## Assignment6-1

October 12, 2024

## 0.1 Assignment 6

1) Fill in the function "plot\_std\_normal\_with\_probability()" to draw the standard normal distribution curve.

```
[29]: import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from scipy.stats import norm
```

```
[31]: def plot_std_normal_with_probability(title, x, interval_1):
          Plot the standard normal curve with a filled-in area under
          the curve within one or two intervals of the x values.
          Oparam title the title of the graph.
          Oparam x the range of x values to graph.
          Oparam interval_1 one interval of the range.
          plt.plot(x, norm.pdf(x), color='blue')
          if isinstance(interval_1, (list, tuple)) and len(interval_1) == 2:
              plt.fill_between(x, 0, norm.pdf(x), where=(x > interval_1[0]) & (x <_{\sqcup}

→interval_1[1]), color='blue', alpha=0.5)
          else:
              plt.fill_between(x, 0, norm.pdf(x), where=(x < interval_1),__</pre>

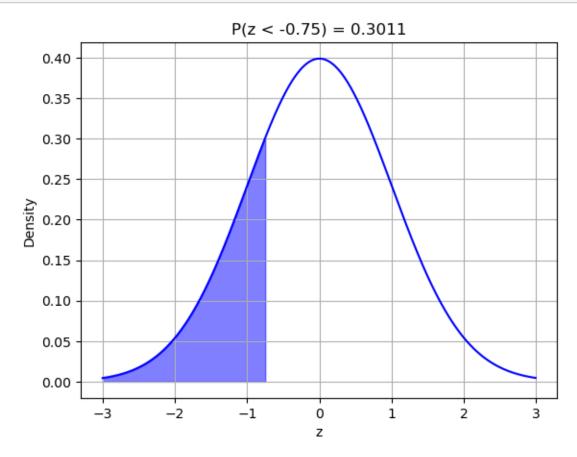
color='blue', alpha=0.5)
          plt.title(title)
          plt.xlabel('z')
          plt.ylabel('Density')
          plt.grid(True)
          plt.show()
```

```
[33]: x = np.arange(-3, 3, 0.01)
```

```
[35]: z0 = -0.75

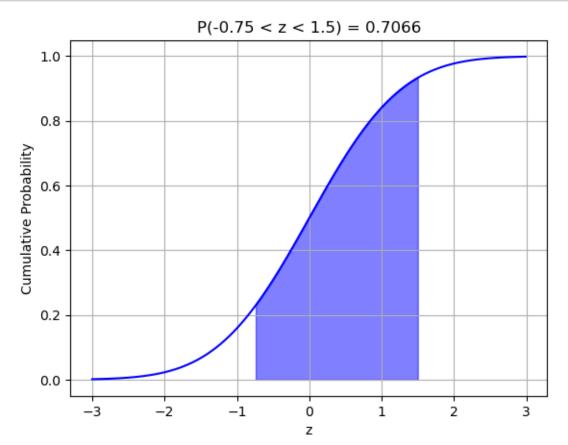
p = norm.pdf(z0)

plot_std_normal_with_probability(f'P(z < {z0}) = {p:.4f}', x, z0)
```



2) Use norm.cdf() and plot\_std\_normal\_with\_probability() to draw the standard normal distribution in the following area and draw the corresponding graph in Python. P(-0.75 < z < 1.5) = 0.7066

```
plt.title(f'P({z_lower} < z < {z_upper}) = {p_between:.4f}')
plt.xlabel('z')
plt.ylabel('Cumulative Probability')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()</pre>
```



[]: