

# Development Plan

## Software Engineering

Team #6, Six Sense  
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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
2025-09-22	Nirmal, Sathurshan, Omar, Kalp, Jay	Initial Write-up

This document describes the development plan for the spatial awareness device *audio360*. It contains internal logistics that our team will adhere to, and measures in place to ensure the confidentiality of our device.

## 1 Confidential Information?

There is no confidential information to protect.

## 2 IP to Protect

There is no IP to protect.

## 3 Copyright License

Our team will be adopting the MIT [License](#).

## 4 Team Meeting Plan

[How often will you meet? where? —SS]

[If the meeting is a physical location (not virtual), out of an abundance of caution for safety reasons you shouldn't put the location online —SS]

[How often will you meet with your industry advisor? when? where? —SS]

[Will meetings be virtual? At least some meetings should likely be in-person. —SS]

[How will the meetings be structured? There should be a chair for all meetings. There should be an agenda for all meetings. —SS]

## 5 Team Communication Plan

The team will use the following communication methods for each of the scenarios listed:

- **General team communication:** Microsoft Teams Group Chat. Every team member is expected to send general queries and updates to the group chat. Try to avoid sending individual messages to team members regarding the project unless necessary.
- **Urgent team communication:** Microsoft Teams Group Chat and individual text messages. If a message is urgent, it should be marked as urgent in the group chat. If no response is received, individual text messages (SMS) can be sent to team members.

- **Communication with the instructor, TA, and supervisor:** University email with Outlook. Every team member is expected to be cc'd on emails sent to the instructor, TA, or supervisor.
- **Sharing Documents:** Github repository and Microsoft OneDrive. All project-critical documents need to be stored in the Github Repository. Large files that are not project-critical (e.g datasets, SDKs, etc.) can be stored in the university hosted OneDrive.
- **Development communication:** Github Issues and Merge Requests. All development-related communication that needs to be tracked for traceability should be done through Github Issues and Merge Requests. This ensures that critical communication and decisions are documented and can be referenced later if needed.
- **Meeting Scheduling:** If a meeting needs to be scheduled outside of regular team meetings and involves multiple team members, we will be using the Outlook Calendar to find a suitable time for everyone. It is expected that all team members will export their calendars to Outlook to reflect accurate availability. For one-on-one meetings, direct communication through MS Teams is encouraged. If a meeting needs to be scheduled with the instructor, TA, or supervisor, the team will use email to coordinate a suitable time.

## 6 Team Member Roles

- Leader (Sathurshan Arulmohan)
  - Point of contact for professor and TAs.
  - Ensures that the team is on track to meet deadlines.
  - Project planning and scheduling.
- Meeting chair (Kalp Shah)
  - Creates the agenda for meetings.
  - Facilitates the meetings.
  - Ensures that the team sticks to the agenda.
- Reviewer (Jay Sharma)
  - Reviews all deliverables before deadline to ensure all sections are completed.
  - Reach out to the reviewers of each section to ensure they approve it before the deadline.
- Note taker (Nirmal Chaudhari)

- Takes notes during meetings.
- Create meeting notes summary after the meeting ends to grasp meeting content.
- Coordinates with project leader after meeting ends for action items.
- System Specialist (Omar Alam)
  - Manages and validates system design at a high level.
  - Responsible for hardware & software interfaces.
  - Handles budgeting and expenses, ensures total budget remains under \$500.

## 7 Workflow Plan

- How will you be using git, including branches, pull request, etc.?
- How will you be managing issues, including template issues, issue classification, etc.?
- Use of CI/CD

## 8 Project Decomposition and Scheduling

We will be using Github Projects, more specifically Kanban boards, to decompose and schedule our main [milestones](#). Our Kanban boards will be available in the [projects](#) tab of our github organization.

We will have one general Kanban board for the entire project, for miscellaneous tasks that don't directly related to any main milestone. In addition, each main milestone will have its own Kanban board to track progress and decompose the deliverables into smaller tasks specific to that milestone. Listed below are a list of the main milestones (with deadlines) for which we will create Kanban boards for. Note, the dates listed in each milestone are subject to change.

1. Problem Statement, POC Plan, Development Plan (2025-09-22)
2. Req. Doc. and Hazard Analysis Revision 0 (2025-10-6)
3. V&V Plan Revision 0 (2025-10-27)
4. Design Document Revision -1 (2025-11-10)
5. Proof of Concept Demonstration (2025-11-11 to 2025-11-28)
6. Design Document Revision 0 (2026-01-19)
7. Revision 0 Demonstration (2026-02-02 to 2026-02-13)

8. V&V Report and Extras Revision 0 (2026-03-09)
9. Final Demonstration Revision 1 (2026-03-23 to 2026-03-29)
10. Final Documentation Revision 1 (2026-04-06)
11. EXPO Demonstration (TBD)

## 9 Proof of Concept Demonstration Plan

[What is the main risk, or risks, for the success of your project? What will you demonstrate during your proof of concept demonstration to convince yourself that you will be able to overcome this risk? —SS]

The biggest risk for the success of the project is the risk of not having a synchronized microphone array that can recognize the directionality of an audio source. This is the fundamental technology that the rest of the project and stretch goals are built upon (excluding the audio classification pipeline).

The goal of the proof of concept demonstration is to showcase the functionality of a microphone array on a controlled environment - a table top lab surface. The microphone array should be synchronized and capable of recognizing the directionality of a single audio source (sine frequency sound) with a maximum error of 45 degrees on the 2D plane of the table. Though this demonstration doesn't showcase the ability of recognizing multiple audio sources with the directional microphone array on a smart glasses frame (which is the final goal), it showcases the feasibility of recognizing the directionality of an audio source anywhere on a 2D plane with adequate accuracy. If successful, this would give us confidence to extend the project with the [audio classification pipeline](#), development of recognizing more than one audio source, extending the audio analysis pipeline onto the smart glasses, and audio filtering on direction.

## 10 Expected Technology

[What programming language or languages do you expect to use? What external libraries? What frameworks? What technologies. Are there major components of the implementation that you expect you will implement, despite the existence of libraries that provide the required functionality. For projects with machine learning, will you use pre-trained models, or be training your own model? —SS]

[The implementation decisions can, and likely will, change over the course of the project. The initial documentation should be written in an abstract way; it should be agnostic of the implementation choices, unless the implementation choices are project constraints. However, recording our initial thoughts on implementation helps understand the challenge level and feasibility of a project. It may also help with early identification of areas where project members will need to augment their training. —SS]

Topics to discuss include the following:

- Specific programming language
- Specific libraries
- Pre-trained models
- Specific linter tool (if appropriate)
- Specific unit testing framework
- Investigation of code coverage measuring tools
- Specific plans for Continuous Integration (CI), or an explanation that CI is not being done
- Specific performance measuring tools (like Valgrind), if appropriate
- Tools you will likely be using?

[git, GitHub and GitHub projects should be part of your technology. —SS]

## 11 Coding Standard

[What coding standard will you adopt? —SS]

## Appendix — Reflection

[Not required for CAS 741 —SS]

The purpose of reflection questions is to give you a chance to assess your own learning and that of your group as a whole, and to find ways to improve in the future. Reflection is an important part of the learning process. Reflection is also an essential component of a successful software development process.

Reflections are most interesting and useful when they're honest, even if the stories they tell are imperfect. You will be marked based on your depth of thought and analysis, and not based on the content of the reflections themselves. Thus, for full marks we encourage you to answer openly and honestly and to avoid simply writing "what you think the evaluator wants to hear."

Please answer the following questions. Some questions can be answered on the team level, but where appropriate, each team member should write their own response:

1. Why is it important to create a development plan prior to starting the project?

**Omar Alam:** Creating a development plan for a large project is crucial to ensure that the team is aligned on goals and that expectations are understood by everyone. It helps keep everyone accountable since we are all agreeing to the same rules and any disagreements on processes can be resolved by referring back to the plan.

**Nirmal Chaudhari:** Creating a development plan is important because it helps the team establish clear goals and standards. With everyone agreeing on the development plan, it will serve as a point of reference in the future, to ensure consistency among the team's work. It also helps the team begin thinking about the requirements of the project, and what research needs to be done going forward.

2. In your opinion, what are the advantages and disadvantages of using CI/CD?

**Omar Alam:** CI/CD has many advantages, most of which tie back to the concept of iterative development. It allows us to ensure that the code branch that is considered production-ready ("main") is always in a deployable state. It also allows us to catch bugs when multiple developers are working on and merging in the same codebase. The main disadvantage of CI/CD is the initial setup time and feasibility of using it. In some cases, CI/CD may not be feasible which might end up applying to our project. This is mainly due to the embedded nature of our project and the lack of support for CI/CD on embedded systems. Furthermore, setting up unit tests in CI/CD will require us to write platform agnostic code that can also run on the embedded micro-controller and our development machines. This will require extra effort and guidelines to get right.

**Nirmal Chaudhari:** Using CI/CD enables our team to develop code in an agile context, thus allowing iterative improvement of key features in

our project. Moreover, CI/CD also pushes us to validate our code more frequently, using automated pipelines. This ensures the quality of our code, and if configured correctly, can help ensure that our code meets the requirements we initially set. Despite these advantages, CI/CD may be limited when it comes to developing software or a product within a small time frame (like we are doing for our capstone). For projects with small deadlines, it may not be feasible to go with the iterative approach, since we may be forced to fully implement the project anyways. Also, when considering things outside of software, like embedded systems, iterative development doesn't really work if the hardware we are using is just a single component.

3. What disagreements did your group have in this deliverable, if any, and how did you resolve them?

**Omar Alam:** Since the team project is expected to require embedded hardware, we had disagreements on whether or not we could adequately specify elements needed to complete the "Expected Technology" section. We resolved this by researching the hardware we might end up using and determining that we could make reasonable assumptions on the technology we would be using.

**Nirmal Chaudhari:** Our team didn't really have any disagreements while working on this deliverable. The only disagreement related to the work I was doing was naming convention for branches, and whether more than one issue should be implemented in a single branch. We resolved this by meeting up in person, and agreeing that a branch can contain multiple features.



## Appendix — Glossary

Audio Classification Pipeline: Software pipeline aiming to classify the sound sources. For example, the audio can be recognized as a car, person speaking, alarm, etc.

## **Appendix — Team Charter**

### **External Goals**

The team's primary goal is to gain expertise in embedded software development while contributing a novel technique to the broader scientific and engineering community. The main focus is that each member strengthens or acquires technical skills that will be directly valuable in their future careers. As a stretch goal, the team aims to rank within the top five projects at the Capstone Expo, showcasing both technical innovation and professional presentation.

### **Attendance**

#### **Expectations**

The team expects all members to attend all team meetings and to be punctual. Every team member must indicate whether they will be attending by responding to the Outlook meeting invites through their university emails. Team meetings will begin at most 5 minutes after the scheduled start time. In-person meetings will be preferred over virtual meetings. Virtual meetings will be held only when more than 3 team members are unable to attend in person. If a team member is unable to attend a meeting in-person, they may be able to attend virtually if it is deemed viable by the rest of the team on a per meeting basis.

#### **Acceptable Excuse**

Unfortunate circumstances may arise that prevent a team member from attending a meeting. These circumstances include are encompassed in the following list:

- Illness.
- Family emergency.
- Medical or academic related appointment.
- Religious holiday.
- Other circumstances agreed upon by all team members.

#### **In Case of Emergency**

Try to predict absences beforehand, but emergencies still arise despite best efforts. In the case of an emergency, the absent team member must notify the team as soon as possible through Microsoft Teams. If the emergency is expected to last for a prolonged period of time, please refer to instructions provided by the course instructor to communicate with the Associate Dean.

## **Accountability and Teamwork**

### **Quality**

Our team expects all members to come to meetings fully prepared with completed work, clear progress updates, and constructive contributions to discussions. All deliverables must meet our established quality standards including proper code review, testing, and thorough documentation. We emphasize proactive communication, early problem identification, and mutual support to ensure the team's success and maintain high professional standards throughout the project.

### **Attitude**

We expect all team members to maintain a positive, collaborative attitude and treat each other with respect and professionalism. We encourage open communication, constructive feedback, and diverse perspectives while ensuring all interactions remain productive and inclusive. Our team adopts a conflict resolution approach that prioritizes direct communication, active listening, and finding mutually beneficial solutions to maintain a supportive working environment.

### **Stay on Track**

We will track team performance through regular check-ins, commit frequency, and meeting attendance to ensure everyone contributes their fair share. For members who exceed expectations and consistently deliver quality work, we will reward them with treats like Tim Hortons coffee or donuts to recognize their efforts. For those not contributing their fair share, we will initially cover for them and provide support, but after repeated instances, we will issue formal warnings and escalate to our TA or instructor if necessary to maintain team accountability and project success.

### **Team Building**

We will build team cohesion by hosting social gatherings at our off-campus house, where we can work together on projects in a relaxed environment and spend time hanging out to strengthen our relationships. These informal settings will help us bond as a team while still maintaining productivity and collaboration on our project goals.

### **Decision Making**

We will make decisions through consensus when possible, seeking common ground and agreement among all team members. However, when there is a clear divide or disagreement that cannot be resolved through discussion, we will hold a formal vote to reach a decision and move forward with the project. This approach ensures we respect everyone's input while maintaining progress when consensus cannot be achieved.