

① For the length of the last word → Easy one

Split the string into words using spaces as the delimiter.
`words = s.split()`

If there are no words, return 0.

Then Return the length of the last word in the list of words.
`return len(words[-1])`.

① Define the function i.e., `length_of_last_word`

② Split the strings into words

③ Check if the list of words ('words') is empty. If it is zero, there are no words

④ Return the length of last word.

Majority Element \rightarrow Medium ②

Naive Algorithm:-

① Initialize candidate1, candidate2 equal to None
And count1, count2 equal to 0.

② the input list nums
if number is equal to candidate1, increment count1
if number is equal to candidate2, increment count2
if count1 is 0, increment count & update candidate1, set count1=1
if count2 is 0, update candidate2, set count2 to 1

③ Reset count1, count2 to 0

④ check candidate1, candidate2 are $> \lceil n/3 \rceil$
if candidate1 $> n/3$, add it to the result
if candidate2 $> n/3$ add it to result

⑤ Result list is returned.

Find the total number of digit 1 \rightarrow Find 3

Algorithm

① Count and add 1's in - one's place, Tenth place, Hundredth place

one's place

1 11 21 31 41 51 61 71 81 91

upto 10 \rightarrow 1 one

upto 20 \rightarrow 2 one

upto 80 \rightarrow 8 one

upto 81 \rightarrow 9 one

Number of 1's in one's place = $(n/10) + n\%10 \neq 0$

Ten's place \Rightarrow upto 100 \rightarrow 10 one

200 \rightarrow 20 one

\vdots

upto 800 \rightarrow 80 one

Number of 1's in tenth place = $(n/100) * 10 + \min(\max(n/100 - 10 + 1, 0), 10)$

② Iterate from 1 to n by incrementing 10.

This is formulated as

$(n/(i*10)) * i + \min(\max((n/(i*10)) - i + 1, 0), i)$
adding each iteration).