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Course: Compiler Design.

Assignment No: 03

Title:

Recursive Descent Parser.

Aim:

To write c program to implement recursive descent parser which checks whether input string is accepted by given grammar or not.

Theory:

Parsing :

The process of determining if a string of terminals (tokens) can be generated by a grammar. And Parsing is the problem of taking a string of terminal symbols and finding a derivation for that string of symbols in a context-free grammar.

A parser is the module of an interpreter or compiler which performs parsing. It takes a sequence of tokens from the lexical analyzer finds a derivation for the sequence of tokens, and builds a parse tree (also known as a syntax tree) representing the derivation.

Two kinds of methods:

Top-down: constructs a parse tree from root to leaves

Bottom-up: constructs a parse tree from leaves to root

Recursive descent parsing is a top-down method of syntax analysis in which a set of recursive procedures is used to process the input. One procedure is associated with each nonterminal of a grammar. If a nonterminal has multiple productions, each production is implemented in a branch of a selection statement based on input lookahead information

Grammar without left recursion

$E \rightarrow TE'$

$E' \rightarrow +TE' | e$

$T \rightarrow FT'$

$T' \rightarrow *FT' | e$

$F \rightarrow (E) | i$

Input expression: $(i*i)+i$

Stack Content	Sequence of production rules	Expression
E=\$		$(i*i)+i$ \$
E=TE'\$	$E \rightarrow TE'$	$(i*i)+i$ \$
E=FT'E'\$	$T \rightarrow FT'$	$(i*i)+i$ \$
E=(E)T'E'\$	$F \rightarrow (E)$	$i*i+i$ \$
E=(TE')T'E'\$	$E \rightarrow TE'$	$i*i+i$ \$
E=(FT'E')T'E'\$	$T \rightarrow FT'$	$i*i+i$ \$
E=(iT'E')T'E' \$	$F \rightarrow i$	$*i+i$ \$
E=(i*FT'E')T'E'\$	$T' \rightarrow *FT'$	$i+i$ \$
E=(i*iT'E')T'E'\$	$F \rightarrow i$	$+i$ \$
E=(i*ieE')T'E' \$	$T' \rightarrow e$	$+i$ \$
E=(i*ie)T'E'\$	$E' \rightarrow e$	$+i$ \$
E=(i*i)eE'\$	$T' \rightarrow e$	$+i$ \$
E=(i*i)+TE'\$	$E' \rightarrow +TE'$	i \$

Stack Content	Sequence of production rules	Expression
E=(i*i)+FT'ES'	T->FT'	i \$
E=(i*i)+iT'E'\$	F->i	\$
E=(i*i)+ieE'\$	T'->e	\$
E=(i*i)+ie\$	E'->e	\$
E=(i*i)+i \$		\$

Program:

```

#include<iostream>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
using namespace std;

char *ip=new char[100];
char *op=new char[100];
char *temp=new char[100];
int ip_ptr=0;
int n=0;

void e_dash();

```

```
void e();
void t_dash();
void t();
void f();
void advance();
```

```
void e()
{
    int n=0;
    for(int i=0;i<=strlen(op);i++)//remove epsilon
    {
        if(op[i]!='e')
            temp[n++]=op[i];
    }
    strcpy(op,temp);
    for(n=0;n<strlen(op);n++)    //serching the nonterminal E
    {
        if(op[n]=='E')
            break;
    }
    for(int i=n+1;i<=strlen(op);i++)
        temp[i+2]=op[i];        // For replacing another nonterminal
    we moved some non terminals
    // For replacing non terminal
    temp[n]='T';
```

```

temp[n+1]='E';
temp[n+2]='\n';
strcpy(op,temp);
printf("E=%-25s",op);
printf("E->TE\n");
t();
e_dash();
}

void e_dash()
{
    int n=0;
    for(int i=0;i<=strlen(op);i++)
    {
        if(op[i]!='e')
            temp[n++]=op[i];
    }
    strcpy(op,temp);
    for(n=0;n<strlen(op);n++)
    {
        if(op[n]=='E')
            break;
    }

    if(ip[ip_ptr]=='+')

```

```

{
    advance();
    strcpy(temp,op);
    for(int i=n+2;i<=strlen(op);i++)
        temp[i+2]=op[i];
    temp[n]='+';
    temp[n+1]='T';
    temp[n+2]='E';
    temp[n+3]='\n';
    strcpy(op,temp)
    ;
    printf("E=%-25s",op);
    printf("E'->+TE\n");
    t();
    e_dash();
}
else
{
    strcpy(temp,op);
    for(int i=n+2;i<=strlen(op);i++)
        temp[i-1]=op[i];

    temp[n]='e';
    strcpy(op,temp);
    printf("E=%-25s",op);
    printf("E'->e\n");
}

```

```
    }  
}
```

```
void t()
```

```
{  
    int n=0;  
    for(int i=0;i<=strlen(op);i++)  
    {  
        if(op[i]!='e')  
            temp[n++]=op[i];  
    }  
    strcpy(op,temp);  
    for(n=0;n<strlen(op);n++)  
    {  
        if(op[n]=='T')  
            break;  
    }  
}
```

```
for(int i=n+1;i<=strlen(op);i++)  
    temp[i+2]=op[i];  
temp[n]='F';  
temp[n+1]='T';  
temp[n+2]='\n';  
strcpy(op,temp);  
printf("E=%-25s",op);
```

```
printf("T->FT\n");  
f();  
t_dash();  
}
```

```
void t_dash()  
{  
    int n=0;  
    for(int i=0;i<=strlen(op);i++)  
    {  
        if(op[i]!='e')  
            temp[n++]=op[i];  
    }  
    strcpy(op,temp);  
    for(n=0;n<strlen(op);n++)  
    {  
        if(op[n]=='T')  
            break;  
    }  
}
```

```
if(ip[ip_ptr]=='*')  
{  
    advance();  
    strcpy(temp,op);  
    for(int i=n+2;i<=strlen(op);i++)
```



```

        temp[i+2]=op[i];
temp[n]='*';
temp[n+1]='F';
temp[n+2]='T';
temp[n+3]='\n';
strcpy(op,temp);
printf("E=%-25s",op);
printf("T'->*FT'\n");
f();
t_dash();
}
else
{
    strcpy(temp,op);
    for(int i=n+2;i<=strlen(op);i++)
        temp[i-1]=op[i];

    temp[n]='e';
    strcpy(op,temp);
    printf("E=%-25s",op);
    printf("T'->e\n");
}
}

void f()
{

```

```

int n=0;
for(int i=0;i<=strlen(op);i++)
{
    if(op[i]!='e')
        temp[n++]=op[i];
}
strcpy(op,temp);
for(n=0;n<strlen(op);n++)
{
    if(op[n]=='F')
        break;
}

if(ip[ip_ptr]=='(')
{
    advance();
    strcpy(temp,op);
    for(int i=n+1;i<=strlen(op);i++)
        temp[i+2]=op[i];
    temp[n]='(';
    temp[n+1]='E';
    temp[n+2]=')';
    strcpy(op,temp);
    printf("E=%-25s",op);
    printf("F->(E)\n");
}

```

```

    e();
    if(ip[ip_ptr]=='')
    {
        advance();
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\n\t syntax error\n");
        exit(1);
    }
}
else if(ip[ip_ptr]=='i' || ip[ip_ptr]=='I')
{
    advance();
    op[n]='i';
    printf("E=%-25s",op);
    printf("F->i\n");
}
else
{
    printf("\n\t syntax error\n");
    exit(1);
}
}

```

```
void advance()
```

```
{
```

```
    ip_ptr++;
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    int flag = 0;
```

```
    printf("\nGrammar without left recursion");
```

```
    printf("\n\t\t E->TE' \n\t\t E'->+TE'|e \n\t\t T->FT' ");
```

```
    printf("\n\t\t T'->*FT'|e \n\t\t F->(E)|i");
```

```
    printf("\n Enter the input expression:");
```

```
    scanf("%s",ip);
```

```
    for(i=0;i<strlen(ip);i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if(ip[i]!='+'&&ip[i]!='*'&&ip[i]!='('&&ip[i]!='')&&ip[i]!='i'&&ip[i]!='T')
```

```
        {
```

```
            printf("\nSyntax error \n");
```

```
            flag = 1;
```

```
            break;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    if(flag == 0)
```

```
{  
    printf("Expressions");  
    printf("\t Sequence of production rules\n");  
    strcpy(op,"");  
    e();  
  
    int n=0;  
    for(i=0;i<=strlen(op);i++)  
    {  
        if(op[i]!='e')  
            temp[n++]=op[i];  
    }  
  
    strcpy(op,temp);  
    printf("E=%-25s",op);  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

Output:

```
Activities Terminal Thu 14:25 student@localhost:~/Niranjan
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[student@localhost Niranjan]$ g++ -o a RD_parser.cpp
[student@localhost Niranjan]$ ./a

Grammar without left recursion
      E->TE'
      E'->+TE'|e
      T->FT'
      T'->*FT'|e
      F->(E)|i
Enter the input expression:(i*i)+i
Expressions      Sequence of production rules
E=TE'            E->TE'
E=FT'E'          T->FT'
E=(E)T'E'        F->(E)
E=(TE')T'E'      E->TE'
E=(FT'E')T'E'    T->FT'
E=(iT'E')T'E'    F->i
E=(i*FT'E')T'E'  T'->*FT'
E=(i*IT'E')T'E'  F->i
E=(i*ieE')T'E'   T'->e
E=(i*ie)T'E'     E'->e
E=(i*i)eE'       T'->e
E=(i*i)+TE'      E'->+TE'
E=(i*i)+FT'E'    T->FT'
E=(i*i)+iT'E'    F->i
E=(i*i)+ieE'     T'->e
E=(i*i)+ie       E'->e
E=(i*i)+i        [student@localhost Niranjan]$ ./a

Grammar without left recursion
      E->TE'
      E'->+TE'|e
      T->FT'
      T'->*FT'|e
      F->(E)|i
Enter the input expression:i-i
Syntax error
[student@localhost Niranjan]$
```

Conclusion:

Here we have implemented recursive descent parser and check it for valid and invalid input strings.

