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$$\dot{m} = 10 \text{ kg/min} = \frac{10}{60} \text{ kg/s}$$

Given $P_1 = 1.5 \text{ bar}$

$$\rho_1 = 26 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$V_1 = 110 \text{ m/s}$$

$$u_1 = 910 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$P_2 = 5.5 \text{ bar}$$

$$\rho_2 = 5.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$V_2 = 190 \text{ m/s}$$

$$u_2 = 710 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\dot{Q} = -55 \text{ kJ/s}$$

$$z_2 = 55 \text{ m}$$

(i) Change in enthalpy Δh

$$\Delta h = h_2 - h_1 = (u_2 + P_2 v_2) - (u_1 + P_1 v_1)$$

$$= \left(u_2 + \frac{P_2}{\rho_2} \right) - \left(u_1 + \frac{P_1}{\rho_1} \right)$$

$$= \left(710 \times 10^3 + \frac{5.5 \times 10^5}{5.5} \right) - \left(910 \times 10^3 + \frac{1.5 \times 10^5}{26} \right)$$

$$= -1,05,769.2 \text{ J/kg}$$

$$= -105.8 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(ii) Work done during the process (W)

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[(h_2 - h_1) + \frac{V_2^2}{2} - \frac{V_1^2}{2} + g(z_2 - z_1) \right]$$

$$-55 \times 10^3 - \dot{W} = \frac{10}{60} \left[-105769.2 + \left(\frac{190^2}{2} - \frac{110^2}{2} \right) + 9.81 \times (55) \right]$$

$$\dot{W} = -39461.7 \text{ J/s}$$

$$= -39.46 \text{ kJ/s}$$

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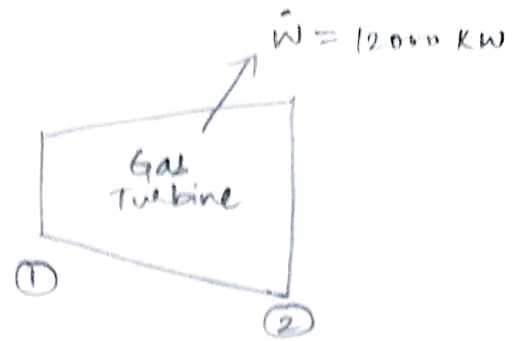
$$\dot{m} = 15 \text{ kg/s}$$

Given

$$h_1 = 1260 \text{ kJ/kg}, h_2 = 400 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$V_1 = 50 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_2 = 110 \text{ m/s}$$



(i) $Q = ?$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[(h_2 - h_1) + \frac{V_2^2}{2} - \frac{V_1^2}{2} + g(z_2 - z_1) \right]$$

$\downarrow 0$

$$\dot{Q} - 12000 \times 10^3 = 15 \left[(400 - 1260) \times 10^3 + \frac{110^2 - 50^2}{2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{Q} = -8,28,000 \text{ W (or) J/s}$$

$$= -828 \text{ kW}$$

(ii) Given $v_1 = 0.45 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg} \Rightarrow \rho_1 = \frac{1}{v_1} = \frac{1}{0.45} = 2.22 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Inlet Area $A_1 = ?$

mass flow rate $\dot{m} = \rho_1 A_1 V_1$

$$15 = 2.22 \times A_1 \times 50$$

$$\Rightarrow A_1 = 0.135 \text{ m}^2$$

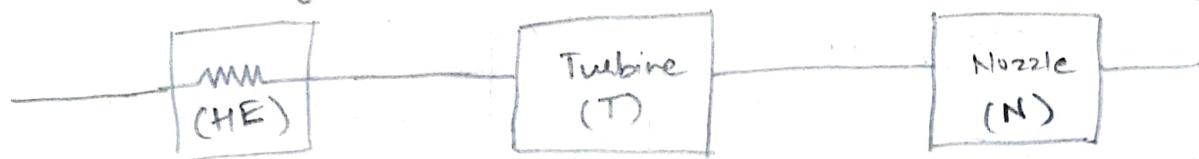
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① Heat Exchanger

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④



Given,

$$T_1 = 20^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_1 = 40 \text{ m/s}$$

$$T_2 = 820^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_2 = 40 \text{ m/s}$$

$$T_3 = 620^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_3 = 55 \text{ m/s}$$

$$T_4 = 510^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\dot{m} = 2.5 \text{ kg/s}$$

(i) $\dot{Q}_{HE} = ?$

$$\dot{Q}_{HE} - \dot{W}_{HE} = \dot{m} \left[(h_2 - h_1) + \left(\frac{V_2^2}{2} - \frac{V_1^2}{2} \right) + g(z_2 - z_1) \right]$$

$\downarrow 0$ $\downarrow 0$ $\because V_1 \approx V_2$

$$\dot{Q}_{HE} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$$

$$= \dot{m} C_p (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 2.5 \times 1005 \times (820 - 20)$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{Q}_{HE} = 20,10,000 \text{ W} = 2010 \text{ KW}$$

(ii) $\dot{W}_T = ?$

$$\dot{Q}_T - \dot{W}_T = \dot{m} \left[(h_3 - h_2) + \left(\frac{V_3^2}{2} - \frac{V_2^2}{2} \right) + g(z_3 - z_2) \right]$$

$\downarrow 0$ $\downarrow 0$

$$-\dot{W}_T = \dot{m} C_p (T_3 - T_2) + \left(\frac{V_3^2 - V_2^2}{2} \right)$$

$$= 2.5 \times 1005 \times (620 - 820) + \left(\frac{55^2 - 40^2}{2} \right)$$

$$= -5,01,787.5 \text{ W}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{W}_T = 501.8 \text{ kW}$$

(iii) Nozzle exit velocity $V_4 = ?$

$$\dot{Q}/N - \dot{W}/N = \dot{m} \left[(h_4 - h_3) + \left(\frac{V_4^2 - V_3^2}{2} \right) + g(z_4 - z_3) \right]$$

\downarrow 0 \downarrow 0 \downarrow 0

$$\dot{m} c_p (T_3 - T_4) = \dot{m} \frac{V_4^2 - V_3^2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1005 \times (620 - 510) = \frac{V_4^2 - 55^2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{V_4 = 337 \text{ m/s}}}$$

④

Given,

$$h_1 = 2800 \text{ kJ/kg}, \quad h_2 = 2600 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$V_1 = 50 \text{ m/s}, \quad \rho_2 = 0.498 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$

$$A_1 = 900 \text{ cm}^2$$

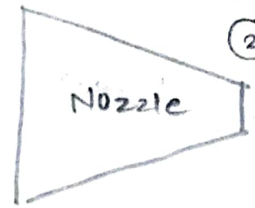
$$\rho_1 = 0.187 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$

Inlet

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Exit

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(i) $V_2 = ?$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[(h_2 - h_1) + \frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{2} + g(z_2 - z_1) \right]$$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$
0 0 0

$$h_1 - h_2 = \frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{2}$$

$$(2800 - 2600) \times 10^3 = \frac{V_2^2 - 50^2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_2 = 634.4 \text{ m/s}$$

(ii) Mass flow rate $\dot{m} = ?$

$$\dot{m} = \rho_1 A_1 V_1 = \frac{1}{\rho_1} A_1 V_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.187} \times 900 \times 10^{-4} \times 50$$

$$\dot{m} = 24.06 \text{ kg/s}$$

(iii) $A_2 = ?$

$$\dot{m} = \rho_2 A_2 V_2 = \frac{1}{\rho_2} A_2 V_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 24.06 = \frac{1}{0.498} \times A_2 \times 634.4$$

$$\Rightarrow A_2 = 0.01889 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 188.9 \text{ cm}^2$$

(5)

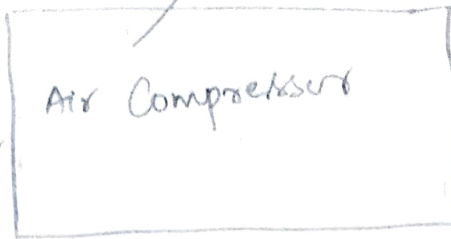
(1)

$$\dot{Q} = 60 \text{ kJ/s} \quad (2)$$

$$V_1 = 6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_1 = 1 \text{ bar}$$

$$\nu_1 = 0.85 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$



$$V_2 = 5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_2 = 7 \text{ bar}$$

$$\nu_2 = 0.16 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$

$$u_2 = u_1 + 90 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

Given, $\dot{m} = 0.5 \text{ kg/s}$

(i) $\dot{W} = ?$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[(h_2 - h_1) + \frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{2} + g(z_2 - z_1) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} -60 \times 10^3 - \dot{W} &= 0.5 \left[(u_2 + P_2 \nu_2) - (u_1 + P_1 \nu_1) + \frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{2} \right] \\ &= 0.5 \left[90 \times 10^3 + (7 \times 10^5 \times 0.16) - (1 \times 10^5 \times 0.85) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{5^2 - 6^2}{2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \dot{W} &= -118497.25 \text{ W (or) J/s} \\ &= -118.5 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

(ii) $A_1 = ?$, $A_2 = ?$

$$\dot{m} = P_1 A_1 V_1 = P_2 A_2 V_2$$

$$\dot{m} = \frac{1}{\nu_1} A_1 V_1 = \frac{1}{\nu_2} A_2 V_2$$

$$0.5 = \frac{1}{0.85} \times A_1 \times 6 = \frac{1}{0.16} \times A_2 \times 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow A_1 &= 0.07083 \text{ m}^2 = 708.3 \text{ cm}^2 \\ A_2 &= 0.016 \text{ m}^2 = 160 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

⑥

For a process,

$$Q - W = \Delta E$$

For a cycle,

$$\sum Q = \sum W$$

$$\text{and } \Delta E = 0$$

Process 1-2

$$\Delta E_{1-2} = Q_{1-2} - W_{1-2} = \Delta E_{1-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \Delta E_{1-2} &= 0 - 4340 \\ &= -4340 \text{ KJ/min}\end{aligned}$$

Process 2-3

$$Q_{2-3} - W_{2-3} = \Delta E_{2-3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \Delta E_{2-3} &= 42000 - 0 \\ &= 42000 \text{ KJ/min}\end{aligned}$$

Process 3-4

$$Q_{3-4} - W_{3-4} = \Delta E_{3-4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow W_{3-4} &= Q_{3-4} - \Delta E_{3-4} \\ &= -4200 + 73200 \\ &= 69000 \text{ KJ/min}\end{aligned}$$

Process 4-1

$$Q_{4-1} - W_{4-1} = \Delta E_{4-1}$$

We can compute Q_{4-1} & ΔE_{4-1} from cycle

$$\sum Q_{\text{cycle}} = Q_{1-2} + Q_{2-3} + Q_{3-4} + Q_{4-1}$$

$$-340 \times 200 = 0 + 42000 - 4200 + Q_{4-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow Q_{4-1} = -1,05,800 \text{ KJ/min}$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{cycle}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta E_{1-2} + \Delta E_{2-3} + \Delta E_{3-4} + \Delta E_{4-1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -4340 + 42000 - 73200 + \Delta E_{4-1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta E_{4-1} = 35540 \text{ kJ/min}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta W_{4-1} &= Q_{4-1} - \Delta E_{4-1} \\ &= -105800 - 35540 \\ &= -141340 \text{ kJ/min} \end{aligned}$$

Net rate of work output $\Sigma W = ?$

$$\Sigma W = \Sigma Q \quad (\text{in a cycle})$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -340 \times 200 \\ &= -68000 \text{ kJ/min} \\ &= -\frac{68000}{60} \text{ kJ/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Sigma W = -1133.3 \text{ kW}$$

⑦

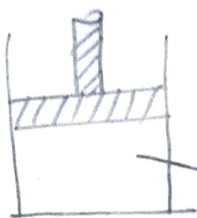
gas was compressed from ① to ② at constant pressure
for a closed system undergoing constant pressure,

$$Q - W_{\text{other}} = \Delta H$$

$$Q - \cancel{W_{\text{other}}} = H_2 - H_1$$

$$Q = U_2 + p_2 v_2 - (U_1 + p_1 v_1)$$

$$-42.5 \times 10^3 = (U_2 - U_1) + 0.105 \times 10^6 \times (0.2 - 0.4)$$



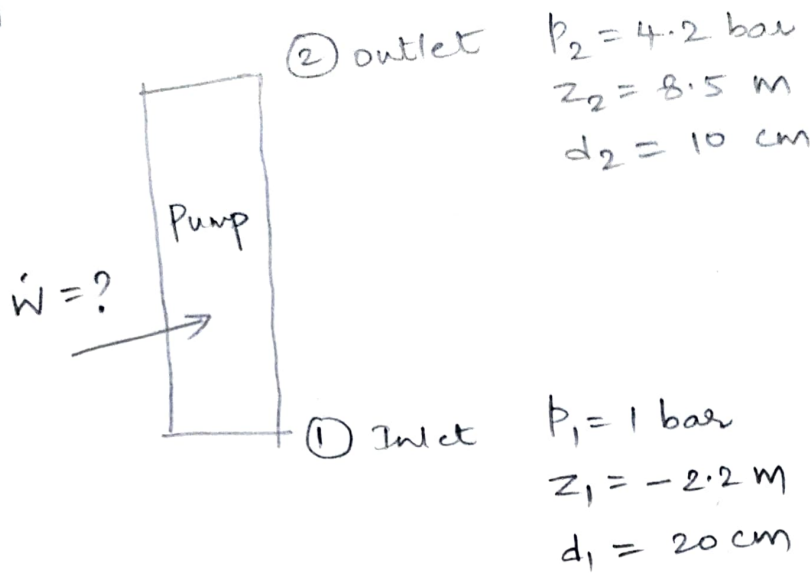
$$Q = 42.5 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Rightarrow U_2 - U_1 = -21,500 \text{ J}$$

$$U_2 - U_1 = -21.5 \text{ kJ}$$

Internal energy decreases by 21.5 kJ

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$$\dot{m} = 50 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[(h_2 - h_1) + \frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{2} + g(z_2 - z_1) \right]$$

$$(1) \quad \dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[(u_2 - u_1) + (p_2 v_2 - p_1 v_1) + \frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{2} + g(z_2 - z_1) \right]$$

For water, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

$$\Rightarrow v_1 = v_2 = \frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{1}{1000} = 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$

$$\dot{m} = \rho A_1 V_1 = \rho A_2 V_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{m} = \rho \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times d_1^2 \times V_1 = \rho \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times d_2^2 \times V_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 50 = 1000 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.2^2 \times V_1 = 1000 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.1^2 \times V_2$$

$$\Rightarrow V_1 = 1.59 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_2 = 6.37 \text{ m/s}$$

on substituting

$$-\dot{W} = 50 \times \left[(4.2 \times 10^5 - 1 \times 10^5) \times 10^{-3} + \frac{6.37^2 - 1.59^2}{2} + 9.81 \times (8.5 + 2.2) \right]$$

$$\dot{W} = -22,199.6 \text{ W} = -22.2 \text{ kW}$$