

a. Jaccard's coefficient $J(1,7)$ vs $J(1,6)$
 $\Gamma(1) = \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$ $\Gamma(6) = \{3, 4, 7\}$ $\Gamma(7) = \{4, 5, 6, 8\}$

$$J(1,7) = \frac{|\Gamma(1) \cap \Gamma(7)|}{|\Gamma(1) \cup \Gamma(7)|} = \frac{|\{4, 5\}|}{|\{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8\}|} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$J(1,6) = \frac{|\Gamma(1) \cap \Gamma(6)|}{|\Gamma(1) \cup \Gamma(6)|} = \frac{|\{3, 4\}|}{|\{2, 3, 4, 5, 7\}|} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$J(1,7) < J(1,6) \Rightarrow (1,6)$ is more likely to form a link

b. Adamic/Adar $A(1,7)$ vs $A(1,6)$

$$\Gamma(1) \cap \Gamma(7) = \{4, 5\} \quad \Gamma(1) \cap \Gamma(6) = \{3, 4\}$$

$$|\Gamma(3)| = |\{1, 2, 4, 5, 6\}| = 5 \quad |\Gamma(4)| = |\{1, 2, 3, 6, 7\}| = 5 \quad |\Gamma(5)| = |\{1, 3, 7\}| = 3$$

$$A(1,7) = \sum_{z \in \{4, 5\}} \frac{1}{\log |\Gamma(z)|} = \frac{1}{\log 5} + \frac{1}{\log 3} = 1.431 + 2.096 = 3.527$$

$$A(1,6) = \sum_{z \in \{3, 4\}} \frac{1}{\log |\Gamma(z)|} = \frac{1}{\log 5} + \frac{1}{\log 5} = \frac{2}{\log 5} = 2.861$$

$A(1,7) > A(1,6) \Rightarrow (1,7)$ is more likely to form a link

c. Preferential attachment $P(1,7)$ vs $P(1,6)$

$$P(1,7) = |\Gamma(1)| \cdot |\Gamma(7)| = 4 \cdot 4 = 16$$

$$P(1,6) = |\Gamma(1)| \cdot |\Gamma(6)| = 4 \cdot 3 = 12$$

$P(1,7) > P(1,6) \Rightarrow (1,7)$ is more likely to form a link

d. Katz $K(1,7)$ vs $K(1,6)$ $\beta = 0.05$

$$\sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \beta^l \cdot |\text{paths}_{x,y}^{(l)}| = \sum_{l=1}^3 0.05^l \cdot |\text{paths}_{x,y}^{(l)}| \quad \text{using } l \rightarrow 3$$

$$K(1,7) = 0.05^1 \cdot 0 + 0.05^2 \cdot 2 + 0.05^3 \cdot 5 = 0.005625$$

$$K(1,6) = 0.05^1 \cdot 0 + 0.05^2 \cdot 2 + 0.05^3 \cdot 7 = 0.005875$$

$K(1,7) < K(1,6) \Rightarrow (1,6)$ is more likely to form a link

e. SimRank with $C=1$ $S(1,7)$ vs $S(1,6)$

$$S_0(a,b) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } a \neq b \\ 1 & \text{if } a = b \end{cases}$$

$$|\Gamma(1)| = |\{2, 3, 4, 5\}| = 4$$

$$S_{k+1}(a,b) = \frac{C}{|\Gamma(a)| \cdot |\Gamma(b)|} \cdot \sum_{i \in \Gamma(a)} \sum_{j \in \Gamma(b)} S(i,j)$$

$$|\Gamma(6)| = |\{3, 4, 7\}| = 3 \quad |\Gamma(7)| = |\{4, 5, 6, 8\}| = 4$$

$$S_0(1,7) = 0 \Rightarrow S_1(1,7) = \frac{1}{4 \cdot 4} \cdot \sum_{i \in \Gamma(1)} \sum_{j \in \Gamma(7)} S(i,j) = \frac{1}{4 \cdot 4} \cdot (1+1) = \frac{2}{16} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$S_0(1,6) = 0 \Rightarrow S_1(1,6) = \frac{1}{4 \cdot 3} \cdot \sum_{i \in \Gamma(1)} \sum_{j \in \Gamma(6)} S(i,j) = \frac{1}{12} \cdot (1+1) = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$S(1,7) < S(1,6) \Rightarrow (1,6)$ is more likely to form a link.