

# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING THAPATHALI CAMPUS

Proposal
On
Online Bus Ticket Software

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## **ABSTRACT**

Your abstract here. (1 Paragraph)

Keywords: [important and most frequently used words in your document (may be technology, algorithms, concepts, theorem etc. avoid generic terms) (Italic, alphabetical order, at least 5)

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#### **List of Abbreviations**

AC Alternating Current

ADC Analog to Digital Converter

API Application Programming Interface

BCM Broadcom

CMOS Complementary Metallic Oxide Semiconductor

CMS Center Monitoring System

CSS Cascading Style Sheets

DHCP Dynamic Host Control Protocol

et al. And Others

FTP File Transfer Protocol

FTPS File Transfer Protocol Secure

GIS Geographic Information System

GPIO General Purpose Input Output

GPRS General Packet Radio Service

GPS Global Positioning System

GPU Graphics Processor Unit

GUI Graphical User Interface

HDMI High Definition Media Interface

HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol

HTML Hypertext Markup Language

IDLE Integrated Development Environment

IP Internet Protocol

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Background

The software will be created using C programming using its different libraries supporting string and other standard things and file handling. Our "Online Bus Ticketing Software" would contain two servers. One for client another for the admin. Clients can see available buses, check seat availability, book and cancel their reservations and check their details entered whereas the admin side would have option to add or remove buses to any routes and time and see all passenger details. This is console based software where all operations takes place in console of the computer. Overall, the project would help us get hands on experience in C program as well as strengthen our understanding of C programming basics, including file handling, libraries, and useful functions.

#### 1.2 Motivation

For the first project using C program in Bachelor level, we decided to prepare something simple yet beneficial for us to understand different libraries, file handling and other useful keywords and functions of C programming and make our basics strong. Our plan was to built something that would make us work comfortably and enhance our coding skills on the same time. So, we decided to prepare "Online Bus Ticket Software". This software is not a new concept but as a first semester student it would help in enhancing our performance practically as well as theoretically helping in code redundancy and be familiar with different libraries and explore new syntax and libraries of C program. For our group, this project is officially a starting point of our coding journey and hope it goes in our way.

#### 1.3 Objectives

The main objective of this project is:

- To understand file handling, data structure and input/output operations
- To ensure proper storage and retrieval of ticketing data using files

#### 1.4 Scope and Applications

The Online Bus Ticketing Software provides a simple easy to use platform for passengers to book them bus tickets. Some of its functionalities includes viewing available buses, checking availability of seats, booking bus tickets, canceling their reservation, and displaying passenger's details. The system uses file handling to store and retrieve data on routes, bookings, and passenger information. Designed in C program, the project ensures that the working of the project is efficient by menu-driven interface and input validation. While focused on core functionalities, the system has scalability and real-time update issues; it thus acts more as a stand-alone educational prototype.

This project will provide a practical implementation of C programming concepts for first-year students, such as input/output operations, data structures and file handling. It will also provide basic knowledge about the real projects dealing with reservation systems, whether for buses, trains, or flights. The project can also be presented as an academic project or demonstration for showcasing problem-solving, data management, workflow and design skills. Moreover, it might be stepping stone toward more complex systems with networking, GUI integrations, or online payments for future projects. Finally, it is practical experience and provides an introduction to the practical implementation of the concepts of programming.

#### 2. LITERATURE REVIEW

A consultant with European Metropolitan Transport Authority (EMTA), Mohamed Mezghani (2008) stated that EMTA has established a working group to work on the issue of electronic ticketing. This group is mandated to generate knowledge, exchange/compile information and learn from the experience of its members in the field of electronic ticketing. In his framework, EMTA has launched a study on electronic ticketing in public transport under the supervision of the working group and they designed certain concepts such as the public transport pricing, public transport ticketing and electronic ticketing in public transport. On the contrary, his research which discussed certain concepts in relation to electronic ticketing in public transport was a one-directional article which didn't relate the idea about customer reserving seats and for their journey at a date chosen by them. Nevertheless, this project will be designed to encapsulate these areas mentioned as well as display certain screenshots of the customers' reservations system.[1]

#### 2.1 RedBus

redBus is an online platform form where one can book bus through their portal or mobile app. Based in Bangalore, India, redBus operates over 3,500 buses across different countries like India, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Peru and Colombia. It has enabled more than 180 million trips and has a customer base of over 20 million. In 2018, the company reached a GMV of ₹50 billion, which is approximately ₹67 billion or \$770 million in 2023, with a market share of 70% in the Indian online bus ticketing market.

Founded in the year 2006 by three engineers from BITS Pilani-Phanindra Sama, Sudhakar Pasupunuri, and Charan Padmaraju-with an initial investment of ₹500,000, the company was later acquired by Ibibo Group in 2013, which itself merged with MakeMyTrip in 2017. Other than this, redBus owns BOGDS, a cloud service for bus operators, and SeatSeller, a GDS for the distribution of the bus inventory.[2]

#### 2.2 Bus Sewa

Bus Sewa is an online platform that facilitates the purchase of bus tickets, providing a diverse selection for long and medium-distance travel to numerous destinations throughout Nepal. The platform offers real-time ticketing for luxury, tourist, and regular buses without any additional booking charges. With rigorous passenger services, Bus

Sewa has successfully served over 1 million passengers over the years. It is the platform where numerous bus companies sell bus tickets to passengers from around the world. Bus Sewa now has become one of the leading online bus tickets buying platform of Nepal due to its user-friendly interface and conveniency. [3]

## 3. PROPOSED SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

Your system and architecture here. Your system and architecture here. Your system and architecture here. Your system and architecture here.

## 3.1 Sub-heading 1 – Block Diagram or System Architecture

(Explain all the building blocks of your system in details explaining what and how it does the things) Your system and architecture here. Your system and architecture here.

## 3.2 Sub-heading 2 – Data Flow Diagram (and other design methods)

Your system and architecture here. Your system and architecture here. Your system and architecture here. Your system and architecture here.

#### 3.3 Tools and Environment

VS Code was used to program this software.

#### 4. METHODOLOGY

The various methodologies that were used in gathering data and analysis which are relevant to the research includes different header files, structures and file handling.

#### 4.1 Header Files

In C language, header files contain the set of predefined standard library functions. It contains C function declarations and macro definitions to be shared between several source files. In this project, we have used several header files as per convenience that are listed below:

- stdio.h
- stdlib.h
- string.h
- conio.h

## 4.2 Functions and Conditional Statements

Functions are used in almost every step of development of this software. Any activity to be performed if handed out to the respective functions which makes the program readable as well as efficient. These user defined functions are accessed from main functions.

Similarly, conditional statements are also used densely in the program. What is to be done when something specific happens is governed by the conditional statements in the programming world. They make programming easier by branching out a single statement with multiple outcomes. The customer can choose the type of bus he wants to do in desired location in desired time and have his desired seat and can cancel the tickets anytime before bus leaves.

## 4.3 File Handling

File handling in C provides the facility for persistence, that is, storing and retrieving related data in an online bus ticketing system. A typical system involves a number of data, such as information about buses, passenger bookings, and transactions made. For such data management, files can be opened in modes like r, w, a with functions like fopen(), fscanf(), fprintf() and fclose().

The file can store all the information in "buses.txt" that may include details of bus number, routes, and sitting capacity. And, when this data is fetched to make available the viewable buses of a user using fscanf(), this would display to him. Using fprintf(), he could write upon every booking with details like Ticket Id, bus Id, Name, and Seat number in an existing file "tickets.txt" in case he wanted to book the seat, cancel, or edit the book.

A mode, while "a" mode ensures appending without overwriting the previous records. In the same manner, it reads the data within the file in order to have current occupancy, previous bookings, and transactions maintained within the system. The respective error handling mechanism needs to be maintained for every filling operation. Because the information remains there for different sessions, this makes file handling a strong and efficient and scalable system that handles bookings and bus management with transaction handling

#### 5. TIME ESTIMATION

Gantt chart

#### 6. FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS

In the context of Nepal, a feasibility analysis for an online bus ticketing softwware would consider factors specific to the local environment, infrastructure, and regulatory requirements. Below is how the feasibility analysis applies to Nepal:

## **6.1** Technical Feasibility

Internet access in Nepal is on the path to improvement; however, in rural areas, there's poor connectivity. In such cases, an online bus ticketing system should be able to support these customers through some offline functionalities. Though the software was created in C program, but interfaces and integrations of payments and navigations will need a combination of C with web technologies-HTML, JavaScript, PHP, or mobile development tools. The system should be integrated with local payment gateways like eSewa and Khalti and support multiple languages.

## **6.2** Operational Feasibility

The software should have a user-friendly interface that would allow the people with minimal computer skills to utilize this software, and it should support mobile and desktop versions because of the high mobile usage in Nepal. It requires an intuitive interface and support for various languages to increase its usage. This will involve ongoing support and maintenance, ensuring there is a customer service channel that will handle bookings, payments, and inquiries efficiently. The system should be scalable to handle increasing users, have various bus routes, and bookings with increased internet access and the use of mobile phones.

## **6.3** Economic Feasibility

The C-based online bus ticketing system may be cheaper in an initial stage, but integrating it with web technologies, payment gateways, and mobile apps will add the budget to it. It needs skilled developers, server infrastructure, and maintenance costs. It provides the revenue potential in the form of ticket sales, ads, or partnerships with the bus companies; however, in rural areas, the adoption may be slow due to low digital

literacy and access to the internet. The project should align with Nepal's economic constraints, offering low transaction fees to attract users.

## 6.4 Legal Feasibility

The system shall be at par with the local law and regulations on data privacy laws, such as the Personal Data Protection Act; it has to adhere to set regulations by the Department of Transport Management, Nepal. It assures security management in users' data and the validity of transactions. The system would need cooperation from bus operators and, where necessary, permits from transport authorities to access or manipulate data about bus timetables and bookings. The integration of payment gateways should also follow the set standards for the same.

# References

- [1] Mohamed Mezghani, "Study on electronic ticketing in public transport", May 2008
- [2] Wikipedia, "redBus", January 2025.
- [3] Tripadvisior, "Bus Sewa", January 2025