

Arbeta med bilder på webben

Hur du inkluderar en bild på dina webbsidor med HTML?

Hur du väljer vilket bildformat som ska användas?

Hur du visar en bild i rätt storlek?

Hur du optimerar en bild för användning på webben för att få sidor att laddas snabbare?

Bilderna ska:

- vara relevanta
- förmédla information
- förmédla rätt stämning
- kunna känna igen omedelbart
- passa färgpaletten

Att välja bilder för din webbplats (tips and tricks med gallery):
[Choosing Images For Your Site \(htmlandcssbook.com\)](http://htmlandcssbook.com)

Bild resurser

[Bildbanksfoton, royaltyfria bilder och videoklipp - iStock \(istockphoto.com\)](#)

[2.7 million+ Stunning Free Images to Use Anywhere – Pixabay](#)

[Beautiful Free Images & Pictures | Unsplash](#)

[GIPHY - Be Animated](#)

[Free Stock Photos, Royalty Free Stock Images & Copyright Free Pictures · Pexels](#)

[Free Vectors, Stock Photos & PSD Downloads | Freepik](#)

Bildformat som används på webben

JPEG/JPG (Joint Photographic Experts Group)

- Används för komprimerade fotografier.

PNG (Portable Network Graphics)

- Har stöd för transparens.

GIF(Graphics Interchange Format)

- Används för animerade bilder.

SVG (Scalable Vector Graphics)

- Används för vektorgrafik.

Bilder

Visa bilder i HTML-dokument med img-taggen

OBS! har ingen sluttagg!

Några viktiga attribut:

- **src** (Source): Anger bildens sökväg och filnamn t.ex. "images/logo.png"
- **alt**: Anger alternativ text till bilden. Visas t.ex. om bilden saknas!
- **title**: Anger extra info om bilden. Visas som tooltip (vid pekning).
- **width** och **height**: Anger bredd och höjd i pixels

Var du ska placera bilder i din kod?

```

```

```
<p>There are.....</p>
```

```
<hr>
```

```
<p> There are.....</p>
```

```
<hr>
```

```
<p>There are.....  Many  
species...</p>
```



There are around 10,000 living species of birds that inhabit different ecosystems from the Arctic to the Antarctic. Many species undertake long distance annual migrations, and many more perform shorter irregular journeys.



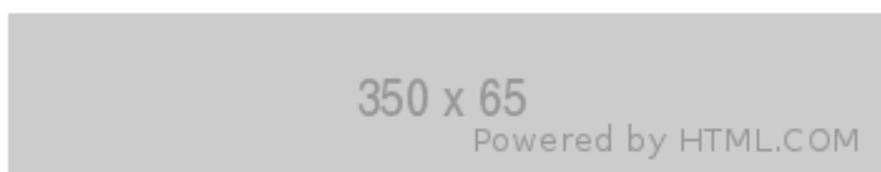
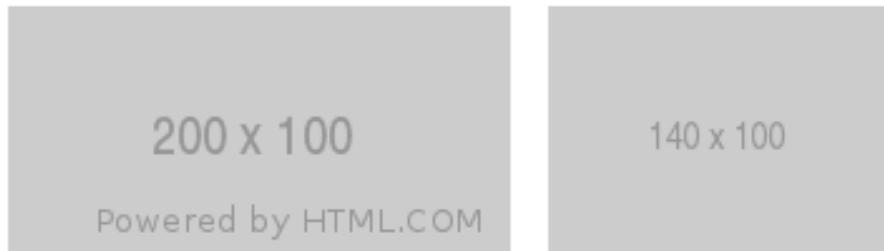
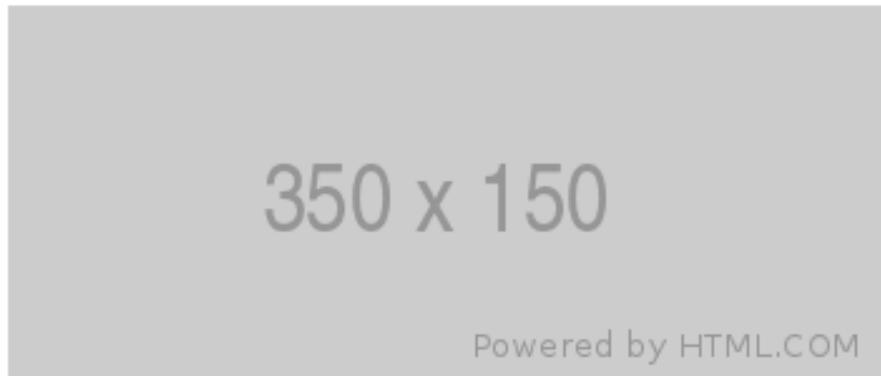
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Placeholder bilder



[Lorem Picsum](#)

[Placeholder.com: Placeholder.com – The Free Image Placeholder Service Favoured By Designers](#)

<figure> och <figcaption>

<figure>

 <figcaption>Black Dog Syndrome: Fact or Fiction?</figcaption>

</figure>

HTML Tabeller

Tabeller kan användas för att presentera tabulär data genom att ordna information i rader och kolumner.

Tabeller presenterar fakta på ett strukturerat och lättfattligt sätt.

Tabeller har tidigare använts för utformning av layout! (Används inte idag).

HTML Tabeller

- En tabell är uppbyggd av rader och celler som bildar ett rutnät.
- För att skapa en tabell skriver man först taggen **<table>**
- Rader i tabellen får man genom att skriva **<tr>**
- Rubriker skapas med hjälp av taggen **<th>**
- Taggen **<td>** skapar celler.
- Tips! Cellernas bredd anpassas efter innehållet i den bredaste cellen i samma kolumn. Detta är extra viktigt att tänka på när du visar bilder i en cell

Kantlinjer

Kantlinjer sätts med attributet border

<table border="1">

OBS! Border är föråldrad. Använd CSS istället! Mer om detta senare i kursen.

Läs mer

http://www.w3schools.com/tags/att_table_border.asp

Attributet scope

```
<table>
  <tr>
    <th></th>
    <th scope="col">Saturday</th>
    <th scope="col">Sunday</th>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <th scope="row">Tickets sold:</th>
    <td>120</td>
    <td>135</td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <th scope="row">Total sales:</th>
    <td>$600</td>
    <td>$675</td>
  </tr>
</table>
```

	Saturday	Sunday
Tickets sold:	120	135
Total sales:	\$600	\$675

Sammanfoga celler

colspan sammanfogar två kolumner

Exempel:

```
<tr><th colspan="2"> Slår ihop två kolumner </th></tr>
```

sammanfogar två rader

Exempel:

```
<td rowspan="2">Slår ihop två rader</td>
```

OBS! Glöm inte att ta bort ev. extra rader eller celler!

Långa tabell -

```
<table>
  <thead>
    <tr> ...</tr>
  </thead>

  <tbody>
    <tr> ...</tr>
  </tbody>

  <tfoot>
    <tr> ...</tr>
  </tfoot>
</table>
```

Date	Income	Expenditure
1st January	250	36
2nd January	285	48
3rd January	260	42
4th January	290	38
5th January	310	115
6th January	168	14
7th January	226	20
8th January	253	37
9th January	294	33
10th January	216	46
11th January	244	29
12th January	297	32
13th January	328	86
14th January	215	38
15th January	254	30
16th January	256	27
17th January	311	68
18th January	212	39
19th January	234	36
20th January	221	43
21st January	259	38
22nd January	246	31
23rd January	248	17
24th January	229	45
25th January	263	34
26th January	258	41
27th January	283	22
28th January	256	30
29th January	278	47
30th January	251	15
31st January	129	64
	7824	1241

Form controls

Lägger till text:

1. Text input
2. Password input
3. Text area

Att göra val:

4. Radio buttons
5. Checkboxes
6. Drop-down boxes

Skicka in formular:

7. Submit buttons
8. Image buttons

Ladda upp filer:

9. File upload

1 Username:

2 Password:

3 What did you think of this gig?


4 Please select your favorite genre:
 Rock Pop Jazz

5 Please select your favorite music service(s):
 iTunes Last.fm Spotify

6 What device do you listen to music on?


7

8

9 Upload your song in MP3 format:


HTML Formulär – Grunderna

```
<form action="action_page.php" method="post">  
    First name: <br>  
    <input type="text" name="firstname">  
<br>  
    Last name: <br>  
    <input type="text" name="lastname"> <br>  
    <input type="submit" value="Submit">  
</form>
```

First name:

Last name:

Submit

Inloggningsformulär

```
<form action="action_page.php" >  
    <p>Username:  
        <input type="text" name="username" size="15"  
               maxlength="10">  
    </p>  
    <p>Password:  
        <input type="password" name="password" size="15"  
               maxlength="20">  
    </p>  
    <p>  
        <input type="submit" value="Submit">  
    </p>  
</form>
```

Username:

Password:

Textarea

```
<p>Would you like to give us a comment?</p>
<textarea name="comments" cols="20" rows="4"></textarea>
```

Would you like to give us a comment?

A large, empty rectangular text input field. It has a thin black border and a light gray background. In the bottom right corner, there is a small, dark gray cursor icon that looks like a hand with fingers pointing upwards and to the left.

Radioknappar

<p>Please select your favorite genre:

 <input type="radio" name="genre" value="rock" checked="checked">

 Rock

 <input type="radio" name="genre" value="pop">

 Pop

 <input type="radio" name="genre" value="jazz">

 Jazz

</p>

Please select your favorite genre:

Rock Pop Jazz

Label

```
<label>Age:<input type="text" name="age"></label>
```

```
<br>
```

```
Gender:
```

```
<input id="female" type="radio" name="gender" value="f">
```

```
<label for="female">Female</label>
```

```
<input id="male" type="radio" name="gender" value="m">
```

```
<label for="male">Male</label>
```

Age:

Gender: Female Male

Fieldset

```
<fieldset>
    <legend>Contact details</legend>
    <label>Email:<br>
        <input type="text" name="email">
    </label>
    <br>
    <label>Mobile:<br>
        <input type="text" name="mobile">
    </label>
</fieldset>
```

The diagram illustrates the visual representation of the provided HTML code. It features a legend titled "Contact details" enclosed in a thin black border. Below the legend, there are two label elements. The first label, "Email:", is positioned above a text input field. The second label, "Mobile:", is positioned above another text input field. All text labels are in blue, while the input fields are represented by simple grey rectangular boxes.

Kryssrutor (Checkbox)

Please select your favorite music service(s):
 iTunes Syntax.fm Spotify

<p>Please select your favorite music service(s):

 <input type="checkbox" name="service" value="itunes" checked="checked">
 iTunes
 <input type="checkbox" name="service" value="syntaxfm">
 Syntax.fm
 <input type="checkbox" name="service" value="spotify">
 Spotify
</p>

Drop-Down-Listor

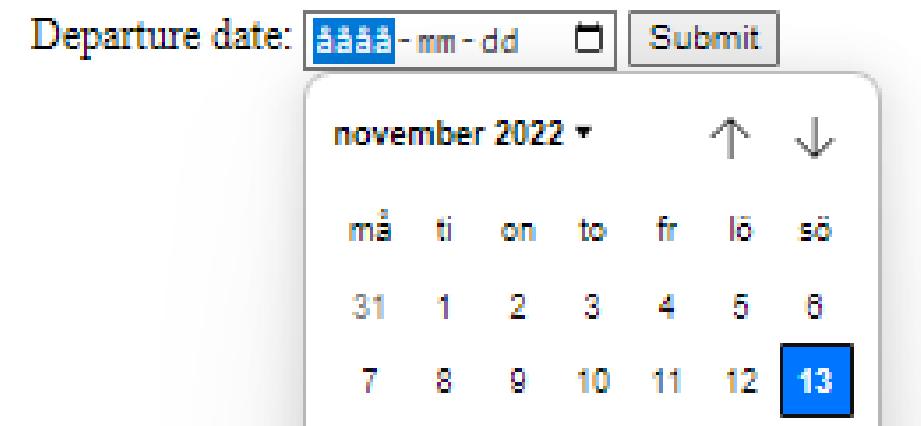
```
<p>What device do you listen to music on?</p>
<select name="devices">
  <option value="ipod">iPod</option>
  <option value="radio">Radio</option>
  <option value="computer" selected >Computer</option>
</select>
```

What device do you listen to music on?



Datumfält

```
<label for="departure">Departure date:</label>
<input id="departure" type="date" name="depart">
<input type="submit" value="Submit">
```



Sökfält och placeholder

```
<input type="search" name="search" placeholder="Sök...">
  <input type="submit" value="Sök">
  <input type="reset" value="Rensa">
```

A screenshot of a web browser showing a search form. It consists of a search input field containing the placeholder text "Sök...", a blue submit button labeled "Sök", and a blue reset button labeled "Rensa".

Ladda upp en fil

```
<p>Upload your song in MP3 format:</p>
<input type="file" name="user-song" /><br />
<input type="submit" value="Upload" />
```

Upload your song in MP3 format:

Ingen fil har valts

Attributet disabled

```
<form>
    First name: <input type="text" name="firstname">
    <input type="submit" disabled>
</form>
```

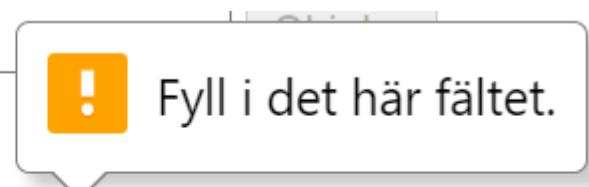
First name:

Formulärvalidering – Attributet required

```
<form>
    Quantity (between 1 and 5):
    <input type="number" name="quantity" required>
    <input type="submit" value="Send">
</form>
```

First name:

Quantity (between 1 and 5): Send



Fyll i det här fältet.

E-postfält

```
<form action="subscribe.php">
    <p>Subscribe to our email list:</p>
    <input type="email" name="email">
    <input type="submit" name="subscribe" value="Subscribe">
</form>
```

! Inkludera ett @ i e-postadressen. test saknar ett @.

test

Subscribe

Validering – Min och Max

```
<form>
```

Quantity (between 1 and 10):

```
    <input type="number" name="quantity"  
          min="1" max="10" required>  
  
    <input type="submit" value="Send">
```

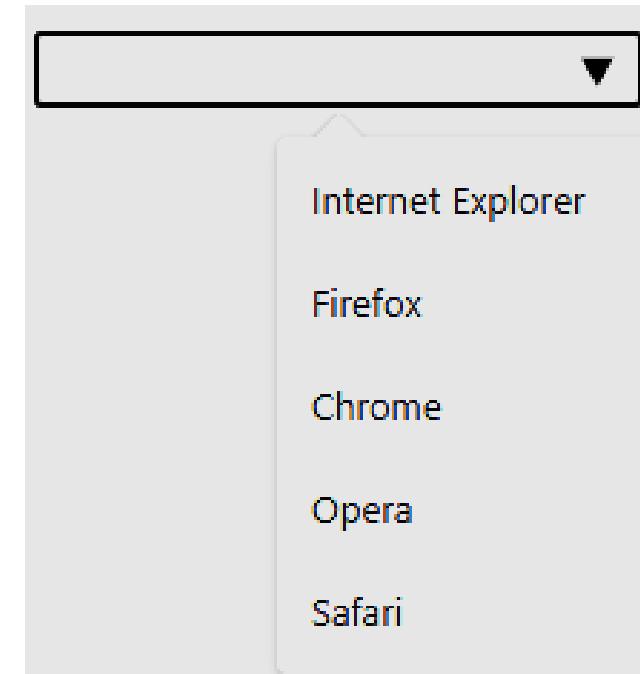
```
</form>
```

Quantity (between 1 and 10):

Värdet måste vara större än eller lika med 1.

Datalist

```
<input list="browsers" name="browser">  
  <datalist id="browsers">  
    <option value="Internet Explorer">  
    <option value="Firefox">  
    <option value="Chrome">  
    <option value="Opera">  
    <option value="Safari">  
  </datalist>
```



Ytterligare input-typer

Select a time:

```
<input type="time" name="time"> <br>
```

Select a week:

```
<input type="week" name="week"> <br>
```

Select your favorite color:

```
<input type="color" name="favcolor" value="#8E269C"> <br>
```

Your favorite website

```
<input type="url" name="website">
```

```
<input type="hidden" name="custId" value="3487">
```

Select a time:

Select a week:

Select your favorite color:

Your favorite website

<iframe> - Inline Frame

- Skapa flytande/inbäddade ramar med <iframe>.
- Iframe-taggen ger möjlighet att skapa ett fönster som visar innehåll från ett annat dokument eller URL, var som helst på en webbsida.
- Youtube, Google Maps och många andra webbtjänster generar en iframe-kod åt dig!

Iframe exempel

Boulognern



Boulognern

5.0 ★★★★★ 1 review ⓘ

City park

Directions Save Nearby Send to phone Share

803 24 Gävle

M4F9+89 Gävle

Send to your phone

Claim this business

Add a label

Suggest an edit

Share

Send a link Embed a map

Medium <iframe src="https://www.google.com/maps/embed?pb=!1m18!1m12

COPY HTML

Boulognern

803 24 Gävle

5.0 ★★★★★ 1 review

View larger map

Directions



By embedding this map, you agree to the terms of service.

Keyboard shortcuts | Map data ©2022 Google | Terms of Use | Report a map error

Layers

Google

Map data ©2022 Go

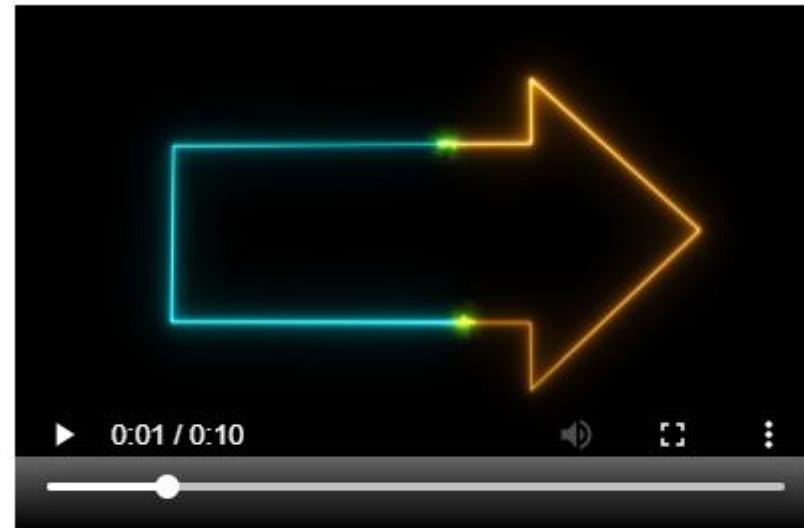
<	Less-than sign amp;lt; amp;#60;	¢	Cent sign amp;cent; amp;#162;	'	Left single quote amp;lsquo; amp;#8216;
>	Greater-than sign amp;gt; amp;#62;	£	Pound sign amp;pound; amp;#163;	'	Right single quote amp;rsquo; amp;#8217;
&	Ampersand amp; amp;#38;	¥	Yen sign amp;yen; amp;#165;	“	Left double quotes amp;ldquo; amp;#8220;
”	Quotation mark amp;quot; amp;#34;	€	Euro sign amp;euro; amp;#8364;	”	Right double quotes amp;rdquo; amp;#8221;
©	Copyright symbol amp;copy; amp;#169;	×	Multiplication sign amp;times; amp;#215;		
®	Registered trademark amp;reg; amp;#174;	÷	Division sign amp;divide; amp;#247;		

Teckenkoder (entiteter)

[HTML Character Escape Codes and Entity References \(htmlandcssbook.com\)](#)

Video på webben

```
<video src="video/puppy.mp4" poster="images/puppy.jpg"  
       width="400" height="300"  
       preload  
       controls  
       loop>  
</video>
```



Multiple video sources

```
<video poster="images/puppy.jpg" width="400" height="320"  
    preload="" controls="" loop="">  
    <source src="video/puppy.mp4" type="video/mp4; codecs="avc1.42E01E,  
mp4a.40.2"">  
    <source src="video/puppy.webm" type="video/webm; codecs="vp8, vorbis"">  
    <p>A video of a puppy playing in the snow</p>  
</video>
```

Ljud på webben



```
<audio src="audio/test-audio.ogg" controls autoplay>
  <p>This browser does not support our audio format.</p>
</audio>
```

Multiple audio sources

```
<audio controls="" autoplay="">  
  <source src="audio/test-audio.ogg">  
  <source src="audio/test-audio.mp3">  
  <p>This browser does not support our audio format.</p>  
</audio>
```

Bra övningar från w3schools

https://www.w3schools.com/html/html_examples.asp

- HTML Forms
- HTML Form Elements
- HTML Input Types