Delivery Company DataBase System

NAME: NISCHAL A ROLL NUMBER: 1801CS33

Tables present

1) Customer

Attr Name	Attr Type
cid	Int (primary key)
Cname	Varchar (25)
Street address	Varchar (50)
City	Varchar (25)
Country	Varchar (25)
Phone number	Varchar (20)
Num of deliveries	Int – default 0
Is company	int

2) Receipient

Attr Name	Attr Type
rid	Int (primary key)
rname	Varchar (25)
Street address	Varchar (50)
City	Varchar (25)
Country	Varchar (25)
Phone number	Varchar (20)
Num of deliveries	Int – default 0

3) Delivery

Attr Name	Attr Type
tid	Int (primary key)
cid	Int (fk)
rid	Int (fk)
type	Varchar (15)
Initiated Date	date

4) International

Attr Name	Attr Type
tid	Int (foreign key, pk)
type	Varchar (10)
cost	Int

Promised date	date
	0.0.00

4) Regular

Attr Name	Attr Type
tid	Int (foreign key, pk)
type	Varchar (15)
cost	Int
Promised date	Date

4) Hazardous

Attr Name	Attr Type
tid	Int (foreign key, pk)
type	Varchar (15)
cost	Int
Promised date	date

5) Bill

Attr Name	Attr Type
tid	Int (pk)
cid	Int (fk)
rid	Int (fk)
type	Varchar (15) fk
Amount due	int
Pay Status	Varchar (3)
Date paid	date

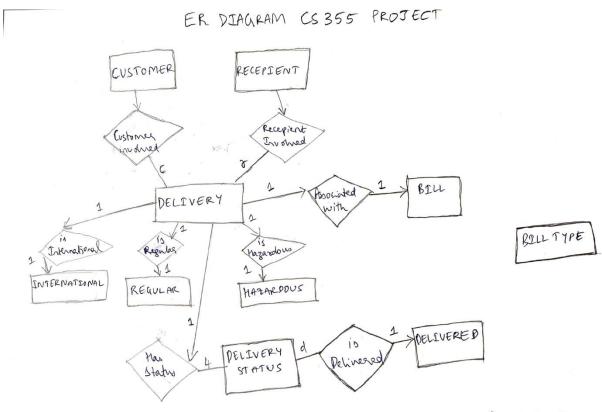
6) Delivery Status

Attr Name	Attr Type
tid	Int (fk)
Date_t	date
status	Varchar (20)
Transport mode	Varchar (6)
Transport number	Char (5)
location	Varchar (20)

7) Delivered

Attr Name	Attr Type
tid	Int (fk)
Date promised	date
Date delivered	date
Transport number	Char (5)
location	Varchar (20)

ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM

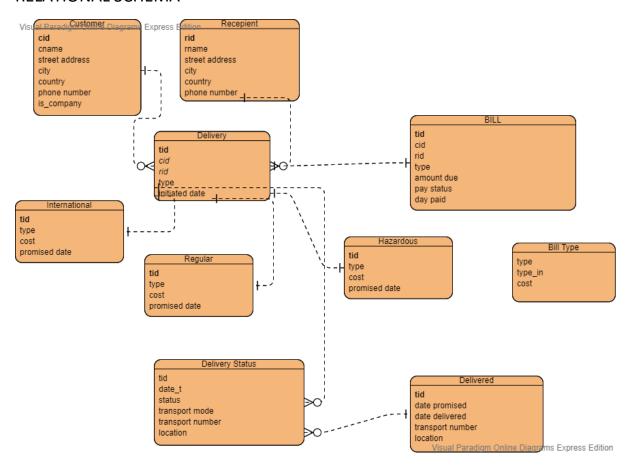


1801CS33

Relation	Entities Involved	Туре
Customer Involved	Customer, delivery	One to many
Recipient Involved	Recipient, delivery	One to many
Associated with	Delivery, bill	One to one
Is international	Delivery,	One to one
	international	
Is regular	Delivery, regular	One to one

Is hazardous	Delivery, hazardous	One to one
Has status	Delivery,	One to many
	delivery_status	
Is delivered	Delivery_status,	many to one
	delivered	

RELATIONAL SCHEMA



The above relation schema shows all the tables and the relations between them.

The standard convention of using big arrow is used to denoted many side of the relationship and using the small arrow i.e. straight line perpendicular to the connecting line is used to show the one side of the relationship.

Sequence of Events

- a) Create all tables
- 1) Populate the customer table with relevant entries
- 2) Populate the recipient table with relevant entries
- 3) Populate delivery table accordingly
- 4) Trigger on after insert delivery table to insert in either of international, normal, or hazardous tables (fill randomly)

Trigger on after insert in delivery table for filling status table

- 5) trigger on after insert in either of international, normal, or hazardous tables to insert in the BILL table
- 6) Populate delivery status table with relevant entries
- 7) trigger on after insert delivery status to insert into delivered table if status is delivered.
- 8) trigger of insert in delivered to update delivered count for customer and recipient
- 8) Perform all basic required queries.
- 9) Add additional queries

TOTAL DATA IN THE DATABASE

Table Name	Number of Rows
customer	401
recipient	300
delivery	200
international	58
hazardous	79
regular	63
delivery_status	375
delivered	29
bill_type	7
bill	200

Total Number of Rows in the entire Database is 1712

Simple queries

```
→ Create database project;
   → Use project;
/*Creating table customer*/
create table customer(
cid int primary key,
cname varchar (25),
street address varchar (50),
city varchar (25),
country varchar (25),
phone number varchar(20),
num_deliveries int,
is_company int);
/*Loading data from the csv file into the table*/
LOAD DATA INFILE 'C:\\ProgramData\\MySQL\\MySQL Server
8.0\\Uploads\\customer data.csv' INTO TABLE customer FIELDS TERMINATED
BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';
/*Creating the table recipient*/
create table recepient(
rid int primary key,
rname varchar (25),
street address varchar (50),
city varchar (25),
country varchar (25),
phone_number varchar(20),
```

```
num deliveries int);
/*Loading the data from the file*/
LOAD DATA INFILE 'C:\\ProgramData\\MySQL\\MySQL Server
8.0\\Uploads\\recepient_data.csv' INTO TABLE recepient FIELDS TERMINATED
BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';
/*Creating the table delivery*/
create table delivery(
tid int primary key,
cid int,
rid int,
type varchar (15),
initiated_date date,
constraint d1 foreign key (cid)
references customer (cid),
constraint d2 foreign key (rid)
references recepient (rid));
/*Creating the table international*/
->create table international(
tid int primary key,
type varchar (15),
cost int,
promised_date date,
constraint i1 foreign key (tid)
references delivery (tid));
```

```
/*Creating the table regular*/
->create table regular(
tid int primary key,
type varchar (15),
cost int,
promised_date date,
constraint r1 foreign key (tid)
references delivery (tid));
/*Creating the table hazardous*/
->create table hazardous(
tid int primary key,
type varchar (15),
cost int,
promised_date date,
constraint h1 foreign key (tid)
references delivery (tid));
/*Creating the table bill*/
create table bill(
tid int primary key,
cid int,
rid int,
type varchar (15),
amount_due int,
pay_status varchar (3),
```

```
paid date date,
constraint b1 foreign key (tid)
references delivery (tid));
/*Creating the table delivery_status*/
create table delivery_status(
tid int primary key,
date_t date,
status varchar (20),
transport_mode varchar (6),
transport_number char (5),
location varchar (20),
constraint ds1 foreign key (tid)
references delivery (tid));
/*Creating the table delivered*/
create table delivered(
tid int primary key,
promised_date date,
delivered_date date,
transport_number char (5),
location varchar (20),
constraint dd1 foreign key (tid)
references delivery (tid));
delimiter $$
delimiter $$
```

```
/*Creating trigger on delivery after insert. Based on the type of package i.e.
international, hazardous, regular, the subsequent tables are filled with random
values (carefully generated)*/
create trigger after_delivery_insert
after insert
on delivery for each row
begin
declare type_t varchar (20);
select type
into type_t
from delivery
where tid= new.tid;
if type_t = 'international' then
call insertInternational(new.tid);
elseif type_t = 'regular' then
call insertRegular(new.tid);
elseif type_t = 'hazardous' then
call insertHazardous(new.tid);
end if;
call initiateStatus(new.tid);
end $$
delimiter;
```

```
/*Procedure for initiating the delivery i.e add initiate status into the
delivery_status table as soon as a delivery is logged in*/
delimiter $$
create procedure initiateStatus(in tid_t int)
begin
declare initiate date;
declare location varchar (25);
declare cid t int;
declare type_t varchar (20);
select type into type t
from delivery where tid= tid t;
select initiated_date into initiate
from delivery where tid = tid_t;
select cid into cid t
from delivery where tid = tid t;
select city into location
from customer where cid = cid_t;
if type t = "international" then
insert into delivery status
values(tid_t, initiate, "Initiated", "Truck", "T0000", location);
elseif type_t = "regular" then
insert into delivery status
values(tid_t, initiate, "Initiated", "Truck", "T0001", location);
elseif type_t = "hazardous" then
insert into delivery status
values(tid_t, initiate, "Initiated", "Truck", "T0010", location);
end if;
```

```
end $$
delimiter;
/*Procedure for inserting values into the international table. It takes the tid
and fills in other details like the "fast" and "standard" option randomly and
sets the price accordingly*/
delimiter $$
create procedure insertInternational(in tid_t int)
begin
declare random n int;
declare initiate date;
declare new_date date;
set random n = floor(rand()*(2)+1);
select initiated date
into initiate
from delivery
where tid = tid t;
if random_n = 1 then
set new date = adddate(initiate, interval 3 day);
insert into international
values(tid_t, "fast", 1500, new_date);
elseif random n = 2 then
set new_date = adddate(initiate, interval 5 day);
insert into international
values(tid_t, "standard", 1200, new_date);
end if;
end $$
```

```
delimiter;
```

```
/*Procedure for inserting values into the regular table. It takes the tid and fills
in other details like the "small envelope", "large box" and "small box" option
randomly and sets the price accordingly*/
delimiter $$
create procedure insertRegular(in tid t int)
begin
declare random_n int;
declare initiate date;
declare new_date date;
set random_n = floor(rand()*(3)+1);
select initiated date
into initiate
from delivery
where tid = tid_t;
if random n = 1 then
set new_date = adddate(initiate, interval 2 day);
insert into regular
values(tid_t, "small envelope", 200, new_date);
elseif random_n = 2 then
set new_date = adddate(initiate, interval 2 day);
insert into regular
values(tid t, "small box", 600, new date);
elseif random n = 3 then
set new_date = adddate(initiate, interval 3 day);
insert into regular
```

```
values(tid t, "large box", 800, new date);
end if;
end $$
delimiter;
/*Procedure for inserting values into the hazardous table. It takes the tid and
fills in other details like the "chemicals" and "harmless" option randomly and
sets the price accordingly*/
delimiter $$
create procedure insertHazardous(in tid t int)
begin
declare random n int;
declare initiate date;
declare new_date date;
set random_n = floor(rand()*(2)+1);
select initiated_date
into initiate
from delivery
where tid = tid t;
if random_n = 1 then
set new_date = adddate(initiate, interval 3 day);
insert into hazardous
values(tid_t, "chemicals", 1000, new_date);
elseif random n = 2 then
set new_date = adddate(initiate, interval 2 day);
insert into hazardous
values(tid_t, "harmless", 800, new_date);
```

```
end if;
end $$
delimiter;
```

/*Trigger on after insertion on international to update the bill value. All details like tid, cid, rid are procured from different relevant tables. The promised date and initiated date are calculated and inserted in the BILL table along with the cost calculated. Pay status is set as "yes" (meaning paid) to normal customers and "no" (meaning not paid) to companies which have a pact with the delivery agency (and hence pay monthly)*/

```
delimiter $$
create trigger after_international_insert
after insert
on international for each row
begin
declare cid_t int;
declare rid t int;
declare type_t varchar (20);
declare customer_t int;
declare date_paid_t date;
select type into type_t
from delivery where tid= new.tid;
select cid into cid_t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select rid into rid t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select is_company into customer_t
from customer where cid = cid_t;
```

```
select initiated_date into date_paid_t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
if customer_t = 0 then
insert into bill
values(new.tid, cid_t, rid_t, type_t, new.cost, "yes", date_paid_t);
elseif customer_t = 1 then
insert into bill
values(new.tid, cid_t, rid_t, type_t, new.cost, "no", NULL);
end if;
end $$
delimiter;
```

/*Trigger on after insertion on international to update the bill value. All details like tid, cid, rid are procured from different relevant tables. The promised date and initiated date are calculated and inserted in the BILL table along with the cost calculated. Pay status is set as "yes" (meaning paid) to normal customers and "no" (meaning not paid) to companies which have a pact with the delivery agency (and hence pay monthly)*/

```
delimiter $$
create trigger after_regular_insert
after insert
on regular for each row
begin
declare cid_t int;
declare rid_t int;
declare type_t varchar (20);
declare customer_t int;
```

```
declare date paid t date;
select type into type_t
from delivery where tid= new.tid;
select cid into cid_t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select rid into rid t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select is_company into customer_t
from customer where cid = cid_t;
select initiated_date into date_paid_t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
if customer t = 0 then
insert into bill
values(new.tid, cid_t, rid_t, type_t, new.cost, "yes", date_paid_t);
elseif customer_t = 1 then
insert into bill
values(new.tid, cid_t, rid_t, type_t, new.cost, "no", NULL);
end if;
end $$
delimiter;
```

/*Trigger on after insertion on international to update the bill value. All details like tid, cid, rid are procured from different relevant tables. The promised date and initiated date are calculated and inserted in the BILL table along with the cost calculated. Pay status is set as "yes" (meaning paid) to normal customers and "no" (meaning not paid) to companies which have a pact with the delivery agency (and hence pay monthly)*/

```
delimiter $$
create trigger after_hazardous_insert
after insert
on hazardous for each row
begin
declare cid t int;
declare rid tint;
declare type_t varchar (20);
declare customer_t int;
declare date paid t date;
select type into type t
from delivery where tid= new.tid;
select cid into cid t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select rid into rid t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select is_company into customer_t
from customer where cid = cid t;
select initiated_date into date_paid_t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
if customer t = 0 then
```

```
insert into bill
values(new.tid, cid t, rid t, type t, new.cost, "yes", date paid t);
elseif customer_t = 1 then
insert into bill
values(new.tid, cid t, rid t, type t, new.cost, "no", NULL);
end if;
end $$
delimiter;
/*Loading data into the delivery table*/
LOAD DATA INFILE 'C:\\ProgramData\\MySQL\\MySQL Server
8.0\\Uploads\\delivery data.csv' INTO TABLE delivery FIELDS TERMINATED BY
',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';
/*Trigger after insert in delivery status to insert into delivered if the satus of
any entry for a given tid and given date is "Delivered"*/
delimiter $$
create trigger after_delivery_status_insert
after insert
on delivery_status for each row
begin
declare date_prm date;
declare date_deli date;
declare type t varchar (15);
select date t into date deli
from delivery_status where tid = new.tid and status = new.status;
select type into type_t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
```

```
if type t = "international" then
select promised_date into date_prm
from international where tid = new.tid;
elseif type t = "regular" then
select promised_date into date_prm
from regular where tid = new.tid;
elseif type_t = "hazardous" then
select promised_date into date_prm
from hazardous where tid = new.tid;
end if;
if new.status = "Delivered" then
insert into delivered
values (new.tid, date prm, date deli, new.transport number, new.location);
end if;
end $$
delimiter;
/*Trigger on after delivered insert. The num deliveries column of the customer
and the recepients are incremented*/
delimiter $$
create trigger after_delivered_insert
after insert
on delivered for each row
begin
declare cid t int;
declare rid_t int;
declare nd_c int;
```

```
declare nd r int;
select cid into cid t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select rid into rid t
from delivery where tid = new.tid;
select num deliveries into nd c
from customer where cid = cid_t;
set nd_c = nd_c + 1;
update customer
set num_deliveries = nd_c
where cid = cid_t;
select num deliveries into nd r
from recepient where rid = rid t;
set nd_r = nd_r + 1;
update recepient
set num deliveries = nd r
where rid = rid_t;
end $$
delimiter;
QUERIES
```

- 1) Assume a delivery truck (say truck no 1721) is destroyed in a crash.
- a) Find all customers who had a package on that truck at the time of the crash. select cid, tid from delivery inner join

```
(select distinct(tid) as tid_t from delivery_status
where tid not in (select distinct(tid) from delivered)
and transport number = "T0010" and date t = "2020-01-15") a
```

where delivery.tid = a.tid_t;

1) b) Find all recipients who had a package on that truck at the time of the crash. select rid, tid from delivery inner join

```
(select distinct(tid) as tid_t from delivery_status where tid not in (select distinct(tid) from delivered) and transport_number = "T0010" and date_t = "2020-01-15") a where delivery.tid = a.tid_t;
```

```
mysql> select rid, tid from delivery inner join
   -> (select distinct(tid) as tid_t from delivery_status
   -> where tid not in (select distinct(tid) from delivered)
   -> and transport_number = "T0010" and date_t = "2020-01-15") a
   -> where delivery.tid = a.tid_t;
+-----+
| rid | tid |
+----+
| 257 | 141 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

1) c) Find the last successful delivery by that truck prior to the crash.

Select * from delivery where tid in

delimiter;

(select tid from delivered where transport_number = "T0010" and delivered_date = "2020-04-23");

```
2) Find the customer who has shipped the most packages in the past year.
delimiter $$
create procedure custMostShip()
begin
declare cid t int;
declare max_count int;
select max(b.count t) into max count from
(select a.cid, count(a.cid) as count_t from
(select cid from bill where datediff(sysdate(), paid_date) < 365) a
group by(a.cid)) b;
select cid, cname from customer where cid in
(select a.cid from
(select cid from bill where datediff(sysdate(), paid_date) < 365) a
group by(a.cid)
having count(a.cid) = max count);
end $$
```

call custMostShip();

call custMostMoney();

```
nysql> call custMostShip();
 cid | cname
       Jennifer Williams
       Antonio Howard
       Allen Larson
 260 | Dr. Connie Wilson
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
uery OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

3) Find the customer who has spent the most money on shipping in the past year

```
delimiter $$
create procedure custMostMoney()
begin
declare cid_t int;
declare max sum int;
select max(b.sum_t) into max_sum from
(select a.cid, sum(a.amount_due) as sum_t from
(select cid, amount_due from bill where datediff(sysdate(), paid_date) < 365) a
group by(a.cid)) b;
select a.cid into cid t from
(select cid, amount due from bill where datediff(sysdate(), paid date) < 365) a
group by(a.cid)
having sum(a.amount due) = max sum;
select cid, cname from customer
where cid = cid_t;
end $$
delimiter;
```

4) Find the street with the most customers.
select street_address from customer
group by (street_address)
having count(cid) =
(select max(a.count_street) as max_count from
(select cid, street_address, count(*) as count_street from customer
group by (street_address)) a);

5) Find those packages that were not delivered within the promised time. select tid, delivered_date, promised_date from delivered where datediff(delivered_date, promised_date) > 0;

6) Take Customer ID and provide the details such as customer name, address, and amount owed.

```
delimiter $$
create procedure custDetails(in cid_t int)
begin
select customer.cid, cname, street_address, city, phone_number,
sum(amount_due), pay_status
from customer, bill
where customer.cid = bill.cid
and customer.cid = cid_t
group by (bill.cid);
end $$
delimiter;
```

call custDetails(101);

7) A bill listing charges by type of service.

```
create table bill_type(
type varchar (20),
type_in varchar (20),
cost int);
```

LOAD DATA INFILE 'C:\\ProgramData\\MySQL\\MySQL Server 8.0\\Uploads\\bill_type_data.csv' INTO TABLE bill_type FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

Select * from bill_type;

```
nysql> Select * from bill_type;
                | type_in
                                   cost
 international |
                  fast
                                    1500
                  standard
                                    1200
                  small envelope
small box
 regular
                                     200
 regular
                  large box
chemicals
 regular
 hazardous
                                    1000
 hazardous
                  harmless
                                     800
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8) An itemize billing listing each individual shipment and the charges for it. select * from bill;

mysql> select * from bill;							
+- 	+id	cid		 type	amount_due		+ naid date
 	c.iu		1 ±u		amount_uue	pay_status 	+ +
i	1	385	238	international	1500	no	NULL
i	2	228	76	hazardous	1000	yes	2020-06-24
i	3	91	6	hazardous	1000	yes	2020-09-21
i.	4	40	227	international	1500	yes	2020-10-26
i.	5	265	66	hazardous	1000	yes	2020-07-19
i	6	259	170	regular	600	yes	2020-05-18
П	7	172	11	international	1200	yes	2020-06-06
П	8	83	238	hazardous	800	yes	2020-05-15
П	9	376	87	regular	600	no	NULL
П	10	381	113	hazardous	1000	no	NULL
	11	274	93	international	1500	yes	2020-08-20
	12	81	243	regular	600	yes	2020-03-17
	13	219	161	hazardous	1000	yes	2020-09-04
П	14	357	149	hazardous	800	no	NULL
П	15	170	195	regular	800	yes	2020-03-06
	16	61	175	regular	200	yes	2020-06-24
	17	11	251	international	1200	yes	2020-03-10
	18	63	114	international	1200	yes	2020-02-05
	19	316	120	hazardous	800	no	NULL
	20	104	149	regular	200	yes	2020-03-31
	21	246	124	hazardous	800	yes	2020-08-01
	22	145	274	hazardous	800	yes	2020-10-19
ļ	23	244	278	hazardous	1000	yes	2020-10-22
	24	354	24	international	1500	no	NULL
	25	320	15	hazardous	1000	no	NULL

ADDITIONAL QUERIES

- 1) Summary of total number of revenue collected by type of the service (international, hazardous, regular)
- a) international

select count(*) as number, sum(amount_due) as total_gain from bill where
type = "international";

```
mysql> select count(*) as number, sum(amount_due) as total_gain from bill where type = "international";
+-----+
| number | total_gain |
+-----+
| 58 | 80400 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> _
```

b) regular

select count(*) as number, sum(amount_due) as total_gain from bill where
type = "regular";

c) hazardous

select count(*) as number, sum(amount_due) as total_gain from bill where
type = "hazardous";

```
mysql> select count(*) as number, sum(amount_due) as total_gain from bill where type = "hazardous";
+-----+
| number | total_gain |
+----+
| 79 | 72600 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

2) All companies and their dues till the present date (considering mothly payment)

select cid, sum(amount_due) from bill where tid in
(select tid from delivery
where cid in (select cid from customer where is_company = 1)
and datediff(sysdate(), initiated_date) > 30)

group by (cid);

```
| Administrator Command Prompt - mysql - stroot -p | mysql) - select cid, sum(amount_due) from bill where tid in | (aselect tid from deliver) | (aselect tid from
```

3) Customer with most number of deliveries till now

select cid, cname, num_deliveries from customer where num_deliveries in (select max(num_deliveries) from customer);

4) Recepients who have received the most deliveries till now

select rid, rname, num_deliveries from recepient where num_deliveries in (select max(num_deliveries) from recepient);