BTREE

A BTree of order m is an m-way tree such that

- 1. All leaf nodes are at the same level.
- 2. All non--leaf nodes (except the root) have at most m and at least m/2 children.
- 3. The number of keys is one less than the number of children for non-leaf nodes and at most m-1 and at least m/2 for leaf nodes.
- 4. The root may have as few as 2 children unless the tree is the root alone.

Example for m = 5

DEF: A B-Tree of order 5 is an 5-way tree such that

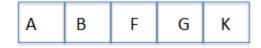
- 1. All leaf nodes are at the same level.
- 2. All non-leaf nodes (except the root) have at most 5 and at least 2 children.
- 3. The number of keys is one less than the number of children for non-leaf nodes and at most 4 and at least 2 for leaf nodes.
- 4. The root may have as few as 2 children unless the tree is the root alone.

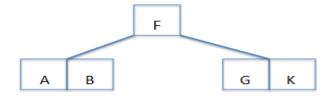
Create a B-tree of order 5

A G F B K D H M J E S I R X C L N T U P

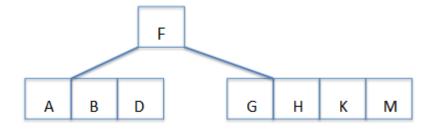


A G F B K D H M J E S I R X C L N T U P(Find the median)

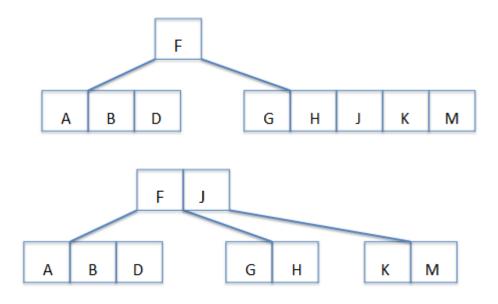




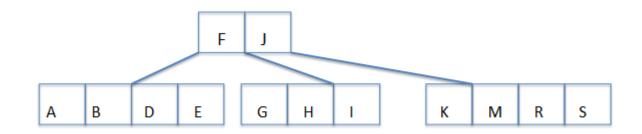
AGFBKDHM JESIRXCLNTUP



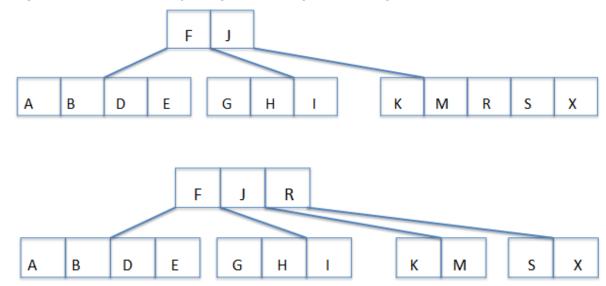
$\textbf{A} \quad \textbf{G} \quad \textbf{F} \quad \textbf{B} \quad \textbf{K} \quad \textbf{D} \quad \textbf{H} \quad \textbf{M} \quad \textbf{J} \quad \textbf{E} \quad \textbf{S} \quad \textbf{I} \quad \textbf{R} \quad \textbf{X} \quad \textbf{C} \quad \textbf{L} \quad \textbf{N} \quad \textbf{T} \quad \textbf{U} \quad \textbf{P}$



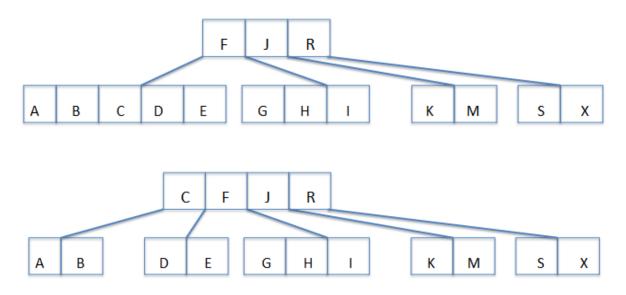
A G F B K D H M J E S I R X C L N T U P



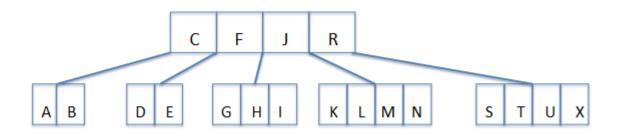
A G F B K D H M J E S I R X C L N T U P



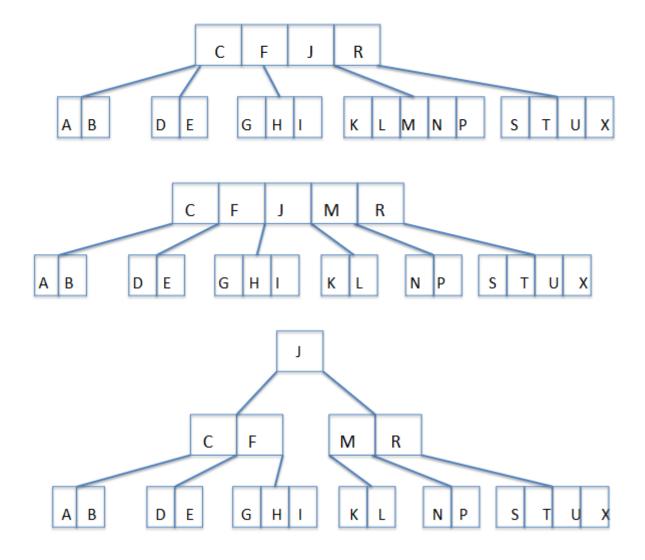
AGFBKDHMJESIRXCLNTUP



AGFBKDHMJESIRXCLNTUP

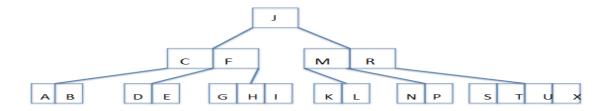


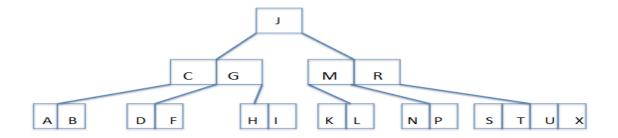
A G F B K D H M J E S I R X C L N T U P



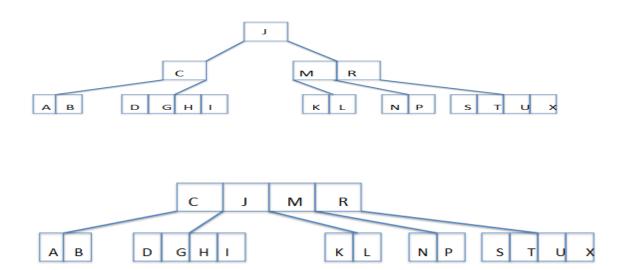
DELETION EXAMPLE (BTREE of order 5)

• Delete E from leaf node





DELETE F



DELETE M

