Welcome to the world of software testing



Agenda

- Introduction to Automation Testing
- Manual Testing Vs Automation Testing
- When do we need Automation?
- Limitations of Automation Testing
- How to choose right tool for automation?
- Introduction to Selenium
- Components of Selenium
- Introduction to Selenium WebDriver
- Installation of Selenium
- WebElements
- Locators
- CSS Selector
- XPath Absolute & Relative
- Waits in Selenium

AUTOMATION TESTING

Process of converting manual test cases into the test scripts with the help of automation tools or any programming language

When we can go for Automation Testing?

- ✓ When the cost makes sense
- ✓ When using repetitive tests
- ✓ When time will be saved
- ✓ When quality is sure to be improved
- ✓ When tests are run frequently
- ✓ When you need to run multiple tests at once

Manual Vs Automation

- Test cases are executed manually.
- Difficult to ensure sufficient test coverage
- May difficult to test on different browsers
- you need to sit in front of your system and execute test cases

- Test cases are executed automatically with the help of tools.
- Easy to ensure greater test coverage.
- We can easily test on different browsers
- You just have to run
 Automation scripts you can
 run it overnight!

Limitations of Automation Testing

- Cannot perform testing for Images.
- ➤ Captcha, Barcodes.
- > Continues maintenance of code required.
- Cannot perform testing for audio or video
- > Unable to test multimedia

Tools



TOOLS FOR AUTOMATION TESTING











Web

Web, API, Mobile, Desktop Mobile (iOS, Android)

Web

Web, Mobile, Desktop

Windows, Mac OS, Linux

Windows, Mac OS, Linux Windows, Mac OS Windows, Mac OS, Linux

Windows

Java, C#,
Python,
JavaScript,
Ruby, PHP,
Perl

Java & Groovy

Java, C#,
Python,
JavaScript,
Ruby, PHP,
Perl

JavaScript

C++,C#,
Python,
JavaScript,
VBScript,
Jscript, Delphi































COMPARING QA AUTOMATION TOOLS

	Price	Platform	Supported languages	Tested apps	Coding skills required	Learning curve
Selenium	Free	Windows/ Mac/Linux	Java, Python, C#, PHP, JavaScript, Ruby, Perl	Web, mobile (with Appium)	Advanced skills	
TestComplete		Windows	VB, JavaScript, Jscript, C++, C#, Delphi, Angular, Ruby on Rails, PHP	Web, mobile, desktop	Minimum skills/Advanced skills for pro scripting	Mild
Tricentis Tosca	Custom, high (according to online discussions)	Windows	JavaScript	Web, mobile, desktop	Minimum skills/Advanced skills for pro scripting	Mild
Katalon Studio	Free	Windows/Mac	Java/Groovy	Web, mobile	Minimum skills/Advanced skills for pro scripting	Mild
UFT		Windows	VBScript	Web, mobile, desktop	Minimum skills/Advanced skills for pro scripting	Moderate
Watir	Free	Windows	Ruby (Java/.Net alternatively)	Web	Minimum skills	Mild
Ranorex	\$2800/\$850	Windows	C#, VB.Net. Iron Python	Web, mobile, desktop	Minimum skills/Advanced skills for pro scripting	Moderate

SELENIUM & ITS FEATUES

Selenium is a free automated testing tool

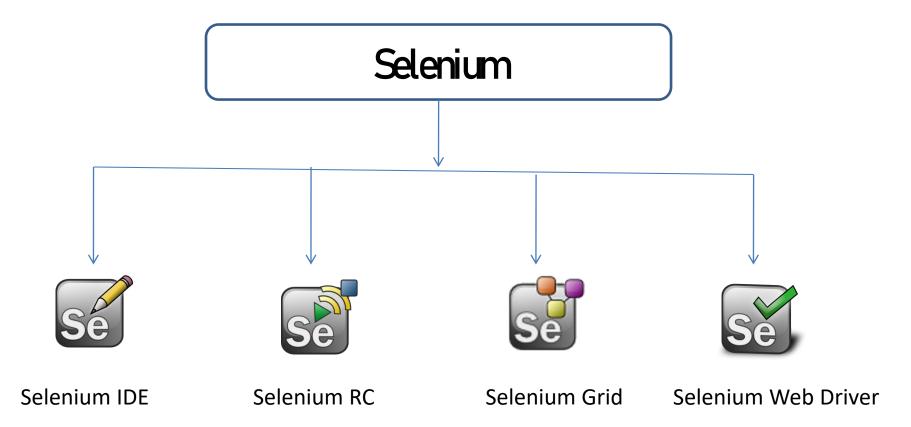
Features

- Open Source
- Supports Multiple operating system
- Supports multiple browsers
- Supports multiple programming languages
- Supports multiple framework
- Supports parallel and cross browser execution

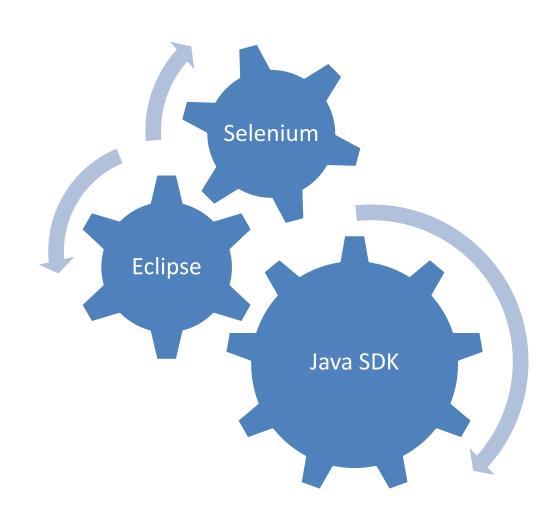
How to select right tool for Automation?

- Project Requirements
- > Team skills / Learning Curve
- Budget
- Ease of Test case Creation and Maintenance
- Reusability
- Data-Driven Testing
- > Reporting
- Support for Collaboration

SELENIUM COMPONENTS

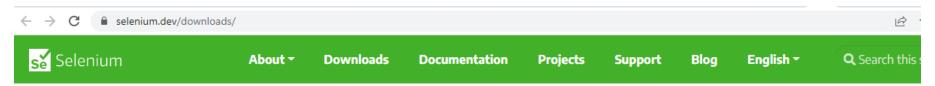


PREREQUISITES - TO USE SELENIUM



INSTALLATION

Navigate to https://selenium.dev/downloads/ and check for Selenium Clients and Web Driver Language Bindings



Selenium Clients and WebDriver Language Bindings

In order to create scripts that interact with the Selenium Server (Remote WebDriver) or create local Selenium WebDriver scripts, you need to make use of language-specific client drivers.

While language bindings for other languages exist, these are the core ones that are supported by the main project hosted on GitHub.



Stable: 4.1.0 (November 22, 2021)

Changelog
API Docs

Ruby

Stable: 4.1.0 (November 22, 2021)

Changelog
API Docs

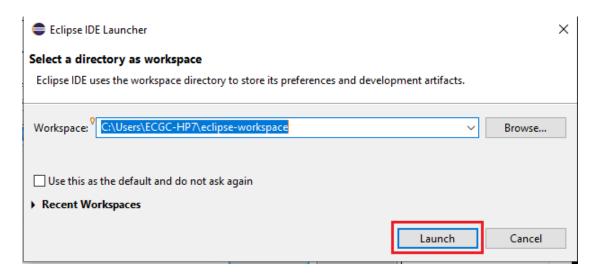


Java

Stable: 4.1.2 (January 30, 2022)

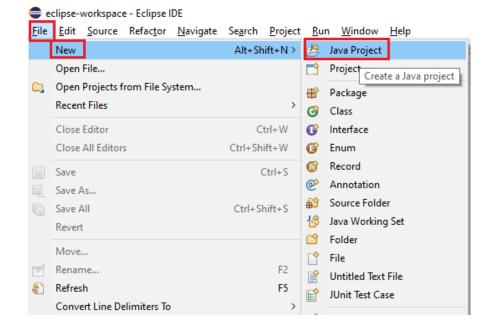
Changelog

API Docs

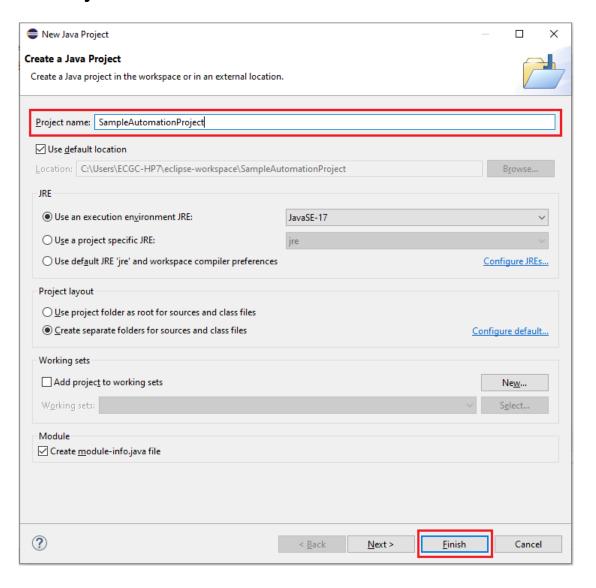


1. Launch **Eclipse** and select the default workspace.
Click on **Launch**

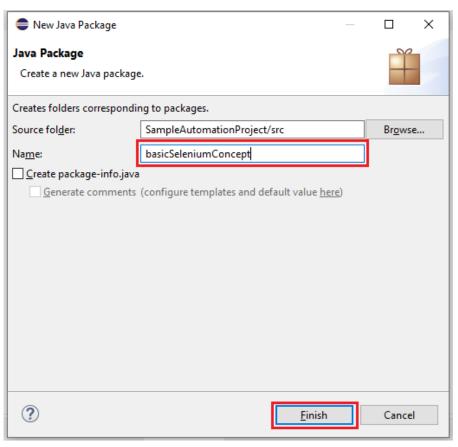
2. Click on File -> New -> Java Project

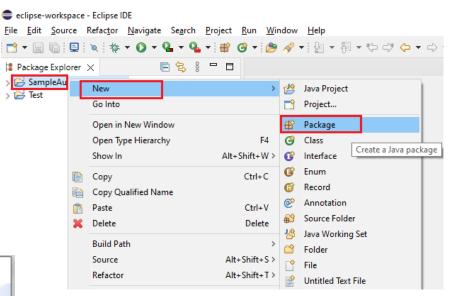


3. Enter a Project name and click on Finish.

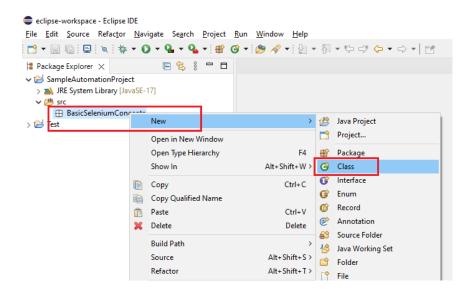


4. **Right Click** on the newly created Project, then **New -> Package**



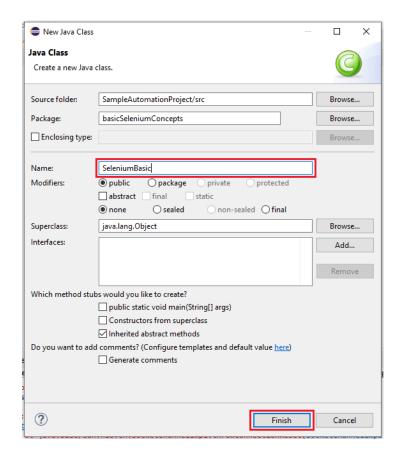


5. Enter **Package Name** and click on **Finish**.

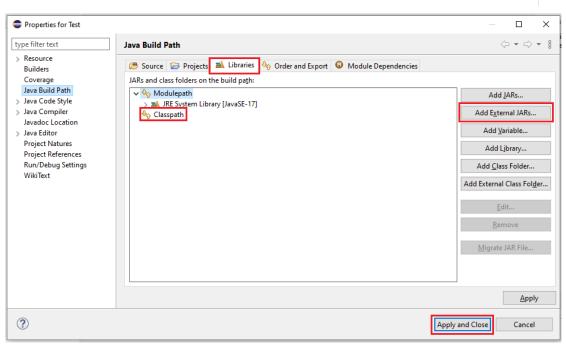


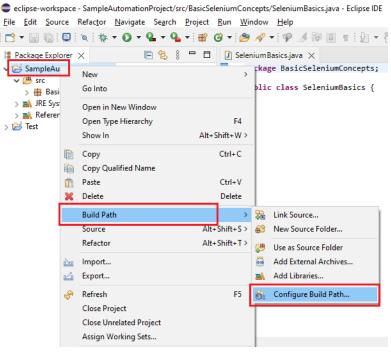
7. Enter **Class Name** and then click on **Finish.**

6. **Right Click** on newly created package and then **New -> Class**



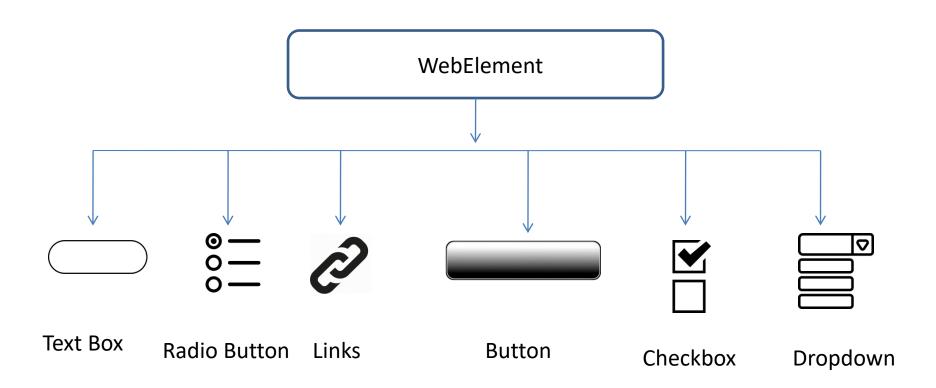
8. Right Click on project folder and then Build Path -> Configure Build Path



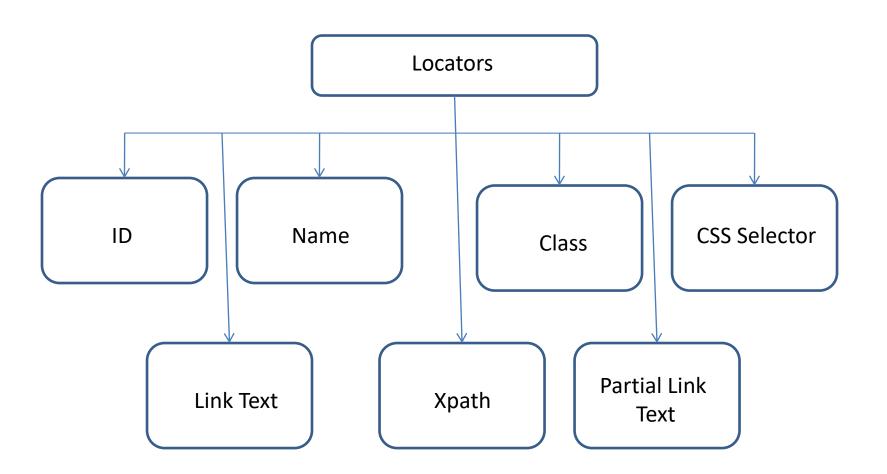


9. Click on **Libraries** and then Select **Classpath**, then click On **Add External JARs**. Add the downloaded Selenium Jar files and then **Apply and Close**.

WEBELEMENT & ITS TYPES



LOCATORS & ITS TYPES



XPATH

- Direct way to select an element
- Starts from the root node
- Uses single slash (/)

Absolute XPath



- Easy way to select an element
- Starts from middle of HTML DOM structure
- Uses double slash (//)

Relative XPath

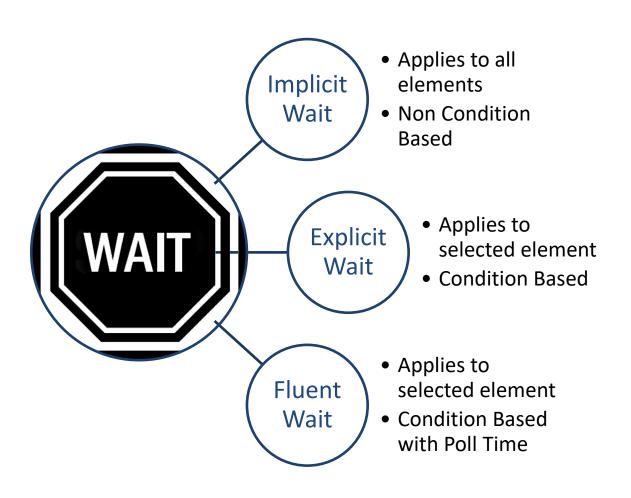


Point of Difference	Absolute Path	Relative Path	
Starts with	Single Forward Slash. Select the element from the root https://www.element.com/black-nc/4 and cover the whole path to the element. It is also known as complete or Full Xpath.	Double Forward Slash. Expression can starts in the middle of the HTML DOM structure.	
Speed	Faster. It identify the element very fast.	Slower compare to absolute. it will take more time in identifying the element as we specify the partial path not (exact path).	
Failure Chances	More. It Changes Frequently, if there are any changes made in the path of the element then XPath gets failed.	Failure chance of well written relative path is very less	
	/html/head/body/form/table	//table/tbody/tr/th	
Example	/tbody/tr/th if any tag will be added before table	Doesn't matter if anything added before	
	the path will fail.	table.	

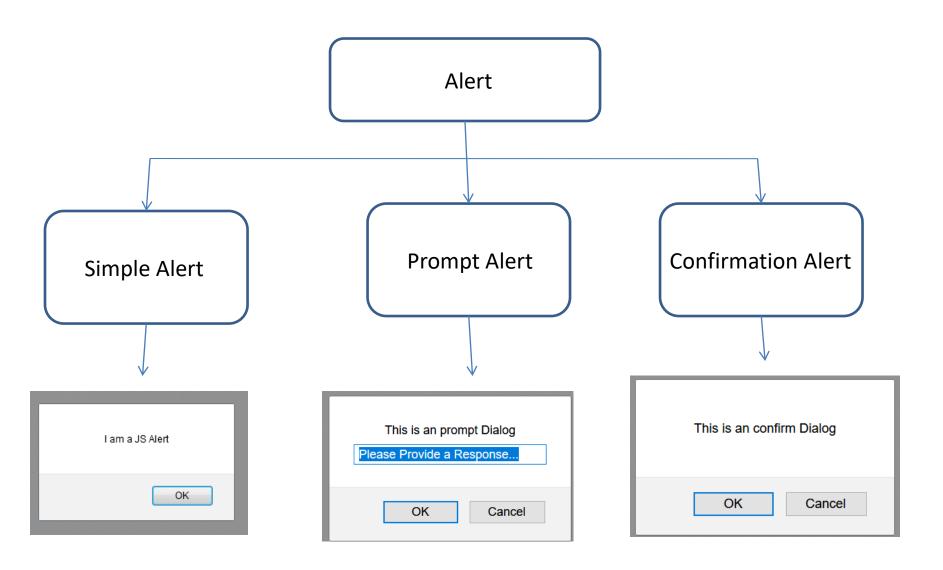
RELATIVE XPATH

- Basic Xpath
- Contains
- OR & AND
- Starts-with
- Text()
- Last()
- Position()
- Following
- Preceding

WAITS



ALERTS & ITS TYPES



HANDLING WINDOWS & FRAMES

- Selenium helps to handle multiple windows through window handlers and javascript executors.
- Window Handling is a unique identifier that holds the address of all the windows.
- Why do we need to handle multiple windows in Selenium?
 When a user is working on a web application, there might arise a scenario where a new window will open inside your main window.
 To handle such type of scenario we require window handle
- What is a window handle in Selenium?
 A window handle stores the unique address of the browser windows.
 Each window will have a unique ID that we can get using the methods provided by Selenium Webdriver
- **Different methods used for window handling in Selenium:** getWindowHandle(), getWindowHandles(), switchto(), action.

KEYBOARD & MOUSE ACTIONS

- Action class in Selenium is a built-in feature provided by the Selenium for handling keyboard and mouse events.
- Types of mouse actions can be performed:
 - > Click
 - ➤ Double Click
 - Click and Hold
 - Drag and Drop
- Types of keyboard actions can be performed:
 - Key Press
 - > Key Release
 - Send Keys

TESTNG

- TestNG is an automation framework in which 'NG' stands for 'Next Generation'
- TestNG is an advance framework designed to take advantage of the benefits of both the developer and the testers.
- TestNG is an open source framework that is distributed under the Apache software license and is easily available for download.
- Due to its advance facilities, TestNG is considered to be better than JUnit.

FEATURES OF TESTNG

Before & After Annotations

XML Based Test Configuration

Dependent Methods

Dependent Groups

Data Driven Testing Features
Of
TestNG

Group

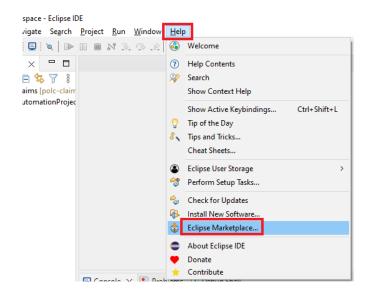
Parameterization
Of Test Methods

Multithreaded Execution

Better Reporting

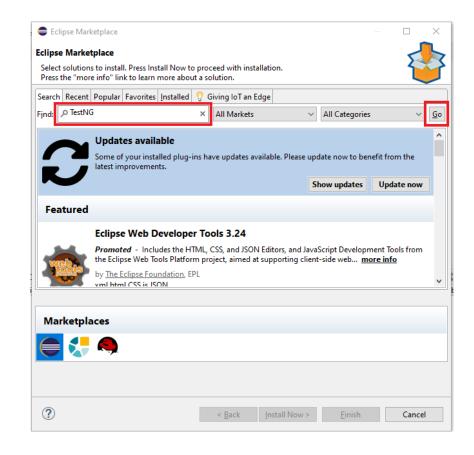
Open API

Install TestNG in Eclipse



2. In **Find**, enter **TestNG** and click on **Go**

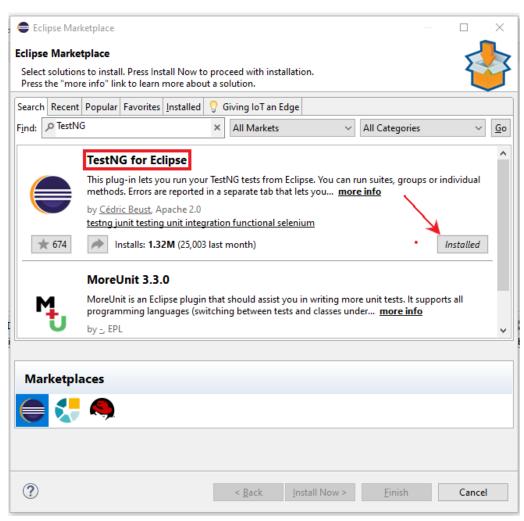
1. Click on Help -> Eclipse Marketplace



3. Look for **TestNG for Eclipse** and then click on **Install**

4. Then proceed with the installation process and after the installation click on **Restart Now.**

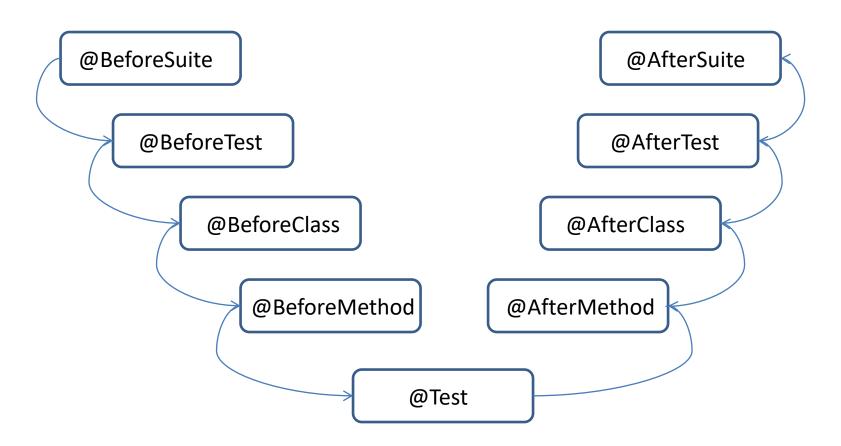
5. To confirm TestNG installed, click Window -> Show View -> Other and then check whether TestNG is there inside Java folder from a pop-up window.



ANNOTATIONS

- @Test
- @BeforeSuite
- @AfterSuite
- @BeforeTest
- @AfterTest
- @BeforeClass
- @AfterClass
- @BeforeMethod
- @AfterMethod
- @BeforeGroups
- @AfterGroups
- @Parameters
- @DataProvider
- @Factory
- @Listeners

EXECUTION SEQUENCE OF ANNOTATIONS



Annotation Attributes

- > description
- > timeOut
- priority
- ➤ dependsOnMethods
- > enabled
- > groups