

VYUŽITIE VZORCOV PRE 2. MOCNINU

(Riešené úlohy)

1. ROZLOŽTE na súčin pomocou vzorcov (ak to nie je nutné, neumocňujte ani neroznásobujte) alebo vynímaním pred zátvorku:

$$\mathbf{a/} \ x^2 - 2x + 1 - 9y^2 = (x^2 - 2 \cdot x \cdot 1 + 1^2) - 9y^2 = (x-1)^2 - (3y)^2 = \underline{(x-1-3y) \cdot (x-1+3y)}$$

$$\mathbf{b/} \ 25x^2 + 30xy + 9y^2 = 5^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot 5x \cdot 3y + 3^2 y^2 = \underline{(5x+3y)^2}$$

$$\mathbf{c/} \ 2a \cdot (b-3) - 5 \cdot (3-b) = 2a \cdot (b-3) + 5 \cdot (-3+b) = \underline{(b-3)(2a+5)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{d/} \ (3x-y)^2 - (x-5y)^2 &= 9x^2 - 2 \cdot 3x \cdot y + y^2 - (x^2 - 2 \cdot x \cdot 5y + 25y^2) = 9x^2 - 6x \cdot y + y^2 - x^2 + 10 \cdot xy - 25y^2 \\ &= 8x^2 + 4xy - 24y^2 = \underline{4(2x^2 + xy - 6y^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{e/} \ (m+n)^2 - (2m+1)^2 = [(m+n) - (2m+1)] \cdot [(m+n) + (2m+1)] = [m+n-2m-1] \cdot [m+n+2m+1] = [n-m-1] \cdot [n+3m+1]$$

$$\mathbf{f/} \ 25 - (a+2)^2 = 5^2 - (a+2)^2 = [5 - (a+2)] \cdot [5 + (a+2)] = [5-a-2] \cdot [5+a+2] = \underline{(3-a)(7+a)}$$

$$\mathbf{g/} \ (p+3)^2 - x^2 = \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{(D.ú.)}$$

$$\mathbf{h/} \ r \cdot (2-3r) - 5 \cdot (3r-2) = \mathbf{(D.ú.)}$$

2. UMOCNITE pomocou vzorcov (nenásobte každý s každým) a upravte na čo najjednoduchší tvar (zjednodušte):

$$\mathbf{a/} \ (-5-4x)^2 + 4x^2 = [(-5) + (-4x)]^2 + 4x^2 = (-5)^2 + 2 \cdot (-5) \cdot (-4x) + (-4x)^2 + 4x^2 = \underline{25+40x+20x^2}$$

$$\mathbf{b/} \ (2a-3b)(2a+3b) - 3b^2 = (2a)^2 - (3b)^2 - 3b^2 = 4a^2 - 9b^2 - 3b^2 = \underline{4a^2 - 12b^2}$$

$$\mathbf{c/} \ (6xy - y^2)^2 - y^4 = (6xy)^2 - 2 \cdot 6xy \cdot y^2 + (y^2)^2 - y^4 = \underline{36x^2y^2 - 12xy^3}$$

$$\mathbf{d/} \ (2c-1)(2c+1) - 5 = \mathbf{(D.ú.)}$$

$$\mathbf{e/} \ (3x-6y)(6y+3x) = \mathbf{(D.ú.)}$$

$$\mathbf{f/} \ (-5+8a)^2 + 10a^2 =$$

$$\mathbf{g/} \ (x+5)^2 - (x-3)(x+3) =$$

$$\mathbf{h/} \ (a-b)(a+b) - (a+b)^2 =$$
