SLITHER



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Course: ECE241

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Part 1: Introduction

As stated in lecture, the final project for Digital Systems (ECE241) was a comprehensive assessment of our knowledge and skill in designing and implementing hardware with Verilog. Therefore, to show what we have learned from the start of the semester, we have decided to set our focus on the following goals of this project:

- Create a popular game out of hardware that many people can relate to, but with various additional features such as a booster and a random dot generator
- Build on the fundamentals of hardware design by adding at least one of the following: RAM, VGA Controllers, and implementing an interactive mouse pad.
- Incorporate and implement as much as we can out of hardware design from previous labs, lectures and online resources.
- Implement as much knowledge on game design learned from other courses or past experiences as possible. For this project to initiate any further, an abundant amount of motivation was needed to ensure that this project was on the right track. Therefore, to overcome this burden, we have decided to build up upon a famous game that many craved to play or think about when they had the chance to do so; whether it be during break, lunch, school or sleep time. Additionally, another source of motivation arose from the idea of how we could frame hardware in an unusual manner. In other words, this project could've potentially been a way to move away from the usual method of controlling hardware (I.E: Keys, LEDR's and Switches). Therefore, what motivated us was the fact that we could take a very popular game, and control it with hardware in a way that's simple and interactive.

Part 2: The Design

2.1: Top Level Block Diagram

Description of the blocks

PS2 Mouse Interface

Used to get data from mouse, and receive a signal when data is available (mouse has moved).

Initialize Dots

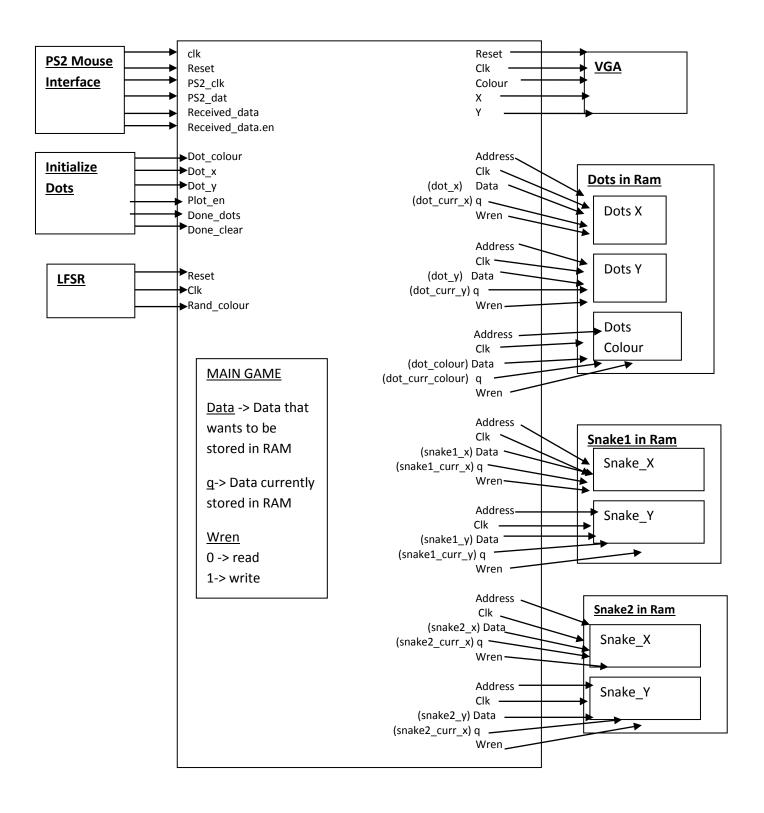
First, the screen is cleared with a black background, then random x,y and colour coordinates are created. A signal is sent when the screen is completely cleared, and another signal is sent after the 100 dots has been received.

LFSR

This is used to generate random colours, x and y coordinates for the dots. When using the boost feature of this game, the LFSR produces random colours when moving the snake around.

MAIN GAME

This module cycles through each and every state, determines when to draw or erase, read or write to RAM, and to update the position for snakes and mouse cursor.



2.2: "Main Game" Block Schematics

Description of 2.2 Parts

Reset

When KEY[0] is pressed, all data and counters get initialized.

Initialize Dots

The screen is first cleared. The dots with random x, y and colour, are prepared with the use of an LFSR and stored in RAM. A signal is also sent when screen is cleared and when 100 dots are reached.

Store Update

This part stores the initialized length and position of snakes into RAM.

Plot Dots

For this part of the diagram, the dots are first read from RAM, then displayed on to the screen with the use of the VGA module. This part of the diagram will end once the counter hits 100.

Plot Snakes

Similar to the Plot Dots part of the diagram, data of the snake will be read from Ram, then displayed on the screen with the use of a VGA module.

Plot Mouse

The mouse first gets disabled if new data has been received, and the previous data of the mouse gets erased. Afterwards, the coordinates of the mouse gets updated, the cursor gets redrawn with respect to the mouse, and the mouse gets re-enabled.

Wait Time

This wait time allows users to see everything on the screen. If the mouse data has been received meanwhile, it updates the mouse. Boost effect of the snakes also happen here by setting the wait time counter smal.

Change Snake

After this state, all the tasks will be done to the other snake.

Erase Snake from Screen

This state is similar to Plot Snake, except the output color to VGA is always black.

<u>Update Head of Snake</u>

This changes the coordinates of the head with input directions.

Check Collision with Dots

To check for collisions with dots, the coordinates of the dots are first read from RAM, then the coordinates of the snake head and the dots are compared. This will keep going until all of the dots are compared with each snake.

Increase Length of Snake

If a collision between a dot and the head of a snake is observed, then the size counter of the snake gets positively altered.

Check Collision with Snake

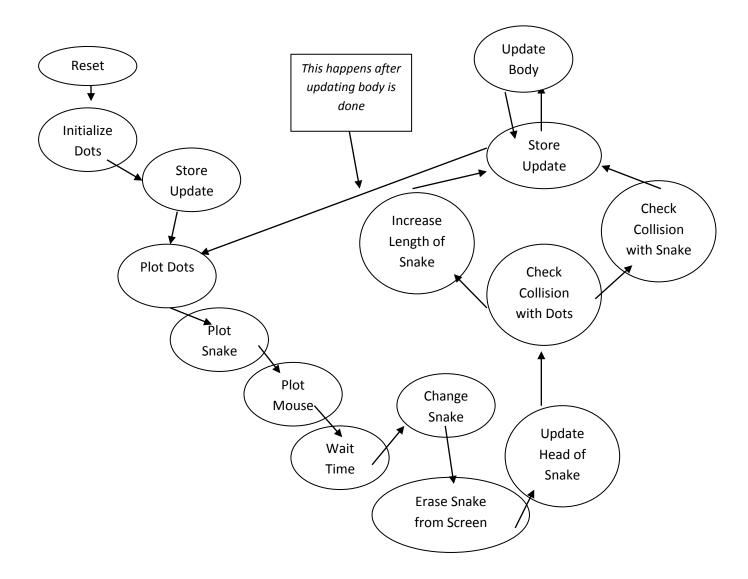
To check for collisions, the coordinates of the other snake are compared with the head of the current snake. A counter is used to traverse through each pixel of the other snake. If any coordinates between the two snakes are equal, then a collision is present, and game over screen appears.

Store Update

If a collision between a dot or a snake has happened, then the information stored within RAM gets changed either for the dot or the snake. If two snakes collide, then the entire memory for the screen gets replaced with a big, white screen. However, if a snake collides with a dot, then the memory gets changed in a way that makes the snake store more pixels, while changing the colour of the dot to a black colour.

Update Body

This part of the diagram is responsible for updating the body of the snake. Their coordinates basically equal to the coordinates of the previous unit. Afterwards, the diagram goes back to plotting dots.



Part 3: The Successes

Overall, with the exception of a fully functional collision module, we have succeeded in reaching all the milestones presented to the TA. As a result, we have come up with a game with the following capabilities: the ability to generate random dots, control multiple snakes with one interface, detect when a snake should grow or fail to move with the use of a collision detector, and control the snakes with a mouse.

However, behind each success, failures are always prevalent within the time span of this entire project. The major problems found within this project arose from the following: Improper resets, and collisions.

To begin, when creating the random dot generator with the use of an LFSR, the bits to produce the random x, y and colour coordinates were not shifting unless if the user pressed KEY[0], which was intended to reset the game in this case. As a result, when the game is started, an additional press of KEY[0] was required to get the game working. A possible reason for a problem like this could arise from one of the conditional statements of the FSM.

Additionally, the collision module would work on the first press of the reset button. However, after the white screen (which is also the "Game Over" screen) appeared after collision, the collisions between on snake and the other didn't seem to work afterwards. A possible reason for a problem like this would arise from the fact that the same method of determining collisions between snakes and dots, and snakes and snakes, was used. In other words, this could be a possible problem because by using the same modular method for both a static and dynamic form of objects, there could be some complications with how the memory was stored for the snakes as the static dots seemed to collide as planned with the snake's head. Therefore, another plan for detecting the snake's position on the screen would probably be needed. Another possible reason for this problem would arise from the fact that when the user pressed ''Reset'', the process of storing information in memory is interrupted, so there is some data stored or cleared at times when it is not necessary. In brief, there could've possibly been problems with how each FSM interacted with each other after each collision, or how memory was stored and manipulated throughout the entire program.

Part 4: Future Improvements

If we had the chance to start this project from scratch, we would make separate modules for the snakes and the collisions, and then put them into various .v files. That way, the project would be a lot more organized, and the failures found within this entire project would've been much easier to debug. Additionally, instead of focusing to just get the project done, each partner should add more parts that they could definitely get done from the start and finish that off as soon as possible. That way, the project will have more features that will help it stand out from other projects. Moreover, another change that we would make is to use as less counters as possible, and try to connect as many states together as possible to maximize the efficiency of the code in attempts to prepare us for finishing future programming projects as quickly and as efficient as possible. Lastly, another change that would've been implemented into this project would be to spend more time on how the extensions would be connected. However, if there is no success coming along, then, after three days, the focus would be more on the functionality of the game. For example, instead of spending more than a week on connecting the mouse into the game, the main focus would've been shifted on getting the game to work perfectly with switches or any DE1-SOC connection. That way, even if the mouse extensions weren't ready, the game would still work perfectly fine. Furthermore, by getting extensions or additional connections right before the due date, there was a higher probability of getting nothing or a product that did not work at all. By making the above mistake, the game was harder to display as a multiplayer game. Therefore, less fun would come out of the game. In brief, whenever frustration is faced, moving on and building up on another part of the project is a much better strategy than moving head forward and forgetting all of the other components that need to be built upon for the entire project.

APPENDIX
Part 1: Main Game Code (ram and VGA files are not included)

Part 2: The Plot Dots Module Part 3: The PS2/Y Mouse Module

Main Game code

```
module FinalProject (
      CLOCK 50, KEY, LEDR, SW,
      PS2_CLK, PS2_DAT, //PS2_CLK2, PS2_DAT2,
      // The ports below are for the VGA output. Do not change.
                     // VGA Clock
// VGA Clock
// VGA H_SYNC
// VGA V_SYNC
// VGA BLAN
N, // VGA SYNC
// VGA Red[9:0]
// VGA Green[9:0]
      VGA_CLK,
      VGA_HS,
      VGA VS,
     VGA_BLANK_N,
                                         // VGA BLANK
     VGA_SYNC_N,
      VGA_R,
      VGA_G,
      VGA_B
                                // VGA Blue[9:0]
   );
   input CLOCK 50;
   input [3:0] KEY;
   input [2:0] SW;
   // Bidirectionals
   inout PS2_CLK;
   inout
                 PS2 DAT;
                  PS2_CLK2:
// inout
// inout
                   PS2_DAT2;
//
   output [9:0] LEDR;
   // Do not change the following outputs
                  VGA_CLK; // VGA Clock
   output
  output VGA_CLK; // VGA Clock
output VGA_HS; // VGA H_SYNC
output VGA_VS; // VGA V_SYNC
output VGA_BLANK_N; // VGA BLANK
output VGA_SYNC_N; // VGA SYNC
output [9:0] VGA_R; // VGA Red[9:0]
output [9:0] VGA_G; // VGA Green[9:0]
output [9:0] VGA_B; // VGA Blue[9:0]
                                               // VGA BLANK
   wire resetn;
   assign resetn = KEY[0];
   wire clk;
   assign clk = CLOCK_50;
   wire boost;
```

```
assign boost = \simKEY[3];
wire boost2;
assign boost2 = \simKEY[1];
//wire [2:0] direction;
//assign direction = SW[2:0];
reg [7:0] plot_x;
reg [6:0] plot_y;
//random colour generator
wire [2:0] rand_colour;
LFSR3 color1 (clk, rand_colour, resetn, 3'b100);
reg [7:0] plot_VGA_x;
reg [6:0] plot_VGA_Y;
reg [2:0] plot_VGA_colour;
reg plot_VGA_en;
vga_adapter VGA(
   .resetn(KEY[0]),
   .clock(clk),
   .colour(plot_VGA_colour),
   .x(plot_VGA_x),
   .y(plot_VGA_Y),
   .plot(plot_VGA_en),
   .VGA_R(VGA_R),
   .VGA_G(VGA_G),
   .VGA_B(VGA_B),
   .VGA_HS(VGA_HS),
   .VGA_VS(VGA_VS),
   .VGA_BLANK(VGA_BLANK_N),
   .VGA_SYNC(VGA_SYNC_N),
    .VGA_CLK(VGA_CLK));
  defparam VGA.RESOLUTION = "160x120";
  defparam VGA.MONOCHROME = "FALSE";
  defparam VGA.BITS_PER_COLOUR_CHANNEL = 1;
  defparam VGA.BACKGROUND_IMAGE = "black.mif";
wire [7:0] dot_x;
```

```
wire [6:0] dot_y;
wire [2:0] dot_colour;
wire dot_plot_en, dots_done, doneclear;
assign LEDR[0] = dots_done;
assign LEDR[1] = plot_VGA_en;
plotDots plotDot_i (
    .clk(clk),
    .resetn(resetn),
    .plot_colour(dot_colour),
    .plot_x(dot_x),
    .plot_y(dot_y),
    .plot_en(dot_plot_en),
    .done_ploting_init_dots(dots_done),
    .doneclear(doneclear)
  );
//MOUSE1
        [7:0] ps2_key_data1;
wire
wire
            ps2_key_pressed1;
reg [1:0] counter1;
reg [7:0] mouse1_x;
reg [6:0] mouse1_y;
reg [7:0] I3, I2, I1;
reg get_enable1, reset_counter1;
PS2_Controller PS2_1 (
  // Inputs
  .CLOCK_50
                      (clk),
                (~KEY[0]),
  .reset
  // Bidirectionals
  .PS2 CLK
                   (PS2_CLK),
  .PS2_DAT
                   (PS2_DAT),
  // Outputs
  .received_data
                    (ps2_key_data1),
  .received_data_en (ps2_key_pressed1)
);
always @(posedge CLOCK_50)
begin
  if (resetn == 1'b0) begin
    13 \le 8'h00;
    counter1 <= 2'b00;
    //get_enable1 <= 1'b1;
```

```
end
```

//

//

//

//

//

//

// //

//

//

// //

//

////

// //

```
else begin
       //if (ps2_key_pressed1 && get_enable1) begin
       if (ps2_key_pressed1 && get_enable1 && (counter1 != 2'b11) ) begin
         13 \le ps2_{key_data1};
         12 <= 13:
         11 <= 12;
         /*
         if (counter1 == 2'b10) begin
           //get_enable1 <= 1'b0;
           counter1 <= 2'b00;
         else counter1 <= counter1 + 1'b1;
         */
         counter1 <= counter1 + 1'b1;
       end
       if (reset_counter1) counter1 <= 2'b00;</pre>
      //else get_enable1 <= 1'b1;
    end
  end
  //MOUSE 2
//
  wire
            [7:0] ps2_key_data2;
                ps2_key_pressed2;
//
  wire
   reg [1:0] counter2;
//
//
  reg [7:0] mouse2_x;
//
  reg [6:0] mouse2_y;
//
  reg [7:0] u3, u2, u1;
//
  reg get_enable2, reset_counter2;
//
   PS2_Controller PS2_1 (
     // Inputs
     .CLOCK_50
                          (clk),
     .reset
                    (~KEY[0]),
     // Bidirectionals
                      (PS2_CLK2),
     .PS2 CLK
     .PS2_DAT
                      (PS2_DAT2),
     // Outputs
     .received_data
                        (ps2_key_data2),
     .received_data_en (ps2_key_pressed2)
   );
```

```
always @(posedge CLOCK_50)
//
   begin
//
      if (resetn == 1'b0) begin
//
        u3 \le 8'h00;
        counter2 <= 2'b00;
//
        //get_enable1 <= 1'b1;
//
//
      end
//
//
      else begin
//
//
        //if (ps2_key_pressed1 && get_enable1) begin
//
        if (ps2_key_pressed2 && get_enable2 && (counter2 != 2'b11) ) begin
//
           u3 <= ps2_key_data2;
//
           u2 \le u3;
           u1 <= u2;
//
//
//
           if (counter1 == 2'b10) begin
             //get_enable1 <= 1'b0;
//
             counter1 <= 2'b00;
//
//
           end
//
           else counter1 <= counter1 + 1'b1;
//
           */
//
           counter2 <= counter2 + 1'b1;</pre>
//
        end
//
//
        if (reset_counter2) counter2 <= 2'b00;</pre>
//
        //else get_enable1 <= 1'b1;
//
      end
//
   end
//
  reg dots_to_mem;
  wire [7:0] dot_cur_x;
  wire [7:0] dot_cur_y;
  wire [7:0] dot_cur_colour;
  reg [6:0] counterDot;
  reg [2:0] dot_out_colour;
  reg data_wait_counter1;
  dotsram dotx(
       .address(counterDot),
       .clock(clk),
       .data(dot_x),
       .wren(dots_to_mem),
```

```
.q(dot_cur_x)
       );
  dotsram doty(
       .address(counterDot),
       .clock(clk),
       .data({1'b0,dot_y}),
       .wren(dots_to_mem),
       .q(dot_cur_y)
       );
  dotsram dotcolour(
       .address(counterDot),
       .clock(clk),
       .data({5'b00000,dot_out_colour}),
       .wren(dots_to_mem),
       .q(dot_cur_colour)
       );
  reg snake_counter;
  reg [3:0] speed_difference;
  reg [3:0] frame_counter; //counts each frame
  reg [19:0] second_counter; //counts 1/60 of a second
  reg [1:0] data_wait_counter2;
  //SNAKE 1
  wire [7:0] snake1_cur_x, snake1_cur_y;
  //wire s draw, s erase, s update head, s increase length, s update body, write to mem,
s store;
  reg [8:0] snake1_memory_counter1, snake1_total_data;
  reg snake1_to_mem;
  reg snake1_done;
  reg [3:0] speed;
  reg [7:0] snake1_out_x, snake1_out_y;
  reg [7:0] snake1_prev_x, snake1_prev_y;
  reg [2:0] last_direc;
  reg [2:0] direction;
  reg [2:0] snake1_colour;
  ram512x8 getx1(
       .address(snake1_memory_counter1),
       .clock(clk),
       .data(snake1_out_x),
```

```
.wren(snake1_to_mem),
    .q(snake1_cur_x)
    );
ram512x8 gety1(
    .address(snake1_memory_counter1),
    .clock(clk),
    .data(snake1_out_y),
    .wren(snake1_to_mem),
    .q(snake1_cur_y)
//SNAKE 2
wire [7:0] snake2_cur_x, snake2_cur_y;
reg [8:0] snake2_memory_counter2, snake2_total_data;
reg snake2_to_mem;
reg snake2_done;
reg [3:0] speed2;
reg [7:0] snake2_out_x, snake2_out_y;
reg [7:0] snake2_prev_x, snake2_prev_y;
reg [2:0] last_direc2;
wire [2:0] direction2;
assign direction2 = SW[2:0];
reg [2:0] snake2_colour;
ram512x8 getx2(
    .address(snake2_memory_counter2),
    .clock(clk),
    .data(snake2_out_x),
    .wren(snake2 to mem),
    .q(snake2 cur x)
    );
ram512x8 gety2(
    .address(snake2_memory_counter2),
    .clock(clk),
    .data(snake2_out_y),
    .wren(snake2_to_mem),
    .q(snake2_cur_y)
    );
//states
reg [7:0] state;
localparam PLOT_DOTS = 8'd16,
        INIT_DOTS = 8'd17,
```

```
DOT_DATA_wait = 8'd18,
            DOTS_SCREEN_WAIT = 8'd19,
            WAIT = 8'd20,
            draw = 8'd0,
            d wait = 8'd1,
            dprint = 8'd14,
            draw_reset_counter = 8'd11,//resetting the memory counter1 and determines the
speed of the snake
            enable mouse = 8'd25,
            erase_mouse = 8'd26,
            update_mouse = 8'd27,
            draw mouse = 8'd28,
            disable mouse =8'd29,
            enable_mouse2 = 8'd30,
            erase_mouse2 = 8'd31,
            update mouse2 = 8'd37,
            draw mouse2 = 8'd33,
            disable mouse2 =8'd34,
            wait_time = 8'd2,
            change_snake = 8'd35,
            erase = 8'd3,
            e_wait = 8'd4,
            eprint = 8'd15,
            erase_reset_counter = 8'd12,
            get_direction = 8'd5,
            update_head = 8'd6,
           food data wait = 8'd21,
            check food = 8'd22,
            next_food = 8'd23,
            increase length = 8'd7,
            othersnake_data_wait =8'd36,
            check_snake = 8'd37,
            next_snake_coord = 8'd38,
            update_wait = 8'd13,
            update body = 8'd8,
            store_wait = 8'd24,
            store_update = 8'd9,
            u_wait = 8'd10,
            game_over = 8'd39;//max
```

```
reg temp;
assign LEDR[9] = temp;
always@(posedge clk)
begin
if (!resetn) begin //Case reset
  state <= INIT_DOTS;
  plot_VGA_x \le 0;
  plot_VGA_Y \le 0;
  plot VGA colour <= 0;
  plot_VGA_en <= 0;
  dots_to_mem <= 1'b0;
  counterDot <= 7'b11111111; //make it 0 the first time
  snake counter <= 1'b0;
  data_wait_counter1 <= 1'b1;
  data_wait_counter2 <= 2'b10;
  snake1 to mem \leq 1'b0:
  snake1_memory_counter1 <= 9'b000000000;</pre>
  snake1 out x \le 8'b00000010;
  snake1_out_y <= 8'b00000010;
  snake1_total_data <= 9'b000000001;
  snake1 colour <= 3'b011;
  last_direc <= 3'b000;
  direction <= 3'b000;
  snake1_done <= 1'b0;
  snake1 to mem <= 1'b1;
  snake2_memory_counter2 <= 9'b000000000;
  snake2 out x \le 8'b011111111;
  snake2_out_y <= 8'b01111100;
  snake2_total_data <= 9'b000000001;
  snake2_colour <= 3'b011;
  last direc2 <= 3'b111;
  //direction2 <= 3'b000;
  snake2_done <= 1'b0;
  mouse1 x \le 8'b01010000;
  mouse1_y <= 7'b0111100;
  get_enable1 <= 1'b0;
  reset_counter1 <= 1'b0;
  speed_difference <= 4'b0000;
```

```
plot_x \le 8'b00000000;
  plot_y <= 0;
  temp <= 1'b0;
end
else begin //Moving around states
  case(state)
    INIT_DOTS:
    begin
       if (dots_done) begin
         state <= store_update;
         dots_to_mem <= 1'b0;
         counterDot <= 0;
         plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
       end
       else
       begin
         if (doneclear) begin
            dots_to_mem <= 1'b1;
            counterDot <= counterDot + 1'b1;
         end
         state <= INIT_DOTS;
         plot_VGA_x \le dot_x;
         plot_VGA_Y <= dot_y;
         plot_VGA_colour <= dot_colour;
         dot_out_colour <= dot_colour;</pre>
         plot_VGA_en <= dot_plot_en;
       end
    end
    //draw dots
    //wait for data from memory
    DOT_DATA_wait:
    begin
       temp \leq 1'b0;
       if (data_wait_counter1 == 1'b0) begin
         state <= PLOT_DOTS;
         data_wait_counter1 <= 1'b1;
       end
```

```
else begin
    plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
    state <= DOT_DATA_wait;
    data_wait_counter1 <= data_wait_counter1 -1'b1;</pre>
  end
end
//send to VGA
PLOT_DOTS:
begin
  plot_VGA_x <= dot_cur_x;
  plot_VGA_Y \le dot_cur_y[6:0];
  plot_VGA_colour <= dot_cur_colour[2:0];
  plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;
  state <= DOTS_SCREEN_WAIT;
end
//VGA has received data, plot to screen
DOTS_SCREEN_WAIT:
begin
  plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
  if(counterDot==7'b1111111) begin
    state <= d_wait;
    counterDot <= 0;
  end
  else begin
    state <= DOT_DATA_wait;
    counterDot <= counterDot + 1'b1;
  end
end
//snake 1 draw
d_wait:
begin
  if (data_wait_counter1 == 1'b0) begin
    state <= draw;
    data_wait_counter1 <= 1'b1;
  end
  else begin
    plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
    state <= d wait;
    data_wait_counter1 <= data_wait_counter1 -1'b1;</pre>
  end
end
```

```
draw:
begin
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
    plot_VGA_x <= snake1_cur_x;
    plot VGA Y <= snake1 cur y[6:0];
    plot VGA colour <= boost? rand colour : snake1 colour;
    if (boost) snake1_colour <= (rand_colour == 3'b000) ? 3'b011 :rand_colour;
  end
  else begin
    plot_VGA_x <= snake2_cur_x;
    plot_VGA_Y <= snake2_cur_y[6:0];
    plot_VGA_colour <= boost2? rand_colour : snake2_colour;
    if (boost2) snake2 colour <= (rand colour == 3'b000) ? 3'b101 :rand colour;
  end
  state <= dprint;
  plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;
end
dprint:
begin
  plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
  if (snake counter == 1'b0) begin
    if( snake1_memory_counter1 == (snake1_total_data-1'b1) ) begin
       state <= draw reset counter;
       snake1_memory_counter1 <= 0;</pre>
    end
    else begin
       state <= d wait;
       snake1_memory_counter1 <= snake1_memory_counter1 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
  end
  else begin
    if( snake2_memory_counter2 == (snake2_total_data-1'b1) ) begin
       state <= draw_reset_counter;
       snake2_memory_counter2 <= 0;</pre>
    end
    else begin
       state <= d_wait;
       snake2_memory_counter2 <= snake2_memory_counter2 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
  end
```

```
end
draw_reset_counter:
begin
  plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
    snake1_memory_counter1 <= 9'b000000000;</pre>
    speed <= (boost) ? 4'b0001 : 4'b1111;
  end
  else begin
    snake2_memory_counter2 <= 9'b000000000;
    speed2 <= (boost2) ? 4'b0001 : 4'b1111;
  end
  state <= enable_mouse;
  second_counter <= 20'b11001011011100110101; //50 million divide by 60 == 833333
  frame counter <= 4'b0000;
end
//Mouse 1
enable_mouse: begin
  //if ( (counter1 == 2'b11) && ps2_key_pressed1) begin
  if (counter1 == 2'b11) begin
    state <= erase_mouse;
    get_enable1 <= 1'b0;
    reset_counter1 <= 1'b1;
  end
  else begin
    state <= wait_time;
    get enable1 <= 1'b1;
  end
end
erase_mouse: begin
  state <= update_mouse;
  reset counter1 <= 1'b0;
  plot VGA x \le mouse1 x;
  plot_VGA_Y <= mouse1_y;
```

plot_VGA_colour <= 3'b000; plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;

update_mouse: begin

end

```
state <= draw_mouse;
         if (12 == 8'b0) mouse1_x <= mouse1_x;
         else begin
           if (11[4]) mouse1_x <= mouse1_x - 1'b1;// - (~12) - 1'b1;
           else mouse1_x \le mouse1<math>_x + 1b1;//12;
         end
         if (13 == 8'b0) mouse1_y <= mouse1_y;
         else begin
           if (!11[5]) mouse1_y <= mouse1_y - 1'b1;//(\sim13[6:0]) - 1'b1;
           else mouse1_y <= mouse1_y + 1'b1;// l3[6:0];
         end
         plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
       end
       draw_mouse: begin
         state <= disable_mouse;
         plot_VGA_x <= mouse1_x;
         plot VGA Y <= mouse1 y;
         plot_VGA_colour <= 3'b011;
         plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;
       end
       disable_mouse: begin
         state <= wait_time;
         plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
         get_enable1 <= 1'b1;
       end
       //Mouse 2
//
//
        enable_mouse2: begin
//
          //if ( (counter1 == 2'b11) && ps2_key_pressed1) begin
          if (counter2 == 2'b11) begin
//
            state <= erase_mouse2;
//
             get_enable2 <= 1'b0;
//
//
            reset_counter2 <= 1'b1;
//
          end
//
//
          else begin
//
             state <= wait time;
             get_enable2 <= 1'b1;
//
//
          end
//
        end
//
//
        erase_mouse2: begin
//
          state <= update_mouse2;
```

```
//
//
          reset_counter2 <= 1'b0;
//
          plot_VGA_x <= mouse2_x;
//
          plot_VGA_Y <= mouse2_y;
//
          plot_VGA_colour <= 3'b000;
          plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;
//
//
        end
//
//
        update_mouse2: begin
//
          state <= draw_mouse2;
//
//
          if (u2 == 8'b0) mouse2_x <= mouse2_x;
//
          else begin
             if (u1[4]) mouse2_x <= mouse2_x - 1'b1;//- (~|2) - 1'b1;
//
             else mouse2 x \le mouse2 x + 1'b1; //l2;
//
//
          end
//
//
          if (u3 == 8'b0) mouse2_y <= mouse2_y;
          else begin
//
//
             if (!|2[5]) mouse2_y <= mouse2_y - 1'b1;//(\sim|3[6:0]) - 1'b1;
             else mouse2_y <= mouse2_y + 1'b1; //l3[6:0];
//
//
          end
//
//
          plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
//
        end
//
//
        draw_mouse2: begin
//
          state <= disable_mouse2;
          plot_VGA_x <= mouse2_x;
//
          plot_VGA_Y <= mouse2_y;
//
//
          plot_VGA_colour <= 3'b011;
//
          plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;
//
        end
//
//
        disable mouse2: begin
//
          state <= wait_time;
//
          plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
//
//
          get_enable2 <= 1'b1;
//
        end
//
       wait_time:
       begin
         if (frame_counter == speed || frame_counter == speed2) begin
            state <= change_snake;
           frame_counter <= 4'b0000;
```

```
second_counter <= 20'b00001011011100110101;
          end
          else begin
            if ( second counter == 20'b01100101101110011010) //- 2'b11
*(frame counter/2'b11) == 1'b0)
               state <= (counter1 == 2'b11)? enable_mouse: wait_time; //mouse counter data
            else state <= wait time;
            //1/60 of a second reached
            if (second counter == {20{1'b0}}) begin
              frame_counter <= frame_counter + 1'b1;
               second_counter <= 20'b00001011011100110101; //changed
b11001011011100110101
            end
            else begin
               second_counter <= second_counter - 1'b1;//{ {19{1'b0}}, 1'b1};
            end
          end
       end
       //boost check:
//
           if ( ((speed2 != 4'b1111) ^ (speed != 4'b1111)) && (speed_difference != 4'b1111) )
begin
             speed_difference <= speed_difference + 1'b1;</pre>
//
//
           end
//
//
//
           else begin
             speed difference <= 4'b0000;
//
//
             snake_counter <= snake_counter + 1'b1;</pre>
//
//
           snake_counter <= snake_counter + 1'b1;</pre>
       change_snake: begin
          if (snake counter == 1'b0) begin
            if (snake1 done) begin
              state <= DOT_DATA_wait;
               snake_counter <= 1'b1;</pre>
               snake1_done <= 1'b0;
            end
            else begin
               state <= e_wait;
               snake_counter<= 1'b0;
            end
          end
```

```
else begin
    if (snake2_done) begin
       state <= DOT_DATA_wait;
       snake_counter <= 1'b0;</pre>
       snake2_done <= 1'b0;
    end
    else begin
      state <= e_wait;
       snake_counter<= 1'b1;</pre>
    end
  end
end
//snake erase
e_wait:
begin
  if (data_wait_counter1 == 1'b0) begin
    state <= erase;
    data_wait_counter1 <= 1'b1;
  end
  else begin
    plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
    state <= e_wait;
    data_wait_counter1 <= data_wait_counter1 -1'b1;</pre>
  end
end
erase:
begin
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
    plot_VGA_x <= snake1_cur_x;
    plot_VGA_Y <= snake1_cur_y[6:0];
    plot_VGA_colour <= 3'b000;
  end
  else begin
    plot_VGA_x <= snake2_cur_x;
    plot_VGA_Y <= snake2_cur_y[6:0];
    plot_VGA_colour <= 3'b000;
  end
  state <= eprint;
```

```
plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;
end
eprint:
begin
  plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
    if( snake1_memory_counter1 == (snake1_total_data-1'b1) ) begin
      state <= erase_reset_counter;
      snake1_memory_counter1 <= 0;</pre>
    end
    else begin
      state <= e_wait;
      snake1_memory_counter1 <= snake1_memory_counter1 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
  end
  else begin
    if( snake2_memory_counter2 == (snake2_total_data-1'b1) ) begin
      state <= erase_reset_counter;
      snake2_memory_counter2 <= 0;</pre>
    end
    else begin
      state <= e_wait;
      snake2_memory_counter2 <= snake2_memory_counter2 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
  end
end
erase reset counter:
begin
  if (data_wait_counter2 == 2'b00) begin
    state <= get direction;
    data_wait_counter2 <= 2'b10;
  end
  else begin
    state <= erase_reset_counter;
    plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
    data wait counter2 <= data wait counter2 - 1'b1;
    if (snake_counter == 1'b0) snake1_memory_counter1 <= 9'b000000000;
    else snake2_memory_counter2 <= 9'b000000000;
  end
end
```

```
//snake head update
       get_direction:
       begin
         state <= update head;
         if ( (mouse1_y == snake1_cur_y) && (mouse1_x > snake1_cur_x) ) direction <=
3'b000:
         if ( (mouse1_y == snake1_cur_y) && (mouse1_x < snake1_cur_x) ) direction <=
3'b001:
         if ( (mouse1_y < snake1_cur_y) && (mouse1_x == snake1_cur_x) ) direction <=
3'b010;
         if ( (mouse1_y > snake1_cur_y) && (mouse1_x == snake1_cur_x) ) direction <=
3'b011;
         if ( (mouse1 y > snake1 cur y) && (mouse1 x < snake1 cur x) ) direction <=
3'b100;
         if ( (mouse1_y < snake1_cur_y) && (mouse1_x > snake1_cur_x) ) direction <=
3'b101:
         if ( (mouse1_y > snake1_cur_y) && (mouse1_x > snake1_cur_x) ) direction <=
3'b110;
         if ( (mouse1 y < snake1 cur y) && (mouse1 x < snake1 cur x) ) direction <=
3'b111;
       end
       update_head:
       begin
         state <= food_data_wait;
         //food? increase_length :store_update;
         if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
            snake1 prev x <= snake1 cur x;
            snake1_prev_y <= snake1_cur_y;</pre>
            //direction is the opposite as the last direction
            //we will ignore the current direction b/c snake cant go backward
            if ( (direction[1] == last_direc[1]) && (direction[2] == last_direc[2]) ) begin
              case (last direc)
                 3'b000: begin //right
                   snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x + 1'b1;</pre>
                   snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y;
                 end
                 3'b001: begin //left
                   snake1 out x \le snake1 cur x - 1'b1;
                   snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y;</pre>
                 end
                 3'b010: begin //up
                   snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y - 1'b1;
```

```
snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x;
     end
     3'b011: begin //down
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y + 1'b1;</pre>
       snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x;
     end
     3'b100: begin
       snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x - 1'b1;
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y + 1'b1;
     end
     3'b101: begin
       snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x + 1'b1;
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y - 1'b1;
     end
     3'b110: begin
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y + 1'b1;
       snake1\_out\_x \le snake1\_cur\_x + 1'b1;
     end
     3'b111: begin
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
       snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x - 1'b1;</pre>
     end
     default: begin
       snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x + 1'b1;
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y;</pre>
     end
  endcase
  //last_direction stays the same
  last_direc <= last_direc;</pre>
end
//next direction is valid
else begin
  case (direction)
     3'b000: begin //right
       snake1\_out\_x \le snake1\_cur\_x + 1'b1;
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y;
     end
     3'b001: begin //left
       snake1 out x \le snake1 cur x - 1'b1;
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y;
     end
     3'b010: begin //up
       snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y - 1'b1;
       snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x;
     end
     3'b011: begin //down
```

```
snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y + 1'b1;
          snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x;
       end
       3'b100: begin
          snake1 out x \le snake1 cur x - 1'b1;
          snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y + 1'b1;
       end
       3'b101: begin
          snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x + 1'b1;</pre>
          snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
       end
       3'b110: begin
          snake1 out y \le snake1 cur y + 1'b1;
          snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x + 1'b1;</pre>
       end
       3'b111: begin
          snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y - 1'b1;
          snake1_out_x <= snake1_cur_x - 1'b1;</pre>
       end
       default: begin
          snake1\_out\_x \le snake1\_cur\_x + 1'b1;
          snake1_out_y <= snake1_cur_y;
       end
     endcase
     last_direc <= direction;
  end
end
else begin
  snake2 prev x <= snake2 cur x;
  snake2_prev_y <= snake2_cur_y;
  //direction is the opposite as the last_direction
  //we will ignore the current direction b/c snake cant go backward
  if ( (direction2[1] == last_direc2[1]) && (direction2[2] == last_direc2[2]) ) begin
     case (last_direc2)
       3'b000: begin //right
          snake2 out x \le \text{snake2 cur } x + 1'b1;
          snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y;
       end
       3'b001: begin //left
          snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x - 1'b1;</pre>
          snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y;</pre>
       end
       3'b010: begin //up
```

```
snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
       snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x;
     end
     3'b011: begin //down
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y + 1'b1;</pre>
       snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x;</pre>
     end
     3'b100: begin
       snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x - 1'b1;</pre>
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y + 1'b1;</pre>
     end
     3'b101: begin
       snake2 out x \le \text{snake2 cur } x + 1'b1;
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
     end
     3'b110: begin
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y + 1'b1;</pre>
       snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x + 1'b1;</pre>
     end
     3'b111: begin
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
       snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x - 1'b1;</pre>
     end
     default: begin
       snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x + 1'b1;</pre>
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y;
     end
  endcase
  //last_direction stays the same
  last direc2 <= last direc2;
end
//next direction is valid
else begin
  case (direction2)
     3'b000: begin //right
       snake2\_out\_x \le snake2\_cur\_x + 1'b1;
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y;</pre>
     end
     3'b001: begin //left
       snake2 out x \le snake2 cur x - 1'b1;
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y;</pre>
     end
     3'b010: begin //up
       snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
       snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x;
     end
```

```
3'b011: begin //down
            snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y + 1'b1;</pre>
            snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x;
         end
         3'b100: begin
            snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x - 1'b1;</pre>
            snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y + 1'b1;</pre>
         end
         3'b101: begin
            snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x + 1'b1;</pre>
            snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
         end
         3'b110: begin
           snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y + 1'b1;
            snake2_out_x <= snake2_cur_x + 1'b1;
         end
         3'b111: begin
           snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y - 1'b1;</pre>
            snake2 out x <= snake2 cur x - 1'b1;
         end
         default: begin
            snake2\_out\_x \le snake2\_cur\_x + 1'b1;
            snake2_out_y <= snake2_cur_y;</pre>
         end
       endcase
       last_direc2 <= direction2;</pre>
    end
  end
end
//CHECK FOOD
food_data_wait:
begin
  if (data_wait_counter1 == 1'b0) begin
    state <= check_food;
    data_wait_counter1 <= 1'b1;
  end
  else begin
    state <= food_data_wait;
    data_wait_counter1 <= data_wait_counter1 -1'b1;</pre>
  end
end
```

```
check_food:
      begin
         if (snake counter == 1'b0) begin
           if ( (snake1_out_x == dot_cur_x) && (snake1_out_y == dot_cur_y) &&
(dot_cur_colour[2:0] != 3'b000) ) begin
             state <= increase length;
             dot out colour <= 3'b000;
             dots_to_mem <= 1'b1;
           end
           else begin
             state <= next_food;
           end
         end
         else begin
           if ( (snake2_out_x == dot_cur_x) && (snake2_out_y == dot_cur_y) &&
(dot_cur_colour[2:0] != 3'b000) ) begin
             state <= increase_length;
             dot_out_colour <= 3'b000;
             dots_to_mem <= 1'b1;
           end
           else begin
             state <= next_food;
           end
         end
      end
      next food:
      begin
         if(counterDot==7'b1111111) begin
           //change here to check other collisions
           state <= othersnake_data_wait;
           counterDot <= 0;
         end
         else begin
           state <= food data wait;
           counterDot <= counterDot + 1'b1;
         end
      end
      //check snake
      othersnake_data_wait:
      begin
         if (data_wait_counter1 == 1'b0) begin
```

```
state <= check snake:
    data_wait_counter1 <= 1'b1;
  end
  else begin
    state <= othersnake data wait;
    data_wait_counter1 <= data_wait_counter1 -1'b1;</pre>
  end
end
check_snake:
begin
  if (snake counter == 1'b0) begin
    if ( (snake1_out_x == snake2_cur_x) && (snake1_out_y == snake2_cur_y) )
       state <= game_over;
    else
       state <= next_snake_coord;
  end
  else begin
    if ( (snake2_out_x == snake1_cur_x) && (snake2_out_y == snake1_cur_y) )
       state <= game_over;
    else begin
       state <= next_snake_coord;
    end
  end
end
next_snake_coord:
begin
//flip cuz check other snake
  if (snake_counter == 1'b1) begin
    if( snake1_memory_counter1 == (snake1_total_data-1'b1) ) begin
       state <= store update:
       snake1_memory_counter1 <= 0;</pre>
    end
    else begin
       state <= othersnake data wait;
       snake1_memory_counter1 <= snake1_memory_counter1 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
  end
  else begin
    if( snake2_memory_counter2 == (snake2_total_data-1'b1) ) begin
       state <= store_update;
```

```
snake2_memory_counter2 <= 0;
    end
    else begin
      state <= othersnake_data_wait;
      snake2_memory_counter2 <= snake2_memory_counter2 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
  end
end
increase_length:
begin
  state <= store_update;
  dots to mem <= 1'b0;
  counterDot <= 0;
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) snake1_total_data <= snake1_total_data + 1'b1;</pre>
  else snake2_total_data <= snake2_total_data + 1'b1;
end
//snake body update
update_wait:
begin
  if (data_wait_counter1 == 1'b0) begin
    state <= update body;
    data_wait_counter1 <= 1'b1;
  end
  else begin
    state <= update_wait;
    data_wait_counter1 <= data_wait_counter1 - 1'b1;
  end
end
update_body: begin
  state <= store_update;
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
    snake1_prev_x <= snake1_cur_x;</pre>
    snake1_prev_y <= snake1_cur_y;
```

```
snake1_out_x <= snake1_prev_x; //store the next unit's x,y in out_x, out_y
    snake1_out_y <= snake1_prev_y; //so we can assign them next_state
  end
  else begin
    snake2_prev_x <= snake2_cur_x;</pre>
    snake2_prev_y <= snake2_cur_y;
    snake2_out_x <= snake2_prev_x;
    snake2_out_y <= snake2_prev_y;
  end
end
//store update
store_update: begin
  state <= store_wait;
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
    snake1 to mem <= 1'b1;
    snake1_out_x <= snake1_out_x;
    snake1_out_y <= snake1_out_y;</pre>
  end
  else begin
    snake2_to_mem <= 1'b1;
    snake2_out_x <= snake2_out_x;</pre>
    snake2_out_y <= snake2_out_y;
  end
end
store_wait: begin
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) begin
    if (snake1_memory_counter1 == (snake1_total_data-1'b1)) begin
      state <= u_wait;
    end
    else begin
      state <= update_wait;
      snake1_memory_counter1 <= snake1_memory_counter1 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
    snake1 to mem <= 1'b0;
  end
  else begin
    if (snake2_memory_counter2 == (snake2_total_data-1'b1)) begin
      state <= u_wait;
    end
```

```
else begin
      state <= update_wait;
      snake2_memory_counter2 <= snake2_memory_counter2 + 1'b1;</pre>
    end
    snake2_to_mem <= 1'b0;
  end
end
u_wait: begin
  if (data_wait_counter2 == 2'b00) begin
    state <= WAIT;
    data_wait_counter2 <= 2'b10;
  end
  else begin
    state <= u_wait;
    data_wait_counter2 <= data_wait_counter2 - 1'b1;</pre>
    if (snake_counter == 1'b0) snake1_memory_counter1 <= 0;
    else snake2 memory counter2 <= 0;
  end
end
WAIT:
begin
  state <= DOT_DATA_wait;
  temp \leq 1'b1;
  if (snake_counter == 1'b0) snake1_done <= 1'b1;
  else snake2 done <= 1'b1;
end
game_over:
begin
  if (plot_x == 8'b11111111 && plot_y == 7'b1111111) begin
    state <= game_over;
    plot_VGA_en <= 1'b0;
  end
  else begin
    if (plot x == 8b111111111) begin
      plot_y \le plot_y + 1'b1;
      plot_x <= 8'b0;
    end
    else begin
```

```
plot_x \le plot_x + 1'b1;
            end
            state <= game_over;
            plot_VGA_x <= plot_x;
            plot_VGA_Y <= plot_y;
            plot_VGA_colour <= 3'b111;
            plot_VGA_en <= 1'b1;
          end
       end
     default: state <= INIT_DOTS;</pre>
     endcase
  end
  end
endmodule
Plot dots module (for initializing the dots after reset)
// Part 2 skeleton
module plotDots (
  clk, resetn, plot_colour,
  plot_x,
  plot_y,
  plot_en,
  done_ploting_init_dots,
  doneclear
);
input clk;
input resetn;
output plot_en;
output [7:0] plot_x;
output [6:0] plot_y;
output [2:0] plot_colour;
output done_ploting_init_dots;
output doneclear;
wire [2:0] rand_colour;
```

```
wire [6:0] counterDot:
reg [7:0] counterAsync = 8'b00110110;
wire [7:0] offset_x;
wire [6:0] offset y;
always @ (posedge clk)//Counter
begin
  //if (!resetn) counterAsync <= 8'b00110110;
  //else
  counterAsync <= counterAsync + 1'b1;</pre>
end // Coutner
LFSR8 lfsrX(.clk(clk), .shift(offset_x), .resetn(resetn), .counterAsync(counterAsync));
LFSR7 IfsrY(clk, offset_y, resetn, counterAsync[6:0]);
LFSR3 lsfrCOLOUR (clk, rand_colour, resetn, counterAsync[2:0]);
//assign LEDR[0] = done xy ctrl;
xy plot control xy plot controller (
.clk(clk),
.resetn(resetn),
//.move_next(KEY[1]),
//.set_x(SW[7:0]),
.rand_colour(rand_colour),
//.set y(SW[6:0]),
.offset x(offset x),
.offset_y(offset_y),
.plot_x(plot_x),
.plot_y(plot_y),
.plot_en(plot_en),
.plot_colour(plot_colour),
.counterDot(counterDot),
.done(done plotting init dots),
.doneclear(doneclear)
);
endmodule
module LFSR8 (clk, shift, resetn, counterAsync);
input clk;
input [7:0]counterAsync;
input resetn;
output reg [7:0] shift = 7'd1;
always@(posedge clk) begin
  if (!resetn) begin
  shift <= counterAsync;</pre>
  end
  else begin
   shift <= shift<<1;
   shift[0] \le (shift[1] \land shift[2]) \land (shift[3] \land shift[7]);
```

```
end
```

end endmodule

```
module LFSR7 (clk,shift, resetn, counterAsync);
input clk;
input [6:0]counterAsync;
input resetn;
output reg [6:0] shift= 6'd1;
always@(posedge clk) begin
if (!resetn) begin
shift <= counterAsync;</pre>
end
else begin
shift <= shift<<1;
shift[0] \le (shift[1] \land shift[2]) \land (shift[3] \land shift[6]);
end
end
endmodule
module LFSR3 (clk,shift, resetn, counterAsync);
input clk;
input [2:0]counterAsync;
input resetn;
output reg [2:0] shift = 2'd1;
always@(posedge clk) begin
if (!resetn) begin
shift <= counterAsync;</pre>
end
else begin
shift <= shift<<1;
shift[0] \le (shift[1] \land shift[2]);
end
end
endmodule
```

module xy_plot_control (clk, resetn, rand_colour, offset_x, offset_y, plot_x, plot_y, plot_colour, plot_en, counterDot, done, doneclear);

```
input clk, resetn;
//input [7:0] set_x;
//input [6:0] set_y;
input [7:0] offset_x;
input [6:0] offset_y;
input [2:0] rand_colour;
// Output signals to VGA controller
output reg plot_en;
output reg [7:0] plot_x;
output reg [6:0] plot_y;
output reg [2:0] plot_colour;
output reg [6:0] counterDot;
output reg done, doneclear;
// States
reg [3:0] state;
localparam [3:0] INIT = 4'd0;
localparam[3:0] PLOT = 4'd1;
localparam [3:0] DONE = 4'd2;
localparam [3:0] CLEAR_VGA_MEM = 4'd3;
// Internal variables DELETE???
reg [7:0] x;
reg [6:0] y;
reg [2:0] set colour;
// State machine
always@(posedge clk) begin
if (!resetn) begin //Case reset
 state <= INIT;
 done \leq 0;
end
else begin //Moving around states
 case(state)
 INIT:
  begin
   plot_x \le 0;
  plot_y \le 0;
   plot_en <= 0:
   state <= CLEAR_VGA_MEM;
    counterDot <= 0;
    doneclear <= 1'b0;
      write_to_mem <= 1'b0;
 end
  CLEAR_VGA_MEM:
```

```
begin
     if (plot_x == 8'b111111111 & plot_y == 7'b11111111) begin
         state <= PLOT;
         plot_colour <= 0;
         plot_en <= 1;
         doneclear <= 1'b1;
       end else begin
         if (plot_x == 8'b11111111) begin
            plot_y \le plot_y + 1'b1;
            plot_x \le 8'b0;
         end
         else begin
            plot_x \le plot_x + 1'b1;
         state <= CLEAR_VGA_MEM;
         plot_colour <= 0;
         plot_en <= 1;
       end
   end
 PLOT:
  begin
  //if (move_next||counterDot==7'b1111111) begin
    if(counterDot==7'b1111111) begin
   //state <= INIT; //If counter reaches 100 or w.e, the game has to start. Also, store each dot
in memory.
   plot_en \le 0;
    state <= DONE:
    counterDot <= 0;
   end
    else begin
   plot_x <= offset_x;
   plot_y <= offset_y;
   plot_en <= 1;
    counterDot <= counterDot+1'b1;</pre>
   plot_colour <= rand_colour;
   state <= PLOT;
   end
  end
  DONE: begin
    plot_en <= 0;
    done <= 1;
  end
```

```
default:
  begin
  //state <= INIT;
    state <= INIT;
   plot_x \le 0;
  plot_y \le 0;
   plot_en <= 0;
   end
 endcase
end
end
endmodule
PS2 mouse controller
(obtained from http://www.Computer-Engineering.org
Author: Adam Chapweske)
module PS2_Controller #(parameter INITIALIZE_MOUSE = 1) (
  // Inputs
  CLOCK_50,
  reset,
  the_command,
  send_command,
  // Bidirectionals
              // PS2 Clock
// PS2 Data
  PS2_CLK,
  PS2_DAT,
  // Outputs
  command_was_sent,
  error_communication_timed_out,
  received_data,
  received_data_en // If 1 - new data has been received
);
```

```
*******************
              Parameter Declarations
// Inputs
input
         CLOCK_50;
input
         reset;
input [7:0] the_command;
input
          send_command;
// Bidirectionals
inout
          PS2_CLK;
          PS2 DAT:
inout
// Outputs
output
          command was sent;
      error_communication_timed_out;
output
output [7:0] received data;
output
          received_data_en;
wire [7:0] the command w;
wire send_command_w, command_was_sent_w, error_communication_timed_out_w;
generate
  if(INITIALIZE MOUSE) begin
    assign the command w = init done? the command: 8'hf4;
    assign send_command_w = init_done ? send_command : (!command_was_sent_w &&
!error_communication_timed_out_w);
    assign command_was_sent = init_done ? command_was_sent_w : 0;
    assign error_communication_timed_out = init_done ? error_communication_timed_out_w :
1;
    reg init done;
    always @(posedge CLOCK_50)
      if(reset) init done <= 0;
      else if(command_was_sent_w) init_done <= 1;
  end else begin
    assign the command w = the command;
    assign send_command_w = send_command;
    assign command_was_sent = command_was_sent_w;
    assign error_communication_timed_out = error_communication_timed_out_w;
  end
```

```
endgenerate
```

```
****************************
           Constant Declarations
// states
localparam PS2_STATE_0_IDLE = 3'h0,
     PS2\_STATE\_1\_DATA\_IN = 3'h1,
     PS2\_STATE\_2\_COMMAND\_OUT = 3'h2,
     PS2 STATE 3 END TRANSFER = 3'h3,
     PS2\_STATE\_4\_END\_DELAYED = 3'h4;
Internal wires and registers Declarations
// Internal Wires
    ps2_clk_posedge;
wire
wire
        ps2_clk_negedge;
wire
       start_receiving_data;
       wait_for_incoming_data;
wire
// Internal Registers
    [7:0] idle_counter;
reg
         ps2 clk reg;
reg
         ps2 data reg;
reg
         last_ps2_clk;
reg
// State Machine Registers
   [2:0] ns_ps2_transceiver;
reg
     [2:0] s_ps2_transceiver;
reg
/***********************************
always @(posedge CLOCK_50)
begin
 if (reset == 1'b1)
   s_ps2_transceiver <= PS2_STATE_0_IDLE;</pre>
 else
   s_ps2_transceiver <= ns_ps2_transceiver;</pre>
end
always @(*)
begin
 // Defaults
 ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_0_IDLE;
```

```
case (s ps2 transceiver)
  PS2_STATE_0_IDLE:
    begin
      if ((idle_counter == 8'hFF) &&
           (send command == 1'b1))
        ns ps2 transceiver = PS2 STATE 2 COMMAND OUT;
      else if ((ps2_data_reg == 1'b0) && (ps2_clk_posedge == 1'b1))
        ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_1_DATA_IN;
      else
        ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_0_IDLE;
    end
  PS2_STATE_1_DATA_IN:
    begin
      if ((received data en == 1'b1)/* && (ps2 clk posedge == 1'b1)*/)
        ns ps2 transceiver = PS2 STATE 0 IDLE;
      else
        ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_1_DATA_IN;
    end
  PS2 STATE 2 COMMAND OUT:
    begin
      if ((command was sent == 1'b1) ||
        (error communication timed out == 1'b1))
        ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_3_END_TRANSFER;
        ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_2_COMMAND_OUT;
    end
  PS2_STATE_3_END_TRANSFER:
    begin
      if (send command == 1'b0)
        ns ps2 transceiver = PS2 STATE 0 IDLE;
      else if ((ps2_data_reg == 1'b0) && (ps2_clk_posedge == 1'b1))
        ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_4_END_DELAYED;
      else
        ns ps2 transceiver = PS2 STATE 3 END TRANSFER;
    end
  PS2_STATE_4_END_DELAYED:
    begin
      if (received_data_en == 1'b1)
      begin
        if (send_command == 1'b0)
           ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_0_IDLE;
        else
           ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_3_END_TRANSFER;
      end
      else
        ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_4_END_DELAYED;
    end
  default:
      ns_ps2_transceiver = PS2_STATE_0_IDLE;
  endcase
end
```

```
Sequential logic
   always @(posedge CLOCK 50)
begin
 if (reset == 1'b1)
 begin
   last_ps2_clk <= 1'b1;
   ps2_clk_reg <= 1'b1;
   ps2_data_reg <= 1'b1;
 end
 else
 begin
   last_ps2_clk <= ps2_clk_reg;</pre>
   ps2_clk_reg <= PS2_CLK;
    ps2_data_reg <= PS2_DAT;
 end
end
always @(posedge CLOCK_50)
begin
 if (reset == 1'b1)
   idle counter <= 6'h00;
 else if ((s_ps2_transceiver == PS2_STATE_0_IDLE) &&
      (idle_counter != 8'hFF))
    idle_counter <= idle_counter + 6'h01;
 else if (s_ps2_transceiver != PS2_STATE_0_IDLE)
    idle_counter <= 6'h00;
end
/****************************
              Combinational logic
assign ps2_clk_posedge =
      ((ps2_clk_reg == 1'b1) && (last_ps2_clk == 1'b0)) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
assign ps2_clk_negedge =
      ((ps2_clk_reg == 1'b0) && (last_ps2_clk == 1'b1)) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
assign start_receiving_data
                         = (s_ps2_transceiver == PS2_STATE_1_DATA_IN);
assign wait for incoming data =
      (s_ps2_transceiver == PS2_STATE_3_END_TRANSFER);
              Internal Modules
```

```
Altera_UP_PS2_Data_In PS2_Data_In (
  // Inputs
  .clk
                     (CLOCK 50),
  .reset
                        (reset),
  .wait_for_incoming_data
                                (wait_for_incoming_data),
  .start_receiving_data
                            (start_receiving_data),
  .ps2_clk_posedge
                            (ps2_clk_posedge),
  .ps2_clk_negedge
                            (ps2_clk_negedge),
  .ps2_data
                         (ps2_data_reg),
  // Bidirectionals
  // Outputs
  .received data
                            (received data),
  .received data en
                             (received_data_en)
);
Altera_UP_PS2_Command_Out PS2_Command_Out (
  // Inputs
  .clk
                     (CLOCK 50),
  .reset
                        (reset),
                            (the command w),
  .the command
  .send_command
                             (send_command_w),
  .ps2_clk_posedge
                            (ps2_clk_posedge),
  .ps2_clk_negedge
                            (ps2_clk_negedge),
  // Bidirectionals
                          (PS2_CLK),
  .PS2 CLK
  .PS2_DAT
                          (PS2_DAT),
  // Outputs
  .command was sent
                               (command was sent w),
  .error_communication_timed_out (error_communication_timed_out_w)
);
endmodule
```