Props in React

 Props in React are short for "properties". They are used to pass data from one component to another, usually from a parent to a child component.

Key Points:

- Props are read-only (immutable).
- They help make components reusable and dynamic.

```
function App() {
  return <Greeting name="Arun" />;
  }

function Greeting(props) {
  return <h1>Hello, {props.name}</h1>;
  }
```

Advantages of Props in React:

- Data Passing: Easily pass data from parent to child components.
- Reusability: Make components reusable by changing props.
- Maintainability: Helps keep code modular and organized.
- Stateless Components: Enable creation of pure functional components.
- Unidirectional Flow: Ensures predictable data flow (top-down).
- Dynamic Rendering: Components render dynamically based on prop values.

Can props send data from:

- Parent to child -- Yes
- Child to child -- No (you pass through the parent)
- Child to parent -- No (use callback function for this)