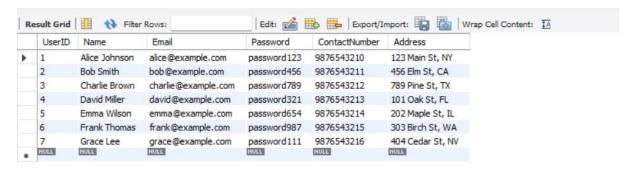
ASSIGNMENT 4- COURIER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM TASK 3

GroupBy, Aggregate Functions, Having, Order By, where (Executed on Mysql Workbench)

For effectively answering the following questions I have inserted more values onto the table. The table with new inserted values are listed below:

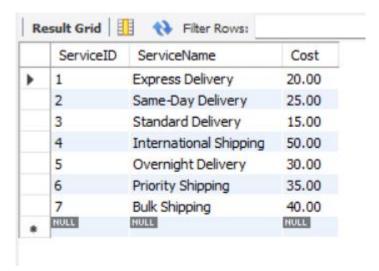
1. SELECT * FROM user;



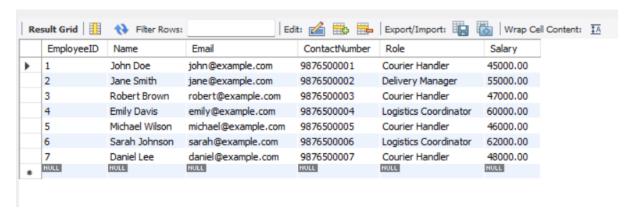
2. Select * from courier;

	CourierID	SenderName	SenderAddress	ReceiverName	ReceiverAddress	Weight	Status	TrackingNumber	DeliveryDate	EmployeeID	SenderID	ReceiverID	ServiceID
•	1	Alice Johnson	123 Main St, NY	Bob Smith	456 Elm St, CA	5.50	Delivered	TRK001	2024-03-20	1	1	2	1
	2	Bob Smith	456 Elm St, CA	Charlie Brown	789 Pine St, TX	10.00	In Transit	TRK002	2024-03-21	3	2	3	2
	3	Charlie Brown	789 Pine St, TX	David Miller	101 Oak St, FL	7.20	Delivered	TRK003	2024-03-22	5	3	4	3
	4	David Miller	101 Oak St, FL	Emma Wilson	202 Maple St, IL	12.50	Pending	TRK004	2024-03-23	1	4	5	1
	5	Emma Wilson	202 Maple St, IL	Frank Thomas	303 Birch St, WA	6.80	Delivered	TRK005	2024-03-24	3	5	6	2
	6	Frank Thomas	303 Birch St, WA	Grace Lee	404 Cedar St, NV	9.30	In Transit	TRK006	2024-03-25	5	6	7	3
	7	Grace Lee	404 Cedar St, NV	Alice Johnson	123 Main St, NY	11.40	Delivered	TRK007	2024-03-26	1	7	1	1
	NULL	NULL	HULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

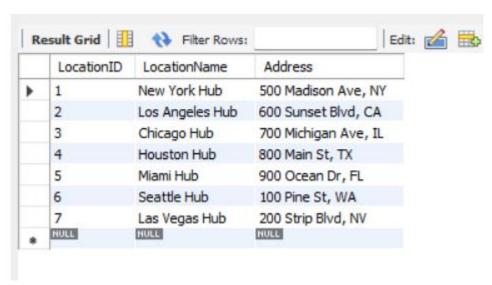
3. Select * from courierservices;



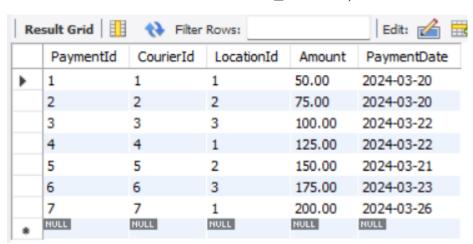
4. Select * from employee_table;



5. SELECT * FROM location_table



6. SELECT * FROM PAYMENT_TABLE;



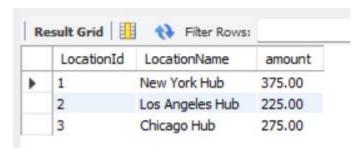
14. Find the total number of couriers handled by each employee.

SELECT e.Name, c.EmployeeId, count(c.CourierId) as total_couriers from courier c INNER JOIN employee_table e where e.employeeId=c.employeeId group by e.EmployeeId, e.name;

-	. —		
	Name	EmployeeId	total_couriers
•	John Doe	1	3
	Robert Brown	3	2
	Michael Wilson	5	2

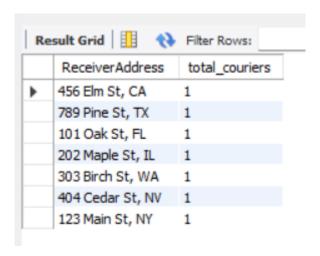
15. Calculate the total revenue generated by each location

SELECT p.LocationId, l.LocationName, sum(p.amount) as amount from payment_table as p INNER JOIN location_table as l where p.LocationId=l.LocationId group by p.LocationId,l.Locationname;



16. Find the total number of couriers delivered to each location.

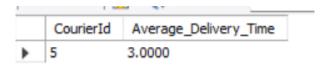
SELECT ReceiverAddress, count(courierId) as total_couriers from courier group by ReceiverAddress;



17. Find the courier with the highest average delivery time:

Only the courier with highest average delivery time:

SELECT c.CourierId,AVG(DATEDIFF(c.DeliveryDate,p.PaymentDate)) as Average_Delivery_Time from courier c INNER JOIN payment_table p where c.CourierId=p.CourierId Group by c.CourierId ORDER BY Average_Delivery_Time DESC LIMIT 1;



Entire Average delivery time:

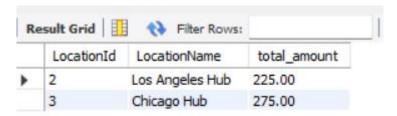
(0 means same day delivery)

SELECT c.CourierId,AVG(DATEDIFF(c.DeliveryDate,p.PaymentDate)) as Average_Delivery_Time from courier c INNER JOIN payment_table p where c.CourierId=p.CourierId Group by c.CourierId ORDER BY Average_Delivery_Time DESC;

	CourierId	Average_Delivery_Time
•	5	3.0000
	6	2.0000
	2	1.0000
	4	1.0000
	1	0.0000
	3	0.0000
	7	0.0000

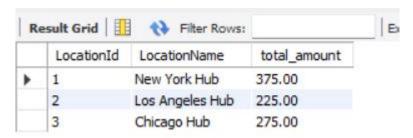
18. Find Locations with Total Payments Less Than a Certain Amount

Select p.LocationId,l.LocationName, sum(p.amount) as total_amount from payment_table p INNER JOIN Location_table l where l.locationId=p.locationId Group by LocationId HAVING total_amount<300;



19. Calculate Total Payments Per Location

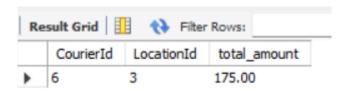
Select p.LocationId,l.LocationName, sum(p.amount) as total_amount from payment_table p INNER JOIN Location_table l where l.locationId=p.locationId Group by LocationId;



20. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than 1000 in a specific location (LocationID = X):

According to my data I am changing \$1000 to 100

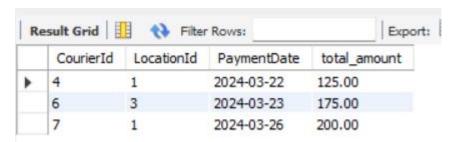
Select CourierId, LocationId, sum(amount) as total_amount from payment_table where LocationId=3 Group by courierId,LocationId HAVING total amount>100;



21. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than \$1000 after a certain date (PaymentDate > 'YYYY-MM-DD'):

According to my data I am changing \$1000 to 100

Select CourierId, PaymentDate, sum(amount) as total_amount from payment_table where PaymentDate > '2024-03-21' Group by courierId,PaymentDate HAVING total_amount>100;



22. Retrieve locations where the total amount received is more than \$5000 before a certain date (PaymentDate < 'YYYY-MM-DD')

According to my data I am changing \$5000 to 100

SELECT l.LocationId, l.LocationName, p.PaymentDate, SUM(p.Amount) AS total_amount FROM payment_table p INNER JOIN location_table l ON p.LocationId = l.LocationId WHERE p.PaymentDate < '2024-03-25' GROUP BY l.LocationId, l.LocationName, p.paymentDate HAVING total_amount > 100;

	LocationId	LocationName	PaymentDate	total_amount	
•	1	New York Hub	2024-03-22	125.00	
	2	Los Angeles Hub	2024-03-21	150.00	
	3	Chicago Hub	2024-03-23	175.00	