SQL WORKSHEET 3 SOLUTIONS

SOLUTION 1 -

- -> create table Customers
- -> (customerNumber int,
- -> customerName varchar(10),
- -> contactLastName varchar(10),
- -> contactFirstName varchar(10),
- -> phone int,
- -> addressLine1 varchar(20),
- -> addressLine2 varchar(20),
- -> city varchar(10),
- -> state varchar (10),
- -> postalCode int,
- -> country varchar(10),
- -> salesRepEmployeeNumber varchar(10),
- -> creditLimit int);

later I have made the customerNumber as primary key using the below command:

ALTER TABLE Customers MODIFY customerNumber int NOT NULL;

alter table Customers

-> add primary key (customerNumber);

SOLUTION 2 –

mysql> create table Orders

- -> (orderNumber int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
- -> orderDate DATE,
- -> requiredDate DATE,
- -> shippedDate DATE,
- -> status varchar(10),
- -> comments varchar(100),
- -> customerNumber int,

-> FOREIGN KEY (customerNumber) REFERENCES Customers(customerNumber)
->);

SOLUTION 3 –

SHOW COLUMNS FROM Orders; OR desc Orders;

SOLUTION4 -

SELECT comments FROM Orders;

SOLUTION 5 -

SELECT orderDate from Orders;

SELECT orderDate,count(orderNumber) from Orders WHERE orderDate = '2005-02-10';

SOLUTION 6 -

SELECT employeNumber, lastName, firstName from employees;

SOLUTION 7 -

SELECT orderNumber,customerName FROM Orders,Customers WHERE Orders.customerNumber = Customers.customerNumber

SOLUTION 8 -

SELECT customers.customerName, CONCAT(employees.firstName,'', employees.lastName) FROM customers JOIN employees ON customers.salesRepEmployeeNumber = employees.employeeNumber;

SOLUTION 9 -

SELECT paymentDate,amount FROM payments

Or if we want the data of a particular date we can write as:

SELECT paymentDate,SUM(amount) FROM payments WHERE paymentDate = '2004-06-21';

SOLUTION 10-

SELECT productName, MSRP, productDescription FROM products;

SOLUTION 11 -

SELECT productName, productDescription, MAX(quantityOrdered) FROM products

JOIN orderdetails ON products.productCode = orderdetails.productCode;

SOLUTION 12 -

Below code will give the city names in descending order based on the number of orders. SELECT city, COUNT(city)

FROM customers LEFT JOIN orders ON customers.customerNumber = orders.customerNumber

GROUP BY city

ORDER BY COUNT(city) DESC

limit 1;

SOLUTION 13 -

SELECT state, COUNT(state)

FROM customers

GROUP BY state

order by count(state) DESC

limit 1;

SOLUTION 14 -

SELECT employeeNumber, CONCAT(firstName, '',lastName) as Emp_Name FROM employees AS emp_details;

SOLUTION 15 -

SELECT a.orderNumber, a.priceEach*a.quantityOrdered as Total_amount, c.customerName

FROM orderdetails a

JOIN orders b ON a.orderNumber = b.orderNumber

JOIN customers c ON b.customerNumber = c.customerNumber;