```
1. from tkinter import *
2.
3. #Creating the object 'base' of the Tk()
4. base = Tk()
5.
6. #Using the Geometry method to the form certain dimensions
7. base.geometry("550x550")
8.
9. #Using title method to give the title to the window
10. base.title('Registration form')
11.
12. #Now, we will use 'Label' method to add widget in the Registration Form and
   also use place() method to set their positions.
13. lbl_0 = Label(base, text="Registration form", width=20,font=("bold",20))
14.
15. #the place method in tkinter module helps user to set the geometry, that is, th
   e dimensions of a certain widget by placing them at a certain position
16. lbl_0.place(x=90,y=60)
17.
18. #Using 'Label' widget to create Full name label and using place() method to se
   t its position.
19. lbl_1 = Label(base, text= "FullName", width=20,font=("bold",10))
20. lbl_1.place(x=80,y=130)
21.
22. #Using Enrty widget to make a text entry box for accepting the input string in
   text from user.
23. enter_1 = Entry(base)
24. enter_1.place(x=240,y=130)
25.
26. #Using 'Label' widget to create Email label and using place() method to set its
   position.
27. lbl_3 = Label(base, text="Email", width=20,font=("bold",10))
28. lbl_3.place(x=68,y=180)
29.
30. #Using Enrty widget to make a text entry box for accepting the input string in
   text from user.
31. enter_3 = Entry(base)
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32. enter_3.place(x=240,y=180)
33.
34. #Using 'Label' widget to create Gender label and using place() method to set i
   ts position.
35. lbl 4 = Label(base, text="Gender", width=20,font=("bold",10))
36. lbl_4.place(x=70,y=230)
37.
38.
39. #Using variable 'vars' to store the integer value, which by deault is 0
40. \text{ vars} = \text{IntVar}()
41.
42. #Using Radio button widget to create an option choosing button and using pl
   ace() method to set its position.
43. Radiobutton(base, text="Male", padx= 5, variable= vars, value=1).place(x=235,
    y = 230)
44. Radiobutton(base, text="Female", padx= 20, variable= vars, value=2).place(x=
   290,y=230)
45.
46.
47. #Using 'Label' widget to create Countries label and using place() method, set i
   ts position.
48. lbl_5=Label(base, text = "Country", width=20,font=("bold",11))
49. lbl_5.place(x=70,y=280)
50.
51. #this creates list of countries available in the dropdown list.
52. list_of_cntry=[ 'India' , 'Canada' , 'US' , 'Germany' , 'UK']
53.
54. #the variable 'cv' is introduced to store the String Value, which by default is (e
   mpty) ""
55. cv = StringVar()
56. drplist = OptionMenu(base, cv, *list_of_cntry)
57. drplist.config(width=15)
58. cv.set('Select your Country')
59. drplist.place(x=240, y=280)
60.
61. #Using 'Label' widget to create Language label and using place() method, set i
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ts position.

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62. lbl_6=Label(base, text="Language", width=20,font=('bold',10))
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63. $lbl_6.place(x=75,y=330)$

64.

65.

66. #the new variable 'vars1' is created to store Integer Value, which by default is

- 67. vars1=IntVar()
- 68. #Using the Checkbutton widget to create a button and using place() method t o set its position.
- 69. Checkbutton(base,text="English", variable = vars1).place(x=230,y=330)

70.

- 71. #the new variable 'vars1' is created to store Integer Value, which by default is 0.
- 72. vars2=IntVar()
- 73. #Using the Checkbutton widget to create a button and using place() method t o set its position.
- 74. Checkbutton(basetext="German", variable=vars2).place(x=290, y=330) 75.
- 76. #Using the Button widget, we get to create a button for submitting all the dat a that has been entered in the entry boxes of the form by the user.
- 77. Button(base, text='Submit', width=20, bg="black",fg='white').place(x=180,y=380)

78.

79.

80. #Calling the mainloop method to execute the entire program