

Experiment 3.2

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Subject Name: Advance Programming Lab

Subject Code: 21CSP-314

1. Aim: Implement the problems based on backtracking.

2. Objective:

1. You are given a number . In one operation, you can either increase the value of by 1 or decrease the value of by 1. Determine the minimum number of operations required (possibly zero) to convert number to a number such that binary representation of is a palindrome. Note: A binary representation is said to be a palindrome if it reads the same from left-right and right-left.

2.A 10 X 10 Crossword grid is provided to you, along with a set of words (or names of places) which need to be filled into the grid. Cells are marked either + or -. Cells marked with a - are to be filled with the word list.

3. Script and Output:

Program 1:-

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

typedef long long int ll;

#define mp make_pair

#define pb push_back

#define pob pop_back()

#define mod 100000007

#define max INT_MAX

#define min INT_MIN

#define fi first

```
#define se second
#define fast_cin() ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
cin.tie(NULL);
cout.tie(NULL)
set < int > v;
void binarypalindrome(int s, int e, int x) {
 if (s > e) {
  v.insert(x);
  return;
 binarypalindrome(s + 1, e - 1, x);
 if(s == e)
  binarypalindrome(s + 1, e - 1, x + pow(2, s));
 else
  binary palindrome(s + 1, e - 1, x + pow(2, s) + pow(2, e));
 return;
int main() {
fast_cin();
 int n, t;
 v.insert(0);
 v.insert(1);
 v.insert(3);
for (int i = 3; i < 32; i++)
  \{ int \ c = pow(2, i-1) + \}
  1;
  binarypalindrome(1, i - 2, c);
 cin >> t;
```

```
while (t--) {
    cin >> n;
    auto ptr = v.lower_bound(n);
    auto ptr2 = ptr--;
    if (abs(n - * ptr) < abs(n - *
        ptr2)) cout << abs(n - * ptr) <<
        endl; else
        cout << abs(n - * ptr2) << endl;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:-

```
code must pass all of the test cases.

Time (sec) Memory (KiB) Language
0.025597 3944 C++17

Input

Comparison of the test cases.

Discrete Correct Output

Discrete Correc
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Program 2:-
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.text.*;
import java.math.*;
import java.util.regex.*;

public class Solution {
    class Point {
      boolean isVertical;
      int length;
      int x;
      int y;
      Point(boolean v, int l, int i, int j) {
         isVertical = v;
         length = l;
```

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```
x = i;
     y = j;
  public String toString() {
     return "v="+isVertical+", l="+length+", x="+x+", y="+y;
};
public static boolean isBorder(char board[][], int i, int j) {
  if(i < 0 | / i > = 10)
     return true;
  if (j < 0 // j > = 10)
     return true;
  char\ c = board[i][j];
  if(c == '+')
     return true;
  else return false;
public boolean canInsert(char board[][], Point p, String word, boolean insert) {
  if (p.length != word.length())
     return false;
  for(int i=0; i < word.length(); i++) 
     char c = word.charAt(i);
     int x = p.x;
     int y = p.y;
     if(p.isVertical)
       x = x+i;
     else
       y = y+i;
     if(board[x][y] != '-' \&\& board[x][y] != c)
       return false;
     else {
       if(insert)
          board[x][y] = c;
  return true;
public void showBoard(char board[][]) {
  for (int i=0; i < 10; i++) {
    for (int j=0; j < 10; j++) {
       System.out.print(board[i][j]);
     System.out.println();
public char[][] copyBoard(char board[][]) {
  char[][] newBoard = new char[10][10];
  for(int i=0; i<10; i++) 
    for (int j=0; j<10; j++) {
       newBoard[i][j] = board[i][j];
```

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```
return newBoard;
public boolean solve(char board[][], LinkedList<Point> points, LinkedList<String> wordList) {
  // if no points, and no words then we are successful so print board
  if(points.size() == 0 \&\& wordList.size() == 0) 
    showBoard(board);
    return true;
  if(points.size() == 0 \&\& wordList.size() > 0) \{
    return false;
  LinkedList<String> triedWords = new LinkedList<String>();
  Point p = points.removeFirst();
  Iterator<String> iter = wordList.iterator();
  while(iter.hasNext()) {
    String\ word = iter.next();
    if(canInsert(board, p, word, false)) {
       char[][] newBoard = copyBoard(board);
       canInsert(newBoard, p, word, true);
       iter.remove();
       LinkedList<String> both = new LinkedList<String>();
       both.addAll(wordList);
       both.addAll(triedWords);
       boolean sts = solve(newBoard, points, both);
       if (sts)
          return true;
       else {
         //System.out.println("Reverse insert" + word + "at p" + p);
         //showBoard(board);
         triedWords.push(word);
    } else {
       //System.out.println("Fail insert" + word + "at p" + p);
  points.addFirst(p);
  return false;
public LinkedList<Point> getStarts(char board[][]) {
  LinkedList<Point> plist = new LinkedList<Point>();
  for(int i=0; i<10; i++) {
    for (int j=0; j<10; j++) {
       char\ c = board[i][j];
       if(c == '-')  {
          if(isBorder(board, i-1, j) \&\& !isBorder(board, i+1, j)) {
            int l=0;
            while(!isBorder(board, i+l, j))
            //System.out.println(l + "long vertical at " + i + "," + j);
            Point p = new Point(true, l, i, j);
            plist.add(p);
```

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```
if(isBorder(board, i, j-1) \&\& !isBorder(board, i, j+1)) {
            while(!isBorder(board, i, j+l))
               l++;
            //System.out.println(l + "long horizontal at " + i + "," + j);
            Point p = new Point(false, l, i, j);
            plist.add(p);
  return plist;
public void myMain(String[] args) {
  Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  char\ board[][] = new\ char[10][10];
  for (int i=0; i < 10; i++) {
     String line = scanner.nextLine();
    for (int j=0; j < 10; j++) {
       board[i][j] = line.charAt(j);
  String wordLine = scanner.nextLine();
  String words[] = wordLine.split(";");
  LinkedList<String> wordList = new LinkedList<String>();
  for (int i=0; i < words.length; i++) {
     wordList.add(words[i]);
  LinkedList<Point> starts = getStarts(board);
  solve(board, starts, wordList);
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Solution s = new Solution();
  s.myMain(args);
```

Output:-

```
Congratulations!

You have passed the sample test cases. Click the submit button to run your code against all the test cases.

Sample Test case 0

Input (stdin)

Download

Sample Test case 1

Sample Test case 2

Input (stdin)

Sample Test case 2

Input (stdin)

Download

Input (stdin)

Input (stdin)

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