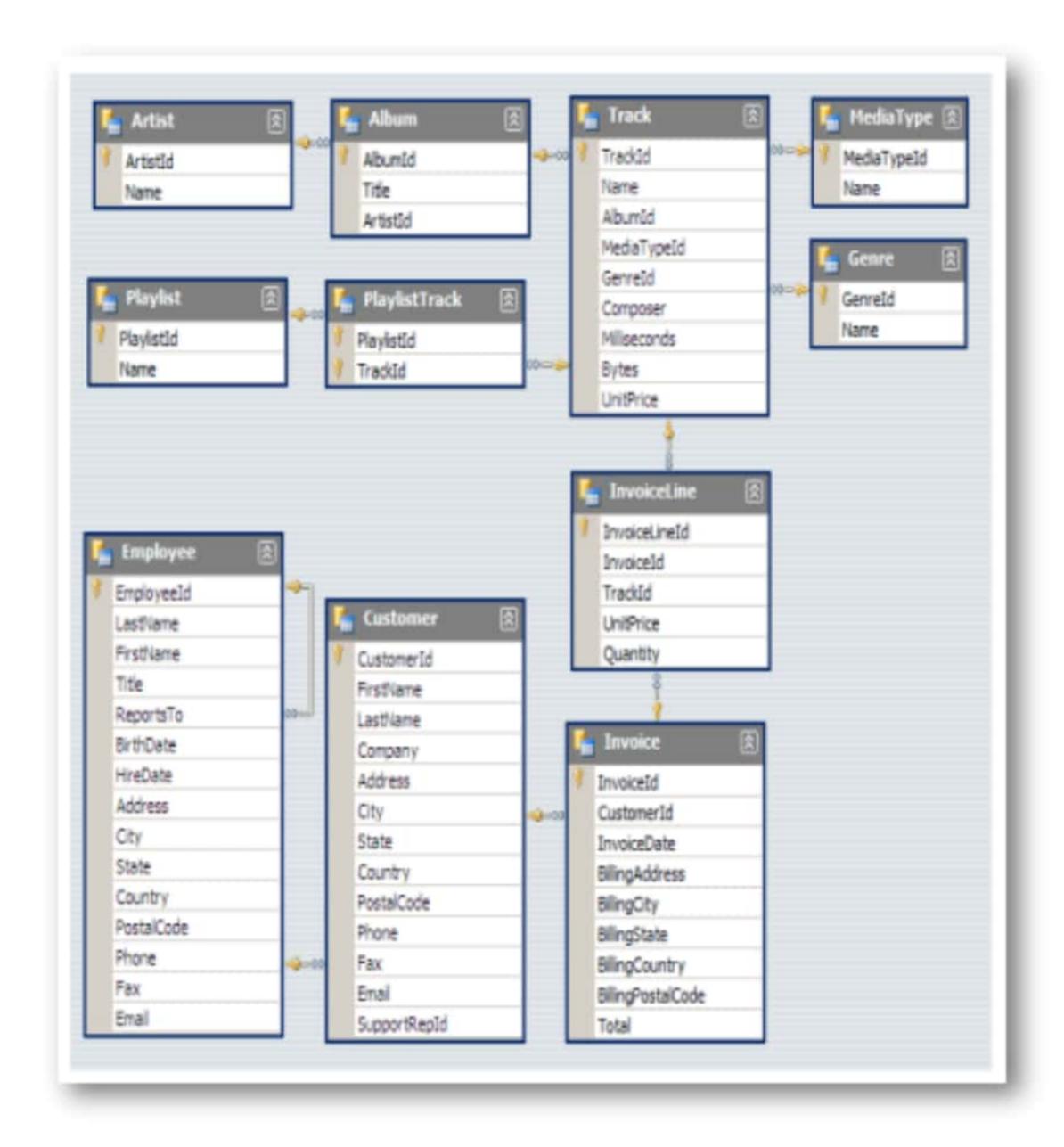


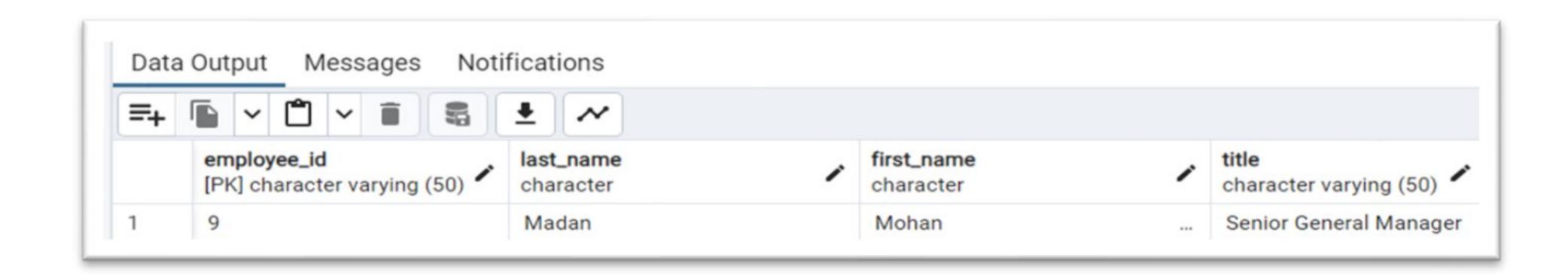
SCHEMA DIAGRAM



Q1: Who is the senior most employee based on job title?

Query:

select * from employee order by levels desc limit 1

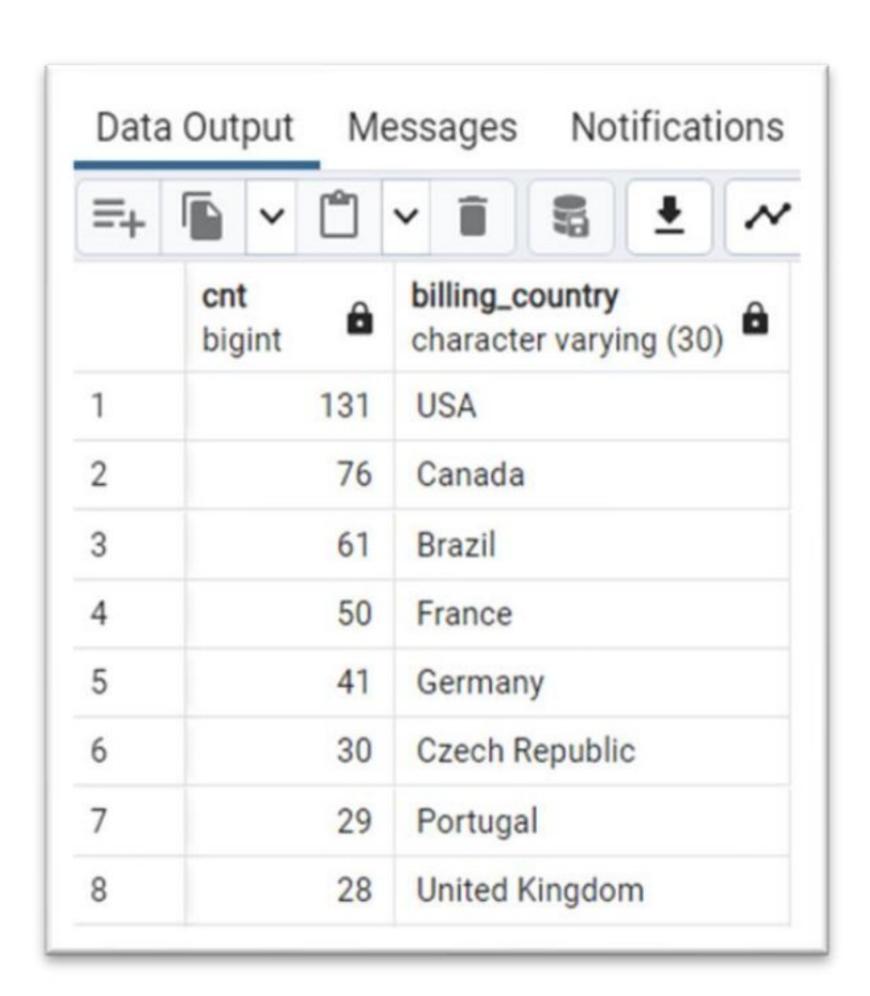


Scanned with CamScanner

Q2: Which countries have the most Invoices?

Query:

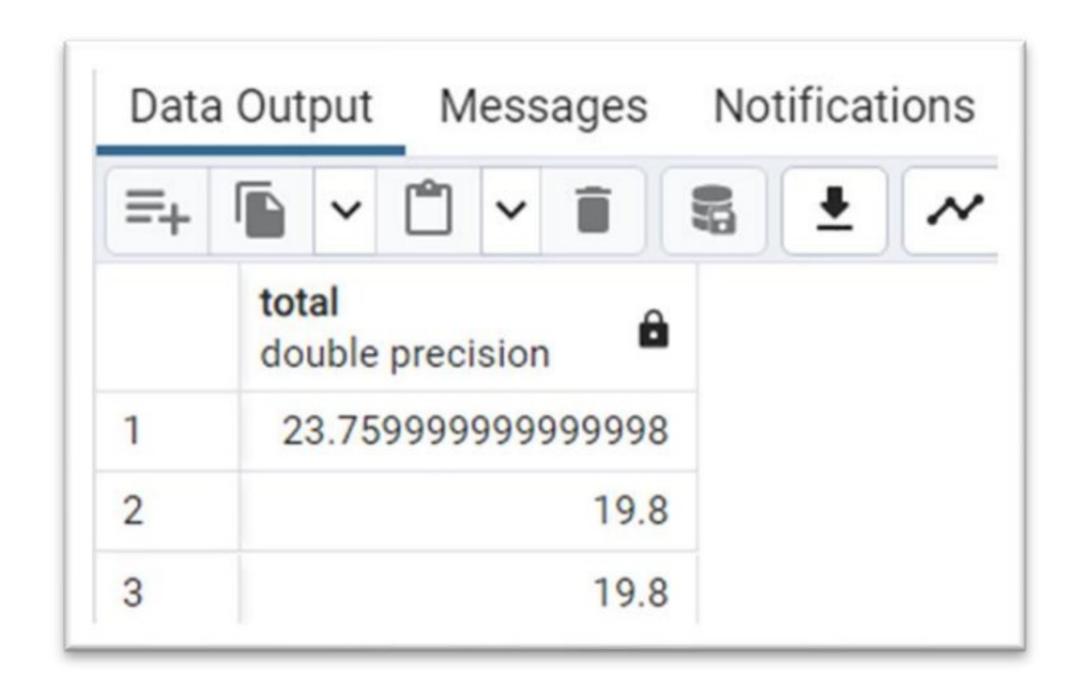
Select count (*) as cnt , billing_country from invoice group by billing_country order by cnt desc



Q3: What are top 3 values of total invoice?

Query:

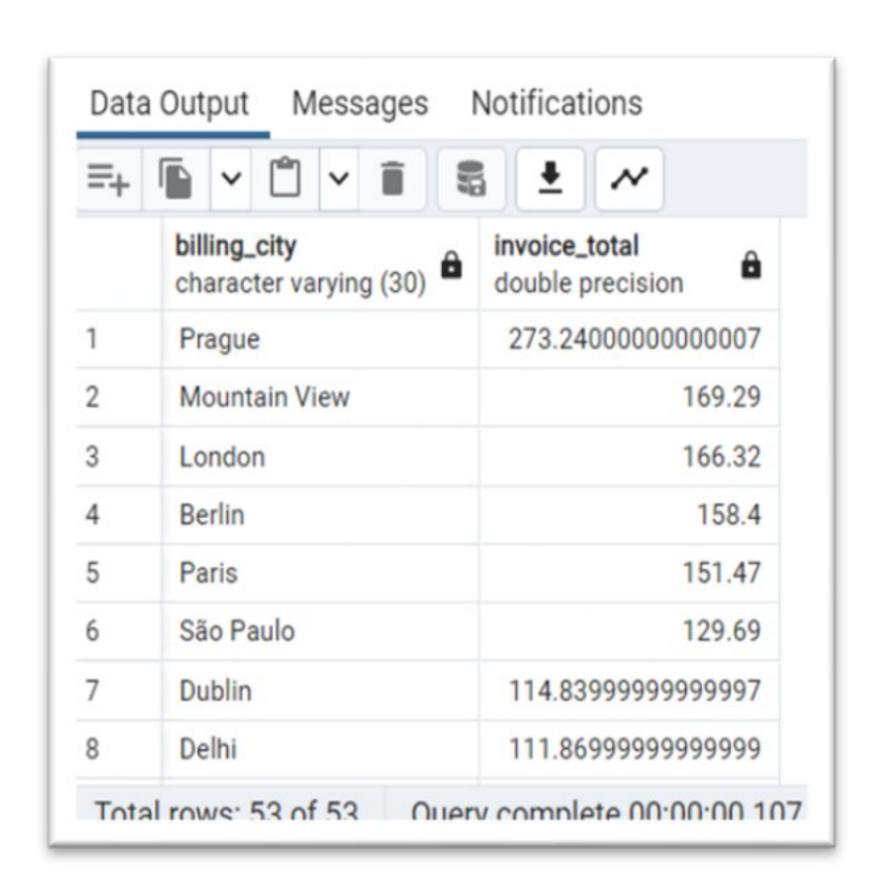
select total from invoice order by total desc limit 3



Q4: Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money. Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals

Query:

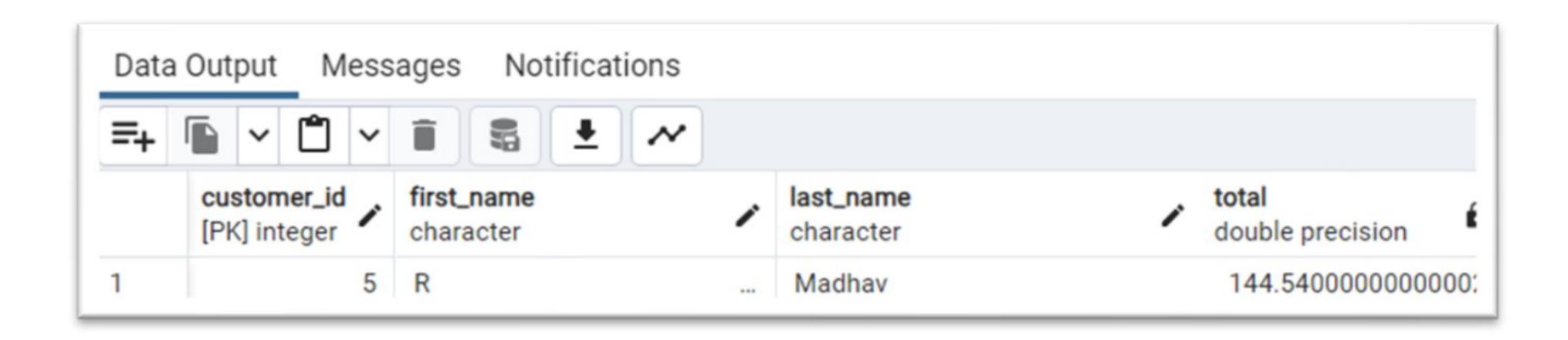
select billing_city, sum(total) as invoice_total from invoice group by billing_city order by invoice_total desc



Q5: Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer. Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

Query:

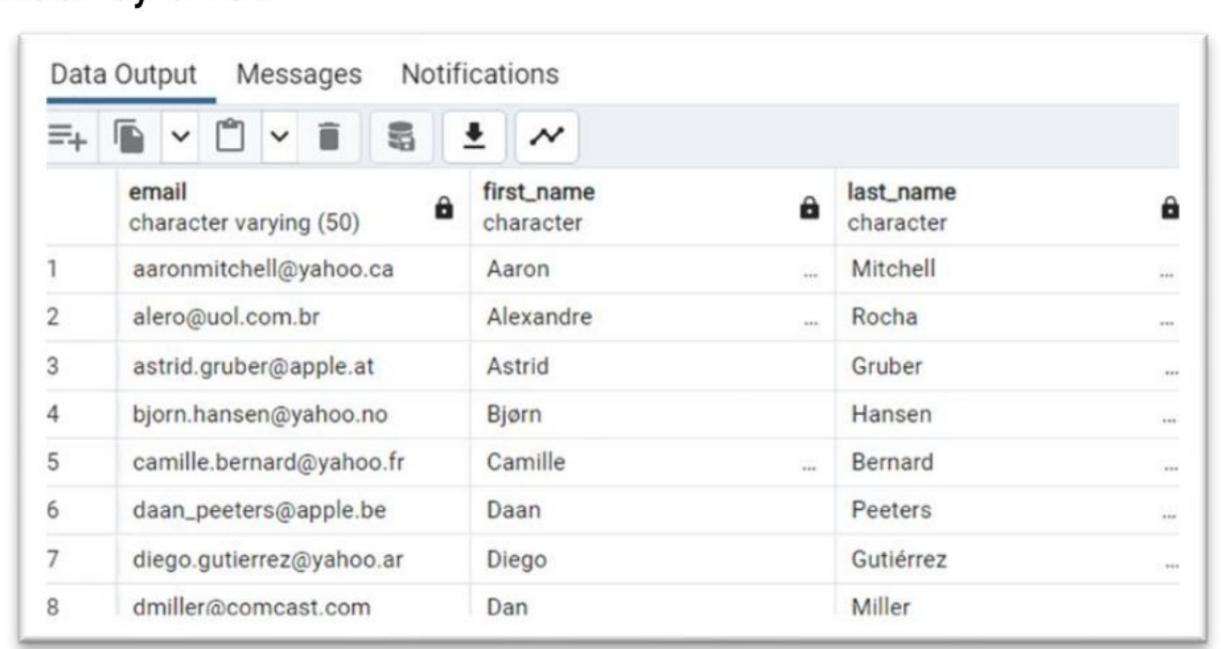
```
select customer.customer_id, customer.first_name , customer.last_name , sum(invoice.total)as total from customer join invoice on customer_id = invoice.customer_id group by customer.customer_id order by total desc limit 1
```



Q6: Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.

Query:

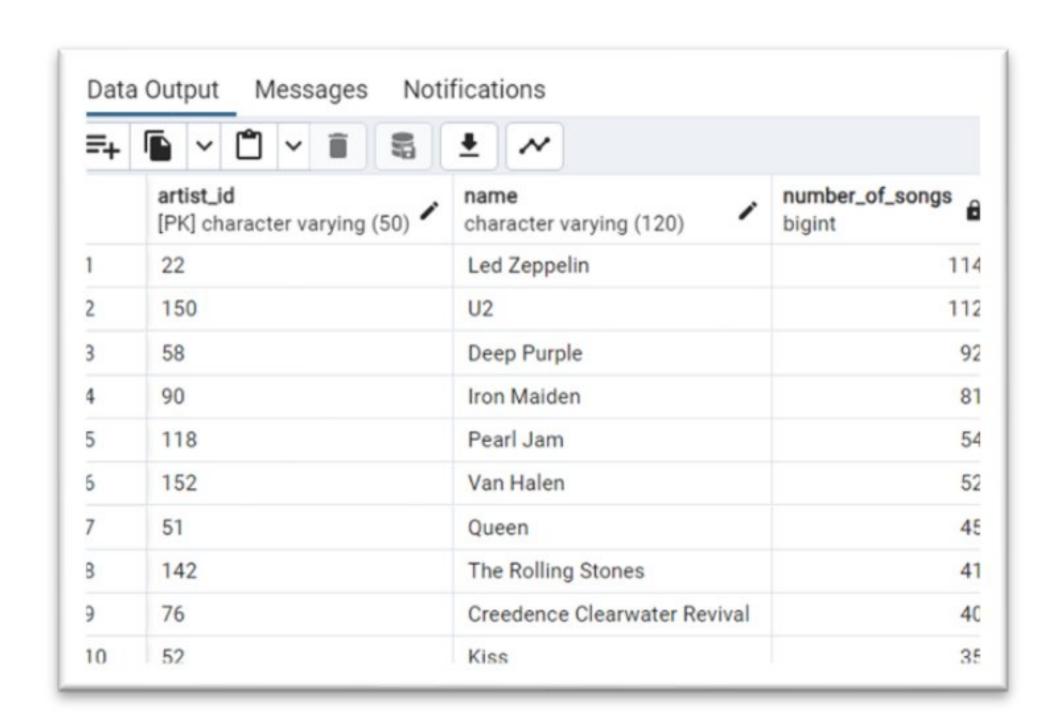
```
select distinct email , first_name , last_name
from customer
join invoice on customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
join invoice_line on invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
where track_id in(
    select track_id from track
    join genre on track.genre_id = genre.genre_id
    where genre.name like 'Rock'
)
order by email
```



Q7: Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset. Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands.

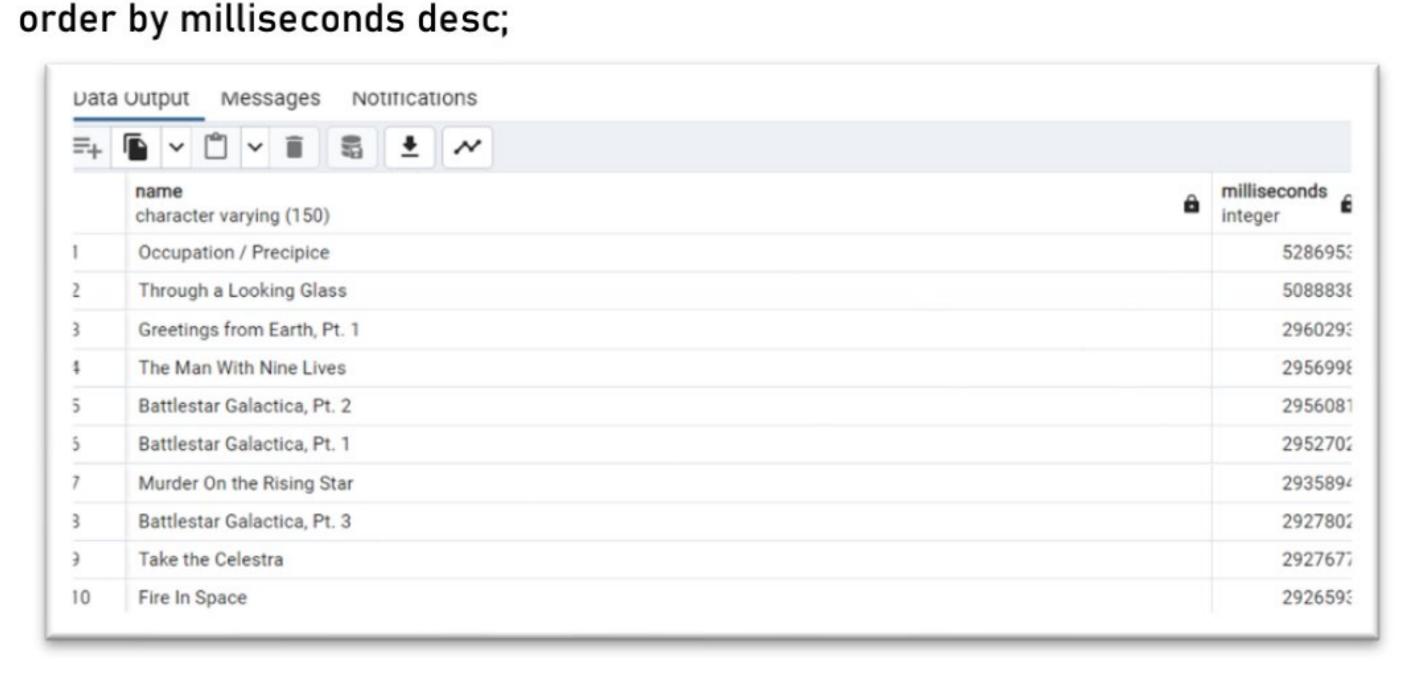
Query:

select artist.artist_id , artist.name , count(artist.artist_id) as number_of_songs from track
join album on album.album_id = track.album_id
join artist on artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
join genre on genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
where genre.name like 'Rock'
group by artist.artist_id
order by number_of_songs desc
limit 10;



Q8: Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length. Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first.

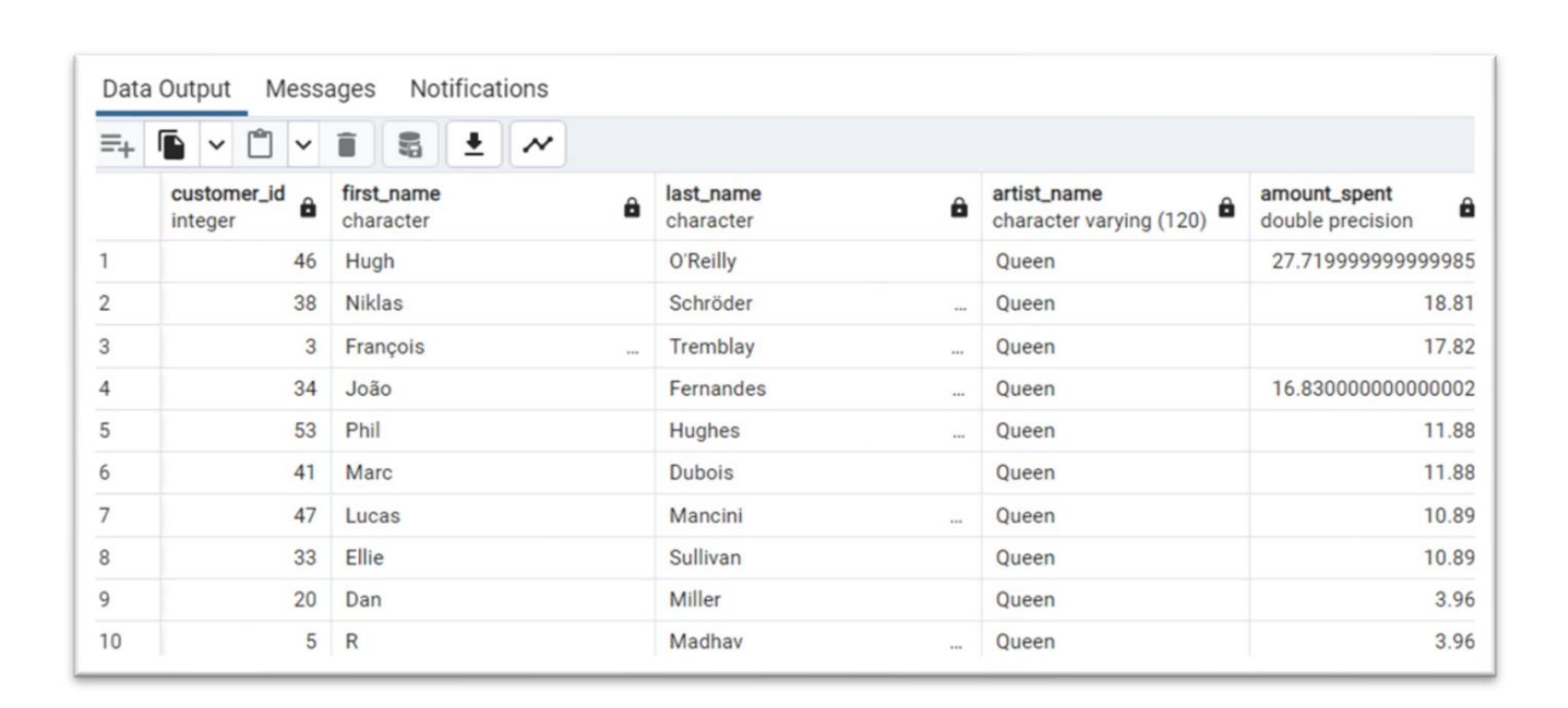
Query: select name , milliseconds
from track
where milliseconds >(
select avg(milliseconds) as avg_track_length
from track
)



Q9: Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent

Query:

```
With best_selling_price AS(
       select artist.artist_id as artist_id , artist.name as artist_name ,
       sum(invoice_line.unit_price * invoice_line.quantity) as total_sales
       from invoice_line
       join track on track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
       join album on album.album_id = track.album_id
       join artist on artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
       group by 1
       order by 3 desc
       limit 1
select c.customer_id as customer_id ,c.first_name ,c.last_name ,bsa.artist_name ,
       sum(il.unit_price * il.quantity) as amount_spent
       from invoice i
       join customer c on c.customer_id = i.customer_id
       join invoice_line il on il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id
       join track t on t.track_id = il.track_id
       join album alb on alb.album_id = t.album_id
       join best_selling_price bsa on bsa.artist_id = alb.artist_id
       group by 1,2,3,4
       order by 5 desc;
```



Q10: We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres.

SELECT * FROM popular_genre WHERE RowNo <= 1

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	purchases bigint	country character varying (50)	name character varying (120)	genre_id character varying (50)	rowno bigint
1	17	Argentina	Alternative & Punk	4	
2	34	Australia	Rock	1	
3	40	Austria	Rock	1	
4	26	Belgium	Rock	1	
5	205	Brazil	Rock	1	
6	333	Canada	Rock	1	
7	61	Chile	Rock	1	
8	143	Czech Republic	Rock	1	
9	24	Denmark	Rock	1	
10	16	Finland	Pook	1	

Q11: Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country. Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent. For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount.

select * from customter_with_country where RowNO <=1

