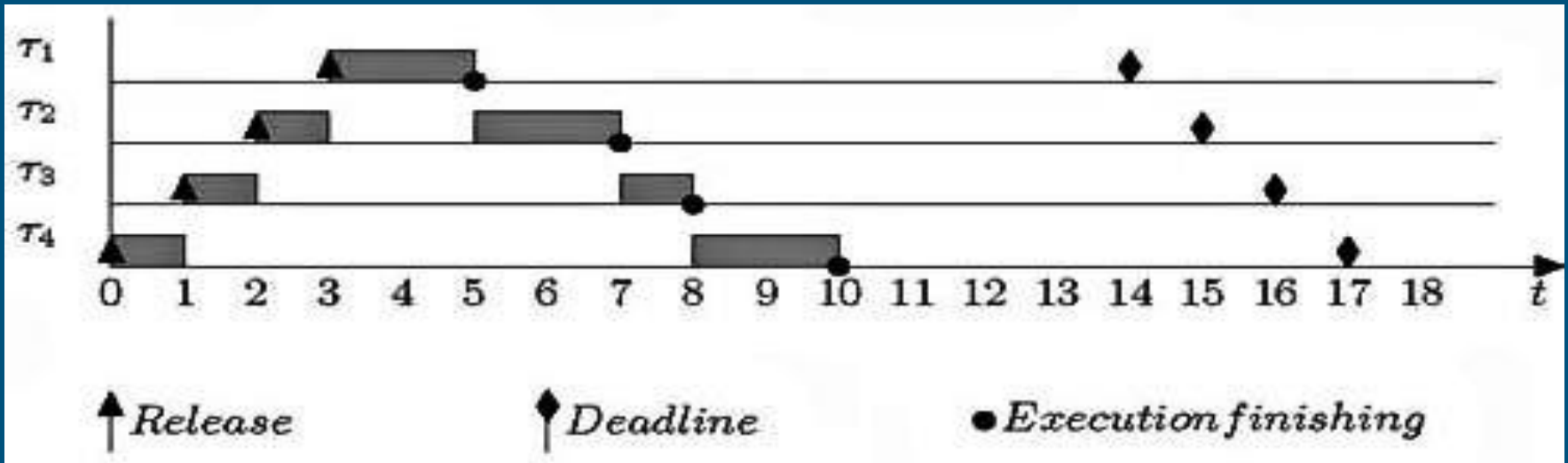
Threads

Thread Scheduling

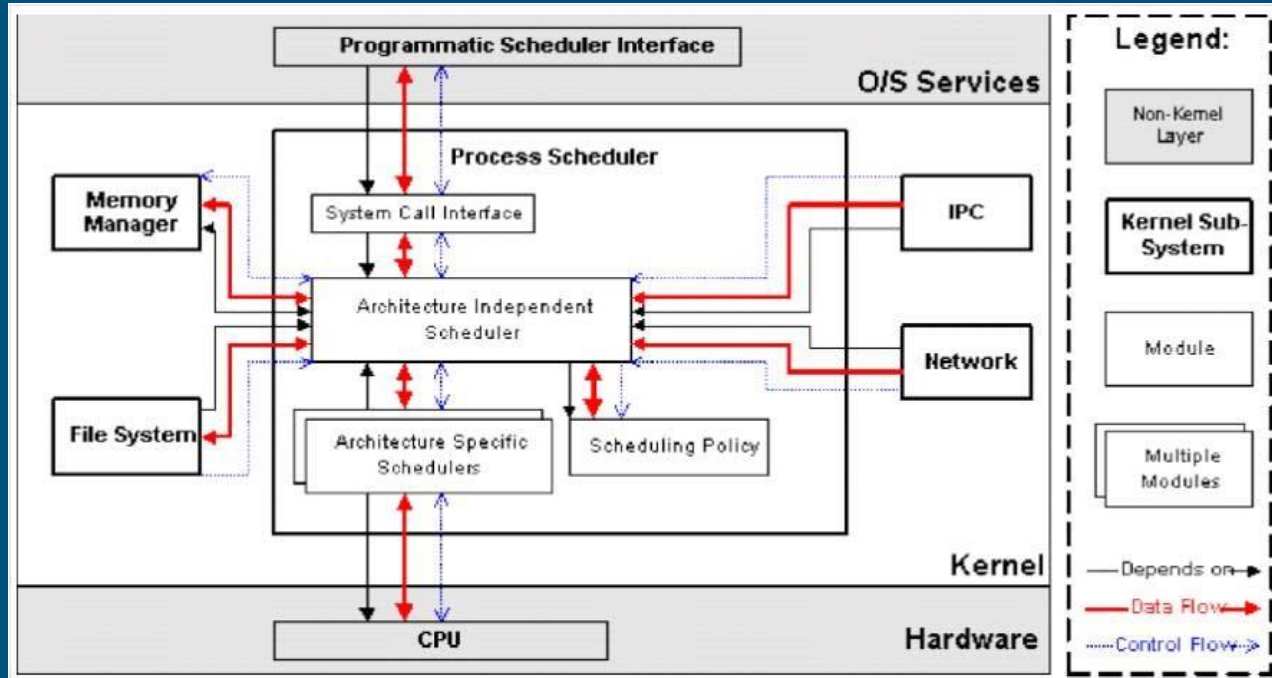
# GPU/GUI



# Real Time Scheduling



# Scheduling

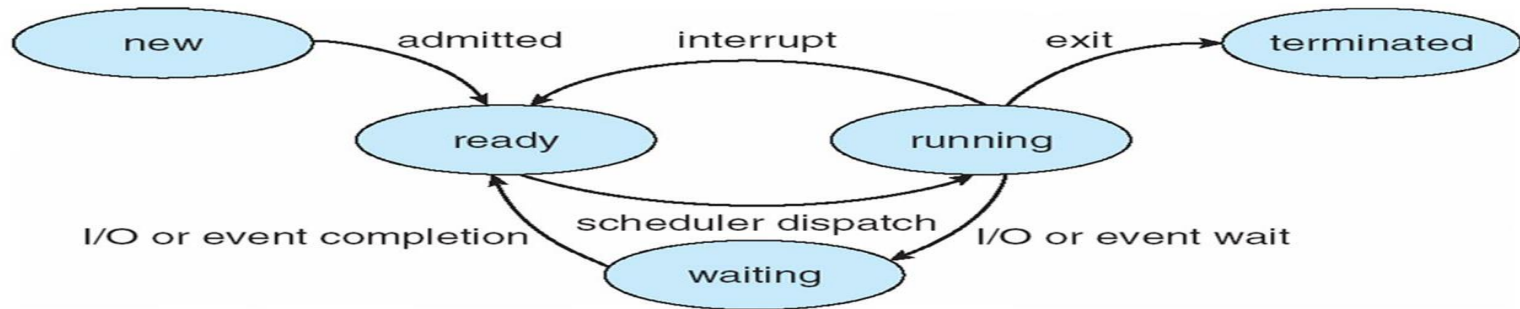


<https://sites.google.com/a/itspaclub.com/www/android-linux-kernel/1-kernel-overview/1-4-process-scheduler-architecture>

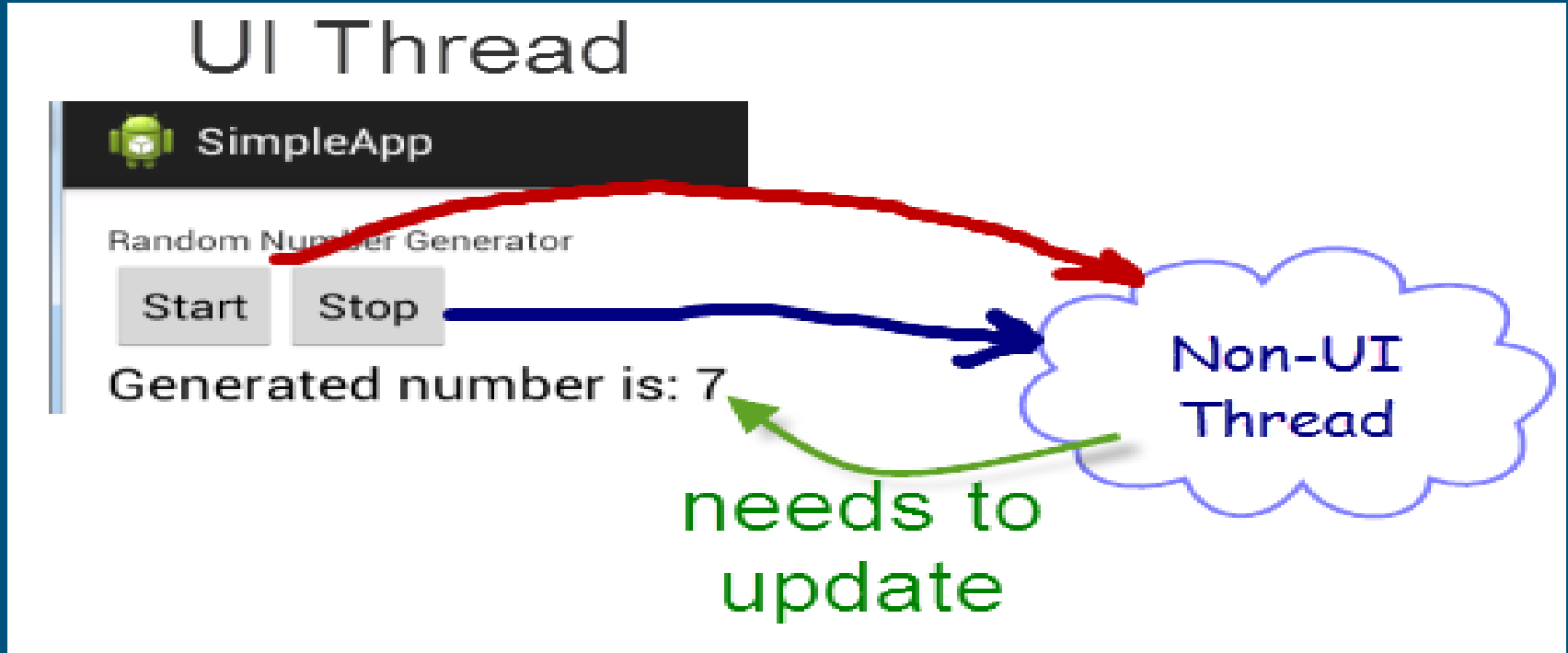


# Processes

## Diagram of Process State



# Threads



# Thread Scheduling

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```
new Thread(new Runnable() {  
    @Override  
    public void run() {  
        Process.setThreadPriority(Process.THREAD_PRIORITY_BACKGROUND);  
  
        // ...  
    }  
}).start();
```

# Scheduling tasks via the AlarmManager System Service

---

```
Calendar cal = Calendar.getInstance();
```

```
Intent intent = new Intent(this, MyService.class);
```

```
PendingIntent pintent = PendingIntent.getService(this, 0,  
intent, 0);
```

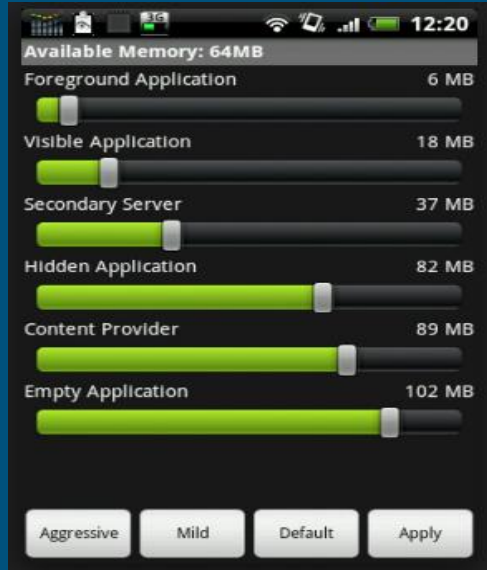
```
AlarmManager alarm = (AlarmManager)  
getSystemService(Context.ALARM_SERVICE);  
// schedule for every 30 seconds  
alarm.setRepeating(AlarmManager.RTC_WAKEUP,  
cal.getTimeInMillis(), 30*1000, pintent);
```

## 2. Memory / Hardware

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1. Memory management
2. RAM
3. Cache
4. Network chip
5. MicroSD
6. Power Supply

# Memory Management



From: <http://bit.ly/1Royt26>



From: <http://bit.ly/25fpKsT>

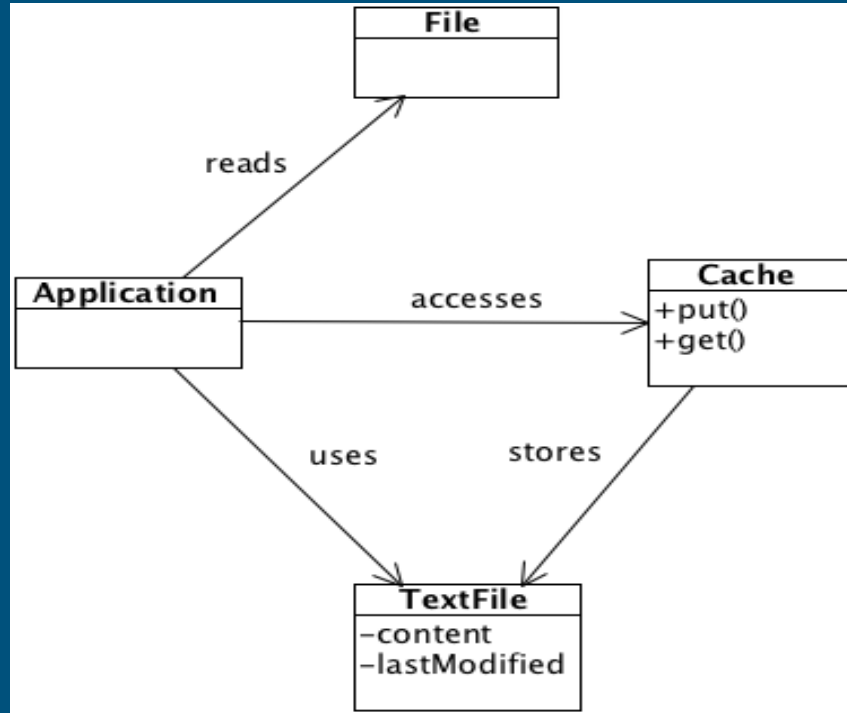
# RAM

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From - <http://bit.ly/22ogLE4>

# Caching





# Network Chip

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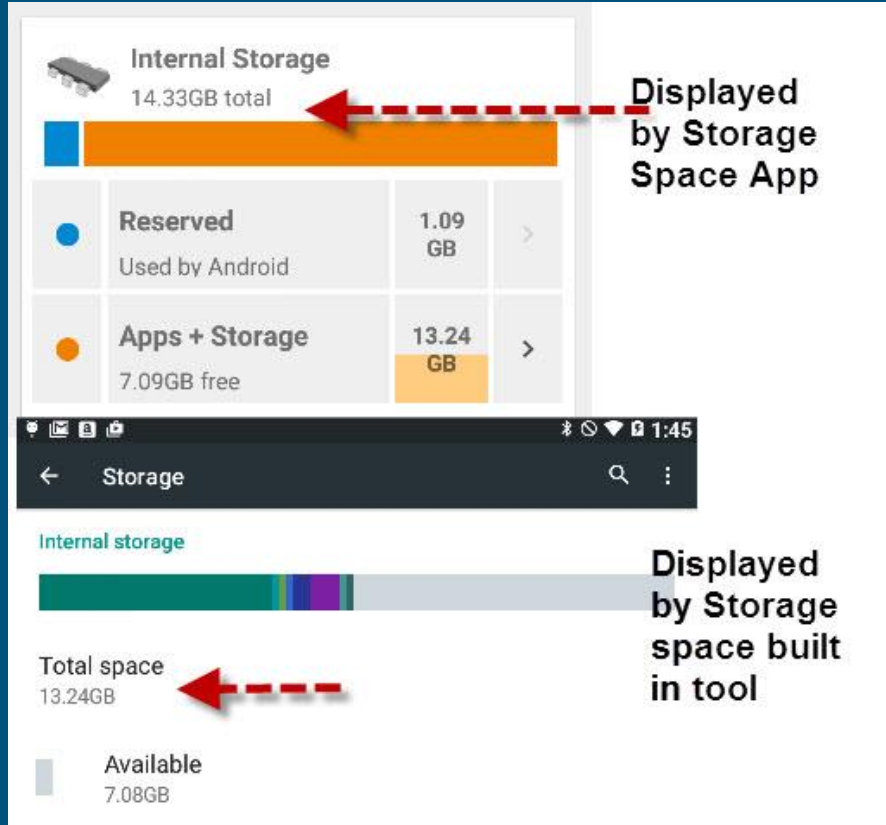


From: <http://bit.ly/246BYSa>



From: <http://bit.ly/1Ty4irG>

# Internal/External Storage



# Battery

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From - <http://www.creatix.com/tech/interesting/advantages-of-rooting-android-phone/1469/>

# Memory / Hardware - Code

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```
MemoryInfo mi = new MemoryInfo();  
ActivityManager activityManager = (ActivityManager)  
    getSystemService(ACTIVITY_SERVICE);  
activityManager.getMemoryInfo(mi);  
long availableMegs = mi.availMem / 1048576L;  
  
//Percentage can be calculated for API 16+:  
    long percentAvail = mi.availMem / mi.totalMem;
```

# 3. Software

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1. Security
2. Error / warning messages
3. CRUD of methods
4. Drivers
5. Resolution Compatibility
6. Version history

# Security

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From - <http://bit.ly/1TCFZuK>



From - <http://bit.ly/1Ucb5cE>

# Warning Messages

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Your device has loaded a different operating system.

Visit this link on another device:  
[g.co/ABH](https://g.co/ABH)



Your device software can't be checked for corruption. Please lock the bootloader.

Visit this link on another device:  
[g.co/ABH](https://g.co/ABH)



Your device is corrupt. It can't be trusted and may not work properly.

Visit this link on another device:  
[g.co/ABH](https://g.co/ABH)

# CRUD

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```
// From MainActivity.onCreate()

PostDatabase DB = new PostDatabase(MainActivity.this);
SQLiteDatabase sqlDB = DB.getWritableDatabase();

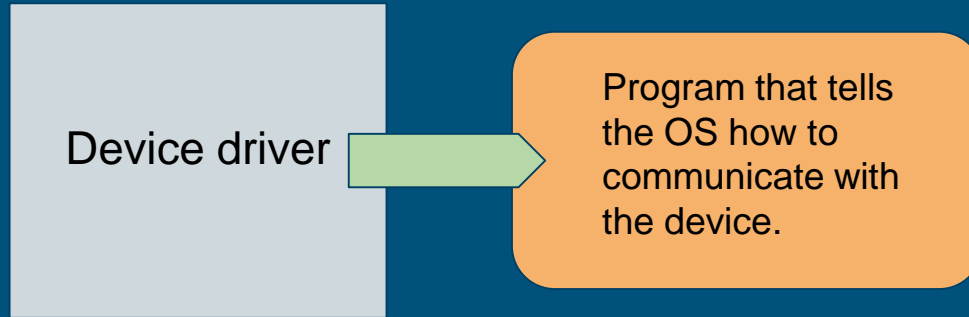
// Execute queries...

sqlDB.close();
```



# What is a device driver?

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## Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL)



AUDIO



CAMERA



BLUETOOTH



DRM



EXTERNAL  
STORAGE



GRAPHICS



INPUT



MEDIA



SENSORS



TV

<https://source.android.com/devices/>

# Example of HAL code for audio devices

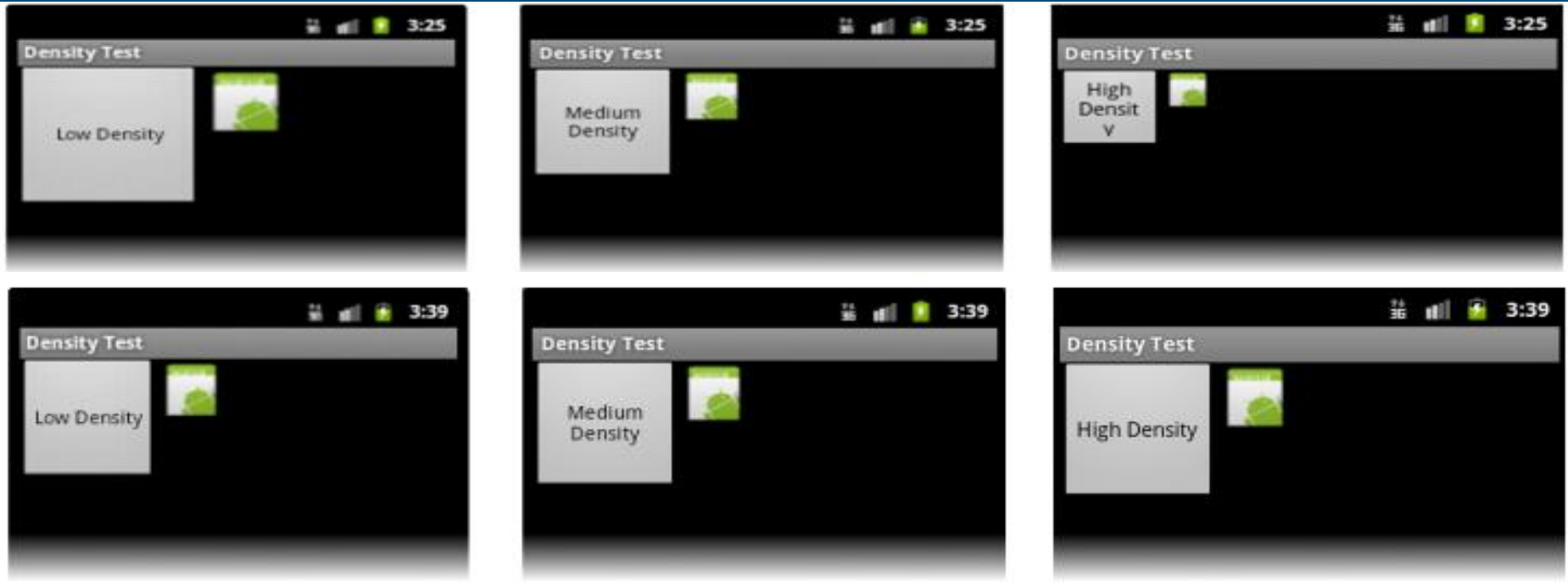
---

```
struct audio_hw_device {
    struct hw_device_t common;
    * used by audio flinger to enumerate what devices are supported by
    * each audio_hw_device implementation.
    *
    * Return value is a bitmask of 1 or more values of audio_devices_t
    */
    uint32_t (*get_supported_devices)(const struct audio_hw_device *dev);
    ...
};

typedef struct audio_hw_device audio_hw_device_t;
```

# Resolution Compatibility

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# Android Version History



Android 1.5 Cupcake



Android 1.6 Donut



Android 2.0 Eclair



Android 2.2 Froyo



Android 2.3 Gingerbread



Android 3.0 Honeycomb



Android 4.0  
Ice Cream Sandwich



Android 4.1 Jelly Bean



Android 4.4 KitKat



Android 5.0 Lollipop

@ibnlivetechn

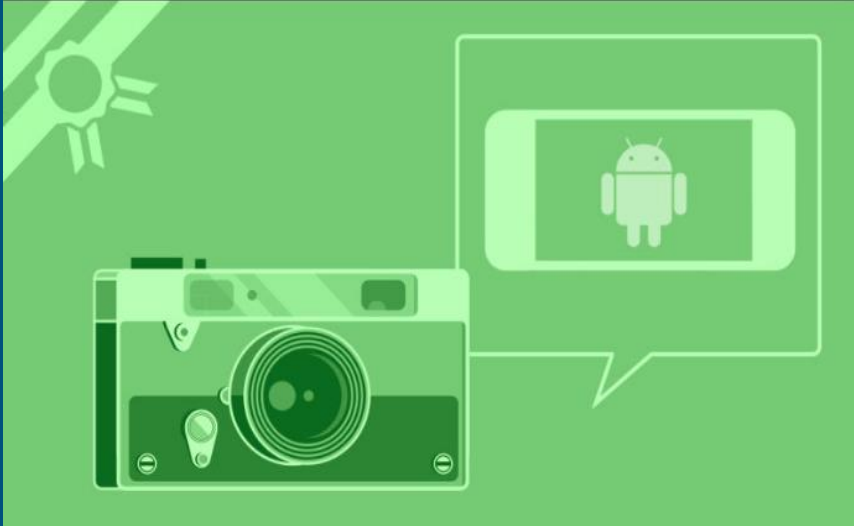
# 5. Input / Output

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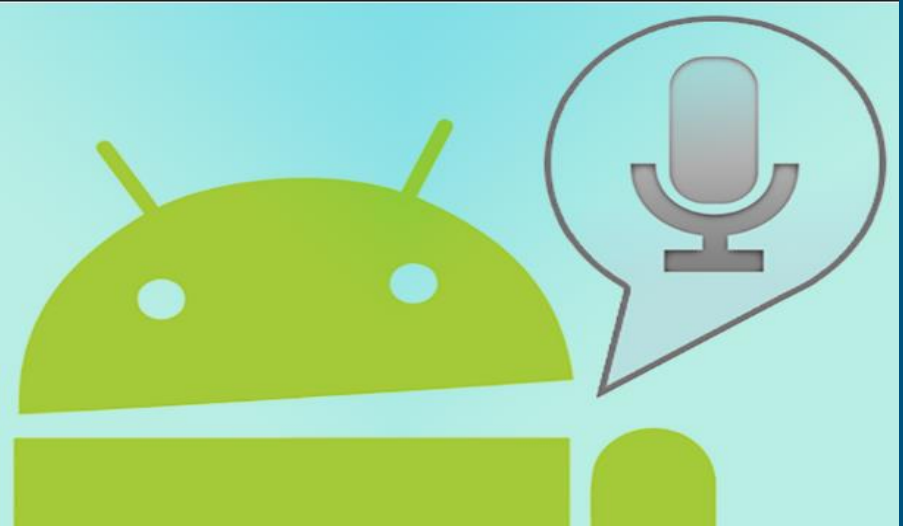
1. Camera / Audio
2. GPS
3. Peripherals
4. Sensors
5. Touchscreen
6. Vibrations

# Camera/Audio

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<http://bit.ly/1WN7sgl>



<http://bit.ly/1qHUTFS>

# GPS

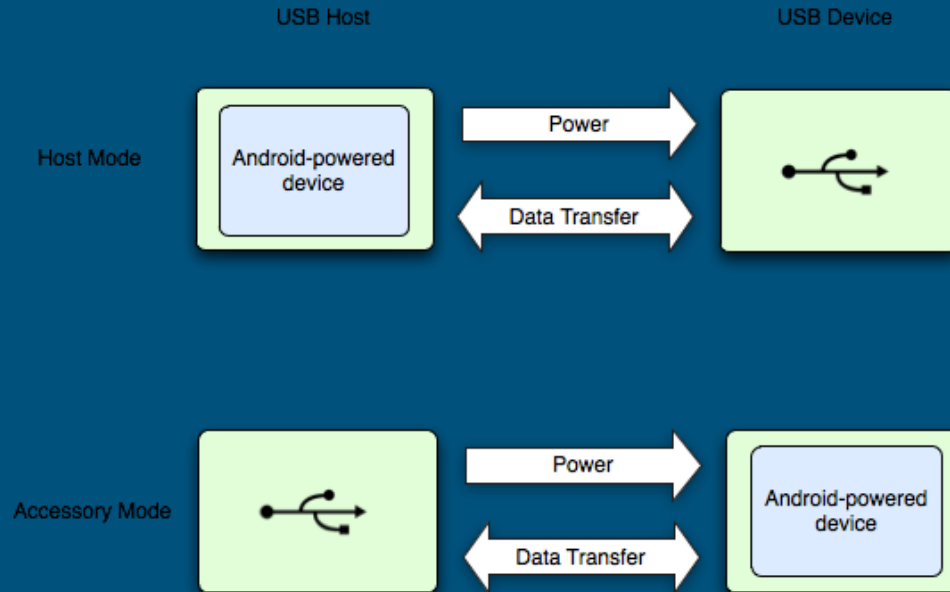
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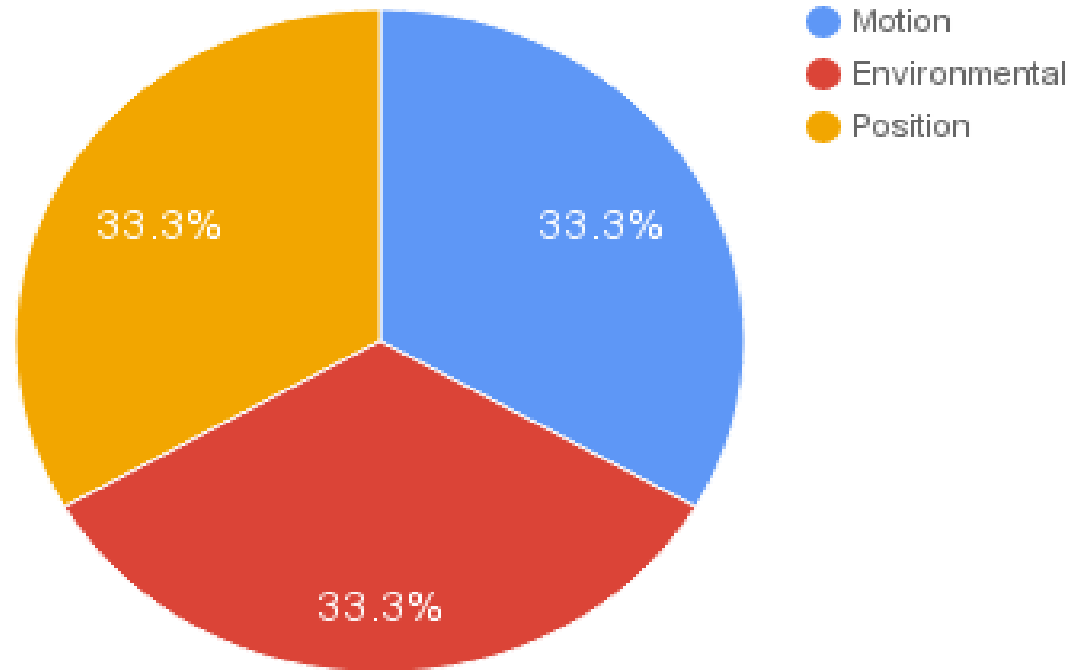
<http://lifehacker.com/5873007/how-can-i-fix-my-androids-crappy-gps>



# Peripherals



## Sensors in Android Devices



# Touchscreen

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From: <http://www.coolav.co.uk/benq-rp702touch.html>

# Android Vibrations

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From - <http://bit.ly/1WgEGVT>



From - <http://bit.ly/1YUp2xo>

# Code for Creating Touchscreen Event

---

```
public boolean onTouchEvent(MotionEvent e) {
    // get touchX and touchY
    switch (e.getAction()) {
        // .... other cases ...
        case MotionEvent.ACTION_UP:
            thread.setBubble(touchX, touchY);
            float totalTime = e.getTime() - e.getDownTime();
            Toast.makeText(ctx, "Touch time in ms was " + totalTime,
                           Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
            break;
    }
    return true;
}
```

*That's all Folks!*