

LAB ASSIGNMENT 3

Q1) Attributes Description of student table

- 1 Admission number Integer value
- 2 Name String of 20 characters long
- 3 Gender A single character
- 4 Date of birth Date type
- 5 Course String of 15 characters long
- 6 Family income Integer value

The SQL statement to create a table in MySQL to incorporate the details.

```
mysql> use LAB3;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE Student (
  ->   AdmissionNumber INT NOT NULL,
  ->   Name VARCHAR(20),
  ->   Gender CHAR(1),
  ->   DateOfBirth DATE,
  ->   Course VARCHAR(15),
  ->   FamilyIncome INT,
  ->   PRIMARY KEY (AdmissionNumber)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)

mysql> DESCRIBE STUDENT;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| AdmissionNumber | int           | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |
| Name           | varchar(20)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Gender         | char(1)       | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| DateOfBirth    | date          | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| Course         | varchar(15)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| FamilyIncome   | int           | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

1. Insert Sample data to the table

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Student (AdmissionNumber, Name, Gender, DateOfBirth, Course, FamilyIncome)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 'John', 'M', '1995-08-15', 'Science', 50000),
-> (2, 'Jeni', 'F', '1998-04-22', 'Commerce', 60000),
-> (3, 'Anil', 'M', '1997-11-10', 'Humanities', 55000),
-> (4, 'Elizabeth', 'F', '1996-07-05', 'History', 48000);
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 4  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT * FROM STUDENT;
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
1	John	M	1995-08-15	Science	50000
2	Jeni	F	1998-04-22	Commerce	60000
3	Anil	M	1997-11-10	Humanities	55000
4	Elizabeth	F	1996-07-05	History	48000

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

ii) Display name and course of students in the table student

```
mysql> SELECT Name, Course
-> FROM Student;
```

Name	Course
John	Science
Jeni	Commerce
Anil	Humanities
Elizabeth	History

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

iii) Display the entire column values of a table

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Student;
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
1	John	M	1995-08-15	Science	50000
2	Jeni	F	1998-04-22	Commerce	60000
3	Anil	M	1997-11-10	Humanities	55000
4	Elizabeth	F	1996-07-05	History	48000

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

iv) SQL statement to display the details of female students in the table.

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Student
-> WHERE Gender = 'F';
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
2	Jeni	F	1998-04-22	Commerce	60000
4	Elizabeth	F	1996-07-05	History	48000

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

v) Display the course From the table output should be displayed with there are no duplicate values.

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT Course
-> FROM Student;
```

Course
Science
Commerce
Humanities
History

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

vi) Display name, course and monthly family income of only the Science group students whose income is below Rs. 25000.

```
mysql> SELECT Name, Course, FamilyIncome
  -> FROM Student
  -> WHERE Course = 'Science' AND FamilyIncome < 25000;
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO Student (AdmissionNumber, Name, Gender, DateOfBirth, Course, FamilyIncome)
  -> VALUES
  -> (5, 'Jayan', 'M', '1995-01-5', 'Science', 10000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> SELECT * FROM STUDENT;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| AdmissionNumber | Name   | Gender | DateOfBirth | Course   | FamilyIncome |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | John   | M      | 1995-08-15 | Science  | 50000 |
| 2 | Jeni   | F      | 1998-04-22 | Commerce | 60000 |
| 3 | Anil   | M      | 1997-11-10 | Humanities | 55000 |
| 4 | Elizabeth | F      | 1996-07-05 | History  | 48000 |
| 5 | Jayan  | M      | 1995-01-05 | Science  | 10000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT Name, Course, FamilyIncome
  -> FROM Student
  -> WHERE Course = 'Science' AND FamilyIncome < 25000;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Name | Course | FamilyIncome |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Jayan | Science | 10000 |
+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

vii) Write a query to display the name, course and monthly income of students studying In courses other than Science group (i.e.,the students of Commerce and Humanities Groups).

```
mysql> SELECT Name, Course, FamilyIncome
  -> FROM Student
  -> WHERE Course IN ('Commerce', 'Humanities');
+-----+-----+-----+
| Name | Course   | FamilyIncome |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Jeni | Commerce | 60000 |
| Anil | Humanities | 55000 |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

viii) Display a list of students whose monthly income falls in the range of Rs. 25000/- to Rs. 45000/-.

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Student (AdmissionNumber, Name, Gender, DateOfBirth, Course, FamilyIncome)
-> VALUES(6, 'Rama', 'F', '1995-02-1', 'History', 30000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM STUDENT;
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
1	John	M	1995-08-15	Science	50000
2	Jeni	F	1998-04-22	Commerce	60000
3	Anil	M	1997-11-10	Humanities	55000
4	Elizabeth	F	1996-07-05	History	48000
5	Jayan	M	1995-01-05	Science	10000
6	Rama	F	1995-02-01	History	30000

```
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Student
-> WHERE FamilyIncome BETWEEN 25000 AND 45000;
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
6	Rama	F	1995-02-01	History	30000

```
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

ix) Retrieve the details of students in Commerce and Humanities groups(Using IN operator).

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Student
-> WHERE Course IN ('Commerce', 'Humanities');
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
2	Jeni	F	1998-04-22	Commerce	60000
3	Anil	M	1997-11-10	Humanities	55000

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

x) Display the name of students whose name start with Letter A.

```
mysql> SELECT Name
-> FROM Student
-> WHERE Name LIKE 'A%';
```

Name
Anil

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

xi) Display the details of students in the alphabetical order of their names.

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Student
-> ORDER BY Name;
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
3	Anil	M	1997-11-10	Humanities	55000
4	Elizabeth	F	1996-07-05	History	48000
5	Jayan	M	1995-01-05	Science	10000
2	Jeni	F	1998-04-22	Commerce	60000
1	John	M	1995-08-15	Science	50000
6	Rama	F	1995-02-01	History	30000

6 rows in set (0.01 sec)

xii) Display the details according to their monthly family income. Result from the highest income to the lowest.

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Student
-> ORDER BY FamilyIncome DESC;
```

AdmissionNumber	Name	Gender	DateOfBirth	Course	FamilyIncome
2	Jeni	F	1998-04-22	Commerce	60000
3	Anil	M	1997-11-10	Humanities	55000
1	John	M	1995-08-15	Science	50000
4	Elizabeth	F	1996-07-05	History	48000
6	Rama	F	1995-02-01	History	30000
5	Jayan	M	1995-01-05	Science	10000

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

xiii) Display the name and family income of Science group students according to the descending order of income.

```
mysql> SELECT Name, FamilyIncome
-> FROM Student
-> WHERE Course = 'Science'
-> ORDER BY FamilyIncome DESC;
```

Name	FamilyIncome
John	50000
Jayan	10000

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

xiv) Display the name and course of the students who have the highest family monthly income.

```
mysql> SELECT Name, Course
  -> FROM Student
  -> WHERE FamilyIncome = (SELECT MAX(FamilyIncome) FROM Student);
+-----+-----+
| Name | Course |
+-----+-----+
| Jeni | Commerce |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.03 sec)
```

Q2.

STUDENT relation					
AdmNo	Roll	Name	Batch	Marks	Result
101	24	Sachin	Science	480	EHS
102	14	Rahul	Commerce	410	EHS
103	4	Fathima	Humanities	200	NHS
104	12	Mahesh	Commerce	180	NHS
105	24	Nelson	Humanities	385	EHS
106	8	Joseph	Commerce	350	EHS
107	24	Shaji	Humanities	205	NHS
108	2	Bincy	Science	300	EHS

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE STUDENT_RELATION (
->     AdmNo INT,
->     Roll INT,
->     Name VARCHAR(20),
->     Batch VARCHAR(20),
->     Marks INT,
->     Result VARCHAR(3)
-> );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)

```
mysql> Describe STUDENT_RELATION;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
AdmNo	int	YES		NULL	
Roll	int	YES		NULL	
Name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Batch	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Marks	int	YES		NULL	
Result	varchar(3)	YES		NULL	

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> INSERT INTO STUDENT_RELATION (AdmNo, Roll, Name, Batch, Marks, Result) VALUES
-> (101, 24, 'Sachin', 'Science', 480, 'EHS'),
-> (102, 14, 'Rahul', 'Commerce', 410, 'EHS'),
-> (103, 4, 'Fathima', 'Humanities', 200, 'NHS'),
-> (104, 12, 'Mahesh', 'Commerce', 180, 'NHS'),
-> (105, 24, 'Nelson', 'Humanities', 385, 'EHS'),
-> (106, 8, 'Joseph', 'Commerce', 350, 'EHS'),
-> (108, 24, 'Shaji', 'Humanities', 205, 'NHS'),
-> (109, 2, 'Bincy', 'Science', 300, 'EHS');
```

Query OK, 8 rows affected (0.02 sec)

Records: 8 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM STUDENT_RELATION;
```

AdmNo	Roll	Name	Batch	Marks	Result
101	24	Sachin	Science	480	EHS
102	14	Rahul	Commerce	410	EHS
103	4	Fathima	Humanities	200	NHS
104	12	Mahesh	Commerce	180	NHS
105	24	Nelson	Humanities	385	EHS
106	8	Joseph	Commerce	350	EHS
108	24	Shaji	Humanities	205	NHS
109	2	Bincy	Science	300	EHS

8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

A. Display all the students who are eligible for higher studies.


```
mysql> SELECT * FROM STUDENT_RELATION WHERE Result = 'EHS';
```

AdmNo	Roll	Name	Batch	Marks	Result
101	24	Sachin	Science	480	EHS
102	14	Rahul	Commerce	410	EHS
105	24	Nelson	Humanities	385	EHS
106	8	Joseph	Commerce	350	EHS
109	2	Bincy	Science	300	EHS

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

B. Display all the students in the Commerce batch who are failed.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM STUDENT_RELATION WHERE Batch = 'Commerce' AND Result = 'NHS';
```

AdmNo	Roll	Name	Batch	Marks	Result
104	12	Mahesh	Commerce	180	NHS

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

C. Display all the students in the batch Science or Commerce.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM STUDENT_RELATION WHERE Batch IN ('Science', 'Commerce');
```

AdmNo	Roll	Name	Batch	Marks	Result
101	24	Sachin	Science	480	EHS
102	14	Rahul	Commerce	410	EHS
104	12	Mahesh	Commerce	180	NHS
106	8	Joseph	Commerce	350	EHS
109	2	Bincy	Science	300	EHS

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

D. To Display admission number and name of students who are Eligible for Higher Studies.

```
mysql> SELECT AdmNo, Name FROM STUDENT_RELATION WHERE Result = 'EHS';
```

AdmNo	Name
101	Sachin
102	Rahul
105	Nelson
106	Joseph
109	Bincy

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

E. To Display name and marks of those students in the Humanities batch who are Not eligible for

Higher Studies.

```
mysql> SELECT Name, Marks FROM STUDENT_RELATION WHERE Batch = 'Humanities' AND Result = 'NHS';
+-----+-----+
| Name   | Marks |
+-----+-----+
| Fathima | 200   |
| Shaji  | 205   |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q3

artists Example Input:

artist_id	artist_name	label_owner
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group
120	Drake	Warner Music Group
125	Bad Bunny	Rimas Entertainment

songs Example Input:

song_id	artist_id	name
55511	101	Perfect
45202	101	Shape of You
22222	120	One Dance
19960	120	Hotline Bling

Do the following

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE ARTISTS (
  ->     artist_id INT,
  ->     artist_name VARCHAR(20),
  ->     label_owner VARCHAR(20)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE ARTISTS (
  ->     artist_id INT,
  ->     artist_name VARCHAR(20),
  ->     label_owner VARCHAR(20)
  -> );
ERROR 1050 (42S01): Table 'artists' already exists
mysql> INSERT INTO ARTISTS (artist_id, artist_name, label_owner) VALUES
  -> (101, 'Ed Sheeran', 'Warner Music Group'),
  -> (120, 'Drake', 'Warner Music Group'),
  -> (125, 'Bad Bunny', 'Rimas Entertainment');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT * FROM ARTISTS;
```

artist_id	artist_name	label_owner
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group
120	Drake	Warner Music Group
125	Bad Bunny	Rimas Entertainment

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE SONGS (
->     song_id INT,
->     artist_id INT,
->     name VARCHAR(255)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)

mysql>
mysql> INSERT INTO SONGS (song_id, artist_id, name) VALUES
-> (55511, 101, 'Perfect'),
-> (45202, 101, 'Shape of You'),
-> (22222, 120, 'One Dance'),
-> (19960, 120, 'Hotline Bling');
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 4  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT * FROM SONGS;
+-----+-----+-----+
| song_id | artist_id | name          |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 55511   | 101       | Perfect       |
| 45202   | 101       | Shape of You  |
| 22222   | 120       | One Dance     |
| 19960   | 120       | Hotline Bling |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

A. Combines info from the artists AND songs table.

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM ARTISTS
-> CROSS JOIN SONGS ON ARTISTS.artist_id = SONGS.artist_id;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| artist_id | artist_name | label_owner | song_id | artist_id | name          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 101       | Ed Sheeran  | Warner Music Group | 55511   | 101       | Perfect       |
| 101       | Ed Sheeran  | Warner Music Group | 45202   | 101       | Shape of You  |
| 120       | Drake       | Warner Music Group | 22222   | 120       | One Dance     |
| 120       | Drake       | Warner Music Group | 19960   | 120       | Hotline Bling |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

B. Returns only the rows with matching values from both tables.

```
mysql> SELECT *FROM ARTISTS INNER JOIN SONGS ON ARTISTS.artist_id = SONGS.artist_id;
```

artist_id	artist_name	label_owner	song_id	artist_id	name
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group	55511	101	Perfect
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group	45202	101	Shape of You
120	Drake	Warner Music Group	22222	120	One Dance
120	Drake	Warner Music Group	19960	120	Hotline Bling

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

C. Returns all the rows from the left table and the matching rows from the right table.

```
mysql> SELECT ARTISTS.artist_id, ARTISTS.artist_name, ARTISTS.label_owner, SONGS.song_id, SONGS.name
-> FROM ARTISTS
-> LEFT JOIN SONGS ON ARTISTS.artist_id = SONGS.artist_id;
```

artist_id	artist_name	label_owner	song_id	name
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group	45202	Shape of You
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group	55511	Perfect
120	Drake	Warner Music Group	19960	Hotline Bling
120	Drake	Warner Music Group	22222	One Dance
125	Bad Bunny	Rimas Entertainment	NULL	NULL

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

D. Returns all the rows from the right table and the matching rows from the left table.

```
mysql> SELECT ARTISTS.artist_id, ARTISTS.artist_name, ARTISTS.label_owner, SONGS.song_id, SONGS.name
-> FROM ARTISTS
-> RIGHT JOIN SONGS ON ARTISTS.artist_id = SONGS.artist_id;
```

artist_id	artist_name	label_owner	song_id	name
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group	55511	Perfect
101	Ed Sheeran	Warner Music Group	45202	Shape of You
120	Drake	Warner Music Group	22222	One Dance
120	Drake	Warner Music Group	19960	Hotline Bling

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```