

DS PRACTICAL 08 [B]

AIM: Implement a Queue using Linked List and perform the Queue operations: Enqueue, Dequeue and Print using Menu Driver Program such as 1.Add, 2.Delete and 3.Print and 4. Exit.

PROGRAM :

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
//Structure of the node
```

```
struct node{
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct node* next;
```

```
};
```

```
int data;
```

```
struct node* front = NULL;
```

```
struct node* rear = NULL;
```

```
//Inserting data in queue.(Enqueue function):
```

```
int enqueue(){
```

```
    //Creating the node first
```

```
    struct node* p;
```

```
    p = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
```

```
    if(p == NULL){
```

```
        //Checking the queue is overflow or not
```

```
        printf("The Queue is overflow\n");
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Enter the data:\t");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &p->data);
```

```
    p->next = NULL; // Initialize new node's next to NULL
```

```
    if (front == NULL && rear == NULL)
```

```
{
```

```

        // First element in queue

        front = rear = p;
    }
    else
    {
        // Add to the end of the queue

        rear->next = p;

        rear = p;
    }

    return 0;
}

// Deleting data in queue.(Dequeue function):
int dequeue(){
    struct node* p;

    if(front == NULL && rear == NULL){
        printf("The Queue is underflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        struct node *p = front;

        printf("The deleting data is %d\n", front->data);

        front = front->next;

        if (front == NULL)
        {
            // If queue becomes empty, update rear to NULL

            rear = NULL;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        free(p);

    }

    return 0;
}

void display(){
    struct node* display;
    display = front;
    if(front == NULL){
        printf("The Queue is empty can not print the element.\n\n");
    }else{
        printf("The data in the Queue:\t\n");
        while(display != NULL){
            printf("%d\t", display -> data);
            display = display -> next;
        }
        printf("\n ");
    }
}

int main(){
    int choice;
    printf("Queue Implementation using Linked List\n");
    printf("Choices\n1.Enqueue\t2.Dequeue\t3.Print\t4.Exit\n");
    do
    {   printf("Enter the choice:\t");
        scanf("%d",&choice);

        switch (choice)

```

```
{  
case 1:  
  
    enqueue();  
    break;  
case 2:  
    dequeue();  
    break;  
case 3:  
    display();  
    break;  
case 4:  
    printf("You exit the program successfully.\n");  
    break;  
default:  
    printf("Please enter valid choice as mention\n");  
    break;  
}  
  
} while (choice != 4);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT

```
PS C:\Users\chuna> g++ p8b.c
PS C:\Users\chuna> ./a.exe
Queue Implementation using Linked List
Choices
1.Enqueue      2.Dequeue      3.Print 4.Exit
Enter the choice:      1
Enter the data: 12
Enter the choice:      1
Enter the data: 23
Enter the choice:      1
Enter the data: 34
Enter the choice:      1
Enter the data: 45
Enter the choice:      1
Enter the data: 56
Enter the choice:      2
The deleting data is 12
Enter the choice:      3
The data in the Queue:
23      34      45      56
Enter the choice:      4
You exit the program successfully.
PS C:\Users\chuna> █
```

GITHUB LINK : https://github.com/Nishikant-Chunarkar/DATA_STRUCTURE_PRACTICAL