

**/\*WAP for array implementation of Linear Queue\*/**

**#include<iostream>**

**using namespace std;**

**#define SIZE 5**

**class Queue**

**{**

**int A[SIZE];**

**int Front;**

**int Rear;**

**public:**

**Queue()**

**{**

**Front=-1;**

**Rear=-1;**

**}**

**bool isempty()**

**{**

**if(Front== -1 && Rear == -1)**

**return true;**

**else**

**return false;**

**}**

**bool isfull()**

**{**

**if(Rear == SIZE-1)**

**return true;**

**else**

**return false;**

**}**

**void enqueue(int value)**

**{**

**if(isfull())**

**{**

**cout<<"queue is full"<<endl;**

**}**

**else**

**{**

```

        if(Front==-1)//first element is inserted
        {
            Front=0;
        }
        Rear++;
        A[Rear]= value;
        //inserting value
    }
}
void dequeue()
{
    if(isempty())
    {
        cout<<"Queue is empty\n";
    }
    else if(Front==Rear) //only one element
    {
        Front=Rear=-1;
    }
    else
    {
        Front++;
    }
}
void showfront()
{
    if(isempty())
    {
        cout<<"Queue is empty\n";
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"element at front is"<<A[Front];
    }
}
void showQueue()
{

```

```

    if(isempty())
    {
        cout<<"Queue is empty\n";
    }
    else
    {
        for (int i=Front; i<=Rear; i++)
        {
            cout<<A[i]<<endl;;
        }
    }
}
};

void menu()
{
    Queue q;
    char choice;
    while (choice!='3')
    {
        cout<<"\n\n\n\n"<<endl;
        cout<<"_____MENU_____"<<endl;
        cout<<"1. Enqueue an element\n"<<endl;
        cout<<"2. Dequeue an element\n"<<endl;
        cout<<"3. Display all elements\n"<<endl;
        cout<<"4. Display front elements\n"<<endl;
        cout<<"5. Exit\n"<<endl;
        cout<<"enter a choice \t"<<endl;
        cin>>choice;
        if(choice=='1')
        {
            int n;
            cout<<"Enter an element to be enqueued"<<endl;
            cin>>n;
            cout<<"\n\n\n"<<endl;
            q.enqueue(n);
        }
        else if(choice=='2')

```

```

        {
            cout<<"\n\n\n"<<endl;
            q.dequeue();
        }
        else if(choice=='5')
        {
            break;
        }
        else if(choice=='3')
        {
            q.showQueue();
        }
        else if(choice=='4')
        {
            q.showfront();
        }
    }
}
int main()
{
    menu();
}

```

**/\*WAP for array implementation of Linear Queue\*/**

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class queue
{
    int FRONT;
    int REAR;
    int MAX;
    int *arr;
public:
    queue()
    {
        cout<<"Enter the size of queue:\t";
        cin>>MAX;
    }
}

```

```

    FRONT=-1;
    REAR=-1;
    arr = new int[MAX];
}
bool is_empty()
{
    if ((FRONT== -1) || (FRONT>REAR))
    {
        return true;
    }
    else
    {
        return false;
    }
}
bool is_full()
{
    if (REAR>=MAX-1)
    {
        return true;
    }
    else
    {
        return false;
    }
}
void enqueue(int num)
{
    if (REAR == -1 && FRONT== -1)
    {
        FRONT=0;
    }
    if (!is_full())
    {
        REAR+=1;
        arr[REAR]=num;
    }
}

```

```

    else
    {
        cout<<"*****Overflow*****"<<endl;
    }
}
int dequeue()
{
    if(!is_empty())
    {
        int VALUE=arr[FRONT];
        FRONT+=1;
        return VALUE;
    }
}
};
int main()
{
    queue q;
    int choice;
    int num;
    do
    {
        cout<<endl<<"Enter your choice:"<<endl;
        cout<<"1)enqueue"<<endl;
        cout<<"2)dequeue"<<endl;
        cout<<"3)quit"<<endl;
        cout<<"Enter your choice:\t";
        cin>>choice;
        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1:
                cout<<"\nEnter number to enqueue:\t";
                cin>>num;
                q.enqueue(num);
                break;
            case 2:
                if (!q.is_empty())

```

```

        {
            cout<<"\n*****Dequeued
number:"<<q.dequeue()<<"*****\n";
        }
        else
        {
            cout<<"*****Underflow*****"<<endl;
        }
        break;
    case 3:
        break;
    }
}
while (choice !=3);
}

```

**/\*WAP for array implementation of Linear Queue\*/**

```

#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#define capacity 9
using namespace std;
template <class X>
class Queue
{
private:
    X data[capacity];
    int front1,rear;
    bool IsEmpty()
    {
        if(front1>rear || front1==-1)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
    bool IsFull()
    {
        if(rear==(capacity-1))

```

```

        return true;
    else
        return false;
    }
public:
    Queue():front1(-1),rear(-1) {}
    void enqueue(X var)
    {
        if(IsFull())
            cout<<endl<<"Queue overflow"<<endl;
        else
        {
            if(front1 == -1)
                front1 =0;
            data[++rear]=var;
        }
    }
    void dequeue()
    {
        if(IsEmpty())
            cout<<"\nQueue underflow"<<endl;
        else
            cout<<"\nThe dequeued element is : "<<data[front1++]<<endl;
    }
    void Front()
    {
        if(IsEmpty())
            cout<<"\nQueue underflow"<<endl;
        else
            cout<<"\nThe front element of queue is : "<<data[front1]<<endl;
    }
};
int main()
{
    Queue <int>Q1;
    int choice;
    while(1)

```



```

{
    cout<<"1.Enqueue\n2.Dequeue\n3.View front element\n4.exit\nEnter
your choice ";
    cin>>choice;
    switch(choice)
    {
        case 1:
        {
            cout<<"Enter the value: ";
            cin>>choice;
            Q1.enqueue(choice);
            break;
        }
        case 2:
            Q1.dequeue();
            break;
        case 3:
            Q1.Front();
            break;
        default:
            exit(0);
    }
    cout<<"\n\n";
}
return 0;
}

```