Data Analysis

Loaded the transformed datasets to AWS Athena and used Hive query language for data retrieval

Table creation:

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `health_care`.`health_gdp` (
  `country` string,
  `code` string,
  `year` int,
  `exp` double
)

ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.parquet.serde.ParquetHiveSerDe'

STORED AS INPUTFORMAT 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.parquet.MapredParquetInputFormat'
  OUTPUTFORMAT 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.parquet.MapredParquetOutputFormat'

LOCATION 's3://bunny970/Datasets_updated/'

TBLPROPERTIES ('classification' = 'parquet');
```

Query to get average healthcare expenditure as a percentage of GDP for each country

```
Query 1:

1 SELECT country, AVG(exp) AS avg_health_exp
2 FROM health_gdp
3 GROUP BY country;
```

Query to find the year with highest overall healthcare expenditure across all countries

```
Query 1:

1 SELECT year, SUM(exp) AS total_health_exp

2 FROM health_gdp

3 GROUP BY year

4 ORDER BY total_health_exp DESC

5 LIMIT 1;
```

Query to get countries with insurance coverage less than 20%

```
Query 1:

1 SELECT country, year, cov
2 FROM insurance
3 WHERE cov < 20 AND cov IS NOT NULL;
```

Query to get countries with decrease in healthcare insurance coverage from 1910 to 1975

Query 1

Query to get top 3 regions with lowest healthcare expenditure

```
Query 1:

1 SELECT Entity AS region, year, exp
2 FROM health_exp
3 WHERE code IS NULL
4 ORDER BY exp ASC
5 LIMIT 3;
```

Query to calculate yearly percentage change in health expenditure for each region

```
Query 1:

1 SELECT Entity AS region, year, exp,
(exp - LAG(exp, 1) OVER (PARTITION BY Entity ORDER BY year)) / LAG(exp, 1) OVER (PARTITION BY Entity ORDER BY year) * 100 AS percentage_change

FROM health_exp

WHERE code IS NULL

ORDER BY Entity, year;
```

Query to find the years with lowest and highest percentage of people without health insurance

Query 1: 1 SELECT year, without_ins 2 FROM no_ins 3 ORDER BY without_ins DESC 4 LIMIT 1 5 UNION 6 SELECT year, without_ins 7 FROM no_ins 8 ORDER BY without_ins ASC 9 LIMIT 1;