

Nirmal Kumar Sedhumadhavan

## TASK 1

The instruction.cc consists of several functions namely ptx\_thread\_info, and\_impl, or\_impl, abs\_impl, add\_impl, sub\_impl, bra\_impl, break\_impl, call\_impl etc. The function ptx\_thread\_info is mainly used to get the source and destination register values, the operation used, size of the data etc. There are arithmetic (abs\_impl, add\_impl, sub\_impl, etc), logical (and\_impl, or\_impl, etc), control (bra\_impl, break\_impl, call\_impl, etc) and other instructions that are implemented by the function to perform the necessary operation.

For Task 1, to change the semantics of float(32-bits) point add instruction to power operation the changes is made as shown below (Line 1061 of instructions.cc)

```
case F16_TYPE:
    data.f16 = src1_data.f16 + src2_data.f16;
    break; // assert(0); break;
case F32_TYPE:
    data.f32 = pow(src1_data.f32, src2_data.f32); // Task 1 Implementation of new semantics
    break;
case F64_TYPE:
case FF64_TYPE:
    data.f64 = src1_data.f64 + src2_data.f64;
    break;
default:
    assert(0);
    break;
```

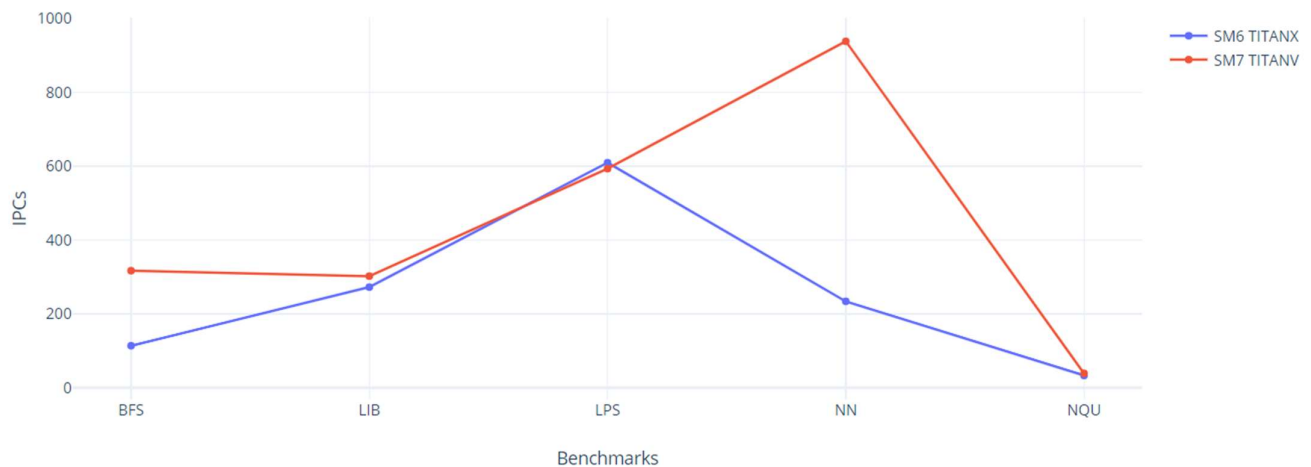
Output of vectorAdd.cu using original semantic

```
gpgpu_simulation_time = 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 1 sec (1 sec)
gpgpu_simulation_rate = 286 (inst/sec)
source vector A: 1.000 2.000 3.000 4.000 5.000 6.000 7.000 8.000 9.000 1.000
source vector B: 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000
result vector C: 1.000 8.000 9.000 64.000 25.000 216.000 49.000 512.000 81.000 1.000
GPGPU-Sim: *** exit detected ***
```

Output of vectorAdd.cu using modified semantic

```
gpgpu_simulation_time = 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 1 sec (1 sec)
gpgpu_simulation_rate = 286 (inst/sec)
source vector A: 1.000 2.000 3.000 4.000 5.000 6.000 7.000 8.000 9.000 1.000
source vector B: 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000 2.000 3.000
result vector C: 3.000 5.000 5.000 7.000 7.000 9.000 9.000 11.000 11.000 4.000
GPGPU-Sim: *** exit detected ***
```

## TASK 2



Plot points for the graph

	BFS	LIB	LPS	NN	NQU
SM6_TITANX	113.5762	272.4011	609.5062	233.8858	32.9685
SM7_TITANV	316.8863	302.142	593.1517	938.1788	38.8251

From the graph we can infer that

- LIB, LPS & NQU benchmarks have less difference in their IPCs.
- BFS benchmark have moderate difference in their IPCs.
- NN benchmark have significant difference in their IPCs.

## TASK 3

Modified code shown below (line 666, 1350 & 1567 of shader.cc, line 1845 of shader.h).

```
if (pc != pI->pc)
{
    m_stats->branch++; // Task 3 Increment warp counter for branch
    SCHED_DPRINTF(
        "Warp (warp_id %u, dynamic_warp_id %u) control hazard "
        "instruction flush\n",
        (*iter)->get_warp_id(), (*iter)->get_dynamic_warp_id());
    // control hazard
    warp(warp_id).set_next_pc(pc);
    warp(warp_id).ibuffer_flush();
}
```

```

else if (valid)
{
    // this case can happen after a return instruction in diverged warp
    m_stats->divergence++; // Task 3 Increment warp counter for branch with divergence
    SCHED_DPRINTF(
        "Warp (warp_id %u, dynamic_warp_id %u) return from diverged warp "
        "flush\n",
        (*iter)->get_warp_id(), (*iter)->get_dynamic_warp_id());
    warp(warp_id).set_next_pc(pc);
    warp(warp_id).ibuffer_flush();
}

```

```

fprintf(fout, "# of warps excuted conditional branch instrctions and have divergence: %d", divergence); // Task 3 Print the stats
fprintf(fout, "# of warps excuted conditional branch instrctions(no matter they have divergence or not): %d", branch);

```

```

//Task 3 Variables
int divergence = 0;
int branch = 0;

```

Output (SM6\_TITANX config)

```

# of warps excuted conditional branch instrctions and have divergence: 0
# of warps excuted conditional branch instrctions(no matter they have divergence or not): 102600

```

## TASK 4

Modified code shown below (line 666&2366 of shader.cc, line 1826 of shader.h).

```

//Task 4 Printing the local & global memory accesses
fprintf(fout, "# of global memory access: %d\n", global_memory);
fprintf(fout, "# of local memory access: %d\n", local_memory);

```

```

//Task 4 incrementing local & global memory accesses
if (inst.space.is_global())
    m_stats->global_memory++;
else if (inst.space.is_local())
    m_stats->local_memory++;

```

```

// memory access classification
int global_memory = 0; //Task 4 variables
int local_memory = 0;

```

Output (SM6\_TITANX config)

```

# of global memory access: 448400
# of local memory access: 0

```