

# N<sup>TH</sup> FIBONACCI NUMBER

## 1. DESCRIPTION

The Fibonacci numbers are a sequence of integers defined by the recurrence relation  $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$ , where  $F_n$  is the  $n^{\text{th}}$  number in the series and  $F_0 = 0$  and  $F_1 = 1$ . This sequence appears frequently in mathematics, computer science, and even biology, and has been described in mathematical texts for centuries.

## 2. APPLICATIONS

- A. Golden Ratio –  $F_n / F_{n-1}$  approaches  $\phi$  as  $n$  approaches  $\infty$
- B. Fibonacci heap – data structure for priority queues
- C. Hilbert's Tenth Problem – Fibonacci numbers used to show unsolvability
- D. Bee ancestry – bee reproduction creates an unusual number of ancestors
- E. Brock-Mirman model – a generalized sequence is used in an optimal control function
- F. Fibonacci Quarterly & the Fibonacci Association – publishing scholarly work since 1963

## 3. COMPETING ALGORITHMS

- A. Recursion
  - i. Directly implement recurrence relation  $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$ ,  $F_0 = 0$  and  $F_1 = 1$
  - ii. Creates a recursion tree of height  $n$
  - iii. Each level,  $L$ , has at most  $2^L$  sub problems
  - iv.  $T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) \rightarrow O(2^n)$
- B. Dynamic Programming
  - i. Store the previously calculated numbers in an array
  - ii. Add new numbers to the array by summing the last 2 elements only
  - iii. 1 for loop of  $n - 1$  elements  $\rightarrow O(n)$

## 4. EXPERIMENTS

- A. Implement both algorithms such that run times are reported in milliseconds
- B. Graph run times on y axis, value of n on x axis
- C. Run times will be very large for large values of n with recursion, but possibly imperceptible with dynamic programming
- D. Data type size limitations may prevent large values of n from being found
- E. Special implementations of the dynamic programming algorithm may be needed to observe changes in run time

## 5. PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

- A. Java

## 6. SOURCES

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