

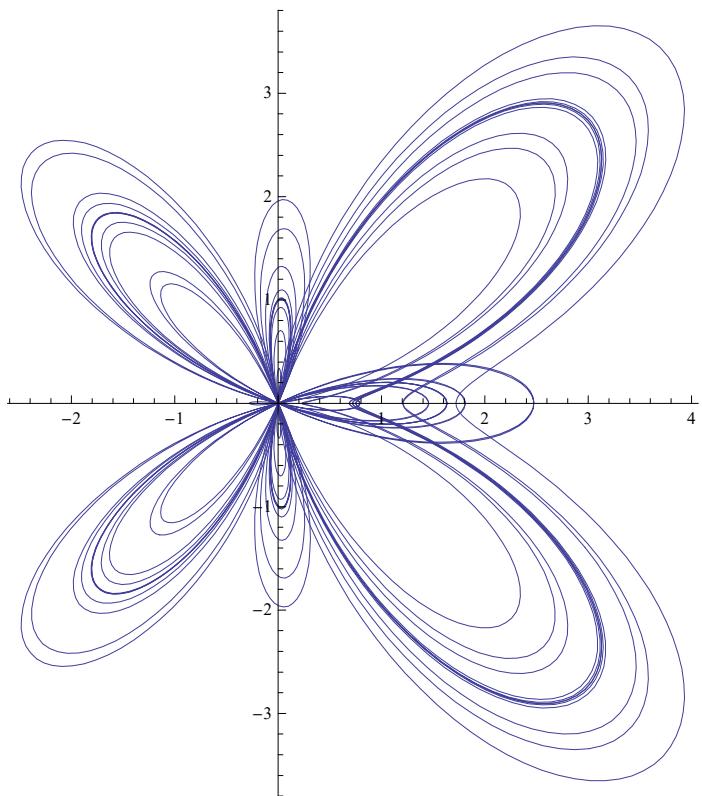
Question 01

$$r = e^{\cos[t]} - 2 * \cos[4 * t] + \sin[t / 12]^5$$

$$e^{\cos[t]} - 2 \cos[4t] + \sin\left[\frac{t}{12}\right]^5$$

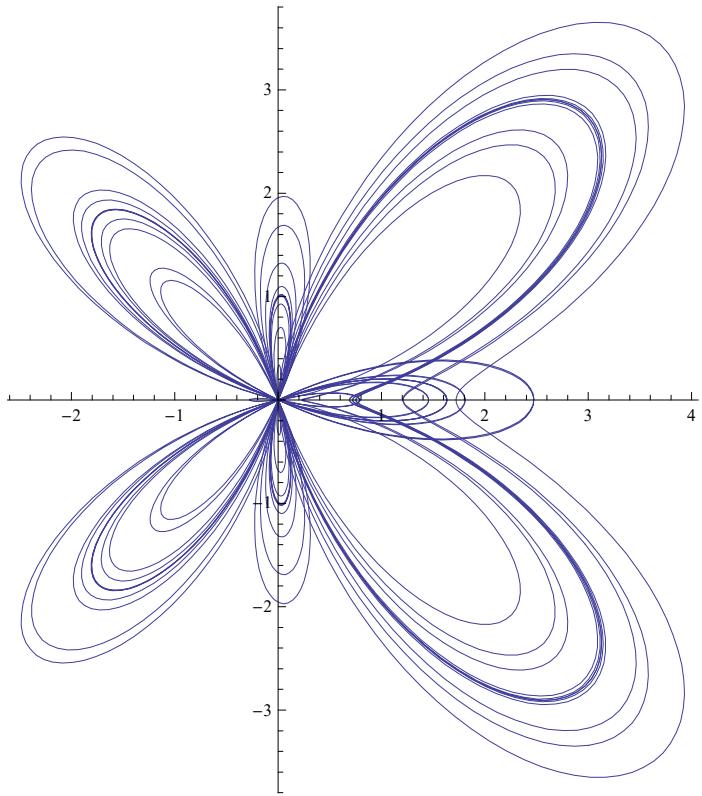
(a) Using polar plot

```
PolarPlot[r, {t, 0, 24 * Pi}]
```



(b) Using ParametricPlot

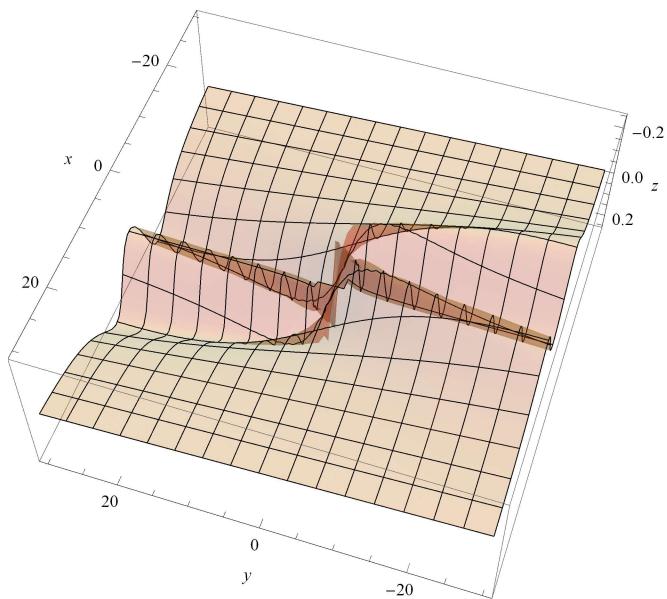
```
ParametricPlot[r {Cos[t], Sin[t]}, {t, 0, 24 * Pi}]
```



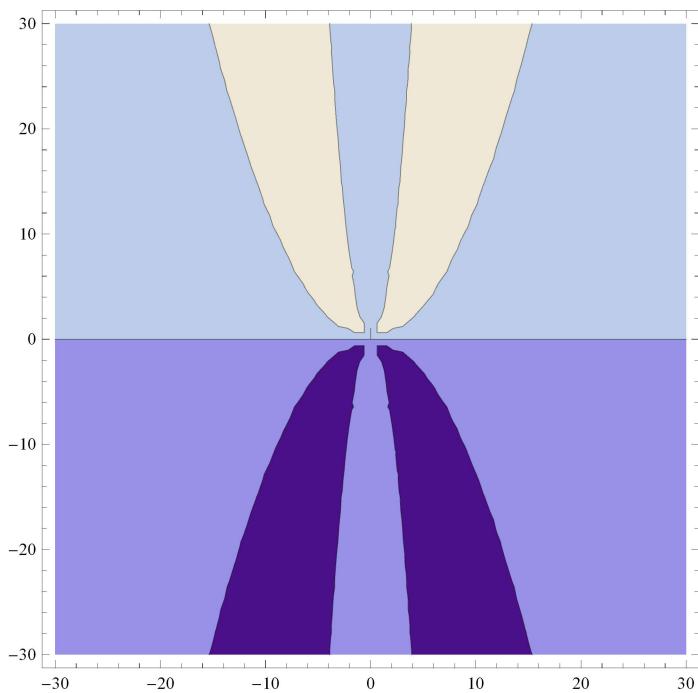
Question 02

$$f[x_, y_] := \frac{x^2 * y}{x^4 + 4 * y^2}$$

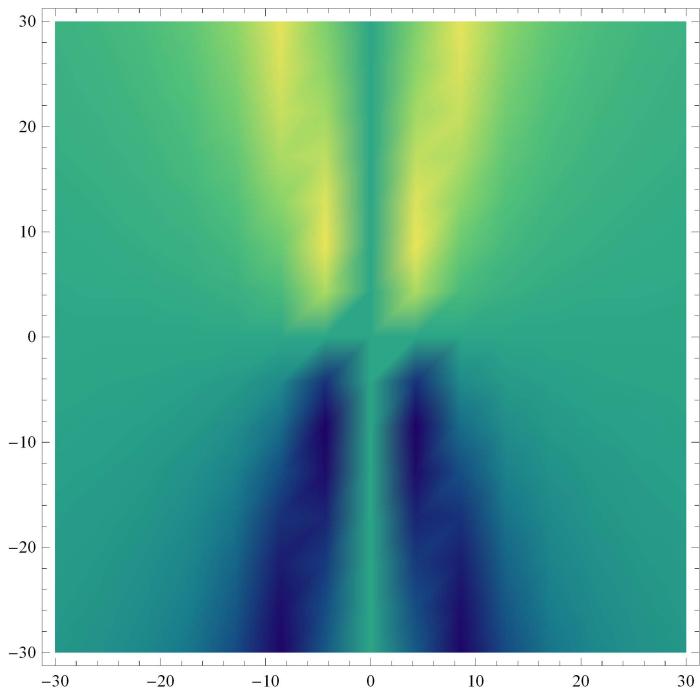
```
Plot3D[f[x, y], {x, -30, 30}, {y, -30, 30},  
Axes → {True, True, True}, AxesLabel → {x, y, z},  
PlotStyle → Directive[Opacity[.25], Orange],  
PlotPoints → 50]
```



```
ContourPlot[f[x, y], {x, -30, 30}, {y, -30, 30}, Contours → 3]
```



```
DensityPlot[f[x, y], {x, -30, 30}, {y, -30, 30}, ColorFunction -> "BlueGreenYellow"]
```



Question 03

```

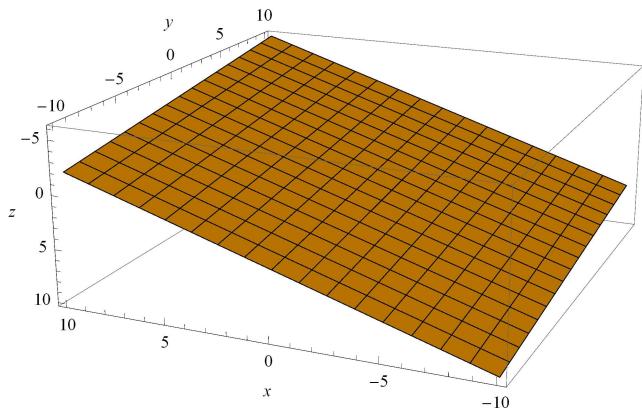
p = {-2, 1, 3}; n = {3, 1, 5}; r = {x, y, z};
eq1 = (r - p).n == 0
eq = Solve[eq1, z]
res = eq[[1, 1, 2]]
Plot3D[res, {x, -10, 10}, {y, -10, 10},
AxesLabel → {x, y, z}, PlotStyle → Orange, PlotPoints → 200]

```

$$-1 + 3(2 + x) + y + 5(-3 + z) == 0$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ z \rightarrow \frac{1}{5} (10 - 3x - y) \right\} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} (10 - 3x - y)$$



Question 04

```
ClearAll["Global`*"]
```

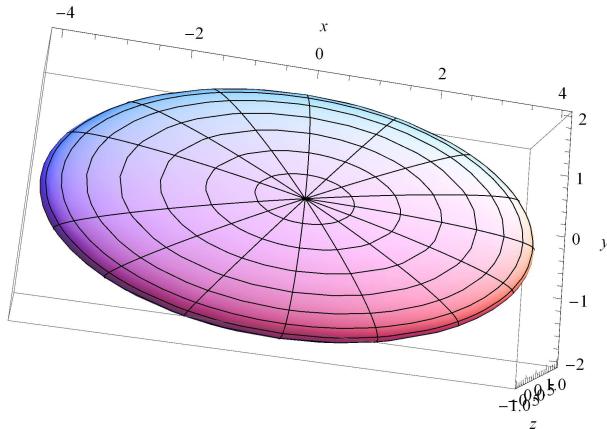
```
ClearAll
```

$$\text{eq1} = \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{4} + z^2 == 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{4} + z^2 == 1$$

(i) ParametricPlot3D

```
ParametricPlot3D[{4 * Cos[t] * Cos[r], 2 * Cos[t] * Sin[r], Sin[t]},  
{t, -Pi / 2, Pi / 2}, {r, -Pi, Pi}, Axes → Automatic, AxesLabel → {x, y, z}]
```

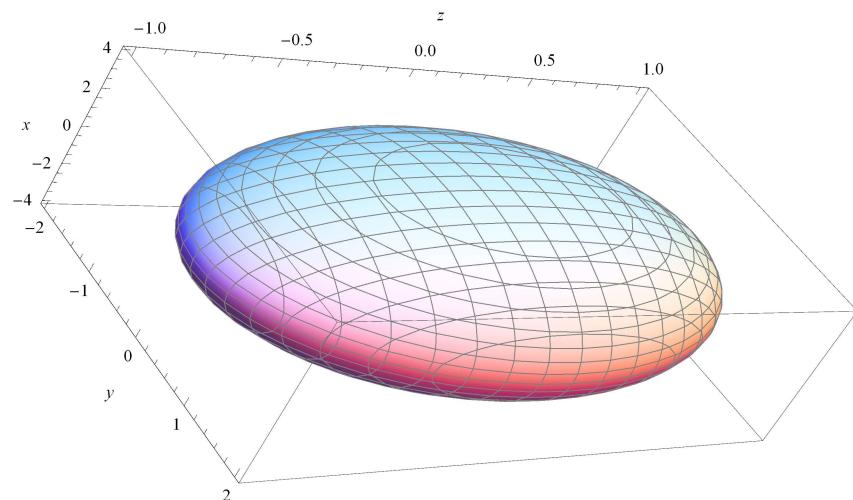


(ii) ContourPlot3D

eq1

$$\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{4} + z^2 = 1$$

```
ContourPlot3D[ $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{4} + z^2 = 1$ ,  
{x, -4, 4}, {y, -2, 2}, {z, -1, 1},  
BoxRatios → {1, 2, 4}, AxesLabel → {x, y, z}, MeshStyle → Gray  
]
```

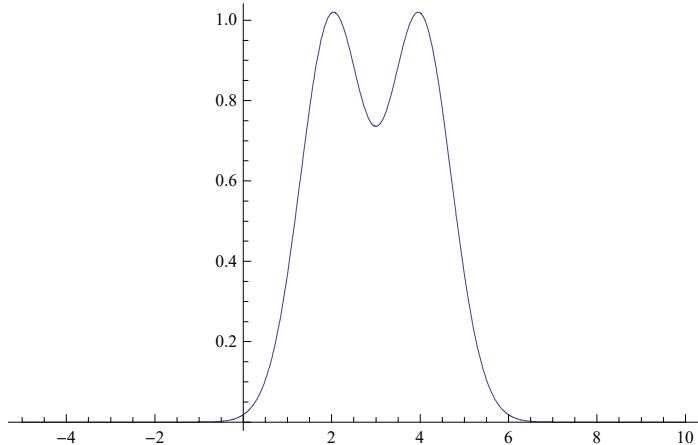


Question 05

```
f[x_] := e^{-(x-2)^2} + e^{-(x-4)^2}
```

(i) Plot function

```
Plot[f[x], {x, -5, 10}]
```



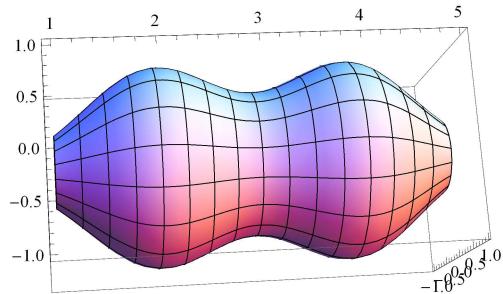
(ii) Volume revolving disc and washer method

```
vol = Integrate[Pi * f[x]^2, {x, 1, 5}] // N
8.76132
```

(iii) X-axis

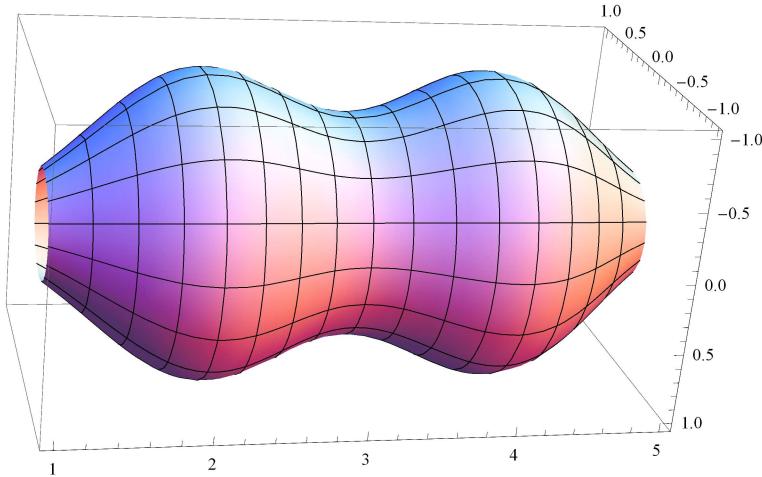
RevolutionPlot3D

```
RevolutionPlot3D[f[x], {x, 1, 5}, RevolutionAxis -> {1, 0, 0}]
```



ParametricPlot3D

```
ParametricPlot3D[{f[x] * Cos[t], f[x] * Sin[t], x},
{x, 1, 5}, {t, 0, 2 * Pi}, BoxRatios -> Automatic]
```



(iv) Volume by cylindrical shell method

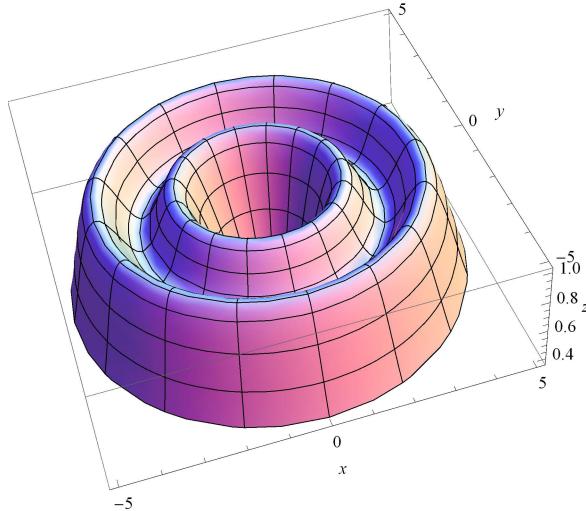
$$\text{vol2} = \int_1^5 f[x] * 2 * \pi * x \, dx / N$$

61.5638

(v) Y-Axis

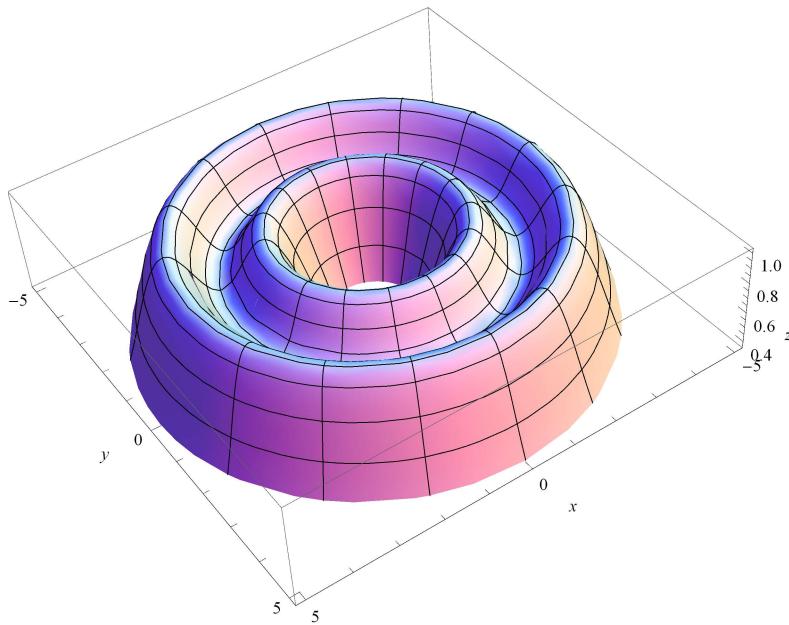
RevolutionPlot3D

```
RevolutionPlot3D[f[x], {x, 1, 5}, RevolutionAxis -> {0, 0, 1}, AxesLabel -> {x, y, z}]
```



ParametricPlot3D

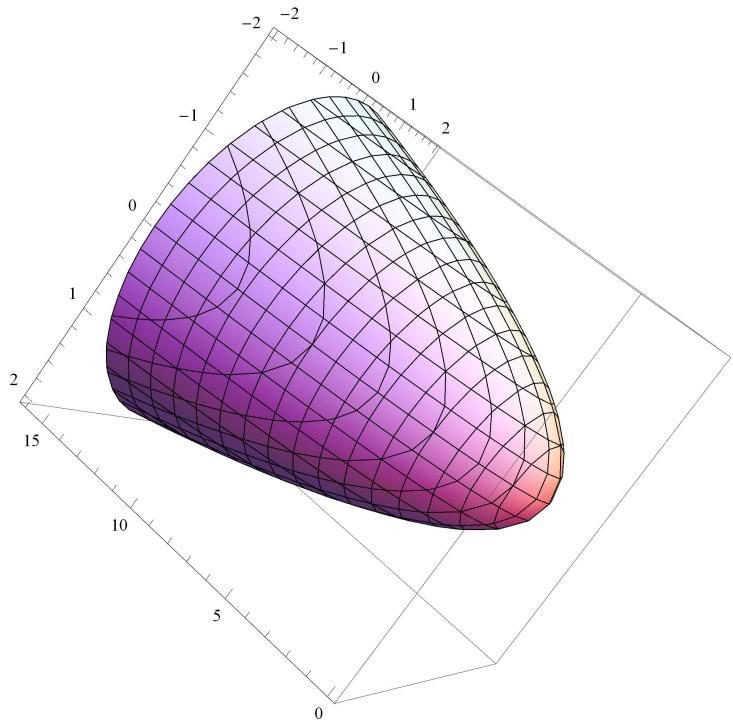
```
ParametricPlot3D[{x * Cos[t], x * Sin[t], f[x]}, {x, 1, 5}, {t, 0, 2 * Pi}, BoxRatios -> {4, 4, 1}, AxesLabel -> {x, y, z}]
```

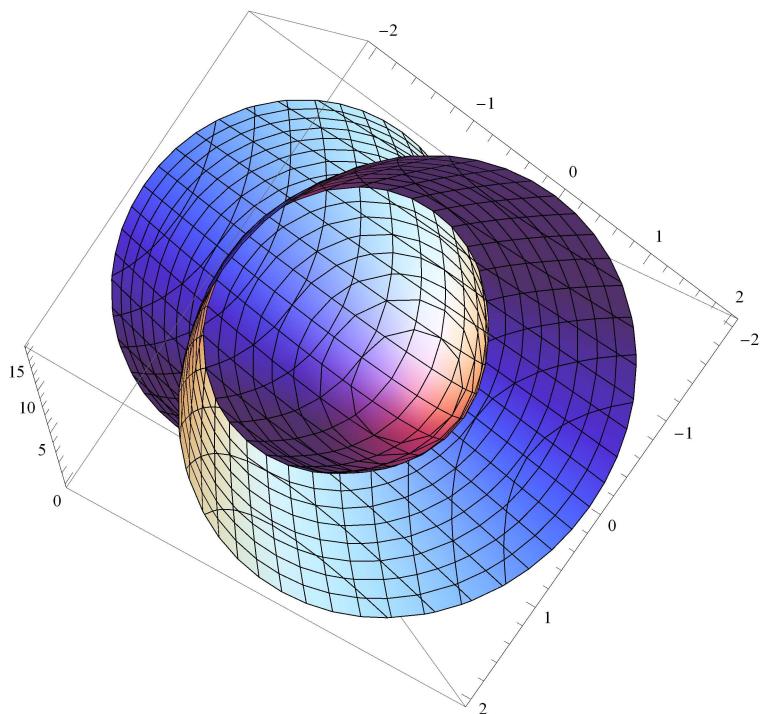
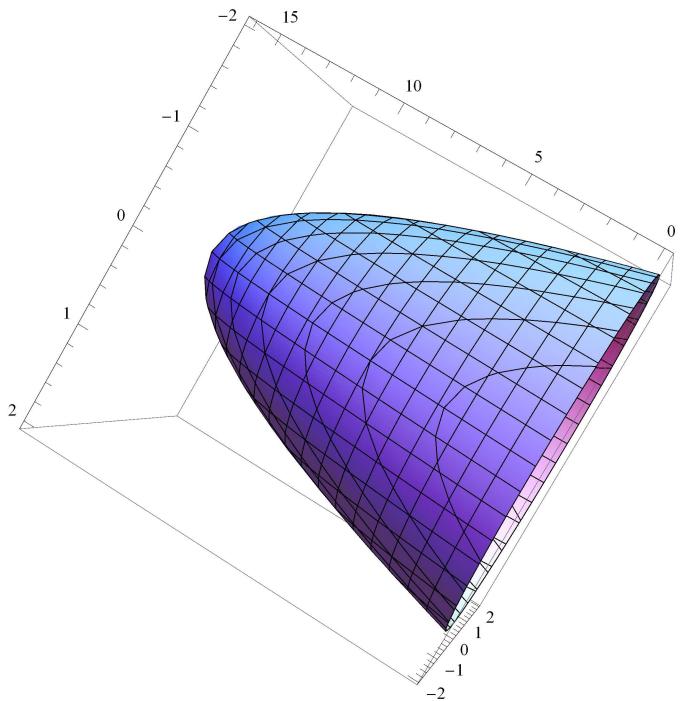


Question 06

```
z1 = 4 * x^2 + 4 * y^2;
z2 = 16 - 4 * x^2 - 4 * y^2;

g1 = ContourPlot3D[z == 4 * x^2 + 4 * y^2, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, {z, 0, 16}]
g2 = ContourPlot3D[z == 16 - (4 * x^2 + 4 * y^2), {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, {z, 0, 16}]
Show[g1, g2]
```





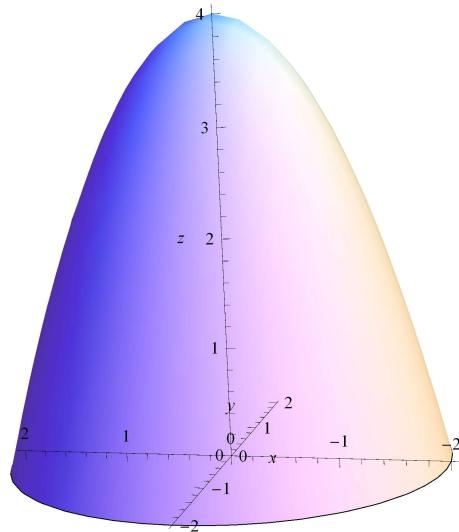
```
vol = Integrate[z2 - z1, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}]
```

$$\frac{128}{3}$$

Question 07

Remove [x, y, z]

```
z == 4 - x^2 - y^2;
ContourPlot3D[z == 4 - x^2 - y^2, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, {z, 0, 4},
AxesOrigin -> {0, 0, 0}, AxesLabel -> {x, y, z}, Mesh -> None, Boxed -> False]
```



```
vol = Integrate[r * (4 - r^2), {t, 0, 2 * Pi}, {r, 0, 2}]
```

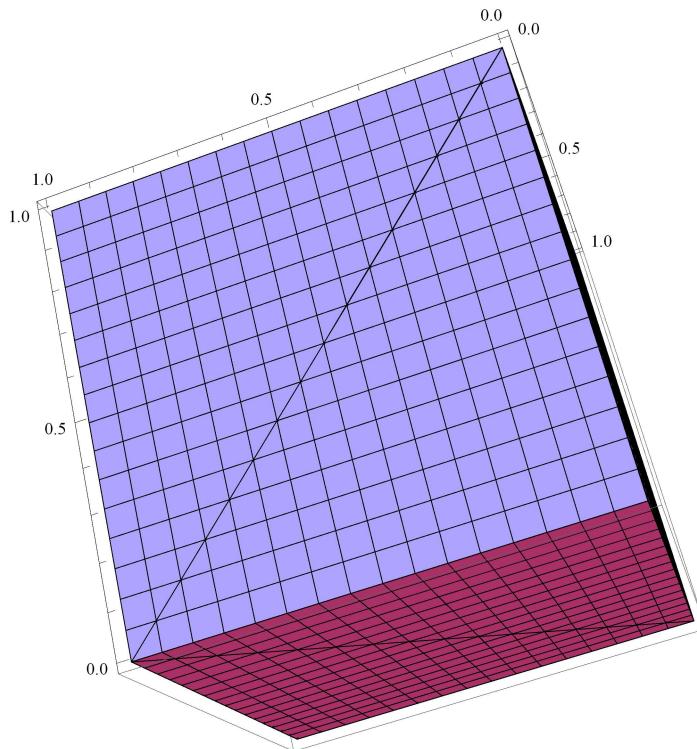
8π

Question 08

```

g1 = ContourPlot3D[z == 1 - x - y, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {z, 0, 1}];
g2 = ContourPlot3D[z == 1 + x + y, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {z, 0, 1}];
g3 = ContourPlot3D[y == 1 - x, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {z, 0, 1}];
g4 = ContourPlot3D[y == 0, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {z, 0, 1}];
g5 = ContourPlot3D[x == 0, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {z, 0, 1}];
g6 = ContourPlot3D[z == 1, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {z, 0, 1}];
g7 = ContourPlot3D[z == 0, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {z, 0, 1}];
Show[g1, g2, g3, g4, g5, g6, g7]

```



```

rho = (1 + x^2 + y^2);
dV = Abs[1 + x + y - (1 - x - y)];
mass = Integrate[rho * dV, {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1 - x}]

```

$\frac{14}{15}$

Question 09

```

f[x_, y_] := 4 / (x^2 + y^2 + 1)
x0 = 1 / 2; y0 = 1;

```

```

s1 = D[f[x, y], x] /. {x → x0, y → y0};
s2 = D[f[x, y], y] /. {x → x0, y → y0};
s3 = -1;
r = {s1, s2, s3};
X = {x, y, z};
x0 = {x0, y0, f[x0, y0]};

tangent = Solve[r.(X - x0) == 0, z][[1, 1, 2]]

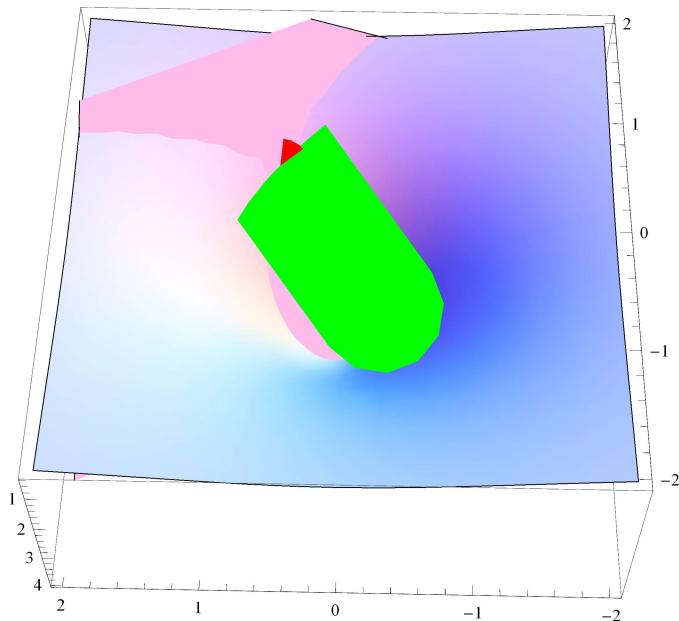
$$-\frac{16}{81} (-19 + 4 x + 8 y)$$


normal = Solve[(x - x0)/t == r, {x, y, z}] // Flatten

$$\left\{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{162} (81 - 128 t), y \rightarrow \frac{1}{81} (81 - 128 t), z \rightarrow \frac{1}{9} (16 - 9 t)\right\}$$


g1 = Plot3D[f[x, y], {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, Mesh → None];
g2 = Plot3D[tangent, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, Mesh → None];
g3 = ParametricPlot3D[Table[normal[[i, 2]], {i, 1, 3}],
  {t, -1, 1}, PlotStyle → {RGBColor[0, 1, 0], Thickness[.2]}];
(*g4=PlotPoints[Point[x0]]*)
Show[g1, g2, g3, Graphics3D[{Red, PointSize[.1], Point[x0]}]]

```



Question 10

```
LessPrimes[n_] := Module[
  {a = n, p = {}},
  For[i = 1, i ≤ a, i++,
    If[PrimeQ[i], p = Append[p, i]]
  ]
; p
]
LessP = LessPrimes[50]
{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47}
```