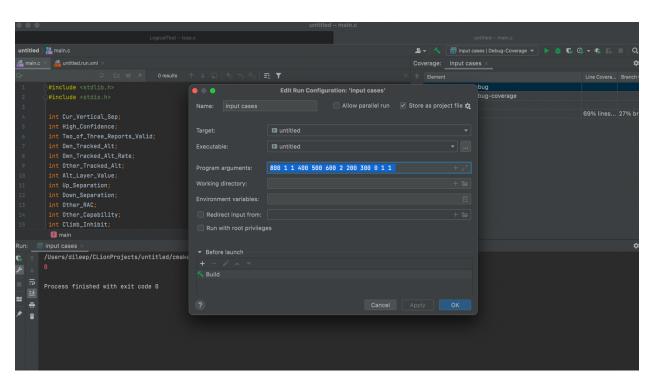
1. Predicate Coverage

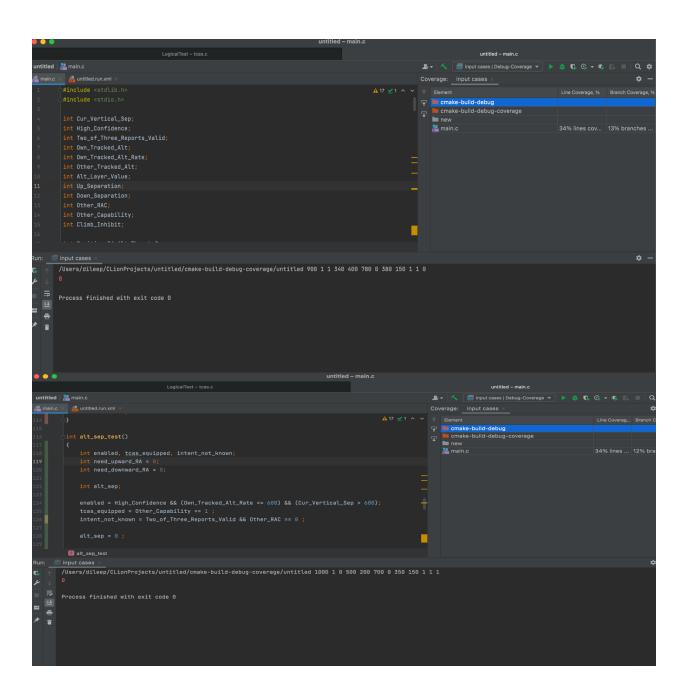
Predicate coverage is also called condition coverage. It is Considered for Boolean expressions. Specifically limited to Conditional statements. Predicate consists of clauses and It ensures whether all the Boolean expressions have been Evaluated to true or false. The condition coverage does not Necessarily imply branch coverage.

Challenges:

There were certain conditions which were nested i.e., Few predicates were dependent on the result of the parent Branch/ predicate. In order to trace back to these conditions We need to carefully observe and track back the path. If the Programs are huge and functionality is bigger than the length Of the code might be huge and hence tracing and identifying Those dependent conditions might be time consuming.

Results:





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Untitled | Manning | Manni
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2. Active Clause Coverage (Modified condition/ Decision Coverage)

This is a form of modified condition/ Decision coverage, where we Check for every condition in the code has taken all possible output Values i.e., true or false. Now each condition is tested such that the Decision outcome is independent. We choose a condition such that It will affect the outcome; we do not disturb the other conditions and Alter this chosen condition and check if affects the predicate. It is obvious that this is a optimized method to find the condition coverage. We break down and select the cases only which satisfies above condition. But we cannot guarantee the total 100% code coverage since there might Be some masked conditions and we might not have 100% confidence About the code coverage.

Challenges:

There might be some conditional statements which is difficult

To break down into further clauses and identify possible conditions.

Thought this is a better and optimized method compared to condition/predicate

Coverage but, It is not always possible to determine the number of test cases.

The number of test cases required for complex conditions as it requires enough

Test cases to verify every condition can affect the result of its encompassing decision.