

315. Count the Smaller Number After Self

Given an integer array `nums`, return *an integer array* `counts` where `counts[i]` is the number of smaller elements to the right of `nums[i]`.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [5,2,6,1]`

Output: `[2,1,1,0]`

Explanation:

To the right of 5 there are **2** smaller elements (2 and 1).

To the right of 2 there is only **1** smaller element (1).

To the right of 6 there is **1** smaller element (1).

To the right of 1 there is **0** smaller element.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [-1]`

Output: `[0]`

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [-1,-1]`

Output: `[0,0]`

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $-10^4 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^4$