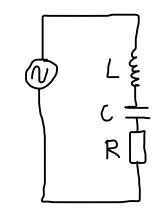
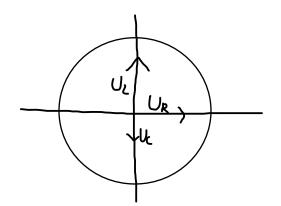
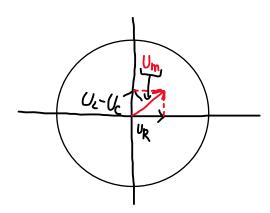
## Zložený obvod RLC v sérii







- 
$$U_m^2 = U_R^2 + (U_L - U_C)^2$$

- 
$$IJ = R * I$$

$$U_{m} = U_{R} + (U_{L} - U_{C})$$

$$U = R * I$$

$$U_{m}^{2} = I_{m}^{2} * R^{2} + (I_{m} * X_{L} - I_{m} * X_{C})^{2}$$

$$U_{m}^{2} = I_{m}^{2} * (R^{2} + (X_{L} - X_{C})^{2})$$

- 
$$U_m^2 = I_m^2 * (R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2)$$

$$- \frac{U_m^2}{I_m^2} = R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2$$

## Z - impedancia

- Výsledný odpor
- Skladá sa z dvoch častí:
  - R skutočný odpor (spôsobuje zahrievanie)
  - $(X_L X_C)$  zdanlivý odpor (spôsobuje fázový posun)

$$- Z^2 = R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2$$

- 
$$Z^2 = R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2$$
  
-  $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2}$ 

$$- Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X^2}$$

$$\circ \quad Z = \sqrt{R^2 + {X_L}^2}$$

$$\circ \quad Z = \sqrt{R^2 + {X_C}^2}$$

$$\circ \quad \cos \varphi = \frac{R}{Z}$$