

https://ninafa.github.io/P4-OC-site-apres-optimisations/



84

92

72



Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices SEO PWA

There were issues affecting this run of Lighthouse:

• Chrome extensions negatively affected this page's load performance. Try auditing the page in incognito mode or from a Chrome profile without extensions.



Performance

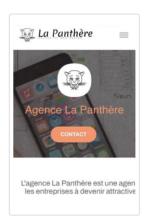
Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.

(

0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.8 s

Time to Interactive

1.8 s

Speed Index

5.8 s

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Largest Contentful Paint

 $2.6 \, \mathrm{s}$

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.129

View Original Trace



View Treemap





















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Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Reduce unused CSS 0.75 s ^

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
chrome-extension://lelehponoadknmgbnmgkcniabpopckme/styles/styles.css	99.8 KiB	99.2 KiB
css/bootstrap.css (ninafa.github.io)	21.7 KiB	20.8 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://lelehponoadknmgbnmgkcniabpopckme/content- scripts/extension.css</pre>	18.1 KiB	18.1 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.59 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.css (ninafa.github.io)	21.7 KiB	300 ms
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (ninafa.github.io)	34.9 KiB	300 ms

Serve images in next-gen formats

0.45 s ^

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img/texture-paper.png (ninafa.github.io)	93.9 KiB	66.5 KiB

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		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
mode	img.c enter- block.i mage- resize-	img-optimized/logo.png (ninafa.github.io)	35.6 KiB	19.1 KiB
img		img-optimized/citation.png (ninafa.github.io)	27.9 KiB	15.2 KiB

Properly size images 0.15 s ^

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.

		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
mode	img.cen ter- block.i mage- resize-	img-optimized/logo.png (ninafa.github.io)	35.6 KiB	24.3 KiB

Minify CSS 0.15 s ^

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.css (ninafa.github.io)	21.7 KiB	4.3 KiB

Minify JavaScript 0.15 s ^

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. (FCP)

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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (ninafa.github.io)	34.9 KiB	14.4 KiB
js/gmaps.js (ninafa.github.io)	14.5 KiB	4.5 KiB
js/bootstrap.js (ninafa.github.io)	11.0 KiB	3.0 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript

0.15 s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (ninafa.github.io)	34.9 KiB	22.7 KiB

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP LCP

URL

Potential Savings

...fonts/et-line.woff (ninafa.github.io)

210 ms

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (ninafa.github.io)

500 ms

▲ Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more CLS

URL

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	URL
img.img- responsive.portfolio -thumb	img-optimized/1.webp (ninafa.github.io)
img.img- responsive.portfolio -thumb	img-optimized/2.webp (ninafa.github.io)
img.ce nter- block.i mage- resize- mode	img-optimized/logo.png (ninafa.github.io)
img.img- responsive.portfoli o-thumb	img-optimized/3.webp (ninafa.github.io)
img.img- responsive.portfoli o-thumb	img-optimized/4.webp (ninafa.github.io)
img	img-optimized/citation.png (ninafa.github.io)
img	img-optimized/title.png (ninafa.github.io)

		URL
img		img-optimized/title2.png (ninafa.github.io)
	img	img-optimized/agence-la-panthere-monochrome.svg (ninafa.github.io)

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 24 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u>.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
img/texture-paper.png (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	94 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	76 KiB
img-optimized/1.webp (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	66 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	54 KiB
img-optimized/agence-la-panthere.webp (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	50 KiB
img-optimized/logo.png (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	36 KiB
img-optimized/2.webp (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	36 KiB
img-optimized/image-de-presentation.webp (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	35 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	35 KiB
img-optimized/citation.png (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	28 KiB
css/bootstrap.css (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	22 KiB
img-optimized/4.webp (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	18 KiB

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URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
js/gmaps.js (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	15 KiB
img-optimized/title.png (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	12 KiB
img-optimized/3.webp (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	12 KiB
js/bootstrap.js (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	11 KiB
img-optimized/agence-la-panthere-monochrome.svg (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	9 KiB
img-optimized/title2.png (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	8 KiB
css/font-awesome.css (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	7 KiB
js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	6 KiB
/P4-OC-site-apres-optimisations/style.css (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	4 KiB
js/blocs.js (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	3 KiB
css/et-line.css (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB
img-optimized/lines-h2-bg.png (ninafa.github.io)	10 m	1 KiB

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 2,740 ms

Initial Navigation

/P4-OC-site-apres-optimisations/ (ninafa.github.io)

...css/bootstrap.css (ninafa.github.io) - 2,640 ms, 21.66 KiB

/P4-OC-site-apres-optimisations/style.css (ninafa.github.io) - 2,600 ms, 4.09 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (ninafa.github.io) - 2,650 ms, 7.28 KiB

...css/et-line.css (ninafa.github.io) - 2,470 ms, 1.75 KiB

...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (ninafa.github.io) - 2,580 ms, 34.94 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (ninafa.github.io) - 2,600 ms, 11.04 KiB

...js/blocs.js (ninafa.github.io) - 2,460 ms, 3.30 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (ninafa.github.io) - 2,620 ms, 14.53 KiB

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○ Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 32 requests • 765 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	32	764.9 KiB
Image	13	405.1 KiB
Stylesheet	7	154.6 KiB
Font	2	129.7 KiB
Script	5	69.6 KiB
Document	1	3.2 KiB
Other	4	2.8 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	6	121.0 KiB

0	Largest Contentful Paint element	_	1	element found
\sim	Largest Contention I and element			CICITICITE TOUTIO

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More (LCP)

div#bloc-1-hero.bloc.bgc-dark-slate-blue.bg-banniere.d-bloc.bg-t-edge.bloc-bg-texture.texture-paper.b-parallax

O Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page.

Element CLS Contribution

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Element	CLS Contribution
div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc	0.066
div.text-center	0.035
h1.text-center.hero-bloc-text.tc-white	0.017
div.col-sm-4	0.01
div.keywords	0

○ Avoid long main-thread tasks − 3 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn more (TBT)</u>

URL	Start Time	Duration
<pre>chrome-extension://lelehponoadknmgbnmgkcniabpopckme/content- scripts/extension.js</pre>	1,181 ms	167 ms
Unattributable	1,390 ms	118 ms
/P4-OC-site-apres-optimisations/ (ninafa.github.io)	1,127 ms	54 ms

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More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (25)	Hide
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .)
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.	
Enable text compression	^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Lemore. FCP LCP	<u>earn</u>
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-part origins. Learn more. FCP LCP	у
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 90 ms	^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. [LCP]	FCP
URL	Spent
/P4-OC-site-apres-optimisations/ (ninafa.github.io)	90 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. FCP LCP	
O Preload key requests	^
Consider using ` k rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Lemore. FCP LCP	<u>earn</u>
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.	

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Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> [LCP]

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. (TBT)

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. <u>Learn More (TBT)</u>

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. [LCP]

Avoids enormous network payloads - Total size was 765 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [CCP]

URL	Transfer Size
chrome-extension://lelehponoadknmgbnmgkcniabpopckme/styles.css	99.8 KiB
img/texture-paper.png (ninafa.github.io)	94.1 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (ninafa.github.io)	75.5 KiB
img-optimized/1.webp (ninafa.github.io)	66.3 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (ninafa.github.io)	54.1 KiB
img-optimized/agence-la-panthere.webp (ninafa.github.io)	49.7 KiB
img-optimized/logo.png (ninafa.github.io)	36.0 KiB
img-optimized/2.webp (ninafa.github.io)	35.9 KiB
img-optimized/image-de-presentation.webp (ninafa.github.io)	35.0 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (ninafa.github.io)	34.9 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 174 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Valu	ıe
Total DOM Elements		17	'4
Maximum DOM Depth		span.fa.fa- twitter.icon-md 1	11
Maximum Child Elements	ul		9

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.4 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	310 ms	12 ms	0 ms
/P4-OC-site-apres-optimisations/ (ninafa.github.io)	310 ms	11 ms	2 ms

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URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse	
<pre>chrome-extension://lelehponoadknmgbnmgkcniabpopckme/content- scripts/extension.js</pre>	216 ms	114 ms	72 ms	
<pre>chrome-extension://lelehponoadknmgbnmgkcniabpopckme/content- scripts/coupon-applier.js</pre>	139 ms	84 ms	55 ms	
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (ninafa.github.io)	91 ms	43 ms	15 ms	

Minimizes main-thread work - 1.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more (TBT)</u>

Category	Time Spent
Other	405 ms
Script Evaluation	293 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	170 ms
Style & Layout	142 ms
Rendering	106 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	41 ms

Minimize third-party usage

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn more</u>. [TBT]

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more</u>.

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Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn</u> more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Avoids unload event listeners

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn more</u>



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

CONTRAST



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Failing Elen	nents
	div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc
	a
	div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc
	alvibios s.bios.bgs atomic tangomicia bios
	a
	div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc
	a
	div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc
	а

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Failing Elements div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc	
div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc	
a	
div.#blac O blac has atomic tenggains d blac	
div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc	
a	
div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc	
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div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc	
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Failing Elements			
div#bloc-8.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc			
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anv#bloc-o.bloc.bgc-atomic-tangenne.u-bloc			
a			

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Failing Elements				
div#bloc-8.bloc.	bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc			
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div#bloc-8.bloc.	bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc			
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div#bloc-8.bloc.	bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc			
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div#bloc-8.bloc.	bgc-atomic-tangerine.d-bloc			
	a			

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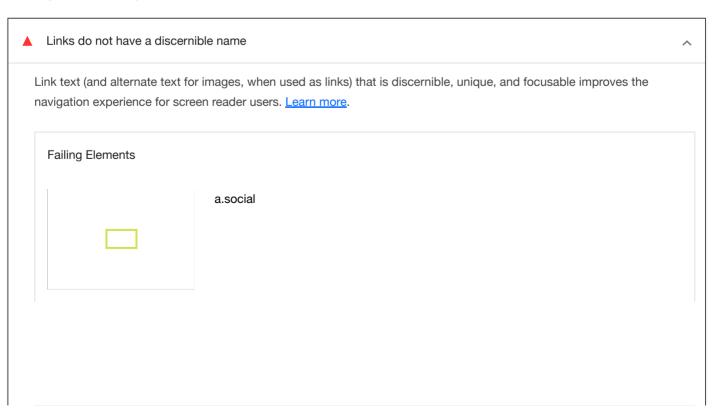
These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION

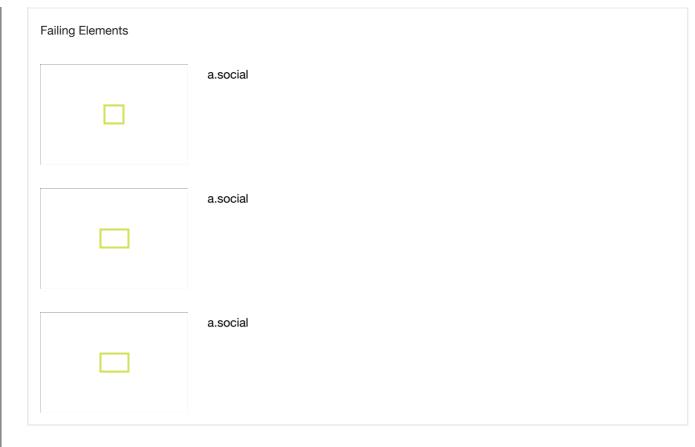


These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

NAMES AND LABELS

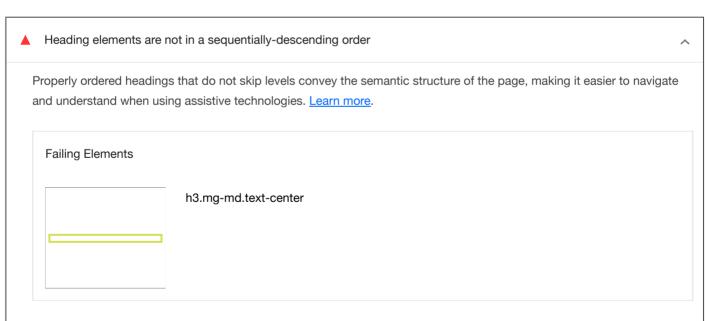


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These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

NAVIGATION



These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

The page has a logical tab order

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more.

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Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^			
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.				
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^			
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .				
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^			
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.				
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^			
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.				
Custom controls have associated labels	^			
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.				
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^			
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^			
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^			
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.				
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^			
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more.</nav></main>				

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (10)

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more.

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List items (<1i>) are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (') to be contained within a parent ' or ' to be announced properly. <u>Learn</u> more.

NOT APPLICABLE (30) Hide [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. O [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA 'role' supports a specific subset of 'aria-*' attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the 'aria-*' attributes. Learn more. O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a 'progressbar' element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes ^ Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

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Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.				
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.				
O [role]s are contained by their required parent element				
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more.</u>				
O [role] values are valid				
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.				
O ARIA toggle fields have accessible names				
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .				
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names				
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .				
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names				
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .				
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values				
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more.				
O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled				
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more.				
O <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn more</u>.</td></tr><tr><td> Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements </td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>				

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O ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>L</u> more.	<u>earn</u>
No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more.	Э
<frame/> Or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.	
O <input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text	^
When an image is being used as an ` <input/> ` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understar the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u> .	nd
O Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.	
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This m create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u> .	nay
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to ` <object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.</object>	
O No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	
O Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.	/ refer
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^

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Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

O [lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

▲ Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 9 vulnerabilities detected

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. <u>Learn more</u>.

Library Version	Vulnerability Count	Highest Severity
Bootstrap@3.3.5	5	Medium
jQuery@2.1.0	4	Medium

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

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Detected JavaScript libraries All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Version Name Bootstrap 3.3.5 **iQuery** 2.1.0 PASSED AUDITS (12) Hide **Uses HTTPS** All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype

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Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more.

Properly defines charset

^

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

No browser errors logged to the console

^

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

^

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps



Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (1)

Hide

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

^

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does

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not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

▲ Document does not have a meta description Description text is empty.

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

CRAWLING AND INDEXING

▲ robots.txt is not valid Lighthouse was unable to download a robots.txt file

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.

To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

MOBILE FRIENDLY

Document doesn't use legible font sizes — 30.39% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text $\ge 12px$. Learn more.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
style.css:679	р	67.08%	11px
/P4-OC-site-apres- optimisations/ (ninafa.github.io)	<pre><div class="keywords" style="color:#cccccc;font-size:1px;"></div></pre>	1.27%	1px
/P4-OC-site-apres- optimisations/ (ninafa.github.io)	<pre><div class="keywords" style="color:#cccccc;font-size:1px;"></div></pre>	1.27%	1px
Legible text		30.39%	≥ 12px

▲ Tap targets are not sized appropriately — 35% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.

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Tap Target	Size	Overlapping Target
а	72x16	а
а	63x16	а
а	88x16	а
а	130×16	а
a	107x16	a
a	76x16	a
a	76x16	a
а	75x16	а

Tap Target	Size	Overlapping Target
a	149x16	a
a	101x16	a
a	77x16	a
a	88x16	a
a	111x16	a
a	103x16	а
a	115x16	а
a	98x16	a



Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. Learn more.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (9) Hide

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. (TBT)

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more.

Page has successful HTTP status code

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Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.

about:blank

Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more. Links are crawlable Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more. Document avoids plugins Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

NOT APPLICABLE (1) Hide

O Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

INSTALLABLE

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Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more. Failure reason Page has no manifest <link> URL **PWA OPTIMIZED** Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. Learn more. Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched. A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more. Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a $meta name="viewport" > tag with width or initial-scale}$ A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More.

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Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u>.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)	Hide
 Site works cross-browser 	^
To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.	
Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network	^
Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perceptic performance. <u>Learn more</u> .	on of
O Each page has a URL	^
Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u> .	

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Nov 6, 2022, 8:32 PM GMT+1

Initial page load

Emulated Moto G4 with Lighthouse 9.6.6

Slow 4G throttling

Single page load

Using Chromium 107.0.0.0
with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 9.6.6 | File an issue

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