#### 1

## Assignment - 1

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#### **PROBLEM**

# 1. Show that the area of the triangle whose vertices are:

$$(a \tan \theta, b \cot \theta), (a \tan \phi, b \cot \phi), (a \tan \gamma, b \cot \gamma)$$

$$is \frac{4ab \sin(\theta - \phi)\sin(\phi - \gamma)\sin(\gamma - \theta)}{\sin 2\theta \sin 2\phi \sin 2\gamma}$$

$$= \frac{ab}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} & \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} & 1\\ \frac{\sin\phi}{\cos\phi} - \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} & \frac{\cos\phi}{\sin\phi} - \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} & 0\\ \frac{\sin\gamma}{\cos\gamma} - \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} & \frac{\cos\gamma}{\sin\gamma} - \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
(5)

$$\because \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \ and \ \cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

#### SOLUTION

$$\mathbf{x_1} = (a \tan \theta), \mathbf{x_2} = (a \tan \phi) \mathbf{x_3} = (a \tan \gamma),$$
$$\mathbf{y_1} = (b \cot \theta), \mathbf{y_2} = (b \cot \phi), \mathbf{y_3} = (b \cot \gamma)$$

area of triangle = 
$$\frac{1}{2}\begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (1)

$$= \frac{ab}{2} \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} & \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} & 1\\ \frac{\sin \phi \cos \theta - \sin \theta \cos \phi}{\cos \phi \cos \theta} & \frac{\sin \theta \cos \phi - \sin \phi \cos \theta}{\sin \phi \sin \theta} & 0\\ \frac{\sin \gamma \cos \theta - \sin \theta \cos \gamma}{\cos \gamma \cos \theta} & \frac{\sin \theta \cos \gamma - \sin \gamma \cos \theta}{\sin \gamma \sin \theta} & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$
(6)

∴ rearranging terms

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} a \tan \theta & b \cot \theta & 1 \\ a \tan \phi & b \cot \phi & 1 \\ a \tan \gamma & b \cot \gamma & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2)

$$= \frac{ab}{2} \begin{vmatrix} \tan \theta & \cot \theta & 1 \\ \tan \phi & \cot \phi & 1 \\ \tan \gamma & \cot \gamma & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (3)

$$= \frac{ab}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} & \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} & 1\\ \frac{\sin(\phi-\theta)}{\cos\phi\cos\theta} & \frac{\sin(\theta-\phi)}{\sin\phi\sin\theta} & 0\\ \frac{\sin(\gamma-\theta)}{\cos\gamma\cos\theta} & \frac{\sin(\theta-\gamma)}{\sin\gamma\sin\theta} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
(7)

$$\because \sin A \cos B - \sin B \cos A = \sin(A - B)$$

 $\because taking\ a\ for\ C1\ and\ b\ from\ C2\ common$ 

$$= \begin{array}{c|cccc} ab & \tan\theta & \cot\theta & 1\\ \tan\phi - \tan\theta & \cot\phi - \cot\theta & 0\\ \tan\gamma - \tan\theta & \cot\gamma - \cot\theta & 0 \end{array}$$
 (4)

$$= \frac{ab}{2\sin\theta\cos\theta} \begin{vmatrix} \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 1\\ -\frac{\sin(\theta-\phi)}{\cos\phi} & \frac{\sin(\theta-\phi)}{\sin\phi} & 0\\ \frac{\sin(\gamma-\theta)}{\cos\gamma} & -\frac{\sin(\gamma-\theta)}{\sin\gamma} & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$
(8)

 $\therefore R2 = R2 - R1 \ and \ R3 = R3 - R1 \ \because taking \ \tfrac{1}{\cos\theta}, \tfrac{1}{\sin\theta} \ common \ from \ column \ 1 \ and \ 2$ 

$$= \frac{ab \ (-\sin(\theta - \phi)) \ (-\sin(\gamma - \theta))}{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta} \begin{vmatrix} \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 1 \\ \frac{1}{\cos \phi} & \frac{1}{\sin \phi} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\cos \gamma} & \frac{1}{\sin \gamma} & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$
(9) 
$$\frac{4 \ (1*1) \ \sin(60 - 45) \ \sin(30 - 60) \ \sin(45 - 30)}{\sin 2(60) \ \sin 2(45) \ \sin 2(30)}$$

:  $taking \sin(\theta - \phi)$  common from row 2 and  $\sin(\gamma - \theta)$  common from row 3

putting value of 
$$a = 1, b = 1 \theta = 60$$
  
 $\phi = 45 \gamma = 30$ 

$$= \frac{ab \sin(\theta - \phi) \sin(\gamma - \theta)}{\sin 2\theta} \left[ \frac{1}{\cos \phi \sin \gamma} - \frac{1}{\sin \phi \cos \gamma} \right] = \frac{-0.133974}{0.75} = -0.178632$$

 $\therefore$  solving determinate

$$= \frac{ab \sin(\theta - \phi) \sin(\gamma - \theta)}{\sin 2\theta} \left[ \frac{\sin \phi \cos \gamma - \cos \phi \sin \gamma}{\sin \phi \cos \phi \sin \gamma \cos \gamma} \right]$$
(11)

: solving above equation

$$= \frac{ab \sin(\theta - \phi) \sin(\gamma - \theta)}{\sin 2\theta} \left[ \frac{4 \sin(\phi - \gamma)}{4 \sin \phi \cos \phi \sin \gamma \cos \gamma} \right]$$
(12)

 $\therefore \sin A \cos B - \sin B \cos A = \sin(A - B)$ multiply and divide by 4

$$= \frac{4ab \sin(\theta - \phi) \sin(\gamma - \theta) \sin(\phi - \gamma)}{\sin 2\theta 2 \sin \phi \cos \phi 2 \sin \gamma \cos \gamma}$$
 (13)

$$= \frac{4ab \sin(\theta - \phi) \sin(\gamma - \theta) \sin(\phi - \gamma)}{\sin 2\theta \sin 2\phi \sin 2\gamma} = R.H.S$$