







DevOps Projects



Your Business
with
BEST BRAINS



Docker



Kubernetes

UpGrade



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Docker

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CTO, Managing Partner https://unigps.in

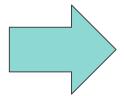




Training Objectives

At the end of training,

participants should be able to



- ☐ Know Docker & swim with them
- Bundle applications in Docker images
- Run Docker Containers

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Module 1: Docker Concept & Terms

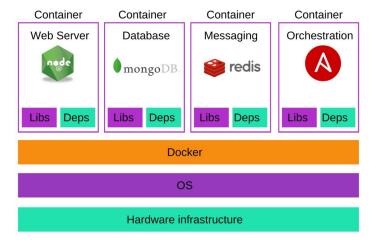
- What is container & Why?
- Container vs Virtual Machine
- Linux Containers & Docker
- Terminologies in Docker world
- Docker Architecture
- Lab Exercises



What is Container?

A container is a standard unit of software that packages up code and all its dependencies so the application runs quickly and reliably from one computing environment to another.

Containerization: Use of linux (/ windows) containers to deploy application is called containerization





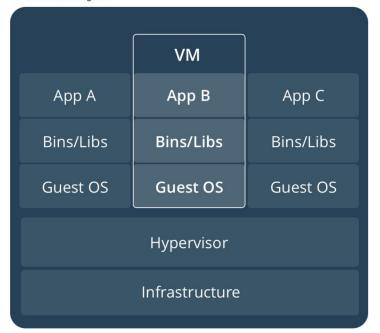
Why Containers?

- Flexible: Even the most complex applications can be containerized.
- Lightweight: Containers leverage and share the host kernel.
- Interchangeable: You can deploy updates and upgrades on-the-fly.
- Portable: You can build locally, deploy to the cloud, and run anywhere.
- Scalable: You can increase and automatically distribute container replicas.
- Stackable: You can stack services vertically and on-the-fly
- Running more workload on the same hardware

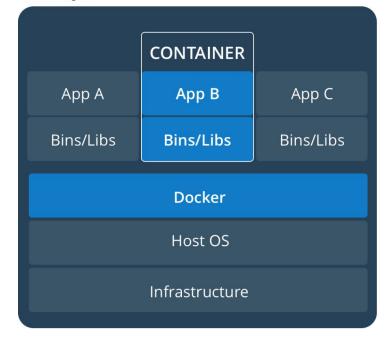


Virtual Machines and Containers

Virtual Machine diagram



Container diagram





Linux container & Docker

Linux Containers (LXC) (now windows too!)

OS level virtualization to provide isolation to a set of processes from rest of the system.

Features:

- Namespace: pid, net, ipc, mnt, uts
- Control Groups: cpu, memory, io, devices, network, freezer
- Union File System: aufs, btrfs, vfs, devicemapper
- Container format: libcontainer
- Security: AppArmor, Seccomp, Capabilities

Docker

Uses LXC to build, deploy & run apps with containers

Docker enables developers to easily pack, ship, and run any application as a lightweight, portable, self-sufficient container, which can run virtually anywhere.

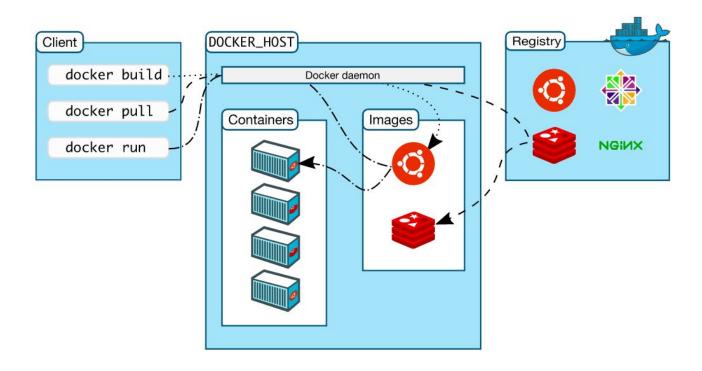


Terminologies

- Image Executable package that includes everything needed to run an application the code, a runtime, libraries, environment variables, and configuration files
- Container -
 - Runtime instance of an image—what the image becomes in memory when executed
- Service
 - o a container but service codifies the way image runs -replicas, port, name etc
- Swarm -
 - cluster of machines running docker containers
- Stack
 - o group of interrelated services that can be orchestrated and scaled together
- Registry
 - o storage and content delivery system, holding named Docker images, available in different tagged versions
- Server Daemon -
 - creates and manages docker objects images, containers, network, volumes, swarm etc
- Docker Client -
 - CLI to communicate with server using Docker API
- Docker REST API -
 - Communication contract between docker component (servers & clients)
- Network -
 - Docker object holding the networking meta-data
- Node -
 - machine participating in Swarm
- Volume -
 - Storage of persistence data generated and managed by Docker containers

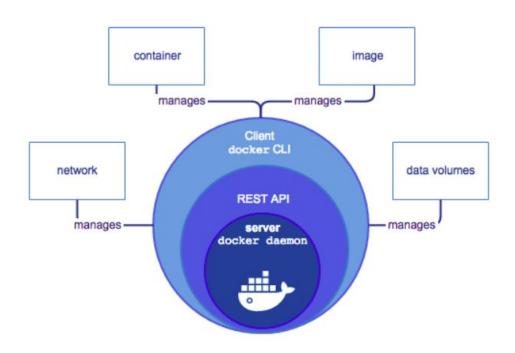


Docker Architecture



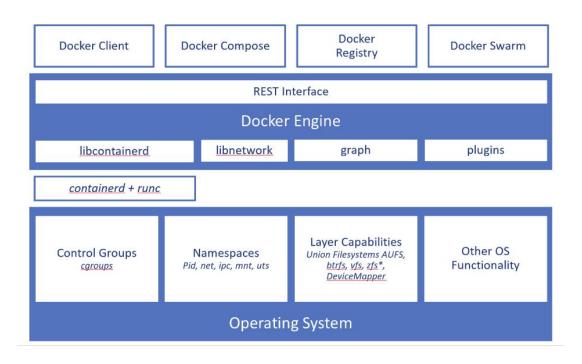


Docker Architecture



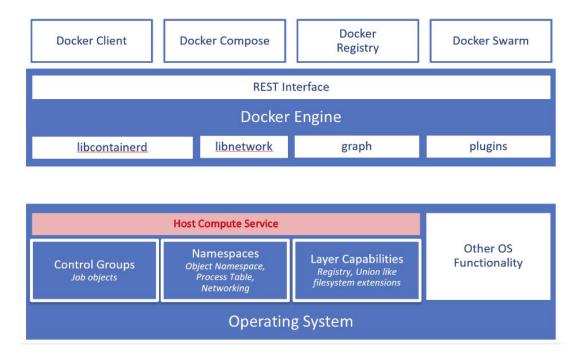


Docker Architecture - Linux





Docker Architecture - Windows





Docker Setup (Ubuntu)

sudo apt-get update

sudo apt-get remove docker docker-engine docker.io

sudo apt install docker.io

sudo groupadd docker

sudo usermod -aG docker \$USER

sudo systemctl start docker

sudo systemctl enable docker



Lab Exercises

Please refer google classwork: https://classroom.google.com/w/MzE2MjM4Njg1NDM1/t/all

And do all the lab work as per the instructions noted in classwork assignments





- Creating & Starting containers
- Running containers
- Docker Images
- Connecting containers
- Lab Exercises



Creating containers

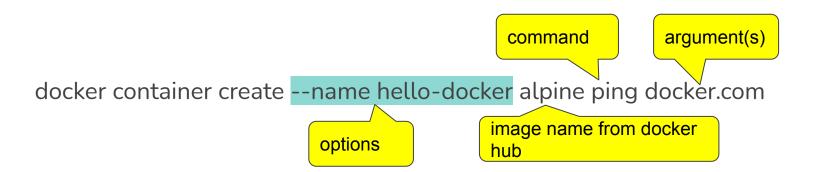
docker container create [OPTIONS] IMAGE [COMMAND] [ARG...]

Options:

- --name string name of the container
- --cpus decimal number of CPUs
- --label list set metadata on a container
- --memory bytes memory limit
- --network string connect container to a network (default "default")
- --publish list publish container's port to the host
- --rm remove container when it exits
- -i interactive Keep STDIN open if not attached
- -t allocates psuedo-TTY



Creating containers - Examples



docker create --name busy -it busybox

docker container create --name alpine -it alpine sh

docker container create --name hello -p 80:80 tutum/hello-world



Starting containers

docker container start [OPTIONS] CONTAINER [CONTAINER...]

Options:

- -i Attach container's STDIN
- -a Attach container's STDOUT/STDERR and forward signals

Examples:

docker container start -ia busy

docker container start -ia alpine

docker container start hello



Running containers

docker container run [OPTIONS] IMAGE [COMMAND] [ARG...]

Options:

- --name string name of the container
- --cpus decimal number of CPUs
- --label list set metadata on a container
- --memory bytes memory limit
- --network string connect container to a network (default "default")
- --publish list publish container's port to the host
- --rm remove container when it exits
- -i interactive mode
- -t allocates a pseudo-TTY



Running containers - Examples

```
docker container run -p 80:80 tutum/hello-world (creates container with random name)
docker container run -p 80:80 nginx (connects to tty, Ctrl+C to exit)
docker run -p 81:80 nginx (shorthand command)
docker run --name ngx -p 80:80 -it nginx (interactive terminal, Ctrl+PQ to leave it running)
docker attach ngx
docker run -d -p 80:80 --name nginx nginx ( run in the background)
docker run -P --name nginx nginx ( map exposed ports to random ports on the host)
docker run -d -p 8000-9000:80 nginx (maps port 80 to any random port between 8000 to 9000 on host)
docker run --restart always -p 80:80 -it nginx
```





Running containers - Examples...

```
docker run -ti --rm r-base

docker run -it --rm -v /home/rajesh/git/twics-bu-20210419/docker/containers/hello-r/:/tmp r-base Rscript /tmp/main.R

docker run --name db -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=docker -e MYSQL_DATABASE=docker -e MYSQL_USER=docker -e MYSQL_PASSWORD=docker -d mysql:5.6provide
environment params to the process)

docker run --link db:mysql -e spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://mysql:3306/docker -p 8080:808 -d rajeshgheware/spring-db:1.0.0

docker run --log-opt max-size=20m --log-opt max-file=5 --link db:mysql -itd -p 8080:80 --name springdb --restart always -v
/tmp/docker/:/tmp/docker/ -e JAVA_OPTS='-Xmslg' -e java.security.egd=file:/dev/./urandom -e spring.profiles.active=dev -e
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://mysql:3306/db -e jasypt.encryptor.password=pwd -e security.oauth2.client.clientId=clientId -e
security.oauth2.client.clientSecret=auth -e aws.accessKeyId=aa -e aws.secretKey=aa -e server.port=80
rajeshgheware/spring-db:1.0.0
```



Docker Images

• **Image** - Executable package that includes everything needed to run an application – the code, a runtime, libraries, environment variables, and configuration files

- docker images
- docker images nginx
- docker images java:8
- docker images --filter "dangling=true" (untagged images)
- docker rmi \$(docker images -f "dangling=true" -q)
- docker search oracle (searches docker hub images having mention of oracle in it)



Lab Exercises

Please refer google classwork: https://classroom.google.com/w/MzE2MjM4Njq1NDM1/t/all

And do all the lab work as per the instructions noted in classwork assignments - Docker Container



Module 3: Provisioning Docker Images

- Introducing the Dockerfile
- Building images manually / Examples...
- Storing and retrieving Docker Images from Docker Hub
- Building images using Continuous Integration tools
- Inspecting a Dockerfile from DockerHub
- Lab Exercises



A Dockerfile is a text document that contains

• a set of instructions required to assemble the app (image) and/ run it

Usage:

docker build [OPTIONS] PATH | URL | -

```
Options:
                                Add a custom host-to-IP mapping (host:ip)
      --add-host list
                                Compress the build context using gzip
      --compress
      --cpu-quota int
                                Limit the CPU CFS (Completely Fair Scheduler) quota
  -f, --file string
                                Name of the Dockerfile (Default is 'PATH/Dockerfile')
      --force-rm
                                Always remove intermediate containers
      --label list
                                Set metadata for an image
  -m, --memory bytes
                                Memory limit
                                Always attempt to pull a newer version of the image
      --pull
                                Remove intermediate containers after a successful build (default true)
      --rm
  -t, --tag list
                                Name and optionally a tag in the 'name:tag' format
```



Example:

docker build -f Dockerfile .

rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/twics-bu-20210419/docker/images/simple\$ cat Dockerfile
FROM alpine:latest

MAINTAINER info@brainupgrade.in



Example with tag:

• docker build -t myfirstimage .

Run the container using image name:

docker run myfirstimage ping google.com





Few more variations:

- docker build -t myfirstimage -f Dockerfile .
- docker build -f /home/rajesh/git/twics-bu-20210419/docker/images/simple/Dockerfile-myfirstimage .
- docker build -t myfirstimage -f ./simple/Dockerfile ./simple/
- docker build -t myimage -t rajesh/myimage:1.0.0 -t localhost:5000/rajesh/myimage:1.0.0 .



- ENV to set environment variables
- EXPOSE to expose ports
- FROM base image
- LABEL to add metadata to image
- HEALTHCHECK to check if container is running
- USER to set user and group
- VOLUME to specify mount point from external host
- WORKDIR workdir to run any of the commands



- ARG variable used during build time
- CMD to provide defaults to executing container
- RUN to execute commands in new layer
- COPY Copy file, dir or remote url to image
- ADD Copy file, dir or remote url to image
- ENTRYPOINT to configure container as executable
- MAINTAINER the image maintainer

RUN COPY ADD instructions create new layers in the image stack - refer layering section



Building Images (Alpine ping)

rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/twics-bu-20210419/docker/images/simple-2\$ cat Dockerfile

FROM alpine: latest

MAINTAINER info@brainupgrade.in

CMD ["ping", "google.com"]

Build

• docker build -t myalpine .

Run

docker run myalpine



Building Images (Ubuntu with utilities)

rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/twics-bu-20210419/docker/images/simple-3\$ cat Dockerfile

FROM ubuntu:latest

MAINTAINER info@brainupgrade.in

RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y tree && apt-get install -y telnet && apt-get install -y curl

Build

• docker build -t myubuntu .

Run

docker run -it myubuntu

Ref: https://hub.docker.com/_/ubuntu?tab=description



Building Images (Spring Boot)

rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/rest-service\$ cat Dockerfile

FROM openjdk:8-jre-alpine

MAINTAINER rajesh@unigps.in

COPY target/spring-db.jar app.jar

ENTRYPOINT ["/usr/bin/java", "-Djava.security.egd=file:/dev/./urandom", "-jar", "app.jar"]

Build

• Docker build -t rajeshgheware/spring-db:1.0.0 .

Run

• docker run --link db:mysql -e spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://mysql:3306/docker -p 8080:8080 -d rajeshgheware/spring-db:1.0.0





Building Images (Python)

rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/twics-bu-20210419/docker/images/python\$ cat Dockerfile

```
FROM python:2.7-slim

WORKDIR /app

ADD app.py /app

ADD requirements.txt /app

RUN pip install --trusted-host pypi.python.org -r requirements.txt

EXPOSE 80

ENV name world

CMD ["python","app.py"]
```

Build

• docker build -t mypython .

Run

• docker run -p 80:80 mypython



Dockerfile - Example (Apache)

```
FROM bitnami/minideb-extras:jessie-r23
LABEL maintainer "Bitnami <containers@bitnami.com>"
# Install required system packages and dependencies
RUN install packages libapr1 libaprutil1 libc6 libexpat1 libffi6 libgmp10 libgnutls-deb0-28 libhogweed2 libldap-2.4-2 libnettle4
libp11-kit0 libpcre3 libsasl2-2 libssl1.0.0 libtasn1-6 libuuid1 zlib1q
RUN bitnami-pkg unpack apache-2.4.29-1 --checksum
42114e87aafb1d519ab33451b6836873bca125d78ce7423c5f7f1de4a7198596
RUN In -sf /opt/bitnami/apache/htdocs /app
COPY rootfs /
ENV APACHE HTTPS PORT NUMBER="443" \
  APACHE HTTP PORT NUMBER="80" \
  BITNAMI APP NAME="apache" \
  BITNAMI IMAGE VERSION="2.4.29-r1" \
  PATH="/opt/bitnami/apache/bin:$PATH"
EXPOSE 80 443
WORKDIR /app
ENTRYPOINT ["/app-entrypoint.sh"]
CMD ["nami", "start", "--foreground", "apache"]
```



Dockerfile - Example (Jenkins CI)

FROM jenkinsci/jenkins:latest

LABEL maintainer "r1co@post-box.cc"

USER root

install docker cli

RUN mkdir -p /tmp/_install && cd /tmp/_install && wget https://get.docker.com/builds/Linux/x86_64/docker-latest.tgz && tar -xvzf docker-latest.tgz && cd docker && cp docker /usr/bin/docker && rm -rf /tmp/_install

RUN chmod +x /usr/bin/docker

add jenkins to docker group

RUN groupadd -g 999 docker

RUN usermod -a -G docker jenkins

install docker-compose

RUN curl -L https://github.com/docker/compose/releases/download/1.7.1/docker-compose-`uname -s`-`uname -m` > /usr/local/bin/docker-compose

RUN chmod +x /usr/local/bin/docker-compose

USER jenkins



Dockerfile - Example (Multi stage)

```
FROM golang:1.7.3 AS builder
WORKDIR /go/src/github.com/alexellis/href-counter/
RUN go get -d -v golang.org/x/net/html
COPY app.go
RUN CGO ENABLED=0 GOOS=linux go build -a -installsuffix cgo -o app .
FROM alpine: latest
RUN apk --no-cache add ca-certificates
WORKDIR /root/
COPY --from=builder /go/src/github.com/alexellis/href-counter/app .
 CMD ["./app"]
```



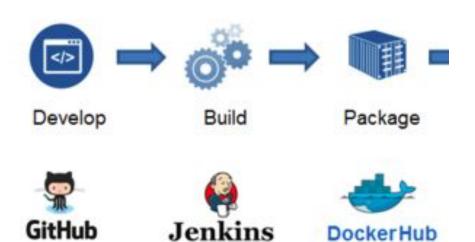
Docker Hub - store & retrieve

https://hub.docker.com (register and create login)

- docker tag alpine rajeshgheware/alpine:rajesh
- docker push rajeshgheware/alpine:rajesh
- docker pull rajeshgheware/alpine:rajesh



Build Image using CI / Jenkins





Build Image - CI (Maven)

```
cprofile>
           <id>docker</id>
           <build>
                      <plugins>
                                  <plugin>
                                             <groupId>com.spotify</groupId>
                                             <artifactId>dockerfile-maven-plugin</artifactId>
                                             <version>1.3.6</version>
                                             <executions>
                                                         <execution>
                                                                    <id>default</id>
                                                                    <goals>
                                                                                <goal>build</goal>
                                                                                <goal>push</goal>
                                                                    </goals>
                                                         </execution>
                                             </executions>
                                             <configuration>
                                                         <repository>${docker.image.prefix}/${project.artifactId}</repository>
                                                         <tag>${project.version}</tag>
                                                         <bul><buildArgs>
                                                                    <JAR FILE>target/${project.build.finalName}.jar</JAR FILE>
                                                         </buildArgs>
                                             </configuration>
                                  </plugin>
                      </plugins>
           </build>
</profile>
```



Dockerfile References (Docker Hub)

- https://hub.docker.com/u/bitnami/
- https://hub.docker.com/_/ubuntu?tab=description
- https://github.com/docker-library/cassandra
- https://hub.docker.com/r/sebp/elk/~/dockerfile/



Lab Exercises

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And do all the lab work as per the instructions noted in classwork assignments



Module 4: Diving deeper - Dockerfile

- Dockerfile and Layers
- The Build cache
- The ENTRYPOINT Instruction
- The CMD Instruction Docker
- The ENV Instruction
- Volumes and the VOLUME Instruction
- Lab Exercises



	-51-51-250.~\$ u	ocker images sprin	gio/*		
REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREA	ΓED SIZE	
springio/gs-sprii	ng-boot-docker l	.atest 3a7a8	85f42b64	6 months ag	o 181MB
ubuntu@ip-172	-31-31-236:~\$ d	ocker history 3a7a	85f42b64		
IMAGE	CREATED	CREATED BY		SIZE	COMMENT
3a7a85f42b64	6 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(no	p) ENTRYP	OINT ["sh" "-c"	" OB
<missing></missing>	6 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop)	ENV JAVA_	OPTS=	0B
<missing></missing>	6 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop)	ADD file:2f6	6c6463d5fd2c4	14.4MB
<missing></missing>	6 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop)	VOLUME [/t	tmp] 01	B
<missing></missing>	6 months ago	/bin/sh -c apk add	dno-cache	evirtual=bu	156MB
<missing></missing>	6 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop)	ENV JAVA_	VERSION=8 JA	VA 0B
<missing></missing>	7 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop)	ENV LANG:	=C.UTF-8	0B
<missing></missing>	7 months ago	/bin/sh -c ALPINE	_GLIBC_BA	SE_URL="https	s:// 6.7MB
<missing></missing>	7 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop)	CMD ["/bin/	sh"] 0B	
<missing></missing>	7 months ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop)	ADD file:458	83e12bf5caec4	3.97MB



FROM openjdk:8-jdk-alpine

VOLUME /tmp

ARG JAR_FILE

ADD \${JAR_FILE} app.jar

ENTRYPOINT ["java","-Djava.security.egd=file:/dev/./urandom","-jar","/app.jar"]



```
i@deepti-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/test$ docker images bankmonitor/
                                                                      SIZE
                      TAG
                                    IMAGE ID
REPOSITORY
                                                     CREATED
                                     3d89dd22e68b
                                                        10 hours ago
                                                                         739MB
bankmonitor/spring-boot latest
    ti@deepti-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/test$ docker history 3d89dd22e68b
               CREATED
                                CREATED BY
                                                                    SIZE.
                                                                                  COMMENT
 d89dd22e68b
                  10 hours ago
                                   /bin/sh -c #(nop) CMD ["/bin/sh" "-c" "java... 0B
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ONBUILD COPY app.iar /app... 0B
               10 hours ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) EXPOSE 8080/tcp
               10 hours ago
                                                                          0B
               10 hours ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) WORKDIR /app
               10 hours ago
                                /bin/sh -c dpkg-reconfigure -f noninteractiv... 1.83MB
                                /bin/sh -c In -snf /usr/share/zoneinfo/$TZ /... 51B
               10 hours ago
               10 hours ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV TZ=Europe/Budapest
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV SPRING PROFILES ACTIV...
               10 hours ago
               10 hours ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV TIME ZONE=Europe/Buda...
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV PATH=/usr/local/sbin:... 0B
               10 hours ago
               10 hours ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV JAVA OPTS=
               10 hours ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/iv... 0B
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) MAINTAINER István Földház...
               10 hours ago
               7 weeks ago
                                 /bin/sh -c /var/lib/dpkg/info/ca-certificate... 394kB
               7 weeks ago
                                /bin/sh -c set -ex: if [!-d /usr/share/m... 461MB
               7 weeks ago
                                 /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV CA CERTIFICATES JAVA
               7 weeks ago
                                 /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV JAVA DEBIAN VERSION=8...
               7 weeks ago
                                 /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV JAVA VERSION=8u151
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV JAVA HOME=/docker-jav...
               7 weeks ago
               7 weeks ago
                                 /bin/sh -c In -svT "/usr/lib/ivm/iava-8-open... 33B
                                /bin/sh -c { echo '#!/bin/sh'; echo 'set... 87B
               7 weeks ago
               7 weeks ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV LANG=C.UTF-8
               7 weeks ago
                                /bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install...
                                                                           2.21MB
               7 weeks ago
                                /bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install... 142MB
               7 weeks ago
                                /bin/sh -c set -ex: if! command -v apa > /... 7.8MB
               7 weeks ago
                                 /bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install... 23.8MB
               7 weeks ago
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) CMD ["bash"]
                                /bin/sh -c #(nop) ADD file:eb2519421c9794ccc... 100ME
               7 weeks ago
```



FROM openidk:8-jdk

MAINTAINER István Földházi <istvan.foldhazi@gmail.com>

ENV JAVA_HOME /usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64

ENV JAVA_OPTS ""
ENV PATH \$PATH:\$JAVA HOM

ENV PATH \$PATH:\$JAVA_HOME/bin

ENV TIME_ZONE Europe/Budapest
ENV SPRING_PROFILES_ACTIVE test

ENV TZ=\$TIME_ZONE

RUN In -snf /usr/share/zoneinfo/\$TZ /etc/localtime && echo \$TZ > /etc/timezone

RUN dpkg-reconfigure -f noninteractive tzdata

WORKDIR /app

EXPOSE 8080

COPY app.war /app/app.war

CMD ["/bin/sh", "-c", "java \$JAVA_OPTS -jar /app/app.war --spring.profiles.active=\$SPRING_PROFILES_ACTIVE"]

/bin/sh -c set -ex; if [! -d /usr/share/man/man1]; then mkdir -p /usr/share/man/man1; fi; apt-get update; apt-get install -y openjdk-8-jdk="\$JAVA_DEBIAN_VERSION" ca-certificates-java="\$CA_CERTIFICATES_JAVA_VERSION"; rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*; ["\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$2 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$(readlink -f "\$JAVA_HOME")" index(\$3, home) == 1 { \$3 = "manual"; print | "update-alternatives --set-selections"}; update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$3, home] = 1 { \$3 = "manual"; print | update-alternatives --get-selections | awk -v home="\$3, home] = 1 { \$3 = "manual"; print | update-alternatives --get-selections | update-alternatives --get-selections | update-alternatives --get-selections | update-alternatives --get-selections | u



Build Cache

Why Layers & Cache?

- To identify similar portions of content by componentizing image
- To avoid downloading similar content thus reduce network traffic
- To build images faster by reusing parts which were created earlier





The ENTRYPOINT instruction

To configure a container that will run as an executable

Two forms:

- ENTRYPOINT ["executable", "param1", "param2"] (exec form,
 preferred)
- ENTRYPOINT command param1 param2 (shell form)

Notes:

- Container run arguments will be appended to the above
- Override using docker run --entrypoint flag
- Last ENTRYPOINT will have effect
- CMD / Container run arguments will make executable NOT receive UNIX signal like SIGTERM (when run in shell form)
- Shell form ignores CMD / docker run arguments

Examples:

- ENTRYPOINT ["top", "-b"]
- ENTRYPOINT ["/usr/sbin/apache2ctl", "-D", "FOREGROUND"]
- ENTRYPOINT ["sh", "-c", "echo \$HOME"]
- ENTRYPOINT exec top -b





The CMD instruction

To provide defaults for an executing container

Three forms:

- CMD ["executable", "param1", "param2"] (exec form, this is the preferred form)
- CMD ["param1", "param2"] (as default parameters to ENTRYPOINT)
- CMD command param1 param2 (shell form)

Notes:

- Only the last CMD taken into account per Dockerfile
- If executable not specified, then ENTRYPOINT must
- Differs from RUN as RUN is executed at container build time and results committed to image
- No shell is used for non-shell form so do not use env variable in non-shell form
- Container run arguments override CMD arguments

Examples:

- CMD ["python", "manage.py", "runserver", "0.0.0.0:8000"]
- CMD ["rails", "server"]
- CMD npm start
- CMD ["mvn", "clean", "install", "-D skip.unit.tests=true"]
- CMD /usr/sbin/sshd -D
- CMD ["bash", "-c", "(while true; do echo '.'; sleep 60; done) & tox"]
- CMD ["java", "Main"]
- CMD ["sh", "-c", "echo \$HOME"]



ENTRYPOINT & CMD

	No ENTRYPOINT	ENTRYPOINT exec_entry p1_entry	ENTRYPOINT ["exec_entry", "p1_entry"]
No CMD	error, not allowed	/bin/sh -c exec_entry p1_entry	exec_entry p1_entry
CMD ["exec_cmd", "p1_cmd"]	exec_cmd p1_cmd	/bin/sh -c exec_entry p1_entry	exec_entry p1_entry exec_cmd p1_cmd
CMD ["p1_cmd", "p2_cmd"]	p1_cmd p2_cmd	/bin/sh -c exec_entry p1_entry	exec_entry p1_entry p1_cmd p2_cmd
CMD exec_cmd p1_cmd	/bin/sh -c exec_cmd p1_cmd	/bin/sh -c exec_entry p1_entry	exec_entry p1_entry /bin/sh -c exec_cmd p1_cmd



exec - Example

```
rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$ docker run -it --name test eptest -H
top - 13:06:39 up 1:21, 0 users, load average: 1.21, 0.87, 0.91
Threads: 1 total, 1 running, 0 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
MCpu(s): 4.4 us, 1.8 sy, 0.0 ni, 86.6 id, 7.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.1 si, 0.0 st
KiB Mem : 16306160 total, 5255632 free, 3911676 used, 7138852 buff/cache
KiB Swap: 4194300 total, 4194300 free,
                                              0 used. 11273880 avail Mem
  PID USER
                                                           TIME+ COMMAND
                                        SHR S %CPU %MEM
   1 root
                                      2608 R 0.0 0.0
                                                        0:00.21 top
                            rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle: ~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint 101x13
                                                                                                                                rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle: ~/qit/dockers/images/entrypoint 101x13
  GNU nano 2.9.3
                                             dockerfile-exec
                                                                                                    rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$ docker exec -it test ps aux
                                                                                                                                                              TIME COMMAND
FROM ubuntu
                                                                                                                1 0.8 0.0 36484 2964 pts/0
                                                                                                                                                 Ss+ 13:06 0:00 top -b -H
ENTRYPOINT ["top", "-b"]
                                                                                                                6 0.0 0.0 34400 2840 pts/1
                                                                                                                                                 Rs+ 13:07 0:00 ps aux
CMD ["-c"]
                                                                                                    rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$ docker stop test
```

Container run arguments suppress CMD arguments



Exec - Example

```
rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$ docker run -it --name test3
top - 13:25:24 up 1:39, 0 users, load average: 0.91, 0.76, 0.85
Tasks: 1 total, 1 running, 0 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%Cpu(s): 4.3 us, 1.7 sy, 0.0 ni, 87.7 id, 6.1 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.1 si, 0.0 st
KiB Mem : 16306160 total, 5193984 free, 3934452 used, 7177724 buff/cache
KiB Swap: 4194300 total, 4194300 free, 0 used. 11230136 avail Mem
 PID USER
              PR
                 NI
                        VIRT
                             RES
                                      SHR S %CPU %MEM
                                                         TIME+ COMMAND
                                             0.0 0.0
                                                       0:00.24 top -b -c
   1 root
              20
                       36484
                              3080
                                     2728 R
                                                                           rajesh@rajesh-Ga
rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$ docker exec -it test3 ps aux
                                                       TIME COMMAND
USER
                          VSZ
                               RSS TTY
                                       STAT START
root
           1 1.3 0.0
                        36484 3080 pts/0 Ss+ 13:25
                                                       0:00 top -b -c
            6 17.0 0.0 34400 2764 pts/1 Rs+ 13:25
                                                        0:00 ps aux
root
rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$
```

CMD arguments appended to the ENTRYPOINT when no argument to docker run



Shell - Example

```
rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$ docker run -it --name test ep-with-shell --some-param
top - 13:32:45 up 1:47, 0 users, load average: 1.14, 0.85, 0.84
Tasks: 2 total, 1 running, 1 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%Cpu(s): 4.3 us, 1.7 sy, 0.0 ni, 88.0 id, 5.9 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.1 si, 0.0 st
KiB Mem : 16306160 total, 5147316 free, 3956520 used, 7202324 buff/cache
KiB Swap: 4194300 total, 4194300 free,
                                             0 used. 11202036 avail Mem
 PID USER
                                       SHR S %CPU %MEM
                                                           TIME+ COMMAND
                                780
                                       712 S
                                                         0:00.25 sh
                                              0.0 0.0
                                      2664 R
   6 root
                                              0.0 0.0
                                                         0:00.00 top
                       36484
                                                                             rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle: ~/git/dockers/im
rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypoint$ docker exec -it test ps aux
          PID %CPU %MEM VSZ RSS TTY
USER
                                            STAT START
                                                        TIME COMMAND
root
            1 12.5 0.0 4628 780 pts/0
                                            Ss+ 13:32
                                                         0:00 /bin/sh -c top
            6 0.0 0.0 36484 3012 pts/0 S+ 13:32
                                                         0:00 top -b
root
root
            7 0.0 0.0 34400 2812 pts/1
                                            Rs+ 13:32
                                                         0:00 ps aux
rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle:~/git/dockers/images/entrypointS
                                                                            rajesh@rajesh-Gazelle: ~/git/dockers/im-
 GNU nano 2.9.3
                                                                                            dockerfile-she
FROM ubuntu
ENTRYPOINT top -b
CMD top --ignored-param1
```

When in shell form then CMD as well as docker run arguments





The ENV instruction

To set environment variable <key> to the <value>

Two forms:

- ENV key value
- ENV key=value

Notes:

- Override using docker run --env flag
- Extremely useful in planning & executing deployments

Examples:

- ENV myName=rajesh g
- ENV org unigps
- ENV CN IN
- ENV environment dev uat
- ENV myName="rajesh q" org=uniqps CN=IN
- ENV

REST_ARCHIVE=rust-1.21.0-x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu
.tar.gz

ENV

REST_DOWNLOAD_URL=https://static.rust-lang.org/di
st/\$RUST_ARCHIVE

F.NV

PATH="/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/root/.cargo/bin"

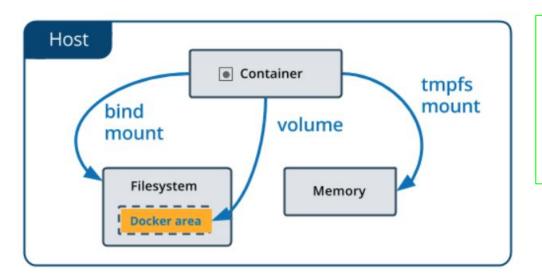
JENKINS HOME="/data/jenkins"





The VOLUME - Data Persistence

Storage of persistence data generated by managed by Docker containers



Commands:

- docker volume create my-vol
- docker volume ls
- docker volume inspect my-vol
- docker volume rm my-vol



VOLUME - Examples

Examples (volume): Persist data in a container's writeable layer

- docker run -d --name devtest --mount source=app,target=/app nginx:latest
- docker service create -d --replicas 4 --mount source=app,target=/app nginx:latest

Examples (bind volume): a file or directory on the host machine is mounted into a container. Performant but not-reliable

- docker run -d -it --name devtest --mount type= bind, source="\$(pwd)", target=/app nginx:latest
- docker run -d -it --name devtest --mount type=bind, source="\$(pwd)", target=/app, readonly nginx:latest

Examples (tmfs volume): For temporary sensitive data to be kept only in memory

docker run -d -it --name tmptest --mount type=tmpfs, destination=/app nginx:latest



VOLUME - preferred way

- Volumes are easier to back up or migrate than bind mounts.
- You can manage volumes using Docker CLI commands or the Docker API.
- Volumes work on both Linux and Windows containers.
- Volumes can be more safely shared among multiple containers.
- Volume drivers allow you to store volumes on remote hosts or cloud providers, to encrypt the contents of volumes, or to add other functionality.
- A new volume's contents can be pre-populated by a container.



Lab Exercises

Please refer google classwork: https://classroom.google.com/w/MzE2MjM4Njg1NDM1/t/all

And do all the lab work as per the instructions noted in classwork assignments



Module 5: Working with Registry

- Overview
- Creating a Public repo on Docker Hub
- Using our Public repo on Docker Hub
- Using a Private Registry
- Docker Enterprise
- Lab Exercises



Overview - Registry

Registry

Stateless, highly scalable server side application that stores and lets you distribute Docker images.

When to use

- tightly control where your images are being stored
- fully own your images distribution pipeline
- integrate image storage and distribution tightly into your in-house development workflow













Notes:

Add docker pipeline jenkins plugin to work

Test project: https://github.com/brainupgrade-in/nodejsappdocker.git

Add jenkins credential having ID docker-hub-credentials for docker hub push access



Registry Server

- With no docker volume (uses default volume for container)
 - o docker run -d -p 5000:5000 --name registry registry:2
 - o docker push localhost:5000/rajesh/alpine:test
 - O Docker pull localhost:5000/rajesh/alpine:test
- With docker volume
 - o docker volume create docker registry
 - o docker run -d -p 5000:5000 -v docker_registry:/var/lib/registry --name
 registry registry:2
 - docker container stop registry && docker container rm -v registry
- With Volume Mount on Host
 - docker run -d -p 5000:5000 -v /root/docker_registry:/var/lib/registry --name registry registry:2





Case One

docker container run -ti -v /tmp:/data alpine sh

Case Two (faster development with debugging)

docker container run -d -p 8080:80--mount type=bind, source="\$(pwd)", target=/usr/share/nginx/html nginx:latest





Capabilities	Community Edition	Enterprise Edition Basic	Enterprise Edition Standard	Enterprise Edition Advanced
Container engine and built in orchestration, networking, security	•	•	•	0
Certified infrastructure, plugins and ISV containers		0	•	•
Image management			o	•
Container app management			•	0
Image security scanning				0



Lab Exercises

Please refer google classwork: https://classroom.google.com/w/MzE2MjM4Njg1NDM1/t/all

And do all the lab work as per the instructions noted in classwork assignments





- Overview
- The docker0 Bridge
- User Defined Network
- Exposing Ports
- Viewing Exposed Ports
- Linking Containers
- Lab Exercises



Overview - Networking

Defines how containers communicate with external world, amongst cluster members etc

Two types of networks:

- Default
- Custom Defined

Default:

- Bridge docker0 (docker created default network)
- Host container on host network stack Not configurable
- None container specific network stack (no network interface) Not configurable

Custom Defined Network: User specific network rules using underlying iptables

Notes:

- Change container network(s) on the fly
- First non internal network is the main external connectivity interface



The dockerO bridge

- Containers default network is docker0
- Container inter-connectivity using IP addresses (no name resolution)
- For name resolution, legacy --link feature available for limited period
- Change default bridge to none using --network flag or daemon.json server config



User Defined Network

To control which containers can communicate with each other

Automatic DNS resolution of container names to IP addresses (DNS 127.0.0.11)

Create unlimited networks

Types

- Bridge Network
- Overlay Network
- MACVLAN Network



User Defined Network - bridge

bridge

- Most common type of network in Docker world
- Good for small network

docker_gwbridge

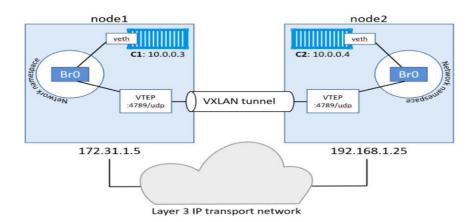
- Docker created network for communication among swarm nodes
- Provides external connectivity when none of the networks provide





Overlay Network

- Scope is swarm mode
- Provided to service tasks in swarm cluster
- Only for swarm nodes and not for standalone containers else require key-value store (Zookeeper, Consul etc)
- Uses NAT and port mapping (iptables)

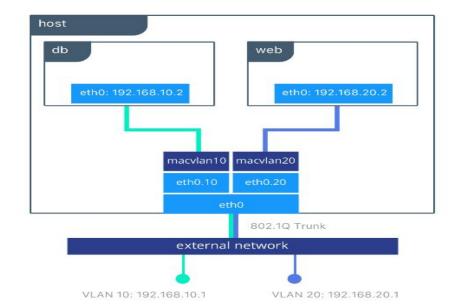






MACVLAN Network

- Provides better control over IPv4 and IPv6 addressing
- Extremely lightweight & highly performant
- Attached to Docker Host directly
- Stricter dependency between localhost and external network
- Does not use linux bridge or port mapping
- Scope is outside swarm





Test Setup:

Create custom network n1

docker network create n1

Create two busybox containers attached to n1

- docker run -itd --name c1 --network n1 busybox
- docker run -itd --name c2 --network n1 busybox

Tests

- Log into c1 and ping c2 (should succeed)
 - o docker exec -it c1 sh
 - o ping c2
- Log into c2 and ping c1 (should succeed)
 - o docker exec -it c2 sh
 - o ping c1



Prerequisites: Test Setup -1

Test Setup:

Remove network from both containers c1 & c2

- docker network disconnect n1 c1
- docker network disconnect n1 c2

Tests:

- Login into c1 and ping c2 (should fail)
 - o docker exec -it c1 sh
 - o ping c2
- Login into c1 and ping google.com (should fail)
 - o docker exec -it c1 sh
 - o ping google.com
- Run ifconfig on c1 to see interfaces (should see only loopback interface)
 - o docker exec -it c1 sh
 - ifconfig
- Do the same on c2 (results should be similar)



Test Setup:

- Create four networks n1, n2, n3, n4
 - docker network n1
 - o docker network n2
 - o docker network n3
 - docker network n4
- Create four containers c1 (n1), c2 (n2), c3 (n3), c4 (n4) associated with denoted network
 - docker run -itd --name c1 --network n1 busybox
 - o docker run -itd --name c2 --network n2 busybox
 - o docker run -itd --name c3 --network n3 busybox
 - o docker run -itd --name c4 --network n4 busybox
- Create n23 network and connect c2 and c3 with it
- docker network n23
- docker network connect n23 c2
- docker network connect n23 c3

Tests:

- Login into c2 and ping c3 (should succeed)
 - o docker exec -it c2 sh
 - o ping c3
- Login into c3 and ping c4 (should fail)
 - o docker exec -it c3 sh
 - o ping c4



Test Setup:

 Create container c5 with host network docker run -itd --name c5 --network host busybox

Tests:

- Run ifconfig on c5 as well as docker host (networks listed should be same)
 - o docker exec -it c5 sh
 - ifconfig
- Disconnect c5 from host (operation should fail)
 - docker network disconnect host c5



Lab Exercises

Please refer google classwork: https://classroom.google.com/w/MzE2MjM4Njg1NDM1/t/all

And do all the lab work as per the instructions noted in classwork assignments





- docker run --name demo-mysql -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=password -e MYSQL_DATABASE=demo -e MYSQL_USER=demo_user -e MYSQL_PASSWORD=demo_pass -d mysql:5.6
- docker run -p 8080:8080 -e spring.profiles.active=prod -e spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://mysql:3306/demo -e spring.datasource.username=demo_user -e spring.datasource.password=demo_pass --link demo-mysql:mysql --name spa -itd -v logs:/logs rajeshgheware/spa-sboot-docker:1.3.0
- docker run -p 5601:5601 -p 9200:9200 -p 5044:5044 -e ES_HEAP_SIZE="2g" -e LS_HEAP_SIZE="1g" --name elk -v /tmp/elastic_search:/var/lib/elasticsearch/nodes -v /tmp/elastic_search/logs:/logs -itd sebp/elk (requires to set sudo sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=262144)



Misc - Logstash config for java

Restart logstash agent:

```
root@0c415fec6fb4:/etc/logstash/conf.d# cat logstash-spring.conf
input {
    stdin {}
    file {
         path => [ "/logs/spa-boot-docker/server-rolling.log" ]
filter {
       multiline {
             pattern => "^(%{TIMESTAMP_ISO8601})"
            negate => true
             what => "previous"
       arok {
              # Do multiline matching with (?m) as the above multiline filter may add newlines to the log messages.
             match => [ "message", "(?m)^%{TIMESTAMP_ISO8601:logtime}%{SPACE}%{LOGLEVEL:loglevel}
%{SPACE}%{NUMBER:pid}%{SPACE};%{SPACE}:%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};%{SPACE};
CE}%{GREEDYDATA:logmessage}"]
output {
    elasticsearch { host => "localhost" }
```



Misc - K8S - Docker

	Docker	Kubernetes
Scheduling Unit	Container	Pod
Scaling	Service	ReplicaSet
Rolling Updates	Service	Deployment
Load Balancer, DNS	Service	Service
Cluster Manager	Swarm	Deployment

Thank You for your active participation!

Please join gheWARE cluster

(community of brainlets sharing brainware to help upgrade each other)

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