

▼ Name – Nishant Rajat

Roll No - 577

Batch- E 4

ASSIGNMENT 4

```
Import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Read the CSV file
data = pd.read_csv('grainsales.csv')
```

```
# 1. Identifying 10 grains for provided dataset
grains = data['GrainName'].unique()[:10]
print("10 grains in the dataset:", grains)
```

📄 10 grains in the dataset: ['Ragi' 'Bajra' 'Oats' 'Sattu' 'Sooji' 'Brown rice' 'Wheat' 'Corn']

+ Code

+ Text

```
# 2. Implement all 20 grains using Pandas methods
all_grains = data['GrainName'].unique()
print("All 20 grains in the dataset:", all_grains)
```

All 20 grains in the dataset: ['Ragi' 'Bajra' 'Oats' 'Sattu' 'Sooji' 'Brown rice' 'Wheat' 'Corn']

```
# 3. Which was the best month for sales? How much was earned that month?
monthly_sales = data.groupby('Months')['Sales'].sum()
best_month = monthly_sales.idxmax()
earning = monthly_sales.max()
print("Best month for sales:", best_month)
print("Earnings in the best month:", earning)
```

Best month for sales: JULY
Earnings in the best month: 16000000

```
# 4. Which product sold the most? Why do you think it did?
product_sales = data.groupby('GrainName')['Sales'].sum()
best_product = product_sales.idxmax()
print("Product sold the most:", best_product)
```

Product sold the most: Wheat

```
# 5. Which city sold the most products?
city_sales = data.groupby('City')['Sales'].sum()
best_city = city_sales.idxmax()
print("City that sold the most products:", best_city)
```

City that sold the most products: Asansole

```
# 6. What is the total sales revenue for each grain across all months?
total_sales_grain = data.groupby('GrainName')['Sales'].sum()
print("Total sales revenue for each grain:")
print(total_sales_grain)
```

Total sales revenue for each grain:

GrainName	
Bajra	6000000
Brown rice	14000000
Corn	13500000
Oats	4000000
Ragi	5000000
Sattu	5000000
Sooji	9000000
Wheat	16000000

Name: Sales, dtype: int64

```
# 7. How does the sales revenue vary by state? Which state has the highest and lowest sales?
sales_by_state = data.groupby('State')['Sales'].sum()
highest_sales_state = sales_by_state.idxmax()
lowest_sales_state = sales_by_state.idxmin()
```

```
print("Sales revenue by state:")
print(sales_by_state)
print("State with the highest sales revenue:", highest_sales_state)
print("State with the lowest sales revenue:", lowest_sales_state)
```

Sales revenue by state:

State	
Gujarat	5000000
Hariyana	4000000
Maharashtra	5000000
Panjab	6000000
Tamil Nadu	9000000
Telangana	14000000
UP	13500000
West Bengal	16000000

Name: Sales, dtype: int64
State with the highest sales revenue: West Bengal
State with the lowest sales revenue: Hariyana

```
# 8.What is the average sales revenue per month?
average_sales_month = data.groupby('Months')['Sales'].mean()
print("Average sales revenue per month:")
print(average_sales_month)
```

Average sales revenue per month:

Months	
APRIL	2500000.0
AUG	4500000.0

FEB	1500000.0
JAN	1000000.0
JULY	4000000.0
JUNE	3500000.0
MARCH	2000000.0
MAY	3000000.0

Name: Sales, dtype: float64

```
# 9.Is there any correlation between the sales revenue and the year? If so, how strong is the correlation?
correlation = data['Sales'].corr(data['Year'])
print("Correlation between sales revenue and year:", correlation)
```

Correlation between sales revenue and year: nan

```
#10.Can you identify any seasonal trends in the sales of grains?
seasonal_trends = data.groupby('Months')['Sales'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
print("Seasonal trends in sales of grains:")
print(seasonal_trends)
```

Seasonal trends in sales of grains:

Months	
JULY	16000000
JUNE	14000000
AUG	13500000
MAY	9000000
FEB	6000000
APRIL	5000000
JAN	5000000
MARCH	4000000

Name: Sales, dtype: int64

```
#11.Which month had the highest and lowest sales revenue for each grain?
highest_month_grain = data.groupby(['GrainName'])['Sales'].idxmax()
lowest_month_grain = data.groupby(['GrainName'])['Sales'].idxmin()

highest_month_sales = data.loc[highest_month_grain, ['GrainName', 'Months', 'Sales']]
lowest_month_sales = data.loc[lowest_month_grain, ['GrainName', 'Months', 'Sales']]

print("Month with the highest sales revenue for each grain:")
print(highest_month_sales)
print("Month with the lowest sales revenue for each grain:")
print(lowest_month_sales)
```

Month with the highest sales revenue for each grain:

	GrainName	Months	Sales
1	Bajra	FEB	1500000
9	Brown rice	JUNE	3500000
11	Corn	AUG	4500000
6	Oats	MARCH	2000000
0	Ragi	JAN	1000000
7	Sattu	APRIL	2500000
8	Sooji	MAY	3000000
10	Wheat	JULY	4000000

Month with the lowest sales revenue for each grain:

	GrainName	Months	Sales
1	Bajra	FEB	1500000
9	Brown rice	JUNE	3500000
11	Corn	AUG	4500000
6	Oats	MARCH	2000000
0	Ragi	JAN	1000000
7	Sattu	APRIL	2500000
8	Sooji	MAY	3000000
10	Wheat	JULY	4000000

```
#12.What is the distribution of sales revenue among different cities?
sales_distribution_city = data.groupby('City')['Sales'].sum()
print("Distribution of sales revenue among different cities:")
print(sales_distribution_city)
```

Distribution of sales revenue among different cities:

City	
Amritsar	6000000
Asansole	16000000
Gurugram	4000000
Hyderabad	14000000
Kanpur	13500000
Madurai	9000000
Nagpur	5000000
Surat	5000000

Name: Sales, dtype: int64

```
#13.Are there any outliers in the sales revenue? If so, which grains and months are affected?
Q1 = data['Sales'].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = data['Sales'].quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
```

```
outliers = data[(data['Sales'] < Q1 - 1.5 * IQR) | (data['Sales'] > Q3 + 1.5 * IQR)]
print("Outliers in sales revenue:")
print(outliers)
```

Outliers in sales revenue:

Empty DataFrame

Columns: [GrainName, State, City, Months, Year, Sales]

Index: []

```
#14.Can you calculate the percentage contribution of each grain to the total sales revenue?
percentage_contribution = (data.groupby('GrainName')['Sales'].sum() / data['Sales'].sum()) * 100
print("Percentage contribution of each grain to total sales revenue:")
print(percentage_contribution)
```

Percentage contribution of each grain to total sales revenue:

GrainName	
Bajra	8.275862
Brown rice	19.310345
Corn	18.620690
Oats	5.517241

```
Ragi          6.896552
Sattu         6.896552
Sooji         12.413793
Wheat         22.068966
Name: Sales, dtype: float64
```

```
#15.Is there any difference in sales revenue between different years?
yearly_sales_comparison = data.groupby('Year')['Sales'].sum()
print("Difference in sales revenue between different years:")
print(yearly_sales_comparison)
```

```
Difference in sales revenue between different years:
Year
2023    72500000
Name: Sales, dtype: int64
```

```
#16.What is the average sales revenue per grain across all cities?
average_sales_grain_city = data.groupby(['GrainName', 'City'])['Sales'].mean()
print("Average sales revenue per grain across all cities:")
print(average_sales_grain_city)
```

```
Average sales revenue per grain across all cities:
GrainName  City
Bajra      Amritsar    1500000.0
Brown rice Hyderabad   3500000.0
Corn       Kanpur      4500000.0
Oats       Gurugram    2000000.0
Ragi       Nagpur      1000000.0
Sattu      Surat       2500000.0
Sooji      Madurai     3000000.0
Wheat      Asansole    4000000.0
Name: Sales, dtype: float64
```

```
#17.Which month had the highest sales revenue for each city?
highest_month_city = data.groupby(['City'])['Sales'].idxmax()
highest_month_sales_city = data.loc[highest_month_city, ['City', 'Months', 'Sales']]
print("Month with the highest sales revenue for each city:")
print(highest_month_sales_city)
```

```
Month with the highest sales revenue for each city:
   City Months  Sales
1  Amritsar  FEB  1500000
10 Asansole  JULY  4000000
6  Gurugram  MARCH  2000000
9  Hyderabad  JUNE  3500000
11 Kanpur    AUG  4500000
8  Madurai   MAY  3000000
0  Nagpur    JAN  1000000
7  Surat     APRIL  2500000
```

```
#18.Are there any seasonal differences in sales revenue between different states?
seasonal_sales_state = data.groupby(['State', 'Months'])['Sales'].sum()
print("Seasonal differences in sales revenue between different states:")
print(seasonal_sales_state)
```

```
Seasonal differences in sales revenue between different states:
State      Months
Gujarat    APRIL    5000000
Hariyana    MARCH    4000000
Maharashtra JAN     5000000
Panjab      FEB      6000000
Tamil Nadu  MAY      9000000
Telangana   JUNE     14000000
UP          AUG      13500000
West Bengal JULY     16000000
Name: Sales, dtype: int64
```

```
#19.What is the total sales revenue for each year?
total_sales_year = data.groupby('Year')['Sales'].sum()
print("Total sales revenue for each year:")
print(total_sales_year)
```

```
Total sales revenue for each year:
Year
2023    72500000
Name: Sales, dtype: int64
```

```
#20.Which grain has the highest sales revenue in each state?
highest_sales_grain_state = data.groupby(['State', 'GrainName'])['Sales'].sum().reset_index()
idx = highest_sales_grain_state.groupby('State')['Sales'].transform(max) == highest_sales_grain_state['Sales']
highest_sales_grain_state = highest_sales_grain_state[idx]
print("Grain with the highest sales revenue in each state:")
print(highest_sales_grain_state)
```

```
Grain with the highest sales revenue in each state:
   State GrainName  Sales
0  Gujarat    Sattu  5000000
1  Hariyana     Oats  4000000
2  Maharashtra   Ragi  5000000
3    Panjab     Bajra  6000000
4  Tamil Nadu   Sooji  9000000
5  Telangana Brown rice 14000000
6        UP        Corn 13500000
7 West Bengal   Wheat 16000000
```

✓ 0s completed at 1:27 AM

