# EXERCISE NO. 4 REAL-TIME OBJECT DETECTION

### AIM:

To implement object detection in real-time.

#### **ALGORITHM:**

- 1. Import the necessary libraries.
- 2. Load the pre-trained SSD model and the configuration file.
- 3. Define the object class labels.
- 4. Start video capture using a web camera.
- 5. Store the processed frames as time is being tracked.
- 6. Detect the objects in the processed frame by drawing bounding boxes and assigning labels with confidence.
- 7. Display the last frame with object(s) within bounding boxes.

#### **PROGRAM:**

```
exit()
start time = time.time()
final frame = None
while True:
  ret, frame = cap.read()
  if not ret:
     print("Error: Frame not captured.")
     break
  print("Frame Captured!")
  (h, w) = frame.shape[:2]
  blob = cv2.dnn.blobFromImage(cv2.resize(frame, (300, 300)), 0.007843, (300, 300), 127.5)
  net.setInput(blob)
  detections = net.forward()
  print("Detections Processed...")
  for i in range(detections.shape[2]):
     confidence = detections[0, 0, i, 2]
     if confidence > 0.2: # Confidence threshold
       idx = int(detections[0, 0, i, 1])
       box = detections[0, 0, i, 3:7] * np.array([w, h, w, h])
       (startX, startY, endX, endY) = box.astype("int")
       label = f"{CLASSES[idx]}: {confidence * 100:.2f}%"
       cv2.rectangle(frame, (startX, startY), (endX, endY), (0, 255, 0), 2)
       cv2.putText(frame, label, (startX, startY - 10), cv2.FONT HERSHEY SIMPLEX, 0.5, (0, 255,
0), 2)
       print(f"Detected: {CLASSES[idx]} with {confidence * 100:.2f}% confidence")
  , buffer = cv2.imencode(".jpg", frame)
  img = PIL.Image.open(io.BytesIO(buffer))
```

```
clear_output(wait=True)
display(img)

final_frame = img

if time.time() - start_time > 20:
    print("Stopping after 10 seconds...")
    break

cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

if final_frame:
    print("\nFinal Captured Frame with Detections:")
    display(final_frame)
```

## **OUTPUT:**





## **RESULT:**

Thus the program has been successfully implemented and verified.